Testimony in Support of the Dayton Street Bridge Replacement Project

Submitted to: Joint Subcommittee on Capital Construction

Date: May 9, 2025

Re: SB 5531 - Lottery Bond Authorization

Dear Co-Chairs and Members of the Committee,

On behalf of the City of Falls City and the residents we serve, I'm writing to urge your support for funding the Dayton Street Water-Wastewater-Pedestrian Bridge project. This is not just an infrastructure project, it is a critical necessity for the health, safety, and resiliency of our rural community.

The Dayton Street Bridge spans the Little Luckiamute River, connecting the north and south halves of Falls City. Originally a vehicular bridge, it was converted in the 1960s into a narrow 6-foot-wide pedestrian and utility bridge. Over the years, this structure has quietly become the backbone of our city's essential services. It supports our water distribution and wastewater lines, and it provides a pedestrian route that supplements our limited vehicle crossings. It now supports the only sewer connection and water lines for residents living on the south side of town.

However, this bridge has reached the end of its life. A professional inspection in January 2025 by DOWL Engineering revealed alarming structural decay, including severe rot in major girders and sills, crushed supports, and sagging spans. The inspection concluded that the bridge was unsafe for pedestrian use and ordered its immediate closure. Since then, Falls City has lost a vital footpath and risks losing critical water and sewer service to the south side of town if the bridge fails completely. Its structural failure would result in the immediate loss of sewer service, compromised water pressure, including for our ability to fight fires—and the loss of one of just two remaining pedestrian routes across town.

The implications are stark:

- All wastewater lines serving the south side of Falls City depend on this bridge's integrity. A structural failure would cut off sewage services for numerous households.
- Water service and fire suppression capacity for the south side would be compromised, especially in the event of a main break.
- Emergency response routes are already limited. This bridge closure has further reduced our ability to provide timely aid in crisis situations.

Temporary repairs would cost up to \$600,000 but offer only limited and short-lived relief. A full bridge replacement is estimated at \$3.1 million in today's dollars, based on verified engineering and inflation-adjusted projections. Despite extensive efforts, Falls City has not been able to secure the necessary funding due to limited local revenue capacity.

This project was identified as a top-priority infrastructure need in our 2017 Falls City Water System Master Plan. We've waited years in the hope that circumstances would allow us to act before the situation became urgent. That time is now. The bridge is closed. The risks are immediate. And the consequences of inaction would be catastrophic for dozens of families and the entire community's stability.

We respectfully request \$1.5 million in state funding to support this replacement project. This would match federal and local efforts already under pursuit and allow us to finally move forward with construction.

Thank you for your time and for considering this critical request. Falls City stands ready to proceed immediately upon award to restore the safety, function, and reliability of this vital infrastructure.

Sincerely, **TJ Bailey**

Mayor City of Falls City mayor@fallscityoregon.gov | 503-787-3631



January 28, 2025

Chris Brugato Westech Engineering, Inc. 3841 Fairview Industrial Drive SE, Suite 100 Salem, OR 37302

Re: Falls City Pedestrian Bridge over Little Luckiamute River Special Inspection DOWL Job No. 2870.80850.01

Dear Chris.

DOWL has completed the safety inspection of the City's pedestrian bridge over the Little Luckiamutte River. Overall, the structure is in very poor condition with some major defects identified to structural members. Prior to DOWL leaving the site, we contacted John Creekmore, Falls City representative, and discussed our findings and indicated the structure needed to be closed to pedestrian access as there were major structural members that were compromised. Below is an outline of our findings.

Decking

Overall, the decking was in fair condition. There is a large amount of timber planks that appear to be the original lumber. These members are heavily worn and have surface decay. The newer planks have been screwed down and are well secured to the superstructure. The newer planks have light checking and some splitting throughout. There is no immediate need to replace any planking.

