### House Bill 3339

Sponsored by Representative DIEHL; Representatives HARBICK, JAVADI, MCINTIRE

#### **SUMMARY**

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.** The statement includes a measure digest written in compliance with applicable readability standards.

Digest: The Act makes Oregon join a compact with other states to let psychologists work across state lines. (Flesch Readability Score: 65.1).

Enacts the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact. Allows the Oregon Board of Psychology to disclose specified information to the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission. Exempts individuals authorized under the Compact from the requirement to obtain a license from the board. Allows the board to use moneys to meet financial obligations imposed on the State of Oregon as a result of participation in the Compact.

Becomes operative on January 1, 2027.

Takes effect on the 91st day following adjournment sine die.

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to a psychology licensure compact; creating new provisions; amending ORS 675.090, 675.140 and 676.177; and prescribing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. The provisions of the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact are as follows:

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#### PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT (PSYPACT)

#### ARTICLE I. PURPOSE

Whereas states license psychologists, in order to protect the public through verification of education, training and experience and ensure accountability for professional practice; and

Whereas this Compact is intended to regulate the day-to-day practice of telepsychology (i.e., the provision of psychological services using telecommunication technologies) by psychologists across state boundaries in the performance of their psychological practice as assigned by an appropriate authority; and

Whereas this Compact is intended to regulate the temporary in-person, face-to-face practice of psychology by psychologists across state boundaries for 30 days within a calendar year in the performance of their psychological practice as assigned by an appropriate authority; and

Whereas this Compact is intended to authorize state psychology regulatory authorities to afford legal recognition, in a manner consistent with the terms of this Compact, to psychologists licensed in other states; and

Whereas this Compact recognizes that states have a vested interest in protecting the public's health and safety through their licensing and regulation of psychologists and that such state regulation will best protect public health and safety; and

Whereas this Compact does not apply when a psychologist is licensed in both the home and receiving states; and

**NOTE:** Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

Whereas this Compact does not apply to permanent in-person, face-to-face practice, this Compact does allow for authorization of temporary psychological practice.

Consistent with these principles, this Compact is designed to achieve the following purposes and objectives:

- (A) Increase public access to professional psychological services by allowing for telepsychological practice across state lines as well as temporary in-person, face-to-face services into a state in which the psychologist is not licensed to practice psychology;
- (B) Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health and safety, especially client/patient safety;
- (C) Encourage the cooperation of Compact states in the areas of psychology licensure and regulation;
- (D) Facilitate the exchange of information between Compact states regarding psychologist licensure, adverse actions and disciplinary history;
- (E) Promote compliance with the laws governing psychological practice in each Compact state; and
- (F) Invest all Compact states with the authority to hold licensed psychologists accountable through the mutual recognition of Compact state licenses.

#### ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS

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As used in this Compact, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (A) "Adverse action" means any action taken by a state psychology regulatory authority which finds a violation of a statute or regulation that is identified by the state psychology regulatory authority as discipline and is a matter of public record.
- (B) "Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards" or "ASPPB" means the recognized membership organization composed of state and provincial psychology regulatory authorities responsible for the licensure and registration of psychologists throughout the United States and Canada.
- (C) "Authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology" means a licensed psychologist's authority to practice telepsychology, within the limits authorized under this Compact, in another Compact state.
- (D) "Bylaws" means the bylaws established by the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission pursuant to Article X of this Compact for its governance, or for directing and controlling its actions and conduct.
- (E) "Client/patient" means the recipient of psychological services, whether psychological services are delivered in the context of health care, corporate, supervision or consulting services.
- (F) "Commissioner" means the voting representative appointed by each state psychology regulatory authority pursuant to Article X of this Compact.
- (G) "Compact state" means a state, the District of Columbia or a United States territory that has enacted the Compact legislation and which has not withdrawn pursuant to Article XIII, Section C of this Compact, or been terminated pursuant to Article XII, Section B of this Compact.
- (H) "Confidentiality" means the principle that data or information is not made available or disclosed to unauthorized persons or processes.
- (I) "Coordinated licensure information system" or "coordinated database" means an integrated process for collecting, storing and sharing information on psychologists' licensure

and enforcement activities related to psychology licensure laws, which is administered by the recognized membership organization composed of state and provincial psychology regulatory authorities.

