

Sybil Hebb
Director of Legislative Advocacy
621 SW Morrison, Suite 1450
Portland, OR 97205
P: 503.936.8959
shebb@oregonlawcenter.org

## House Committee on Judiciary Testimony in Support of SB 599A April 23, 2025

Chair Kropf, Vice-Chairs Chotzen and Wallan, and Members of the Committee,

On behalf of the Oregon Law Center, I submit this testimony in strong support of Senate Bill 599A, to ensure that all Oregonians have access to fair housing, regardless of their immigration or citizenship status. This bill was amended in the Senate to address stakeholder input and comes from the Senate with bi-partisan support.

OLC's mission is to achieve justice for low-income communities of Oregon by providing a full range of the highest quality civil legal services. Helping families maintain safe, stable housing is a critical part of our work. Without stable housing, it is difficult or impossible to hold down a job, keep children in school, access neighborhood amenities, and stay healthy. As vacancy rates have plummeted and housing has become less and less affordable across the state, our clients have increasingly struggled to maintain stability for themselves and their children. Increasingly, low and moderate-income tenants risk homelessness as a result of any displacement from current housing.

Housing crises such as the one we are currently experiencing tend to amplify pre-existing racial and ethnic disparities in housing access and stability. Immigrants and refugees, including those in mixed-status households, often face greater housing insecurity and experience fear about their housing stability. Senate Bill 599A will provide reassurance and greater stability for these groups, contributing to the overall well-being of our communities.

Oregon has long been a leader in promoting equitable treatment and protecting the rights of all its residents. However, despite existing protections, many Oregonians continue to face significant fear and other barriers in securing housing based on real or perceived immigration or citizenship status. These barriers not only undermine the dignity of affected individuals but also exacerbate housing instability and homelessness within our communities.

Oregon's Fair Housing Act (codified at ORS 659A.421) as well as federal fair housing laws already prohibit discrimination on the basis of race and national origin, and many landlords already adhere to best practices to ensure fair treatment. However, our current statutes do not explicitly prohibit discrimination based on immigration or citizenship status. Passage of SB 599A is necessary to close that gap and ensure that all Oregonians, regardless of their immigration or citizenship status, have equitable access to housing.

The bill is drafted based on provisions in Portland City Code <u>30.01.086 (D)</u> that have been in effect since 2019 and on statutes in other states such as <u>New York</u>, <u>Washington</u>, <u>California</u>, and <u>Illinois</u>.



Sybil Hebb
Director of Legislative Advocacy
621 SW Morrison, Suite 1450
Portland, OR 97205
P: 503.936.8959
shebb@oregonlawcenter.org

## **Key Provisions of SB 599A:**

SB 599A would amend the Landlord-Tenant Act to provide that, except if otherwise required by a federal program that provides rent subsidies or affordable rents:

- 1. **Prohibition on Inquiries:** The bill would codify a prohibition on the inquiry about the immigration or citizenship status of applicants, tenants, or their household members. This provision ensures that housing decisions are based on relevant criteria, such as ability to pay and rental history, rather than immigration or citizenship status.
- 2. Acceptance of Various Forms of Identification: The bill provides that landlords must accept a range of identification forms (or a combination thereof) for identity verification purposes, including Social Security cards, birth certificates, permanent resident cards, visas, Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN) cards, passports, driver's licenses, or any combination of identifications that reasonably verify name, date of birth, and photo identity.
  - a. This inclusivity acknowledges the diverse backgrounds of Oregon residents and ensures that lack of specific documentation does not become a barrier to housing. This list is based on the list of documents that has been in effect since 2019 in the Portland ordinance and is designed to allow the landlord to verify identity and conduct background checks as in their normal course of business. (See CoreLogic Myth-Busting: Screening Applicants without a Social Security Number or Driver License document in OLIS)
  - b. A corollary benefit is increased privacy protection for tenants concerned about identity theft, who may not want to provide social security number. (see <a href="https://rentprep.com/blog/tenant-screening-news/tenant-screening-without-social-security-number/">https://rentprep.com/blog/tenant-screening-news/tenant-screening-without-social-security-number/</a>)
- 3. **Prohibition on Disclosures:** Disclosures regarding immigration or citizenship status would be prohibited if done with the intent to harass, retaliate, or intimidate. This provision ensures protection for tenants from the risk of intentional manipulation or abuse through the threat of disclosure of private information.
- 4. **Protection from Discrimination:** This provision prohibits discrimination on the basis of actual or perceived citizenship or immigration status and is in alignment with the broader goal of ensuring access to fair housing for all Oregonians.
- 5. **Remedy for Violation:** Violation of these provisions would be consistent with those applicable to Fair Housing Act violations, pursuant to ORS 90.390 and ORS 659A.885.

SB 599A would close a critical gap in our current statutes. The bill would codify best practices already in place with many landlords, and would reinforce Oregon's commitment to fair housing practices and equal opportunity for all residents, regardless of immigration or citizenship status. Passage of SB 599A will promote community stability, reflect Oregon's long-standing values of inclusivity, equity, and justice, and deliver an important message to vulnerable communities.

For all of these reasons, we urge your support. Thank you for the opportunity to testify. I am happy to answer any questions you may have.