A-Engrossed House Bill 3746

Ordered by the House April 15 Including House Amendments dated April 15

Sponsored by COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND HOMELESSNESS (at the request of Representative Pam Marsh)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure. The statement includes a measure digest written in compliance with applicable readability standards.

Digest: For condos and homes in an HOA, this Act changes how construction defects and damages are handled. (Flesch Readability Score: 74.2).

Reduces the statute of limitations for construction defect actions for units in a planned community or condominium. Imposes notice[, voting and approval] requirements before homeowners or condominium association owners may bring or join a construction defect action. Requires the **declarant and** board of directors of a condominium association to conduct [a semiannual] moisture [inspection] inspections.

[Creates special procedural requirements for giving notice to contractors prior to filing construction defect claims if the action is brought by a homeowners association or association of unit owners. Ex-tends the time for a sender of a secondary notice of defect to bring an action against the recipient of the secondary notice of defect.]

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT
2	Relating to real property; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 12.135, 94.662, 100.115,
3	100.210, 100.417, 100.490 and 100.680.
4	Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
5	SECTION 1. ORS 12.135 is amended to read:
6	12.135. (1) As used in this section:
7	(a) "Association of unit owners" has the meaning given that term in ORS 100.005.
8	(b) "Homeowners association" has the meaning given that term in ORS 94.550.
9	(c) "Large commercial structure," "residential structure" and "small commercial struc-
10	ture" have the meanings given those terms in ORS 701.005.
11	(d) "Public body" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.109.
12	(e) "Substantial completion" means the earliest of:
13	(A) The date when the contractee accepts in writing the construction, alteration or re-
14	pair of the improvement to real property or any designated portion thereof as having reached
15	that state of completion when it may be used or occupied for its intended purpose or, if there
16	is no such written acceptance, the date of acceptance of the completed construction, alter-
17	ation or repair of such improvement by the contractee;
18	(B) The date when a public body issues a certificate of occupancy for the improvement;
19	or
20	(C) The date when the owner occupies the improvement or uses it for its intended pur-
21	pose.
22	[(1)] (2) An action against a person by a plaintiff who is not a public body, whether in contract,
23	tort or otherwise, arising from the person having performed the construction, alteration or repair

1 of any improvement to real property or the supervision or inspection thereof, or from the person

2 having furnished design, planning, surveying, architectural or engineering services for the improve-

3 ment, must be commenced before the earliest of:

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(a) The applicable period of limitation otherwise established by law;

5 (b) Ten years after substantial completion or abandonment of the construction, alteration or 6 repair of a small commercial structure[, as defined in ORS 701.005, a] or residential structure[, as 7 defined in ORS 701.005, or a large commercial structure, as defined in ORS 701.005, that is owned or 8 maintained by a homeowners association, as defined in ORS 94.550, or that is owned or maintained 9 by an association of unit owners, as defined in ORS 100.005]; or

10 (c) Six years after substantial completion or abandonment of the construction, alteration or re-11 pair of a large commercial structure[, as defined in ORS 701.005, other than a large commercial 12 structure described in paragraph (b) of this subsection].

13 [(2)] (3) An action against a person by a public body, whether in contract, tort or otherwise, 14 arising from the person having performed the construction, alteration or repair of any improvement 15 to real property or the supervision or inspection thereof, or from the person having furnished design, 16 planning, surveying, architectural or engineering services for the improvement, must be commenced 17 not more than 10 years after substantial completion or abandonment of such construction, alteration 18 or repair of the improvement to real property.

(4) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, the period of limitation for a tort
 action by a homeowners association or association of unit owners arising from the defective
 construction, alteration or repair of a structure or unit is:

(a) Seven years after substantial completion or abandonment of the construction, alter ation or repair of the structure; or

(b) If a construction defect described in this subsection is discovered more than six but
 less than seven years after substantial completion or abandonment, one year after discovery
 of the defect.