- (J) "Day" means any part of a day in which psychological work is performed.
- (K) "Distant state" means the Compact state where a psychologist is physically present (not through the use of telecommunications technologies), to provide temporary in-person, face-to-face psychological services.
- (L) "E. Passport" means a certificate issued by the ASPPB that promotes standardization in the criteria of interjurisdictional telepsychology practice and facilitates the process for licensed psychologists to provide telepsychological services across state lines.
- (M) "Executive board" means a group of directors elected or appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to them by, the Commission.
- (N) "Home state" means a Compact state where a psychologist is licensed to practice psychology. If the psychologist is licensed in more than one Compact state and is practicing under the authorization to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology, the home state is the Compact state where the psychologist is physically present when the telepsychological services are delivered. If the psychologist is licensed in more than one Compact state and is practicing under the temporary authorization to practice, the home state is any Compact state where the psychologist is licensed.
- (O) "Identity history summary" means a summary of information retained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or another designee with similar authority, in connection with arrests and, in some instances, federal employment, naturalization or military service.
- (P) "In-person, face-to-face" means interactions in which the psychologist and the client/patient are in the same physical space and which does not include interactions that may occur through the use of telecommunication technologies.
- (Q) "Interjurisdictional practice certificate" or "IPC" means a certificate issued by the ASPPB that grants temporary authority to practice based on notification to the state psychology regulatory authority of intention to practice temporarily, and verification of one's qualifications for such practice.
- (R) "License" means authorization by a state psychology regulatory authority to engage in the independent practice of psychology, which would be unlawful without the authorization.
  - (S) "Non-Compact state" means any state which is not at the time a Compact state.
- (T) "Psychologist" means an individual licensed for the independent practice of psychology.
- (U) "Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission" or "Commission" means the national administration of which all Compact states are members.
- (V) "Receiving state" means a Compact state where the client/patient is physically located when the telepsychological services are delivered.
- (W) "Rule" means a written statement by the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XI of this Compact that is of general applicability, implements, interprets or prescribes a policy or provision of this Compact or an organizational, procedural or practical requirement of the Commission, has the force and effect of statutory law in a Compact state, subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, and includes the amendment, repeal or suspension of an existing rule.

- (X) "Significant investigatory information" means:
- (1) Investigative information that a state psychology regulatory authority, after a preliminary inquiry that includes notification and an opportunity to respond if required by state law, has reason to believe, if proven true, would indicate more than a violation of state statute or ethics code that would be considered more substantial than a minor infraction; or
- (2) Investigative information that indicates that the psychologist represents an immediate threat to public health and safety regardless of whether the psychologist has been notified or had an opportunity to respond.
  - (Y) "State" means:

- (1) A state, commonwealth, territory or possession of the United States; or
- (2) The District of Columbia.
- (Z) "State psychology regulatory authority" means the board, office or other agency with the legislative mandate to license and regulate the practice of psychology.
- (AA) "Telepsychology" means the provision of psychological services using telecommunication technologies.
- (BB) "Temporary authorization to practice" means a licensed psychologist's authority to conduct temporary in-person, face-to-face practice, within the limits authorized under this Compact, in another Compact state.
- (CC) "Temporary in-person, face-to-face practice" means where a psychologist is physically present (not through the use of telecommunications technologies) in the distant state to provide for the practice of psychology for 30 days within a calendar year and based on notification to the distant state.