Superstructure

The bridge superstructure is comprised of timber girders in all 6 spans. The approach spans are constructed of three (3) rough sawn timber girders, while the main span is two (2) 27-inch-deep glulam timber girders. All girders were visually inspected as well as sounded to identify any decay. The approach spans were accessed using a ladder and were found to be in fairly good condition; only minor checks were identified. Span 3 over the river was not accessible and so the girders were drilled, using a Resistograph drill, from the top. The drill utilizes a 1/8-inch diameter drill bit that is 16-inches long. The girders were drilled in a 5-foot pattern to identify any decay. Decay was found throughout the upstream girder with areas of severe section loss in the middle half of the girder. The extent of the decay was not fully identified as the glulams are 27-inches deep and we were only able to drill up to 14-inches into the girder, so in some areas we were not able to get to the bottom of the decayed section. Based on our drillings, there is a minimum of 14-inches (>50% section loss) of decay in this member. This decay would explain why this girder is sagging approximately 2-inches.



Substructure

The bridge foundation consists of timber columns supported by concrete spread footings with timber caps and sills. Many of the timber members are in very poor condition with large amounts of decay. The concrete spread footings are mostly exposed, with bents 3, 4, and 5 within the active channel flow. Bents 3 and 4 are heavily abraded exposing the large aggregates in the concrete. The bent 5 footing appears to be slightly undermined along the stream side. All of the footings appear to be founded on erodible river rock materials.



Bent 5 Footing Undermining

Resting on the top of each concrete footing are timber sills. These sills are heavily decayed, many of which are 1-inch shells. The timber sill at bent 4 appears to be crushing under several of the timber columns.

The timber columns are in very poor condition with many being a 1-inch shell. Most of the decay is located in the bottom portion of the column. The middle column at bent 4A appears to be heavily decayed and had been struck by drift shifting the column to the north. Due to this movement, the middle column at bent 4B has also shifted approximately 8-inches and has lost 75% of its bearing.





Bent 4A Middle Column Broken



Bent 4B Middle Column Loss of Bearing

Chris Brugato January 28, 2025 Page 4



Overall, the bridge is in very poor condition and is no longer safe to use. There is extensive decay in major structural members that jeopardize the capacity of the bridge. This is evident with the sagging of the upstream girder over the river. As noted above, we have informed the City to close the bridge to pedestrians use until the bridge can be rehabilitated or replaced. Due to the sagging of span 3, we highly recommend a temporary system installed in this span to help support the utilities on the bridge.

Thank you for having DOWL perform this work. We hope to continue our services with the City to provide further Engineering assistance. If you have any questions about information contained in the reports, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

Michael Hawkins, P.E., CBSI Project Manager

Bridge Inspection Report



Name	Falls C	ity Pedestrian Bri	dge			1			
Owner	wner City of Falls City			Insp Freq	As Needed	Bridge ID	NA		
Crossing	Little Luckiamute River			Facility	N/A	County	Polk		
AC Depth	0	_Bridge Width _	6.0 ft	Bridge Length	n157.0 ft	Mile Point	N/A		
						Insp Date	1/17/2025		

Inspector 1

Mike Hawkins (C0087)

Inspector 2

Robert Ashburn

Signature

Element Condition States								
Elem <u>Description</u>	<u>Env</u>	<u>Qty</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>CS1</u>	CS2	<u>CS3</u>	<u>CS4</u>	<u>Status</u>
24 Pauls Timber	N.41	0.40	(05)	•	0.40	0.4	•	
31 Deck, Timber	Mod.	942	(SF)	0	848	94	0	
1140 Decay/Section Loss (Timber)	Mod.	94	(SF)	0	94	0	0	
1150 Timber Checks	Mod.	754	(SF)	0	754	0	0	
1170 Timber Splits/Delams	Mod.	94	(SF)	0	0	94	0	
111 Girder, Timber Open Beam	Mod.	419	(LF)	315	28	62	14	_
1140 Decay/Section Loss (Timber)	Mod.	52	(LF)	0	28	10	14	
1150 Timber Checks	Mod.	52	(LF)	0	0	52	0	
215 Abutment, Reinforced Concrete	Mod.	154	(LF)	154	0	0	0	
205 Column, Reinforced Concrete	Mod.	8	(EA)	8	0	0	0	
206 Column, Timber	Mod.	21	(EA)	3	6	1	11	
1140 Decay/Section Loss (Timber)	Mod.	12	(EA)	0	1	1	10	
1150 Timber Checks	Mod.	5	(EA)	0	5	0	0	
2240 Bearing Area Loss	Mod.	1	(EA)	0	0	0	1	
221 Submerged Concrete Footing	Mod.	120	(LF)	84	36	0	0	
1190 Abrasion/Prestressed/RC	Mod.	30	(LF)	0	30	0	0	
6000 Scour	Mod.	6	(LF)	0	6	0	0	
235 Timber Pier Cap	Mod.	140	(LF)	60	0	30	50	
1140 Decay/Section Loss (Timber)	Mod.	80	(LF)	0	0	30	50	
306 Joint, Other	Mod.	12	(LF)	0	0	12	0	
2310 Expansion Joint Leakage	Mod.	12	(LF)	0	0	12	0	
332 Rail, Timber	Mod.	314	(LF)	236	78	0	0	
1150 Timber Checks	Mod.	78	(LF)	0	78	0	0	
980 Approach Rdwy Embankment	Mod.	1	(EA)	1	0	0	0	
990 Misc. Items	Mod.	1	(EA)	1	0	0	0	
999 Roadway Impact	Mod.	1	(EA)	0	1	0	0	

