

HB 4089-4
(LC 150)
2/13/26 (JLM/ps)

Requested by Representative TRAN

**PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO
HOUSE BILL 4089**

1 On page 1 of the printed bill, line 3, delete “443.004,” and after “658.991”
2 insert “, 670.700”.

3 Delete lines 5 through 23 and delete pages 2 through 6 and insert:

4 **“SECTION 1.** ORS 164.125 is amended to read:

5 “164.125. (1) A person commits the crime of theft of services if:

6 “(a) With intent to avoid **full or partial** payment therefor, the person
7 obtains services that are available only for compensation, by force, threat,
8 deception or other means to avoid **full or partial** payment for the services;
9 or

10 “(b) Having control over the disposition of labor or of business, commer-
11 cial or industrial equipment or facilities of another, the person uses or di-
12 verts to the use of the person or a third person such labor, equipment or
13 facilities with intent to derive for the person or the third person a commer-
14 cial benefit to which the person or the third person is not entitled.

15 “(2) As used in this section, ‘services’ includes, but is not limited to, la-
16 bor, professional services, toll facilities, transportation, communications
17 service, entertainment, the supplying of food, lodging or other accommo-
18 dations in hotels, restaurants or elsewhere, the supplying of equipment for
19 use, and the supplying of commodities of a public utility nature such as gas,
20 electricity, steam and water. ‘Communication service’ includes, but is not
21 limited to, use of telephone, computer and cable television systems.

1 “(3) Absconding without payment or offer to pay for hotel, restaurant or
2 other services for which compensation is customarily paid immediately upon
3 the receiving of them is prima facie evidence that the services were obtained
4 with intent to avoid payment therefor. Obtaining the use of any communi-
5 cation system the use of which is available only for compensation, including
6 but not limited to telephone, computer and cable television systems, or ob-
7 taining the use of any services of a public utility nature, without payment
8 or offer to pay for such use is prima facie evidence that the obtaining of the
9 use of such system or the use of such services was gained with intent to
10 avoid payment therefor.

11 “(4) The value of single theft transactions may be added together if the
12 thefts were committed:

13 “(a) Against multiple victims by a similar means within a 30-day period;
14 or

15 “(b) Against the same victim, or two or more persons who are joint own-
16 ers, within a 180-day period.

17 “(5) Theft of services is:

18 “(a) A Class C misdemeanor if the aggregate total value of services that
19 are the subject of the theft is less than \$100;

20 “(b) A Class A misdemeanor if the aggregate total value of services that
21 are the subject of the theft is \$100 or more and less than \$1,000;

22 “(c) A Class C felony if the aggregate total value of services that are the
23 subject of the theft is \$1,000 or more; and

24 “(d) A Class B felony if the aggregate total value of services that are the
25 subject of the theft is \$10,000 or more.

26 **“SECTION 2. A criminal prosecution under ORS 164.125 does not**
27 **preclude any employee, independent contractor, authorized third party**
28 **representative or the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and In-**
29 **dustries from commencing a civil action or administrative proceeding**
30 **to seek wages, compensation, penalties, damages or other remedies as**

1 **provided by law.**

2 **“SECTION 3.** ORS 670.700 is amended to read:

3 “670.700. (1) There is established an Interagency Compliance Network
4 consisting of:

5 “(a) The Department of Justice;

6 “(b) The Department of Revenue;

7 “(c) The Employment Department;

8 “(d) The Department of Consumer and Business Services;

9 “(e) The Bureau of Labor and Industries;

10 “(f) The Construction Contractors Board;

11 “(g) The State Landscape Contractors Board; and

12 “(h) Other state agencies that enter into the intergovernmental agreement
13 as described in subsection (3) of this section.

14 “(2) The Interagency Compliance Network established under this section
15 shall:

16 “(a) Work to establish consistency in agency determinations relating to
17 the classification of workers, including but not limited to classification of
18 workers as independent contractors;

19 “(b) Gather and share information relating to persons who pay workers
20 in cash and who do not comply with laws relating to taxation or employ-
21 ment;

22 “(c) Gather and share information relating to the misclassification of
23 workers, including but not limited to misclassification as independent con-
24 tractors;

25 “(d) Develop investigative methods for auditing persons who pay workers
26 in cash, or who misclassify workers, and who do not comply with laws re-
27 lating to taxation or employment;

28 “(e) Conduct joint audits of persons who pay workers in cash, or who
29 misclassify workers, and who do not comply with laws relating to taxation
30 or employment;

1 “(f) Identify opportunities for and obstacles to improving compliance with
2 the laws relating to the classification of workers, taxation or employment;

3 “(g) Create a coordinated enforcement process for the laws relating to
4 classification of workers that is efficient, fair and effective for the public and
5 the regulatory agencies charged with enforcing laws relating to taxation or
6 employment;

7 “(h) Engage in public outreach efforts to educate the public generally on
8 the distinctions between independent contractors and employees and on the
9 laws and regulations governing the duties relating to classification of
10 workers; *[and]*

11 “(i) **Develop investigative methods to gather and share information**
12 **relating to persons whose actions may constitute theft of services un-**
13 **der ORS 164.125 and who do not comply with laws relating to taxation**
14 **or employment; and**

15 “*[(i)]* (j) Take such other action as the member agencies deem appropriate
16 to improve compliance with laws relating to taxation or employment that are
17 administered by the member agencies.

