

SB 243-3  
(LC 3066)  
4/4/25 (JLM/ps)

Requested by SENATE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY (at the request of Senator Floyd Prozanski)

**PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO  
SENATE BILL 243**

1 In line 2 of the printed bill, after “firearms” insert “; creating new pro-  
2 visions; amending ORS 166.262, 166.360, 166.370, 166.377 and 166.412; and  
3 prescribing an effective date”.

4 Delete lines 4 through 9 and insert:  
5

6 **“SHORT TITLE**  
7

8 **“SECTION 1. Section 3 of this 2025 Act and the amendments to ORS**  
9 **166.262, 166.360, 166.370, 166.377 and 166.412 by sections 2 and 4 to 7 of**  
10 **this 2025 Act shall be known and may be cited as the ‘Oregon Suicide**  
11 **Prevention and Community Safety Firearms Act.’**  
12

13 **“DEALER PURCHASE WAITING PERIOD**  
14

15 **“SECTION 2. ORS 166.412 is amended to read:**

16 **“166.412. (1) As used in this section:**

17 **“(a) ‘Antique firearm’ has the meaning given that term in 18 U.S.C. 921;**

18 **“(b) ‘Department’ means the Department of State Police;**

19 **“(c) ‘Firearm’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 166.210, except**  
20 **that it does not include an antique firearm;**

21 **“(d) ‘Firearms transaction record’ means the firearms transaction record**

1 required by 18 U.S.C. 921 to 929;

2 “(e) ‘Firearms transaction thumbprint form’ means a form provided by the  
3 department under subsection (11) of this section;

4 “(f) ‘Gun dealer’ means a person engaged in the business, as defined in  
5 18 U.S.C. 921, of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring a firearm, whether  
6 the person is a retail dealer, pawnbroker or otherwise;

7 “(g) ‘Purchaser’ means a person who buys, leases or otherwise receives a  
8 firearm or unfinished frame or receiver from a gun dealer; and

9 “(h) ‘Unfinished frame or receiver’ has the meaning given that term in  
10 ORS 166.210.

11 “(2) Except as provided in subsection (12) of this section, a gun dealer  
12 shall comply with the following before a firearm or unfinished frame or re-  
13 ceiver is delivered to a purchaser:

14 “(a) The purchaser shall present to the gun dealer current identification  
15 meeting the requirements of subsection (4) of this section and a valid permit  
16 issued under ORS 166.505.

17 “(b) The gun dealer shall complete the firearms transaction record and  
18 obtain the signature of the purchaser on the record.

19 “(c) The gun dealer shall obtain the thumbprints of the purchaser on the  
20 firearms transaction thumbprint form and attach the form to the gun dealer’s  
21 copy of the firearms transaction record to be filed with that copy.

22 “(d) The gun dealer shall, by telephone or computer, verify that the pur-  
23 chaser has a valid [*permit-to-purchase*] **permit to purchase** a firearm issued  
24 under ORS 166.505, and request that the department conduct a criminal his-  
25 tory record check on the purchaser and shall provide the following informa-  
26 tion to the department:

27 “(A) The federal firearms license number of the gun dealer;

28 “(B) The business name of the gun dealer;

29 “(C) The place of transfer;

30 “(D) The name of the person making the transfer;

1 “(E) The make, model, caliber and manufacturer’s number of the firearm  
2 being transferred or a description of the unfinished frame or receiver being  
3 transferred;

4 “(F) The name and date of birth of the purchaser;

5 “(G) The Social Security number of the purchaser if the purchaser vol-  
6 untarily provides this number to the gun dealer; and

7 “(H) The type, issuer and identification number of the identification pre-  
8 sented by the purchaser.

9 “(e) The gun dealer shall receive a unique approval number for the  
10 transfer from the department and record the approval number on the firearms  
11 transaction record and on the firearms transaction thumbprint form.

12 “(f) The gun dealer may destroy the firearms transaction thumbprint form  
13 five years after the completion of the firearms transaction thumbprint form.

14 “(3)(a) Upon receipt of a request of the gun dealer for a criminal history  
15 record check, the department shall immediately, during the gun dealer’s  
16 telephone call or by return call:

17 “(A) Determine, from criminal records and other information available to  
18 it, whether the purchaser is disqualified under ORS 166.470 from completing  
19 the purchase; and

20 “(B) Notify the gun dealer when a purchaser is disqualified from com-  
21 pleting the transfer or provide the gun dealer with a unique approval number  
22 indicating that the purchaser is qualified to complete the transfer.