#### ARTICLE III. HOME STATE LICENSURE

- (A) The home state shall be a Compact state where a psychologist is licensed to practice psychology.
- (B) A psychologist may hold one or more Compact state licenses at a time. If the psychologist is licensed in more than one Compact state, the home state is the Compact state where the psychologist is physically present when the services are delivered as authorized by the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology under the terms of this Compact.
- (C) Any Compact state may require a psychologist not previously licensed in a Compact state to obtain and retain a license to be authorized to practice in the Compact state under circumstances not authorized by the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology under the terms of this Compact.
- (D) Any Compact state may require a psychologist to obtain and retain a license to be authorized to practice in a Compact state under circumstances not authorized by a temporary authorization to practice under the terms of this Compact.
- (E) A home state's license authorizes a psychologist to practice in a receiving state under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology only if the Compact state:
  - (1) Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active E. Passport;
- (2) Has a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints about licensed individuals;
- (3) Notifies the Commission, in compliance with the terms herein, of any adverse action or significant investigatory information regarding a licensed individual;

- (4) Requires an identity history summary of all applicants at initial licensure, including the use of the results of fingerprints or other biometric data checks compliant with the requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or another designee with similar authority, no later than 10 years after activation of this Compact; and
- (5) Subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, complies with the bylaws and rules of the Commission.
- (F) A home state's license grants temporary authorization to practice to a psychologist in a distant state only if the Compact state:
  - (1) Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active IPC;
- (2) Has a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints about licensed individuals;
- (3) Notifies the Commission, in compliance with the terms herein, of any adverse action or significant investigatory information regarding a licensed individual;
- (4) Requires an identity history summary of all applicants at initial licensure, including the use of the results of fingerprints or other biometric data checks compliant with the requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or another designee with similar authority, no later than 10 years after activation of this Compact; and
- (5) Subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, complies with the bylaws and rules of the Commission.

#### ARTICLE IV.

#### COMPACT PRIVILEGE TO PRACTICE TELEPSYCHOLOGY

- (A) Compact states shall recognize the right of a psychologist, licensed in a Compact state in conformance with Article III of this Compact, to practice telepsychology in other Compact states (receiving states) in which the psychologist is not licensed, under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology as provided in this Compact.
- (B) To exercise the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology under the terms and provisions of this Compact, a psychologist licensed to practice in a Compact state must:
- (1) Subject to subsection (9) of this Section, hold a graduate degree in psychology from an institute of higher education that was, at the time the degree was awarded:
- (a) Regionally accredited by an accrediting body recognized by the United States Department of Education to grant graduate degrees, or authorized by provincial statute or royal charter of Canada to grant doctoral degrees; or
- (b) A foreign college or university deemed to be equivalent to an institute described in subsection (1)(a) of this Section by a foreign credential evaluation service that is a member of the National Association of Credential Evaluation Services, or its successor organization, or by a recognized foreign credential evaluation service;
- (2) Hold a graduate degree in psychology from a program that meets the following criteria:
- (a) The program, wherever it may be administratively housed, must be clearly identified and labeled as a psychology program. Such a program must specify in pertinent institutional catalogues and brochures its intent to educate and train professional psychologists;
- (b) The psychology program must stand as a recognizable, coherent and organizational entity within the institution;
  - (c) There must be a clear authority and primary responsibility for the core and specialty

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areas whether or not the program cuts across administrative lines;