[(3)(a)] (5)(a) Notwithstanding subsections [(1) and] (2) and (3) of this section, an action against a person registered to practice architecture under ORS 671.010 to 671.220, a person registered to practice landscape architecture under ORS 671.310 to 671.459 or a person registered to practice engineering under ORS 672.002 to 672.325 to recover damages for injury to a person, property or to any interest in property, including damages for delay or economic loss, regardless of legal theory, arising out of the construction, alteration or repair of any improvement to real property must be commenced before the earliest of:

(A) Two years after the date the injury or damage is first discovered or in the exercise of rea sonable care should have been discovered;

(B) Ten years after substantial completion or abandonment of the construction, alteration or repair of a small commercial structure[, as defined in ORS 701.005, a] or residential structure[, as defined in ORS 701.005, or a large commercial structure, as defined in ORS 701.005, that is owned or maintained by a homeowners association, as defined in ORS 94.550, or that is owned or maintained by an association of unit owners, as defined in ORS 100.005]; or

41 (C) Six years after substantial completion or abandonment of the construction, alteration or re42 pair of a large commercial structure[, as defined in ORS 701.005, other than a large commercial
43 structure described in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph].

44 (b) This subsection applies to actions brought by any person or public body.

45 [(4) For purposes of this section:]

[(a) "Public body" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.109; and] 1 2 [(b) "Substantial completion" means the earliest of:] [(A) The date when the contractee accepts in writing the construction, alteration or repair of the 3 improvement to real property or any designated portion thereof as having reached that state of com-4 pletion when it may be used or occupied for its intended purpose or, if there is no such written ac-5 ceptance, the date of acceptance of the completed construction, alteration or repair of such improvement 6 7 by the contractee;] [(B) The date when a public body issues a certificate of occupancy for the improvement; or] 8 9 [(C) The date when the owner uses or occupies the improvement for its intended purpose.] [(5)] (6) For purposes of this section, an improvement to real property is considered abandoned 10 on the same date that the improvement is considered abandoned under ORS 87.045. 11 12[(6)] (7) This section: 13 (a) Applies to an action against a manufacturer, distributor, seller or lessor of a manufactured dwelling, as defined in ORS 446.003, or of a prefabricated structure, as defined in ORS 455.010; and 14 15 (b) Does not apply to actions against any person in actual possession and control of the improvement, as owner, tenant or otherwise, at the time such cause of action accrues. 16 SECTION 2. The amendments to ORS 12.135 by section 1 of this 2025 Act apply to causes 17 18 of action arising on or after the effective date of this 2025 Act. 19 SECTION 3. ORS 94.662 is amended to read: 94.662. (1) At least 10 days prior to instituting any litigation or administrative proceeding to 20recover damages under ORS 94.630 (1)(e)(E), the homeowners association shall provide written no-2122tice to each affected owner of the association's intent to seek damages on behalf of the owner. The 23notice shall, at a minimum: (a) Be mailed to the mailing address of each lot or to the mailing address designated in writing 24 25to the association by the owner; (b) Inform each owner of the general nature of the litigation or proceeding; 2627(c) Describe the specific nature of the damages to be sought on the owner's behalf; (d) Set forth the terms under which the association is willing to seek damages on the owner's 28behalf, including any mechanism proposed for the determination and distribution of any damages 2930 recovered; 31 (e) Inform each owner of the owner's right not to have the damages sought on the owner's behalf 32and specify the procedure for exercising the right; and (f) Inform the owner that exercising the owner's right not to have damages sought on the 33 34 owner's behalf: 35 (A) Relieves the association of its duty to reimburse or indemnify the owner for the damages; (B) Does not relieve the owner from the owner's obligation to pay dues or assessments relating 36 37 to the litigation or proceeding; 38 (C) Does not impair any easement owned or possessed by the association; and (D) Does not interfere with the association's right to make repairs to common areas. 39 (2) Within 10 days of the mailing of the notice described in this section, any owner may request 40 in writing that the association not seek damages on the owner's behalf. If an owner makes such a 41 request, the association [shall] may not make or continue any claim or action for damages with 42 regard to the objecting owner's lot and shall be relieved of any duty to reimburse or indemnify the 43 owner for damages under the litigation or proceeding. 44 (3)(a) A homeowners association may only initiate or intervene in litigation or an ad-45