23 “(b) If the department is unable to determine **within 30 minutes** if the  
24 purchaser is qualified or disqualified from completing the transfer [*within*  
25 *30 minutes*], the department shall notify the gun dealer and provide the gun  
26 dealer with an estimate of the time when the department will provide the  
27 requested information.

28 “(c) The **gun** dealer may not transfer the firearm or unfinished frame or  
29 receiver unless [*the dealer receives a unique approval number from the de-*  
30 *partment and,*]:

1       **“(A) At least 72 hours have elapsed from the time at which the gun**  
2 **dealer requested the criminal background check; and**

3       **“(B) The gun dealer has received a unique approval number from**  
4 **the department indicating that the purchaser is qualified to complete**  
5 **the transfer.**

6       **“(d) Within 48 hours of completing the transfer, the gun dealer shall**  
7 **notify the [state] department that the transfer to the permit holder was**  
8 **completed.**

9       **“(4)(a) Identification required of the purchaser under subsection (2) of this**  
10 **section shall include one piece of current identification bearing a photograph**  
11 **and the date of birth of the purchaser that:**

12       **“(A) Is issued under the authority of the United States Government, a**  
13 **state, a political subdivision of a state, a foreign government, a political**  
14 **subdivision of a foreign government, an international governmental organ-**  
15 **ization or an international quasi-governmental organization; and**

16       **“(B) Is intended to be used for identification of an individual or is com-**  
17 **monly accepted for the purpose of identification of an individual.**

18       **“(b) If the identification presented by the purchaser under paragraph (a)**  
19 **of this subsection does not include the current address of the purchaser, the**  
20 **purchaser shall present a second piece of current identification that contains**  
21 **the current address of the purchaser. The Superintendent of State Police may**  
22 **specify by rule the type of identification that may be presented under this**  
23 **paragraph.**

24       **“(c) The department may require that the gun dealer verify the identifi-**  
25 **cation of the purchaser if that identity is in question by sending the**  
26 **thumbprints of the purchaser to the department.**

27       **“(5) The department shall establish a telephone number that shall be op-**  
28 **erational seven days a week between the hours of 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. for the**  
29 **purpose of responding to inquiries from gun dealers for a criminal history**  
30 **record check under this section.**

1 “(6) No public employee, official or agency shall be held criminally or  
2 civilly liable for performing the investigations required by this section pro-  
3 vided the employee, official or agency acts in good faith and without malice.

4 “(7)(a) The department may retain a record of the information obtained  
5 during a request for a criminal history record check for no more than five  
6 years, except for the information provided to the **gun** dealer under sub-  
7 section (2)(d) of this section, sufficient to reflect each firearm or unfinished  
8 frame or receiver purchased by a permit holder, which must be attached to  
9 the electronic record of the permit stored by the department. The department  
10 may develop a system for removal of the information in subsection (2)(d)(E)  
11 of this section, upon proof of sale or transfer of the firearm or unfinished  
12 frame or receiver to another permit holder and for recording of the infor-  
13 mation to reflect the transfer of ownership to the permit of the new owner.

14 “(b) The record of the information obtained during a request for a crimi-  
15 nal history record check by a gun dealer is exempt from disclosure under  
16 public records law.

17 “(c) If the department determines that a purchaser is prohibited from  
18 possessing a firearm under ORS 166.250 (1)(c), the department shall report  
19 the attempted transfer, the purchaser’s name and any other personally iden-  
20 tifiable information to all federal, state and local law enforcement agencies  
21 and district attorneys that have jurisdiction over the location or locations  
22 where the attempted transfer was made and where the purchaser resides.

23 “(d) If the department determines that, based on the judgment of con-  
24 viction, the purchaser is prohibited from possessing a firearm as a condition  
25 of probation or that the purchaser is currently on post-prison supervision or  
26 parole, the department shall report the attempted transfer to the purchaser’s  
27 supervising officer and the district attorney of the county in which the con-  
28 viction occurred.

29 “(e) If the department determines that the purchaser is prohibited from  
30 possessing a firearm due to a court order described in ORS 166.255 (1)(a), the

1 department shall report the attempted transfer to the court that issued the  
2 order.

3 “(f) If the department determines that the purchaser is under the juris-  
4 diction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board, the department shall re-  
5 port the attempted transfer to the board.

6 “(g) Reports required by paragraphs (c) to (f) of this subsection shall be  
7 made within 24 hours after the determination is made, unless a report would  
8 compromise an ongoing investigation, in which case the report may be de-  
9 layed as long as necessary to avoid compromising the investigation.