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- (d) The program must consist of an integrated, organized sequence of study;
- (e) There must be an identifiable psychology faculty sufficient in size and breadth to carry out its responsibilities;
- (f) The designated director of the program must be a psychologist and a member of the core faculty;
- (g) The program must have an identifiable body of students who are matriculated in that program for a degree;
- (h) The program must include supervised practicum, internship or field training appropriate to the practice of psychology;
- (i) The curriculum shall encompass a minimum of three academic years of full-time graduate study for doctoral degrees and a minimum of one academic year of full-time graduate study for master's degrees; and
- (j) The program includes an acceptable residency as defined by the rules of the Commission;
- (3) Possess a current, full and unrestricted license to practice psychology in a home state which is a Compact state;
  - (4) Have no history of adverse action that violates the rules of the Commission;
- (5) Have no criminal record history reported on an identity history summary that violates the rules of the Commission;
  - (6) Possess a current, active E. Passport;
- (7) Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended practice, conformity with standards of practice, competence in telepsychology technology, criminal background and knowledge and adherence to legal requirements in the home and receiving states, and provide a release of information to allow for primary source verification in a manner specified by the Commission and adopted by the Oregon Board of Psychology by rule; and
- (8) Subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, meet other criteria as defined by the rules of the Commission.
- (9) The Oregon Board of Psychology may adopt by rule accreditation standards for institutes of higher education described in subsection (1) of this Section. The State of Oregon is subject only to accreditation standards adopted by the board by rule.
- (C) The home state maintains authority over the license of any psychologist practicing into a receiving state under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology.
- (D) A psychologist practicing into a receiving state under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology will be subject to the receiving state's scope of practice. A receiving state may, in accordance with that state's due process law, limit or revoke a psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology in the receiving state and may take any other necessary actions under the receiving state's applicable law to protect the health and safety of the receiving state's citizens. If a receiving state takes action, the receiving state shall promptly notify the home state and the Commission.
- (E) If a psychologist's license in any home state or another Compact state, or any authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology in any receiving state, is restricted, suspended or otherwise limited, the psychologist's E. Passport shall be revoked and therefore the psychologist shall not be eligible to practice telepsychology in a Compact state under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology.

[6]

#### ARTICLE V.

#### COMPACT TEMPORARY AUTHORIZATION TO PRACTICE

- (A) Compact states shall also recognize the right of a psychologist, licensed in a Compact state in conformance with Article III of this Compact, to practice temporarily in other Compact states (distant states) in which the psychologist is not licensed, as provided in this Compact.
- (B) To exercise the temporary authorization to practice under the terms and provisions of this Compact, a psychologist licensed to practice in a Compact state must:
- (1) Subject to Article IV, Section (B)(9) of this Compact, hold a graduate degree in psychology from an institute of higher education that was, at the time the degree was awarded:
- (a) Regionally accredited by an accrediting body recognized by the United States Department of Education to grant graduate degrees or authorized by provincial statute or royal charter of Canada to grant doctoral degrees; or
- (b) A foreign college or university deemed to be equivalent to an institute described in subsection (1)(a) of this Section by a foreign credential evaluation service that is a member of the National Association of Credential Evaluation Services or by a recognized foreign credential evaluation service;
- (2) Hold a graduate degree in psychology from a program that meets the following criteria:
- (a) The program, wherever it may be administratively housed, must be clearly identified and labeled as a psychology program. Such a program must specify in pertinent institutional catalogues and brochures its intent to educate and train professional psychologists;
- (b) The psychology program must stand as a recognizable, coherent and organizational entity within the institution;
- (c) There must be a clear authority and primary responsibility for the core and specialty areas whether or not the program cuts across administrative lines;
  - (d) The program must consist of an integrated, organized sequence of study;
- (e) There must be an identifiable psychology faculty sufficient in size and breadth to carry out its responsibilities;
- (f) The designated director of the program must be a psychologist and a member of the core faculty;
- (g) The program must have an identifiable body of students who are matriculated in that program for a degree;
- (h) The program must include supervised practicum, internship or field training appropriate to the practice of psychology;
- (i) The curriculum shall encompass a minimum of three academic years of full-time graduate study for doctoral degrees and a minimum of one academic year of full-time graduate study for master's degrees; and
- (j) The program includes an acceptable residency as defined by the rules of the Commission and adopted by the Oregon Board of Psychology by rule;
- (3) Possess a current, full and unrestricted license to practice psychology in a home state which is a Compact state;
  - (4) Have no history of adverse action that violates the rules of the Commission;
  - (5) Have no criminal record history that violates the rules of the Commission;
- (6) Possess a current, active IPC;