ministrative proceeding under ORS 94.630 (1)(e)(E) to recover damages for a claim regarding 1 2 a matter that results from a defect as defined in ORS 701.560, or damage arising from a defect, if approved by the board at a meeting held pursuant to ORS 94.644. 3 (b) The meeting held under paragraph (a) of this subsection must occur: 4 (A) At least 90 days after the homeowners association first sends a notice described in 5 paragraph (c) of this subsection to each owner; 6 (B) After sending a second notice by first class mail with certificate of mailing; and 7 (C) At least 15 days after sending a third notice by first class mail. 8 9 (c) In addition to the contents described in subsection (1) of this section, a notice given under this subsection must: 10 (A) State that the association believes that a defect in the common property exists; 11 12(B) Provide a detailed description of the defect; (C) Identify the parties the association considers responsible for the defect; 13 (D) Include the names of each board member and a method by which each member may 14 15be contacted electronically or by mail; and (E) Include a warning in substantially the following form: 16 1718 19 WARNING: 20If the board decides to proceed with the proposed litigation or administrative proceeding, 2122your ability to sell your lot in this planned community may be limited while the litigation or proceeding is pending. 23If you have opinions or information that you wish the board to consider in making its 24decision, you are advised to contact the board promptly. 252627(d) The association shall send a copy of the notice by certified mail to each person iden-28tified in the notice as a party the association considers responsible for the defect. The re-2930 quirement for sending notice under this subsection is in addition to the notice of defect 31 requirement in ORS 701.565 and does not initiate the procedure described in ORS 701.560 to 701.595. 32SECTION 4. ORS 100.490 is amended to read: 33 34 100.490. (1) At least 10 days prior to instituting any litigation or administrative proceeding to recover damages under ORS 100.405 (4)(e)(E), the association of unit owners shall provide written 35 notice to each affected owner of the association's intent to seek damages on behalf of the owner. 36 37 The notice shall, at a minimum: 38 (a) Be mailed to the mailing address of each unit or to the mailing addresses designated by the owners in writing to the association; 39 40 (b) Inform each owner of the general nature of the litigation or proceeding; (c) Describe the specific nature of the damages to be sought on the owner's behalf; 41 (d) Set forth the terms under which the association is willing to seek damages on the owner's 42 behalf, including any mechanism proposed for the determination and distribution of any damages 43 recovered; 44 (e) Inform each owner of the owner's right not to have the damages sought on the owner's behalf 45

and specify the procedure for exercising the right; and 1 2 (f) Inform the owner that exercising the owner's right not to have damages sought on the owner's behalf: 3 (A) Relieves the association of its duty to reimburse or indemnify the owner for the damages; 4 (B) Does not relieve the owner from the owner's obligation to pay dues or assessments relating 5 to the litigation or proceeding; 6 7 (C) Does not impair any easement owned or possessed by the association; and (D) Does not interfere with the association's right to make repairs to common elements. 8 9 (2) Within 10 days of the mailing of the notice described in this section, any owner may request in writing that the association not seek damages on the owner's behalf. If an owner makes such a 10 request, the association [shall] may not make or continue any claim or action for damages with 11 12 regard to the objecting owner's unit or interest and shall be relieved of any duty to reimburse or 13 indemnify the owner for damages under the litigation or proceeding. (3)(a) A condominium association may only initiate or intervene in litigation or an ad-14 15 ministrative proceeding under ORS 100.405 (4)(e)(E) to recover damages for a claim regarding 16 a matter that results from a defect as defined in ORS 701.560, or damage arising from a defect, if approved by the board at a meeting held pursuant to ORS 100.420. 17 18 (b) The meeting held under paragraph (a) of this subsection must occur: 19 (A) At least 90 days after the association first sends a notice described in paragraph (c) of this subsection to each owner; 20(B) After sending a second notice by first class mail with certificate of mailing; and 2122(C) At least 15 days after sending a third notice by first class mail. 23(c) In addition to the contents described in subsection (1) of this section, a notice given under this subsection must: 24(A) State that the association believes that a defect in the common property exists; 25(B) Provide a detailed description of the defect; 2627(C) Identify the parties the association considers responsible for the defect; (D) Include the names of each board member and a method by which each member may 28be contacted electronically or by mail; and 2930 (E) Includes a warning in substantially the following form: 31 3233 34 WARNING: 35 If the board decides to proceed with the proposed litigation or administrative proceeding, 36 your ability to sell your lot in this condominium may be limited while the litigation or pro-37 ceeding is pending. 38 If you have opinions or information that you wish the board to consider in making its decision, you are advised to contact the board promptly. 39 40 41 (d) The association shall send a copy of the notice by certified mail to each person iden-42 tified in the notice as a party the association considers responsible for the defect. The re-43 quirement for sending notice under this subsection is in addition to the notice of defect 44

requirement in ORS 701.565 and does not initiate the procedure described in ORS 701.560 to