10 “(h) On or before January 31 of each year, a law enforcement agency or  
11 a prosecuting attorney’s office that received a report pursuant to paragraph  
12 (c) of this subsection during the previous calendar year shall inform the de-  
13 partment of any action that was taken concerning the report and the out-  
14 come of the action.

15 “(i) The department shall annually publish a written report, based on any  
16 information received under paragraph (h) of this subsection, detailing the  
17 following information for the previous year:

18 “(A) The number of purchasers whom the department determined were  
19 prohibited from possessing a firearm under ORS 166.250 (1)(c), arranged by  
20 category of prohibition;

21 “(B) The number of reports made pursuant to paragraph (c) of this sub-  
22 section;

23 “(C) The number of investigations arising from the reports made pursuant  
24 to paragraph (c) of this subsection, the number of investigations concluded  
25 and the number of investigations referred for prosecution, all arranged by  
26 category of prohibition; and

27 “(D) The number of criminal charges arising from the reports made pur-  
28 suant to paragraph (c) of this subsection and the disposition of the charges,  
29 both arranged by category of prohibition.

30 “(8) A law enforcement agency may inspect the records of a gun dealer

1 relating to transfers of firearms and unfinished frames or receivers with the  
2 consent of a gun dealer in the course of a reasonable inquiry during a  
3 criminal investigation or under the authority of a properly authorized  
4 subpoena or search warrant.

5 “(9) When a firearm is delivered, it shall be unloaded.

6 “(10) In accordance with applicable provisions of ORS chapter 183, the  
7 Superintendent of State Police may adopt rules necessary for:

8 “(a) The design of the firearms transaction thumbprint form;

9 “(b) The maintenance of a procedure to correct errors in the criminal re-  
10 cords of the department;

11 “(c) The provision of a security system to identify gun dealers that re-  
12 quest a criminal history record check under subsection (2) of this section;  
13 and

14 “(d) The creation and maintenance of a database of the business hours  
15 of gun dealers.

16 “(11) The department shall publish the firearms transaction thumbprint  
17 form and shall furnish the form to gun dealers on application at cost.

18 “(12) This section does not apply to transactions between persons licensed  
19 as dealers under 18 U.S.C. 923.

20 “(13)(a) If requested by a transferor who is not a gun dealer, a gun dealer  
21 may request a criminal background check pursuant to ORS 166.435 or 166.438  
22 and may charge a reasonable fee for providing the service.

23 “(b) A gun dealer that requests a criminal background check under this  
24 subsection is immune from civil liability for any use of the firearm or un-  
25 finished frame or receiver by the [*recipient or transferee*] **purchaser**, provided  
26 that the gun dealer:

27 “(A) Requests the criminal background check as described in this section  
28 [*and also provided that the dealer*];

29 “(B) **Receives a unique approval number from the department indi-**  
30 **cating that the purchaser is qualified to complete the transfer;**



1       “(a) A peace officer, or other person employed by a law enforcement  
2 agency, who possesses a rapid fire activator in accordance with au-  
3 thorization given to the peace officer or other person by the law  
4 enforcement agency.

5       “(b) A person who has registered a machine gun in accordance with  
6 federal law and the rapid fire activator is possessed for use only in,  
7 and is necessary for the proper function of, the lawfully registered  
8 machine gun.

9       “(5) As used in this section:

10       “(a) ‘Binary trigger system’ means a device that, when installed in  
11 or attached to a firearm, allows the firearm to fire both when the  
12 trigger is pulled or depressed and when the trigger is released.

13       “(b) ‘Bump stock’ means a device that, when installed in or at-  
14 tached to a firearm, increases the rate of fire of the firearm by using  
15 energy from the recoil of the firearm to generate a reciprocating  
16 action that facilitates repeated activation of the trigger.

17       “(c) ‘Burst trigger system’ means a device that, when installed in  
18 or attached to a firearm, allows the firearm to discharge two or more  
19 rounds with a single pull or depression of the trigger by altering the  
20 trigger reset.

21       “(d) ‘Firearm’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 166.210.

22       “(e) ‘Hellfire trigger’ means a device that, when installed in or at-  
23 tached to a firearm, disengages the trigger return spring when the  
24 trigger is pulled or depressed.

25       “(f) ‘Machine gun’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 166.210.

26       “(g) ‘Peace officer’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 133.005.