18 “(3) The agencies identified in subsection (1)(a) to (g) of this section shall
19 enter into an intergovernmental agreement for the purpose of coordinating
20 the efforts of the agencies under this section. Any other agency of state
21 government, as defined in ORS 174.111, that has an interest in compliance
22 with laws relating to taxation or employment may become a member of the
23 Interagency Compliance Network by entering into the agreement on such
24 terms as may be prescribed by the agencies identified in subsection (1)(a) to
25 (g) of this section.

26 “(4) Notwithstanding ORS 314.835 or any other law relating to
27 confidentiality of information, any agency that is a member of the Inter-
28 agency Compliance Network may enter into an agreement with another
29 member agency to provide information to the other agency. Information
30 provided to an agency under this subsection may be used by the agency only

1 for the purpose of enforcing compliance of laws that are administered by the
2 agency.

3 “(5) ORS 192.610 to 192.705 do not apply to meetings of the Interagency
4 Compliance Network or to meetings of representatives from member agencies
5 of the Interagency Compliance Network for the purposes set forth in sub-
6 section (2) of this section.

7 **“SECTION 4.** ORS 658.991 is amended to read:

8 “658.991. (1) Violation of ORS 658.005 to 658.245 or 658.250 is a Class C
9 misdemeanor.

10 “(2) Violation of ORS 658.452 is a Class A misdemeanor.

11 “(3) Any person who intentionally defaces, alters or changes a license or
12 permit to act as a labor contractor, or who uses the license or permit of
13 another or knowingly permits that person’s license or permit to be used by
14 another, or who acts as a labor contractor without a valid license or permit
15 under ORS 658.405 to 658.511, commits a Class A misdemeanor.

16 “(4) Any person who willfully swears or affirms falsely under ORS 658.415
17 (1), (2) or (3) in regard to any matter concerning which an oath or affirma-
18 tion is required, or who solicits or induces another person to do so, whether
19 or not the matter sworn to or affirmed is material, commits a Class A
20 misdemeanor.

21 “(5) Violation of ORS 658.440 (1)(f), (g) or (h), (2)(c) or (3)(a), (b), (c), (e),
22 (f) or (g) is a Class C misdemeanor.

23 “(6) Any person who violates the provisions of ORS 658.410 (1) or 658.417
24 (1) commits a Class C felony if:

25 “(a) The person has previously been convicted of violating the provisions
26 of ORS 658.410 (1) or 658.417 (1);

27 “(b) The person’s license to act as a labor contractor has been suspended,
28 revoked or denied; or

29 “(c) The person is acting in violation of an outstanding order of any court
30 of competent jurisdiction arising out of the enforcement of ORS 658.405 to

1 658.511.

2 “(7)(a) A direct contractor or subcontractor, as those terms are
3 defined in ORS 652.197, commits a Class A misdemeanor if the direct
4 contractor or subcontractor knowingly enters into a contract with a
5 construction labor contractor who is required to be licensed under
6 ORS 658.405 to 658.511 and who is not properly licensed under ORS
7 658.405 to 658.511.

8 “(b) A direct contractor or subcontractor, as those terms are de-
9 fined in ORS 652.197, commits a Class C felony if the direct contractor
10 or subcontractor knowingly enters into a contract with a construction
11 labor contractor who is required to be licensed under ORS 658.405 to
12 658.511 and who is not properly licensed under ORS 658.405 to 658.511,
13 and the direct contractor or subcontractor has a prior conviction un-
14 der this subsection at the time of the offense.

15 “SECTION 5. ORS 701.990 is amended to read:

16 “701.990. (1) Violation of ORS 701.021 is a Class A misdemeanor.

17 “(2) The intentional use of a contractor’s license number without the au-
18 thorization of the licensed contractor is a [*Class A misdemeanor*] **Class C**
19 **felony**.

20 “(3) Use of a contractor’s license number, with or without the authori-
21 zation of the licensed contractor, with the intent to deceive the public is a
22 [*Class A misdemeanor*] **Class C felony**.”.