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701.595. 1

2 **NOTE:** Sections 5 and 6 were deleted by amendment. Subsequent sections were not renumbered. SECTION 7. ORS 100.115 is amended to read: 3

100.115. (1) A plat of the land described in the declaration or a supplemental plat described in 4 a supplemental declaration, complying with ORS 92.050, 92.060 (1) and (2), 92.080 and 92.120, shall 5 be recorded simultaneously with the declaration or supplemental declaration. The plat or supple-6 mental plat shall be titled in accordance with subsection (3) of this section and shall: 7

(a) Show the location of: 8

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(A) All buildings and public roads. The location shall be referenced to a point on the boundary 10 of the property; and

(B) For a condominium containing units described in ORS 100.020 (3)(b)(C) or (D), the moorage 11 12 space or floating structure. The location shall be referenced to a point on the boundary of the up-13 land property regardless of a change in the location resulting from a fluctuation in the water level or flow. 14

15 (b) Show the designation, location, dimensions and area in square feet of each unit including:

16 (A) For units in a building described in ORS 100.020 (3)(b)(A), the horizontal and vertical boundaries of each unit and the common elements to which each unit has access. The vertical 17 18 boundaries shall be referenced to a known benchmark elevation or other reference point as approved by the city or county surveyor; 19

(B) For a space described in ORS 100.020 (3)(b)(B), the horizontal boundaries of each unit and 20the common elements to which each unit has access. If the space is located within a structure, the 2122vertical boundaries also shall be shown and referenced to a known benchmark elevation or other 23reference point as approved by the city or county surveyor;

(C) For a moorage space described in ORS 100.020 (3)(b)(C), the horizontal boundaries of each 24unit and the common elements to which each unit has access; and 25

(D) For a floating structure described in ORS 100.020 (3)(b)(D), the horizontal and vertical 2627boundaries of each unit and the common elements to which each unit has access. The vertical boundaries shall be referenced to an assumed elevation of an identified point on the floating struc-28ture even though the assumed elevation may change with the fluctuation of the water level where 2930 the floating structure is moored.

31 (c) Identify and show, to the extent feasible, the location [and dimensions] of all limited common 32elements described in the declaration. The plat may not include any statement indicating to which unit the use of any noncontiguous limited common element is reserved. 33

34 (d) Include a statement, including signature and official seal, of a registered architect, registered 35 professional land surveyor or registered professional engineer certifying that the plat fully and accurately depicts the boundaries of the units of the building and that construction of the units and 36 37 buildings as depicted on the plat has been completed, except that the professional land surveyor who 38 prepared the plat need not affix a seal to the statement.

(e) Include a surveyor's certificate, complying with ORS 92.070, that includes information in the 39 declaration in accordance with ORS 100.105 (1)(a) and a metes and bounds description or other de-40 scription approved by the city or county surveyor. 41

(f) Include a statement by the declarant that the property and improvements described and de-42 picted on the plat are subject to the provisions of ORS 100.005 to 100.627. 43

(g) Include any other information or data not inconsistent with the declaration that the 44 declarant desires to include. 45

1 (h) If the condominium is a flexible condominium, show the location and dimensions of all vari-2 able property identified in the declaration and label the variable property as "WITHDRAWABLE 3 VARIABLE PROPERTY" or "NONWITHDRAWABLE VARIABLE PROPERTY," with a letter dif-4 ferent from those designating a unit, building or other tract of variable property. If there is more 5 than one tract, each tract shall be labeled in the same manner.

6 (2) The supplemental plat required under ORS 100.150 (1) shall be recorded simultaneously with 7 the supplemental declaration. The supplemental plat shall be titled in accordance with subsection 8 (3) of this section and shall:

9 (a) Comply with ORS 92.050, 92.060 (1), (2) and (4), 92.080, 92.120 and subsection (3) of this sec-10 tion.

