# Opposition to HB 3075's Permanent Firearm Ownership Database

HB 3075 includes provisions that effectively create a **permanent state database tracking firearm purchases and ownership** among permit holders. While the bill does not explicitly call this a "firearm registry," the impact is the same: it establishes an indefinite record of which firearms were purchased and who owns them, stored in a state-managed system.

## **Key Concerns:**

## 1. Government Tracking of Law-Abiding Gun Owners

- HB 3075 mandates that information about each firearm purchased with a permit be permanently attached to the permit holder's record.
- Even though background check data must be deleted after five years, firearm purchase records will remain indefinitely, creating a long-term tracking system.

#### 2. Risk of Future Misuse

- Once the state compiles a comprehensive database of legal firearm owners, it opens the door for future restrictions, monitoring, or even confiscation efforts based on political or administrative decisions.
- History shows that firearm registries have been misused in other jurisdictions to impose additional regulations or outright bans on lawful owners.

#### 3. Limited Options for Removal

- The bill states that a firearm record can only be removed from the state's system if proof of sale or transfer to another permit holder is provided.
- This means the government controls whether and how firearm ownership records are deleted, adding unnecessary bureaucratic oversight over private property transactions.

## 4. Creates a Two-Tiered System

- While this tracking system applies to **permit holders**, it is unclear how non-permit holders' firearm purchases will be handled.
- This raises concerns that gun owners may be pressured into the permit system to legally buy or transfer firearms, leading to increased state surveillance over law-abiding citizens.

## **Conclusion:**

HB 3075 goes beyond the scope of a simple permit system by implementing a de facto firearm registry for those who lawfully purchase firearms with a permit. This measure unfairly targets legal gun owners, creates opportunities for future government overreach, and undermines privacy rights. Lawmakers should oppose this provision and any effort to create a permanent database of firearm owners in Oregon.