Appraisal

NBI Category

Appraisal NBI #		<u>Rating</u>	<u>Category</u>	<u>NBI #</u>	<u>Rating</u>
Bypass Detour	19	N/A	Deck Condition	58	6 Satisfactory
Lanes on/under	28	N/A	Superstructure	59	2 Critical
ADT	29	N/A	Substructure	60	2 Critical
Approach Road	32	N/A	Channel	61	6 Satisfactory
Bridge Rail	36A	0 Substandard	Culvert	62	N N/A (NBI)
Transitions	36B	0 Substandard	Inv. Rating	66	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Approach Rail	36C	0 Substandard	Waterway	71	7 Above Minimum
Rail Ends	36D	0 Substandard	Approach Align.	72	8
Main Struct Type	43	702	Defense Highway	100	
Bridge Roadway	51	6.0 ft	Temp. Repair	103	
Vertical Clearance	53	99.99 ft	Wearing Surf.	108	
Vert. Under Clear.	54	N/A	Scour	113	

(Remarks) Element Note 31 1140 Several deck planks, primarily in span 3 that are heavily worn and have surface decay. 1150 Many planks are lightly checked throughout 1170 Many planks are split (17 total) 111 Span 3 upstream girder sagging up to 2-inches near midspan. 1140 Span 3 glulam girders were not accessible from the underside. Decay was found by drilling through the topside of the members Girder 2 (Upstream) was found to have large decay pockets near midspan. Drillings indicated up to 14-inches (limits of drill bit) 1150 Span 3 girders are both checked. Only the downstream girder was quantified due to heavy decay in the upstream member taking precedence. 206 Heavy decay in many of the timber columns near the timber sills (lower 1-2-ft). Most of these locations indicate the columns are 1140 1-inch shells. 1150 Several column in bents 5 & 6 have light drying checks 2240 Bent 4B middle column has been shifted 8-inches towards bent 5 causing the column to only have 25% bearing on the timber sill. 221 1190 Heavy abrasion noted on bents 3 and 4 as they are in the active channel. Some loss of large aggregates. 6000 Bent 3, 4 and 5 footings are fully exposed. Bent 5 footing is slightly undermined along the river side up to 6-feet long and penetrates under the footing by 8-inches. Footing founded on erodible gravels. Bent 4 footing unable to access due to water level. 235 1140 Severe decay to most of the timber sills that support the columns on the spread footings. Some crushing noted at bent 4. Decay noted in Bent 3A & B caps (R5) 306 Evidence of leakage at both joints (Bridge ends). 2310 332 1150 Light drying checks throughout all timber rail members. 990 Channel and banks well vegetated. 3 utitilities are located on the bridge. Some heavy corrosion, but no leakage found. Due to heavy decay to the columns and span 3 girders, the City was informed to close the bridge. 999 Some approach settlment onto the bridge causing a bump. (Maintenance) **Priority** Est. Cost Element **Maintenance** 990 Close Bridge and Install Closure Signs \$500 Critical Replace Span 3 Girder Critical 111 \$300,000 Critical 206 Replace Decayed Columns \$150,000 235 Critical Replace Decayed Sills \$150,000 Urgent 221 Mitigate Scour \$50,000 (Inspection Schedule)