11 (b) If any property is withdrawn:

12 (A) Show the resulting perimeter boundaries of the condominium after the withdrawal; and

(B) Show the information required under subsection (1)(h) of this section as it relates to any
 remaining variable property.

(c) If any property is reclassified, show the information required under subsection (1)(a) to (d)
 of this section.

(d) Include a "Declarant's Statement" that the property described on the supplemental plat is reclassified or withdrawn from the condominium and that the condominium exists as described and depicted on the plat.

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(e) Include a surveyor's certificate complying with ORS 92.070.

(3) The title of each supplemental plat described in ORS 100.120 shall include the complete name of the condominium, followed by the additional language specified in this subsection and the appropriate reference to the stage being annexed or tract of variable property being reclassified. Each supplemental plat for a condominium recorded on or after January 1, 2002, shall be numbered sequentially and shall:

(a) If property is annexed under ORS 100.125, include the words "Supplemental Plat No.
27 _____: Annexation of Stage _____"; or

(b) If property is reclassified under ORS 100.150, include the words "Supplemental Plat No.
29 _____: Reclassification of Variable Property, Tract _____."

(4) Upon request of the county surveyor or assessor, the person offering a plat or supplemental
plat for recording shall also file an exact copy, certified by the surveyor who made the plat to be
an exact copy of the plat, with the county assessor and the county surveyor. The exact copy shall
be made on suitable drafting material having the characteristics of strength, stability and transparency required by the county surveyor.

(5) Before a plat or a supplemental plat may be recorded, it must be approved by the city or
 county surveyor as provided in ORS 92.100. Before approving the plat as required by this section,
 the city or county surveyor shall:

(a) Check the boundaries of the plat and units and take measurements and make computations
 necessary to determine that the plat complies with this section.

40 (b) Determine that the name complies with ORS 100.105 (5) and (6).

41 (c) Determine that the following are consistent:

(A) The designation and area in square feet of each unit shown on the plat and the unit designations and areas contained in the declaration in accordance with ORS 100.105 (1)(d);

(B) Limited common elements identified on the plat and the information contained in the decla ration in accordance with ORS 100.105 (1)(h);

1 (C) The description of the property in the surveyor's certificate included on the plat and the 2 description contained in the declaration in accordance with ORS 100.105 (1)(a); and

3 (D) For a flexible condominium, the variable property depicted on the plat and the identification 4 of the property contained in the declaration in accordance with ORS 100.105 (7)(c).

(6) The person offering the plat or supplemental plat for approval shall:

6 (a) Submit a copy of the proposed declaration and bylaws or applicable supplemental declaration 7 at the time the plat is submitted; and

8 (b) Submit the original or a copy of the executed declaration and bylaws or the applicable sup9 plemental declaration approved by the commissioner if required by law prior to approval.

(7) For performing the services described in subsection (5)(a) to (c) of this section, the city surveyor or county surveyor shall collect from the person offering the plat for approval a fee of \$150
plus \$25 per building. The governing body of a city or county may establish a higher fee by resolution or order.

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SECTION 8. ORS 100.680 is amended to read:

15 100.680. (1) Unless the developer of a condominium has complied with subsection (2) of this 16 section, the developer and a purchaser may not enter into a unit sales agreement before the re-17 cording of the declaration or supplemental declaration and plat under ORS 100.115 or, if the con-18 dominium is located outside of this state, before the condominium has been created under the laws 19 of the jurisdiction within which the condominium is located.

(2) Any purchaser's funds, the unit sales agreement, any notes or security documents and any 20loan commitments must be placed in an escrow located within this state with a person or firm au-2122thorized under ORS 696.505 to 696.582. [The escrow instructions may not allow distribution of the 23purchaser's funds until the declaration or any applicable supplemental declaration is recorded and the legal title or other interest bargained for has been transferred to the purchaser as provided in the unit 24 sales agreement.] If any funds of the purchaser are invested, the funds must be invested in federally 25insured accounts or other investments approved by the Real Estate Commissioner. If the developer 2627defaults under the unit sales agreement, the purchaser's funds held in escrow and all income earned from investment of the funds held in escrow must be returned. 28

(3) In lieu of the requirements of subsection (2) of this section, the commissioner may approve
any alternative requirement or method that the commissioner finds will ensure the same protection
to the purchaser as the protection provided by the escrow.