- (7) Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended practice and work experience and provide a release of information to allow for primary source verification in a manner specified by the Commission and adopted by the board by rule; and
- (8) Subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, meet other criteria as defined by the rules of the Commission.
- (C) A psychologist practicing into a distant state under the temporary authorization to practice shall practice within the scope of practice authorized by the distant state.
- (D) A psychologist practicing into a distant state under the temporary authorization to practice will be subject to the distant state's authority and law. A distant state may, in accordance with that state's due process law, limit or revoke a psychologist's temporary authorization to practice in the distant state and may take any other necessary actions under the distant state's applicable law to protect the health and safety of the distant state's citizens. If a distant state takes action, the distant state shall promptly notify the home state and the Commission.
- (E) If a psychologist's license in any home state or another Compact state, or any temporary authorization to practice in any distant state, is restricted, suspended or otherwise limited, the psychologist's IPC shall be revoked and therefore the psychologist shall not be eligible to practice in a Compact state under the temporary authorization to practice.

#### ARTICLE VI.

#### CONDITIONS OF TELEPSYCHOLOGY PRACTICE IN A RECEIVING STATE

A psychologist may practice in a receiving state under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology only in the performance of the scope of practice for psychology as assigned by an appropriate state psychology regulatory authority, as defined in the rules of the Commission, and under the following circumstances:

- (A) The psychologist initiates a client/patient contact in a home state via telecommunications technologies with a client/patient who is in a receiving state; and
- (B) Subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, other conditions regarding telepsychology as determined by rules of the Commission.

#### ARTICLE VII. ADVERSE ACTIONS

- (A) A home state shall have the power to impose adverse action against a psychologist's license issued by the home state. A distant state shall have the power to take adverse action on a psychologist's temporary authorization to practice within that distant state.
- (B) A receiving state may take adverse action on a psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology within that receiving state. A home state may take adverse action against a psychologist based on an adverse action taken by a distant state regarding temporary in-person, face-to-face practice.
- (C) If a home state takes adverse action against a psychologist's license, that psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology is terminated and the E. Passport is revoked. Furthermore, that psychologist's temporary authorization to practice is terminated and the IPC is revoked.
- (1) All home state disciplinary orders which impose adverse action shall be reported to the Commission in accordance with the rules promulgated by the Commission. A Compact state shall report adverse actions in accordance with the rules of the Commission.
- (2) In the event discipline is reported on a psychologist, the psychologist will not be eligible for telepsychology or temporary in-person, face-to-face practice in accordance with the

[8]

rules of the Commission.

- (3) Subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, other actions may be imposed as determined by the rules of the Commission.
- (D) A home state's state psychology regulatory authority shall investigate and take appropriate action with respect to reported inappropriate conduct engaged in by a licensee which occurred in a receiving state as it would if such conduct had occurred by a licensee within the home state. In such cases, the home state's law shall control in determining any adverse action against a psychologist's license.
- (E) A distant state's state psychology regulatory authority shall investigate and take appropriate action with respect to reported inappropriate conduct engaged in by a psychologist practicing under a temporary authorization to practice which occurred in that distant state as it would if such conduct had occurred by a licensee within the home state. In such cases, the distant state's law shall control in determining any adverse action against a psychologist's temporary authorization to practice.
- (F) Nothing in this Compact shall override a Compact state's decision that a psychologist's participation in an alternative program may be used in lieu of adverse action and that such participation shall remain nonpublic if required by the Compact state's law. Compact states must require psychologists who enter any alternative programs to not practice telepsychology under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology or provide temporary psychological services under the temporary authorization to practice in any other Compact state during the term of the alternative program.
- (G) No other judicial or administrative remedies shall be available to a psychologist in the event a Compact state imposes an adverse action pursuant to Section (C) of this Article.