27       “(h)(A) ‘Rapid fire activator’ means any device, including a remov-  
28 able manual or power-driven device, part or combination of parts,  
29 constructed so that, when built into, installed on or attached to a  
30 firearm:

1       “(i) The rate at which the trigger is activated increases to a faster  
2 rate than is possible for the firearm without the device; or

3       “(ii) The rate of fire increases to a faster rate than is possible for  
4 a person to fire the firearm without the device.

5       “(B) ‘Rapid fire activator’ includes, but is not limited to, a bump  
6 stock, trigger crank, hellfire trigger, binary trigger system, burst  
7 trigger system, switch, auto sear or a copy or similar device, regard-  
8 less of the producer or manufacturer.

9       “(i) ‘Switch’ or ‘auto sear’ means a device that, when installed in  
10 or attached to a firearm, applies force to a firearm’s trigger bar to  
11 prevent the bar from limiting the weapon to firing only one round  
12 each time the trigger is pulled or depressed.

13       “(j) ‘Trigger crank’ means a device that, when installed in or at-  
14 tached to a firearm, repeatedly activates the trigger of the firearm  
15 through the use of a crank, level or any other part that is turned in  
16 a circular motion.

17  
18                                   **“PUBLIC AREA RESTRICTIONS**

19  
20       **“SECTION 4.** ORS 166.360 is amended to read:

21       “166.360. As used in ORS 166.360 to 166.380, unless the context requires  
22 otherwise:

23       “(1) ‘Capitol building’ means the Capitol, the State Office Building, the  
24 State Library Building, the Labor and Industries Building, the State Trans-  
25 portation Building, the Agriculture Building or the Public Service Building  
26 and includes any new buildings which may be constructed on the same  
27 grounds as an addition to the group of buildings listed in this subsection.

28       “(2) ‘Court facility’ means a courthouse or that portion of any other  
29 building occupied by a circuit court, the Court of Appeals, the Supreme  
30 Court or the Oregon Tax Court or occupied by personnel related to the op-

1 erations of those courts, or in which activities related to the operations of  
2 those courts take place.

3 “(3) ‘Judge’ means a judge of a circuit court, the Court of Appeals, the  
4 Supreme Court, the Oregon Tax Court, a municipal court, a probate court  
5 or a juvenile court or a justice of the peace.

6 “(4) ‘Judicial district’ means a circuit court district established under  
7 ORS 3.012 or a justice of the peace district established under ORS 51.020.

8 “(5) ‘Juvenile court’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 419A.004.

9 “(6) ‘Loaded firearm’ means:

10 “(a) A breech-loading firearm in which there is an unexpended cartridge  
11 or shell in or attached to the firearm including but not limited to, in a  
12 chamber, magazine or clip which is attached to the firearm.

13 “(b) A muzzle-loading firearm which is capped or primed and has a powder  
14 charge and ball, shot or projectile in the barrel or cylinder.

15 “(7) ‘Local court facility’ means the portion of a building in which a  
16 justice court, a municipal court, a probate court or a juvenile court conducts  
17 business, during the hours in which the court operates.

18 “(8) ‘Probate court’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 111.005.

19 “(9) ‘Public building’ means:

20 “(a) A hospital, a capitol building, a public or private school, as defined  
21 in ORS 339.315, a college or university, a city hall or the residence of any  
22 state official elected by the state at large, and the grounds adjacent to each  
23 such building. The term also includes that portion of any other building oc-  
24 cupied by an agency of the state or by a city, a county, a district as defined  
25 in ORS 198.010 or any other entity that falls within the definition of ‘mu-  
26 nicipal corporation’ in ORS 297.405, other than a court facility, **and the**  
27 **grounds adjacent to each such building; or**

28 “(b) The passenger terminal of a commercial service airport with over one  
29 million passenger boardings per year.

30 “(10) ‘Weapon’ means:

1       “(a) A firearm;

2       “(b) Any dirk, dagger, ice pick, slingshot, metal knuckles or any similar  
3 instrument or a knife, other than an ordinary pocketknife with a blade less  
4 than four inches in length, the use of which could inflict injury upon a  
5 person or property;

6       “(c) Mace, tear gas, pepper mace or any similar deleterious agent as de-  
7 fined in ORS 163.211;

8       “(d) An electrical stun gun or any similar instrument;

9       “(e) A tear gas weapon as defined in ORS 163.211;

10       “(f) A club, bat, baton, billy club, bludgeon, knobkerrie, nunchaku,  
11 nightstick, truncheon or any similar instrument, the use of which could in-  
12 flict injury upon a person or property; or

13       “(g) A dangerous or deadly weapon as those terms are defined in ORS  
14 161.015.