Frequency

TBD

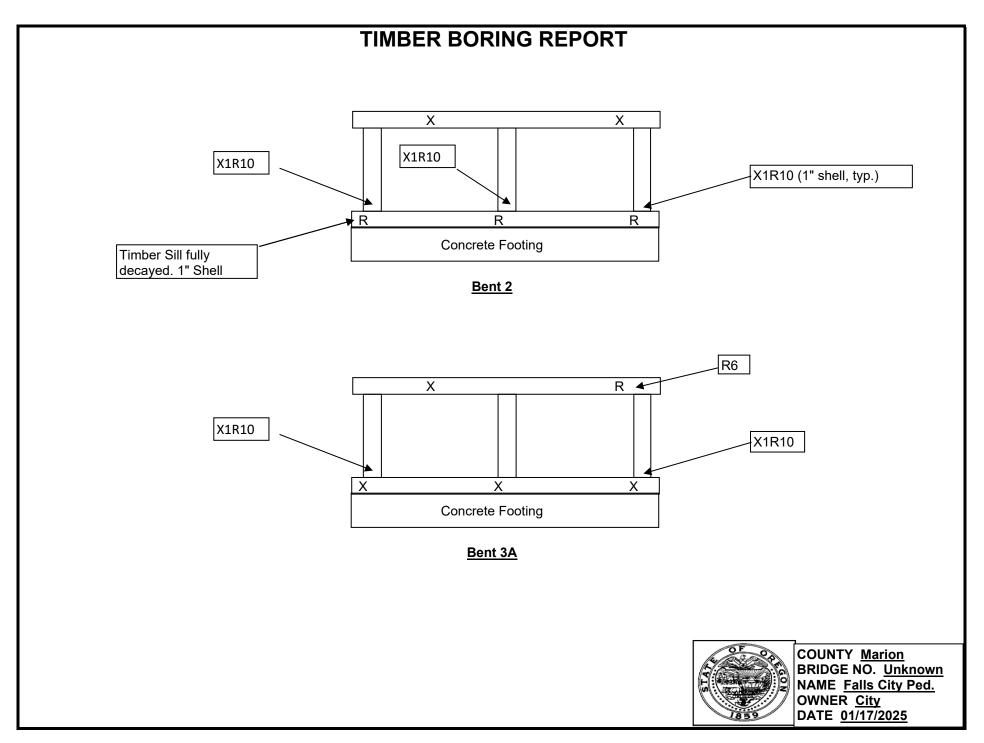
Next Inspection

As Needed

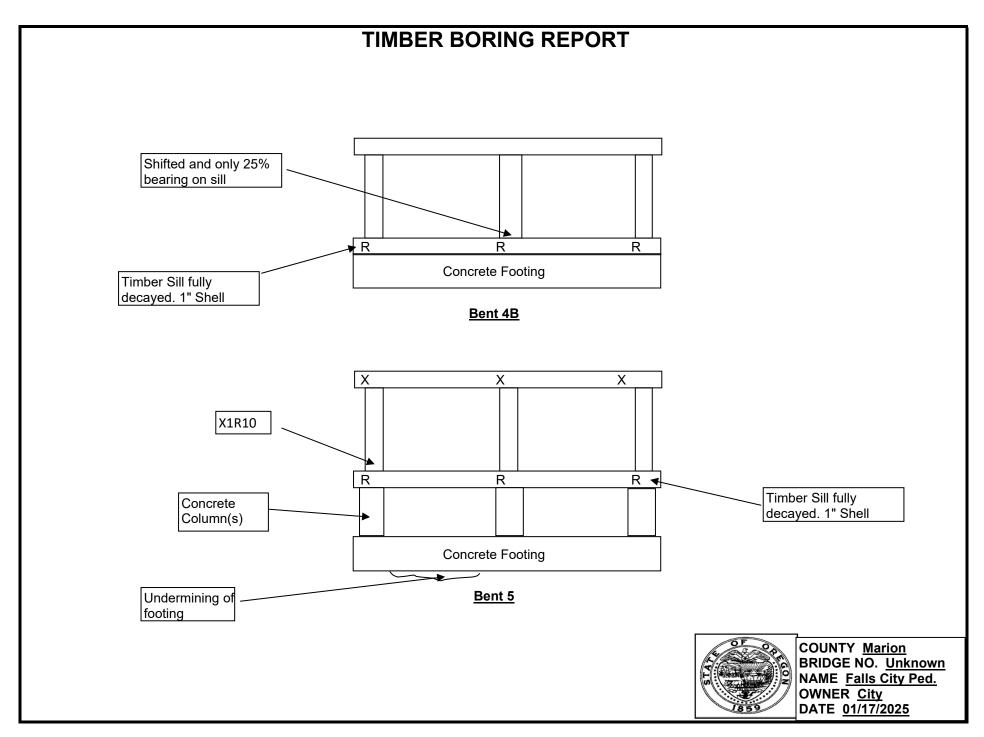
Conducted On

1/17/2025

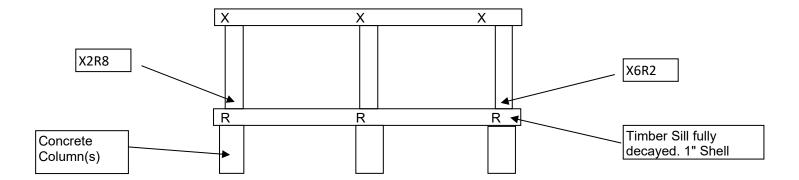
Special Inspection



TIMBER BORING REPORT X3R5 Χ R ◆ X2R8 R4 X R ◆ Concrete Footing Bent 3B Broken and X2R8 not bearing X1R10 R R **▼** R ▼ Concrete Footing Timber Sill fully decayed. 1" Shell Crush in sill Bent 4A COUNTY <u>Marion</u> BRIDGE NO. <u>Unknown</u> NAME <u>Falls City Ped.</u> OWNER <u>City</u> DATE <u>01/17/2025</u>