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SECTION 9. ORS 100.417 is amended to read:

100.417. (1) The board of directors of an association of unit owners may act on behalf of the association except as limited by the declaration or bylaws. In the performance of their duties, officers and members of the board of directors shall be governed by this section and the applicable provisions of ORS 65.357, 65.361, 65.367, 65.369 and 65.377 whether or not the association is incorporated under ORS chapter 65.

(2) Subject to subsection [(8)] (9) of this section, unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, the
board of directors of an association may fill vacancies in its membership for the unexpired portion
of any term.

41 (3) At least annually, the board of directors of an association shall review the insurance cover-42 age of the association.

(4) The board of directors of the association annually shall cause to be filed the necessary in-come tax returns for the association.

45 (5) The board of directors of the association may record a statement of association information

as provided in ORS 94.667. 1 2 (6) The board of directors, in the name of the association, shall maintain a current mailing address. 3 (7) The board of directors shall cause to be maintained and kept current the information re-4 quired to enable the association to comply with ORS 100.480 (11). $\mathbf{5}$ (8) The board of directors shall cause an independent inspection of the condominium for 6 moisture intrusion, as described in ORS 100.210 (5), to be performed: 7 (a) Before the end of the second year following the condominium's substantial com-8 9 pletion, as defined in ORS 12.135, and paid for from the reserve account under ORS 100.175; 10 and (b) Before the end of the sixth year following the condominium's substantial completion. 11 12[(8)(a)] (9)(a) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration or bylaws, at a meeting of the unit 13 owners at which a quorum is present, the unit owners may remove a director from the board of directors, other than directors appointed by the declarant or individuals who are ex officio directors, 14 15 with or without cause, by a majority vote of unit owners who are present and entitled to vote. 16 (b) Notwithstanding contrary provisions in the declaration or bylaws: 17 (A) Before a vote to remove a director, unit owners must give the director whose removal has been proposed an opportunity to be heard at the meeting. 18 19 (B) The unit owners must vote on the removal of each director whose removal is proposed as a separate question. 20(C) Removal of a director by unit owners is effective only if the matter of removal was an item 2122on the agenda and was stated in the notice of the meeting required under ORS 100.407. 23(c) A director who is removed by the unit owners remains a director until a successor is elected by the unit owners or the vacancy is filled as provided in subsection [(9)] (10) of this section. 24[(9)] (10) Unless the declaration or bylaws specifically prescribe a different procedure for filling 25a vacancy created by the removal of a director by unit owners, the unit owners shall fill a vacancy 2627created by the removal of a director by the unit owners at a meeting of unit owners. The notice of the meeting must state that filling a vacancy is an item on the agenda. 28SECTION 10. ORS 100.210 is amended to read: 2930 100.210. (1) A turnover meeting shall be called by the declarant within 90 days of the expiration 31 of any period of declarant control reserved in the declaration or bylaws under ORS 100.200. If no 32control has been reserved, the declarant shall call the turnover meeting within 90 days of the earlier of: 33 34 (a) In a single stage condominium, three years from the date of conveyance of the first unit to 35 a person other than a successor declarant or conveyance of 50 percent of the units. (b) In a staged or flexible condominium, seven years from the date of conveyance of the first 36 37 unit to a person other than the declarant or conveyance to persons other than a successor declarant 38 of 50 percent of the total number of units which the declarant may submit to the provisions of this chapter under ORS 100.125 or 100.150. 39 40 (2) The declarant shall give notice of the turnover meeting in accordance with the bylaws of the condominium to each unit owner at least 10 but not more than 50 days prior to the meeting. The 41 notice shall state the purpose of the meeting and the time and place where it is to be held. 42(3) If the meeting required under subsection (1) of this section is not called by the declarant 43

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mortgagee of a unit.

within the time specified, the meeting may be called and notice given by a unit owner or any first

1 (4) At the turnover meeting:

2 (a) The declarant shall relinquish control of the administration of the association of unit owners 3 and the unit owners shall assume the control;

4 (b) If a quorum of the unit owners is present, the unit owners shall elect not fewer than the 5 number of directors sufficient to constitute a quorum of the board of directors in accordance with 6 the declaration or bylaws of the condominium; and

7 (c) The declarant shall deliver to the association the items specified in subsection (5) of this 8 section.