### ARTICLE VIII.

# ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES INVESTED IN A COMPACT STATE'S STATE PSYCHOLOGY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

- (A) In addition to any other powers granted under state law, a Compact state's state psychology regulatory authority shall have the authority under this Compact to:
- (1) Issue subpoenas, for both hearings and investigations, which require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence. Subject to ORS 24.500, subpoenas issued by a Compact state's state psychology regulatory authority for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence from another Compact state shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to that court's practice and procedure in considering subpoenas issued in its own proceedings. The issuing state psychology regulatory authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage and other fees required by the service statutes of the state where the witnesses or evidence are located; and
- (2) Issue cease and desist or injunctive relief orders to revoke a psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology or temporary authorization to practice.
- (3) During the course of any investigation, a psychologist may not change the psychologist's home state licensure. A home state's state psychology regulatory authority is authorized to complete any pending investigations of a psychologist and to take any actions appropriate under its law. The home state's state psychology regulatory authority shall promptly report the conclusions of such investigations to the Commission. Once an investigation has been completed, and pending the outcome of said investigation, the psychologist

may change the psychologist's home state licensure. The Commission shall promptly notify the new home state of any such decisions as provided in the rules of the Commission. All information provided to the Commission or distributed by Compact states pursuant to the psychologist shall be confidential, filed under seal and used for investigatory or disciplinary matters. Subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, the Commission may create additional rules for mandated or discretionary sharing of information by Compact states.

#### ARTICLE IX.

#### COORDINATED LICENSURE INFORMATION SYSTEM

- (A) The Commission shall provide for the development and maintenance of a coordinated licensure information system (coordinated database) and reporting system containing licensure and disciplinary action information on all psychologists to whom this Compact is applicable in all Compact states as defined by the rules of the Commission.
- (B) Subject to ORS 676.177, but notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a Compact state shall submit a uniform data set to the coordinated database on all licensees as required by the rules of the Commission, including:
  - (1) Identifying information;
  - (2) Licensure data;
  - (3) Significant investigatory information;
- (4) Adverse actions against a psychologist's license;
- (5) An indicator that a psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology or temporary authorization to practice is revoked;
  - (6) Nonconfidential information related to alternative program participation information;
  - (7) Any denial of application for licensure, and the reasons for such denial; and
- (8) Subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, other information which may facilitate the administration of this Compact, as determined by the rules of the Commission.
- (C) The coordinated database administrator shall promptly notify all Compact states of any adverse action taken against, or significant investigatory information on, any licensee in a Compact state.
- (D) Compact states reporting information to the coordinated database may designate information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the Compact state reporting the information.
- (E) Any information submitted to the coordinated database that is subsequently required to be expunged by the law of the Compact state reporting the information shall be removed from the coordinated database.

#### ARTICLE X.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT COMMISSION

- (A) The Compact states hereby create and establish a joint public agency known as the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission.
  - (1) The Commission is a body politic and an instrumentality of the Compact states.
- (2) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the Commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.

- (3) Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity.
  - (B) Membership, Voting and Meetings

- (1) The Commission shall consist of one voting representative appointed by each Compact state who shall serve as that state's commissioner. The state psychology regulatory authority shall appoint its delegate. This delegate shall be empowered to act on behalf of the Compact state. This delegate shall be limited to:
  - (a) An executive director, an executive secretary or a similar executive;
- (b) A current member of the state psychology regulatory authority of a Compact state; or
  - (c) A designee empowered with the appropriate delegate authority to act on behalf of the Compact state.
  - (2) Any commissioner may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the law of the state from which the commissioner is appointed. Any vacancy occurring in the Commission shall be filled in accordance with the laws of the Compact state in which the vacancy exists.
  - (3) Each commissioner shall be entitled to one vote with regard to the promulgation of rules and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the Commission. A commissioner shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for commissioners' participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication.
  - (4) The Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as set forth in the bylaws.
  - (5) All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall be given in the same manner as required under the rulemaking provisions in Article XI of this Compact.
  - (6) The Commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting if the Commission must discuss:
    - (a) Noncompliance of a Compact state with its obligations under this Compact;
  - (b) The employment, compensation, discipline or other personnel matters, practices or procedures related to specific employees or other matters related to the Commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
    - (c) Current, threatened or reasonably anticipated litigation against the Commission;
    - (d) Negotiation of contracts for the purchase or sale of goods, services or real estate;
    - (e) Accusation against any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;
  - (f) Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is privileged or confidential;
  - (g) Disclosure of information of a personal nature when disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
    - (h) Disclosure of investigatory records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
  - (i) Disclosure of information related to any investigatory reports prepared by or on behalf of or for the use of the Commission or another committee charged with responsibility for investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to this Compact; or
    - (j) Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal and state statute.
  - (7) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to subsection (6) of this Section, the Commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be