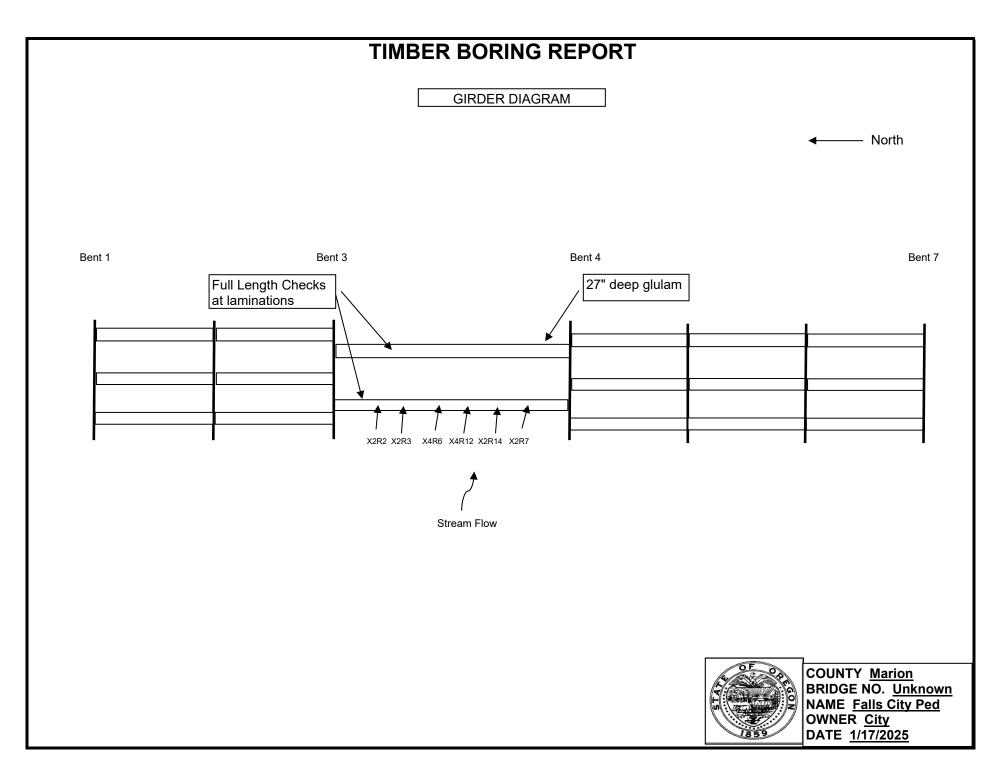


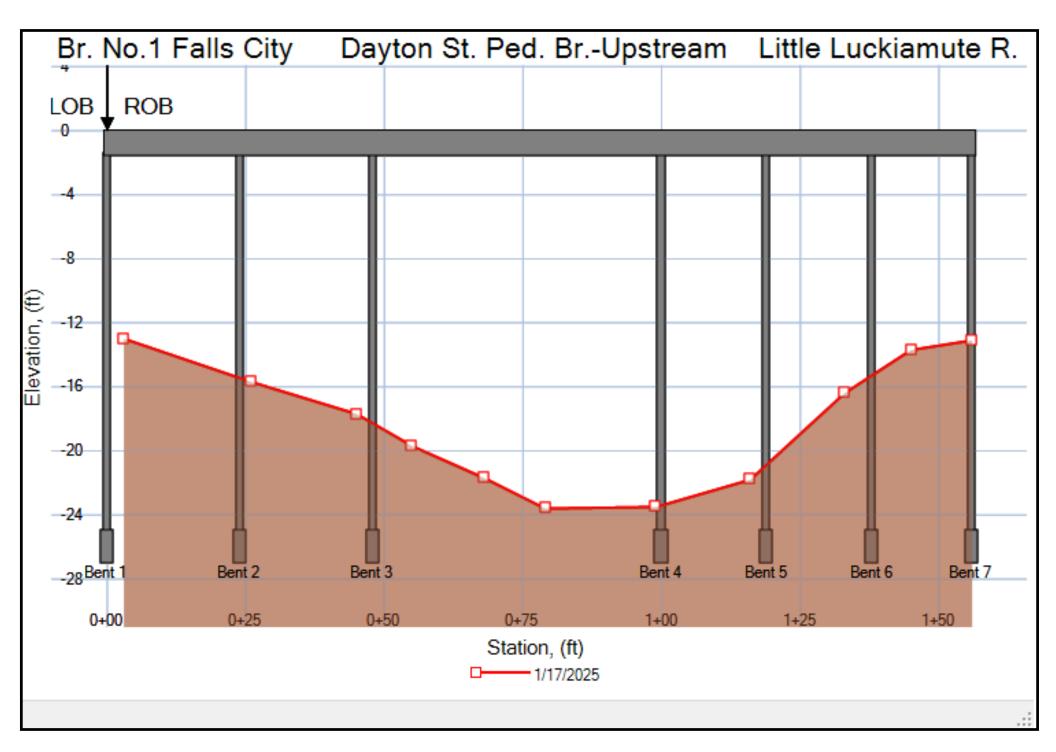
TIMBER BORING REPORT



Bent 6









Falls City Utility Bridge Falls City, OR

REPAIR EXHIBIT

Prepared For: City of Falls City Project Number: 70.80850.01 Date: 6 February 2025

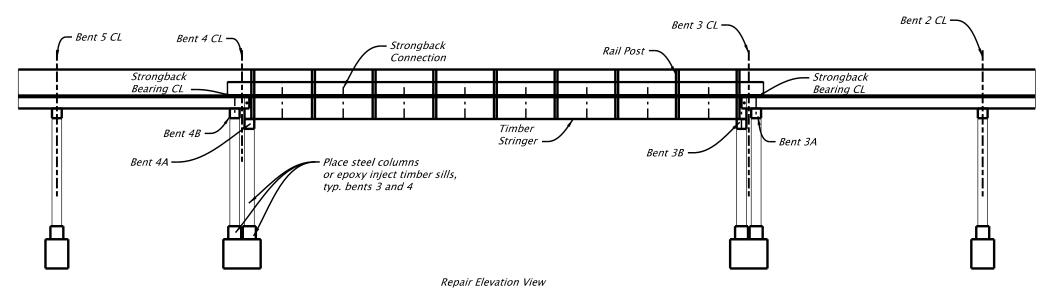
Project Abstract:

Falls City Utility Bridge has been shut down to pedestrian loads and we have been tasked with evaluating the capacity of the existing members to carry the bridge's dead load and utility load. DOWL has also recommended repairs.