9 (5) At the turnover meeting the declarant shall deliver to the association all property of the unit 10 owners and the association of unit owners held or controlled by the declarant including, but not 11 limited to, the following items, if applicable:

(a) The original or a photocopy of the recorded declaration and bylaws of the condominium andany supplements and amendments thereto.

14 (b) A copy of the articles of incorporation.

15 (c) The minute books, including all minutes, and other books and records of the association.

(d) The reserve study, the maintenance plan and all updates described in ORS 100.175 and other
 sources of information that serve as a basis for calculating reserves in accordance with ORS 100.175.

18 (e) Any rules and regulations which have been promulgated.

(f) Resignations of officers and members of the board of directors who are required to resign
 because of the expiration of any period of declarant control reserved under ORS 100.200.

(g) A financial statement. The financial statement:

(A) Must consist of a balance sheet and an income and expense statement for the preceding
12-month period or the period following the recording of the declaration, whichever period is
shorter.

(B) Must be reviewed, in accordance with the Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, by an independent certified public accountant licensed in the State of Oregon if the annual assessments of an association of unit owners exceed \$75,000.

(h) Association funds or control thereof, including, but not limited to, funds for reserve required
 under ORS 100.530 (3)(b) and any bank signature cards.

(i) All tangible personal property that is property of the association and an inventory of suchproperty.

33 (j) A copy of the following, if available:

34 (A) The as-built architectural, structural, engineering, mechanical, electrical and plumbing plans.

35 (B) The original specifications indicating thereon all material changes.

36 (C) The plans for underground site service, site grading, drainage and landscaping together with 37 cable television drawings.

38 (D) Any other plans and information relevant to future repair or maintenance of the property.

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39 (k) Insurance policies.

40 (L) Copies of any occupancy permits which have been issued for the condominium.

(m) Any other permits issued by governmental bodies applicable to the condominium in force
or issued within one year prior to the date the unit owners assume control of the administration
of the association of unit owners.

44 (n) A list of the general contractor and the subcontractors responsible for construction or in-45 stallation of the major plumbing, electrical, mechanical and structural components of the common 1 elements.

2 (o) A roster of unit owners and their addresses and telephone numbers, if known, as shown on 3 the records of the declarant.

4 (p) Leases of the common elements and any other leases to which the association is a party.

5 (q) Employment or service contracts in which the association is one of the contracting parties 6 or service contracts in which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or responsibility, 7 directly or indirectly, to pay some or all of the fee or charge of the person performing the service.

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(r) The results from an independent inspection for moisture intrusion and the name of the person who performed the inspection.

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[(r)] (s) Any other contracts to which the association of unit owners is a party.

(6) In order to facilitate an orderly transition, during the three-month period following the turnover meeting, the declarant or an informed representative shall be available to meet with the board of directors on at least three mutually acceptable dates to review the documents delivered under subsection (5) of this section.

15 (7) If the declarant has complied with this section, unless the declarant otherwise has sufficient 16 voting rights as a unit owner to control the association, the declarant is not responsible for the 17 failure of the unit owners to elect the number of directors sufficient to constitute a quorum of the 18 board of directors and assume control of the association in accordance with subsection (4) of this 19 section. The declarant shall be relieved of any further responsibility for the administration of the 20 association except as a unit owner of any unsold unit.

(8) If the unit owners present do not constitute a quorum or the unit owners fail to elect the
number of directors sufficient to constitute a quorum of the board of directors at the turnover
meeting held in accordance with subsection (1) of this section:

(a) At any time before the election of the number of directors sufficient to constitute a quorum,
a unit owner or first mortgagee of a unit may call a special meeting for the purpose of election of
directors and shall give notice of the meeting in accordance with the notice requirements in the
bylaws for special meetings. The unit owners and first mortgagees present at the special meeting
shall select a person to preside over the meeting.

(b) A unit owner or first mortgagee of a unit may request a court to appoint a receiver as pro vided in ORS 100.418.

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