

Oregon Unified Primary Act

Top-2+ Unified Primary Reform (HB 3166 -2 Amendment)

Why this Reform?

Closed partisan primaries shut out a huge share of voters, impede fair competition, erect unnecessary barriers and limit voter choice. Over 1.3 million registered Oregon voters (43% of the electorate) are barred from voting for candidates in the state's publicly funded primary elections. The Act allows all registered Oregon voters to vote for fair representation.

The Oregon Unified Primary Act fixes all this and more.

In Oregon, only members of the two major parties can vote and compete in state-funded primaries for the state's most powerful offices – US Senator, US Representative, Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Attorney General, and Oregon Legislators. 43% of Oregon voters cannot vote for candidates in these primaries.

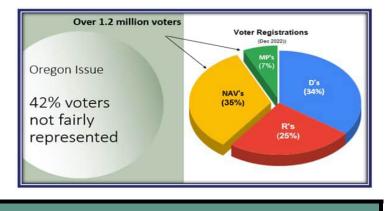
This reform is supported by the **Oregon Election Reform Coalition**, a cross-partisan coalition of election reformers from all parts of the state and from different democracy-focused organizations. HB 3166 is based on work by Oregon Legislative Counsel and national best practices.

What will the Oregon Unified Primary Act Do?

° Allow all voters to vote

° Promote fair competition

° Ensure fair representation



Key Provisions

Opens Primary Elections to All Voters

- Allows all registered voters to vote equally in public primaries and vote from the <u>same</u> ballot; not the multiple ballots of today.
- Enfranchises 43% of voters (non-affiliated voters (NAVs) and minor party members) currently shut out of the partisan primaries which they, as taxpayers, help fund.
- **Promotes fair competition**. Candidates compete on the <u>same</u> primary ballot, and voters are free to choose any candidate on their ballots. Increases **voter participation** for primaries.
- Levels the playing field for candidates. Equalizes filing requirements; equalizes ballot access.
- Top 2+ vote-receiving candidates in primary advance to the general election.

Top-2+ Candidates Advance to General Election

- Allows top 2 candidates for office to advance from the primary to the general election.
- Minor parties may opt into the primary or nominate candidates separately.
- Candidates can qualify for the general election by gathering sufficient signatures.

Endorsements Encourage Political Party Participation, Voter Information

- Political parties may officially endorse candidates in the primary and general elections.
- Candidates can list up to 3 party endorsements next to their names on the ballot, information many voters consider very important,
- Elects leaders who are accountable to broader coalitions of voters.