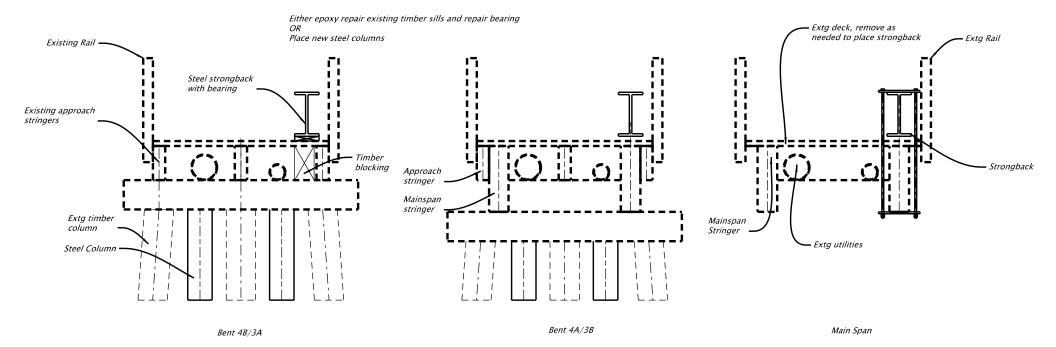
These exhibits accompany a report for the above project titled Falls City Bridge Findings Letter dated: 28 January 2025



Mainspan Strongback Repair



Bent Elevations and Mainspan typical section



Engineer's Opinion of Cost Date 2/6/2025

Item No.	Spec. No.	ltem	Bid Unit	Est. Unit	Est Quantity	Est Unit Price	Bid Quantity	Bid Unit Price		Total Price
		Falls City Utility Bridge Repairs							•	
10	00210	MOBILIZATION	Lump Sum	Lump Sum	1	\$ 13,180.44	1 \$	13,180.44	\$	13,180.44
20	00501	BRIDGE REMOVAL WORK	Lump Sum	Sq Ft	112	\$ 100.00	1 \$	11,200.00	\$	11,200.00
30	00560	STRUCTURAL STEEL	Lump Sum	Lb	14560	\$ 7.00	1 \$	101,920.00	\$	101,920.00
40	00582	BEARING DEVICES	Lump Sum	Each	2	\$ 2,500.00	1 \$	5,000.00	\$	5,000.00
50	01999	STRUCTURAL TIMBER	Lump Sum	FBM	28	\$ 18.00	1 \$	504.00	\$	504.00

 SUB-TOTAL OF ITEMS
 \$ 131,804.44

 DESIGN ENGINEERING (10%)
 \$ 13,180.44

 CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING (10%)
 \$ 13,180.44

 CONTINGENCY (30%)
 \$ 47,449.60

 TOTAL
 \$ 205,614.93



Doesn't really apply to Falls City (apples to oranges)

Doesn't really apply to Falls City (apples to oranges)

"Apples to apples" cost to use for comparison

Project: Falls City Utility Bridge Subject: Ballpark cost estimate

Date: 1/8/2025

Using Dayton Utility bridge, bid in December 2022 as a data point, estimate a total construction cost for replacing the Falls City Utility bridge with a similar prefabricated truss.

> Dayton bridge length = 220 ft Dayton bridge width = 12 ft Plan area = 2640 sq. ft.

Winning bid total cost = \$ 5,979,053

Massive temporary work bridge cost = \$ 500,000

Massive drilled shafts cost = \$

450,000 Winning bid net total cost = \$ 5,029,053

Winning bid unit cost per bridge area = \$

1,90 5 \$/sq. ft.

Falls City bridge length = 160 ft Falls City bridge width = 8 ft Falls City bridge plan area =

1280 sq. ft.

Falls City bridge replacement cost = \$ 2,438,329 in 2022

Construction cost inflation rate = 5% per year

Multiplier for inflating 2022 costs to 2027 (5 years) = 1.276

Falls City bridge replacement cost in 2027 dollars = \$

3,111,994

AACE Class 5 low end cost estimate (-20%) = \$ 2,489,595.20

AACE Class 5 high end cost estimate (+40%) = \$ 4,356,791.60