15       “**SECTION 5.** ORS 166.370 is amended to read:

16       “166.370. (1)(a) Any person who intentionally possesses a loaded or un-  
17 loaded firearm or any other instrument used as a dangerous weapon, while  
18 in or on a public building, shall upon conviction be guilty of a Class C fel-  
19 ony.

20       “(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, in a prosecution  
21 under this section for the possession of a firearm within the Capitol, within  
22 the passenger terminal of a commercial service airport with over one million  
23 passenger boardings per year, **within a building and adjacent grounds**  
24 **subject to a policy described in ORS 166.377** or on school grounds subject  
25 to a policy described in ORS 166.377, if the person proves by a preponderance  
26 of the evidence that, at the time of the possession, the person was licensed  
27 under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a concealed handgun, upon con-  
28 viction the person is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

29       “(2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection,  
30 a person who intentionally possesses:

1       “(A) A firearm in a court facility is guilty, upon conviction, of a Class  
2 C felony. A person who intentionally possesses a firearm in a court facility  
3 shall surrender the firearm to a law enforcement officer.

4       “(B) A weapon, other than a firearm, in a court facility may be required  
5 to surrender the weapon to a law enforcement officer or to immediately re-  
6 move it from the court facility. A person who fails to comply with this sub-  
7 paragraph is guilty, upon conviction, of a Class C felony.

8       “(C) A firearm in a local court facility is guilty, upon conviction, of a  
9 Class C felony if, prior to the offense, the presiding judge of the local court  
10 facility entered an order prohibiting firearms in the area in which the court  
11 conducts business and during the hours in which the court operates.

12       “(b) The presiding judge of a judicial district or a municipal court may  
13 enter an order permitting the possession of specified weapons in a court fa-  
14 cility.

15       “(c) Within a shared court facility, the presiding judge of a municipal  
16 court or justice of the peace district may not enter an order concerning the  
17 possession of weapons in the court facility that is in conflict with an order  
18 entered by the presiding judge of the circuit court.

19       “(3) Subsection (1)(a) of this section does not apply to:

20       “(a) A police officer or reserve officer, as those terms are defined in ORS  
21 181A.355.

22       “(b) A parole and probation officer, as defined in ORS 181A.355, while the  
23 parole and probation officer is acting within the scope of employment.

24       “(c) A federal officer, as defined in ORS 133.005, or a certified reserve  
25 officer or corrections officer, as those terms are defined in ORS 181A.355,  
26 while the federal officer, certified reserve officer or corrections officer is  
27 acting within the scope of employment.

28       “(d) A person summoned by an officer described in paragraph (a), (b) or  
29 (c) of this subsection to assist in making an arrest or preserving the peace,  
30 while the summoned person is engaged in assisting the officer.

1 “(e) An honorably retired law enforcement officer.

2 “(f) An active or reserve member of the military forces of this state or the  
3 United States, when engaged in the performance of duty.

4 “(g) A person who is licensed under ORS 166.291 and 166.292 to carry a  
5 concealed handgun, except as provided in subsection (1)(b) of this section.

6 “(h) A person who is authorized by the officer or agency that controls the  
7 public building to possess a firearm or dangerous weapon in that public  
8 building.

9 “(i) An employee of the United States Department of Agriculture, acting  
10 within the scope of employment, who possesses a firearm in the course of the  
11 lawful taking of wildlife.

12 “(j) Possession of a firearm on school property if the firearm:

13 “(A) Is possessed by a person who is not otherwise prohibited from pos-  
14 sessed the firearm; and

15 “(B) Is unloaded and locked in a motor vehicle.

16 “(k) A person who possesses a firearm in the passenger terminal of a  
17 commercial service airport, if the firearm is unloaded and in a locked hard-  
18 sided container for the purposes of transporting the firearm as checked bag-  
19 gage in accordance with federal law.

20 “(4)(a) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b) of this section, the ex-  
21 ceptions listed in subsection (3)(d) to (k) of this section constitute affirmative  
22 defenses to a charge of violating subsection (1)(a) of this section.

23 “(b) A person may not use the affirmative defense described in subsection  
24 (3)(e) of this section if the person has been convicted of an offense that  
25 would make the person ineligible to obtain a concealed handgun license un-  
26 der ORS 166.291 and 166.292.

27 “(5)(a) Any person who knowingly, or with reckless disregard for the  
28 safety of another, discharges or attempts to discharge a firearm at a place  
29 that the person knows is a school shall upon conviction be guilty of a Class  
30 C felony.

1 “(b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply to the discharge of  
2 a firearm:

3 “(A) As part of a program approved by a school in the school by an in-  
4 dividual who is participating in the program;

5 “(B) By a law enforcement officer acting in the officer’s official capacity;  
6 or

7 “(C) By an employee of the United States Department of Agriculture,  
8 acting within the scope of employment, in the course of the lawful taking  
9 of wildlife.

10 “(6) Any weapon carried in violation of this section is subject to the  
11 forfeiture provisions of ORS 166.279.

12 “(7) Notwithstanding the fact that a person’s conduct in a single criminal  
13 episode constitutes a violation of both subsections (1) and (5) of this section,  
14 the district attorney may charge the person with only one of the offenses.

15 “(8) As used in this section, ‘dangerous weapon’ means a dangerous  
16 weapon as that term is defined in ORS 161.015.

17 **“SECTION 6.** ORS 166.377 is amended to read:

18 “166.377. (1) The governing board of a public university listed in ORS  
19 352.002, the Oregon Health and Science University Board of Directors, the  
20 governing board of a community college or a district school board as defined  
21 in ORS 332.002 may adopt a policy providing that the affirmative defense  
22 described in ORS 166.370 (3)(g), concerning persons licensed to carry a con-  
23 cealed handgun under ORS 166.291 and 166.292, does not apply to the pos-  
24 session of firearms on the grounds of the schools controlled by the board.

25 “(2) A board that adopts a policy under **subsection (1) of** this section  
26 shall:

27 “(a) Post a clearly visible sign, at all normal points of entry to the school  
28 grounds subject to the policy described in subsection (1) of this section, in-  
29 dicating that the affirmative defense described in ORS 166.370 (3)(g) does not  
30 apply.

1 “(b) Post a notice on the board’s website identifying all school grounds  
2 subject to the policy described in subsection (1) of this section.

3 “(3) **The governing body of a city or county may adopt a policy,**  
4 **ordinance or regulation providing that the affirmative defense de-**  
5 **scribed in ORS 166.370 (3)(g), concerning persons licensed to carry a**  
6 **concealed handgun under ORS 166.291 and 166.292, does not apply to**  
7 **the possession of firearms within buildings and on grounds adjacent**  
8 **to buildings owned or controlled by the governing body.**

9 “(4) **A governing body that adopts a policy under subsection (3) of**  
10 **this section shall:**

11 “(a) **Post a clearly visible sign, at all normal points of entry to the**  
12 **buildings and grounds subject to the policy described in subsection (3)**  
13 **of this section, indicating that the affirmative defense described in**  
14 **ORS 166.370 (3)(g) does not apply.**

15 “(b) **Post a notice on the governing body’s website identifying all**  
16 **buildings and grounds subject to the policy described in subsection (3)**  
17 **of this section.**

18 “**SECTION 7.** ORS 166.262 is amended to read:

19 “166.262. A peace officer may not arrest or charge a person for violating  
20 ORS 166.250 (1)(a) or (b) or 166.370 (1)(a) if the person has in the person’s  
21 immediate possession:

22 “(1) A valid license to carry a firearm as provided in ORS 166.291 and  
23 166.292, unless the person possesses a firearm within the Capitol, within the  
24 passenger terminal of a commercial service airport with over one million  
25 passenger boardings per year, **within a building or adjacent grounds**  
26 **subject to a policy described in ORS 166.377** or on school grounds subject  
27 to a policy described in ORS 166.377;

28 “(2) Proof that the person is a law enforcement officer; or

29 “(3) Proof that the person is an honorably retired law enforcement officer,  
30 unless the person has been convicted of an offense that would make the

1 person ineligible to obtain a concealed handgun license under ORS 166.291  
2 and 166.292.

3

4

#### **“CAPTIONS**

5

6 **“SECTION 8. The unit captions used in this 2025 Act are provided**  
7 **only for the convenience of the reader and do not become part of the**  
8 **statutory law of this state or express any legislative intent in the**  
9 **enactment of this 2025 Act.**

10

11

#### **“EFFECTIVE DATE**

12

13 **“SECTION 9. This 2025 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the**  
14 **date on which the 2025 regular session of the Eighty-third Legislative**  
15 **Assembly adjourns sine die.”.**

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