closed and shall reference each relevant exempting provision. The Commission shall keep minutes which fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, of any person participating in the meeting, and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release only by a majority vote of the Commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

- (C) Subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, the Commission shall, by a majority vote of the commissioners, prescribe bylaws and rules to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and exercise the powers of this Compact. The State of Oregon is subject to the bylaws only insofar as the Oregon Board of Psychology approves by rule bylaws prescribed under this Section. The Commission shall prescribe bylaws and rules including, but not limited to:
  - (1) Establishing the fiscal year of the Commission;

- (2) Providing reasonable standards and procedures:
- (a) For the establishment and meetings of other committees; and
- (b) Governing any general or specific delegation of any authority or function of the Commission;
- (3) Providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the Commission, ensuring reasonable advance notice of all meetings and providing an opportunity for attendance of such meetings by interested parties, with enumerated exceptions designed to protect the public's interest, the privacy of individuals of such proceedings, and proprietary information, including trade secrets. The Commission may meet in closed session only after a majority of the commissioners vote to close a meeting to the public in whole or in part. As soon as practicable, the Commission must make public a copy of the vote to close the meeting revealing the vote of each commissioner with no proxy votes allowed;
- (4) Establishing the titles, duties and authority and reasonable procedures for the election of the officers of the Commission;
- (5) Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the establishment of the personnel policies and programs of the Commission. Notwithstanding any civil service or other similar law of any Compact state, the bylaws shall exclusively govern the personnel policies and programs of the Commission;
- (6) Promulgating a code of ethics to address permissible and prohibited activities of Commission members and employees;
- (7) Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the Commission and the equitable disposition of any surplus funds that may exist after the termination of this Compact after the payment and reserving of all of its debts and obligations;
- (8) The Commission shall publish its bylaws in a convenient form and file a copy thereof and a copy of any amendment thereto with the appropriate agency or officer in each of the Compact states;
- (9) The Commission shall maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws; and
- (10) The Commission shall meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of this Compact and the bylaws.
  - (D) The Commission shall have the following powers, except that an action undertaken

by the Commission is binding on the State of Oregon only if the board approves by rule the action undertaken:

- (1) The authority to promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate implementation and administration of this Compact. Subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, the rules shall have the force and effect of law and shall be binding in all Compact states;
- (2) To bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the Commission, provided that the standing of any state psychology regulatory authority or other regulatory body responsible for psychology licensure to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected;
  - (3) To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
- (4) To borrow, accept or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a Compact state;
- (5) To hire employees, to elect or appoint officers, to fix compensation, to define duties, to grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of this Compact and to establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel and other related personnel matters;
- (6) To accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, and to receive, utilize and dispose of the same, provided that at all times the Commission shall strive to avoid any appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest:
- (7) To lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, own, hold, improve or use any property, real, personal or mixed, provided that at all times the Commission shall strive to avoid any appearance of impropriety;
- (8) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal or mixed;
  - (9) To establish a budget and make expenditures;
  - (10) To borrow money:

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- (11) To appoint committees, including advisory committees comprised of members, state regulators, state legislators or their representatives, consumer representatives and such other interested persons as may be designated in this Compact and the bylaws;
- (12) To provide and receive information from, and to cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;
  - (13) To adopt and use an official seal; and
- (14) To perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Compact consistent with the state regulation of psychology licensure, temporary in-person, face-to-face practice and telepsychology practice.
  - (E) The Executive Board
- (1) The elected officers shall serve as the executive board, which shall have the power to act on behalf of the Commission according to the terms of this Compact.
  - (2) The executive board shall be comprised of six members:
- (a) Five voting members who are elected from the current membership of the Commission by the Commission; and
- (b) One ex-officio, nonvoting member from the recognized membership organization composed of state and provincial psychology regulatory authorities.

- (3) The ex-officio member must have served as staff or a member on a state psychology regulatory authority and will be selected by its respective organization.
- (4) The Commission may remove any member of the executive board as provided in the bylaws.
  - (5) The executive board shall meet at least annually.
  - (6) The executive board shall have the following duties and responsibilities:
- (a) Recommend to the entire Commission changes to the rules or bylaws, changes to this Compact legislation, fees paid by Compact states such as annual dues and any other applicable fees;
- **(b)** Ensure Compact administration services are appropriately provided, contractual or **otherwise**;
  - (c) Prepare and recommend the budget;

- (d) Maintain financial records on behalf of the Commission;
- (e) Monitor Compact compliance of member states and provide compliance reports to the Commission;
  - (f) Establish additional committees as necessary; and
  - (g) Other duties as provided in the rules or bylaws.
  - (F) Financing of the Commission
- (1) The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization and ongoing activities.
- (2) The Commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources, donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services.
- (3)(a) The Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each Compact state or impose fees on other parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the Commission which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all Compact States.
- (b) An assessment levied, or any other financial obligation imposed, under this Compact is effective against the State of Oregon only to the extent that moneys necessary to pay the assessment or meet the financial obligation have been deposited in the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Account established under section 4 of this 2025 Act.
- (4) The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same, nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the Compact states, except by and with the authority of the Compact state.
- (5) The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the Commission.
  - (G) Qualified Immunity, Defense and Indemnification
- (1) The members, officers, executive director, employees and representatives of the Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil li-

ability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

- (2) The Commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee or representative of the Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own counsel, and provided further that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.
- (3) The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee or representative of the Commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

#### ARTICLE XI. RULEMAKING

- (A) The Commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this Article and the rules adopted thereunder. Subject to subsection (2) of this Section, rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified in each proposed rule or amendment.
- (B)(1) If a majority of the legislatures of the Compact states rejects a rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt this Compact, then such rule shall have no further force and effect in any Compact state.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this Section, the Oregon Board of Psychology shall review the rules of the Commission. The board may approve and adopt the rules of the Commission as rules of the board. The State of Oregon is subject to a rule of the Commission only if the rule of the Commission is adopted by the board.
- (C) Proposed rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the Commission.
- (D) Prior to promulgation and adoption of a proposed final rule or rules by the Commission, and at least 60 days in advance of the meeting at which the proposed rule will be considered and voted upon, the Commission shall file a notice of proposed rulemaking:
  - (1) On the website of the Commission; and
- (2) On the website of each Compact state's state psychology regulatory authority or the publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed rules.
  - (E) The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:
  - (1) The proposed time, date and location of the meeting in which the proposed rule will

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1 be considered and voted upon;

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- (2) The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason for the proposed rule;
- (3) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested person; and
- (4) The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the Commission of their intention to attend the public hearing and any written comments.
- (F) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the Commission shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions and arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
- (G) The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing before it adopts a proposed rule or amendment if a hearing is requested by:
  - (1) At least 25 persons who submit comments independently of each other;
  - (2) A governmental subdivision or agency; or
  - (3) A duly appointed person in an association that has at least 25 members.
- (H) If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment, the Commission shall publish the time, date and location of the scheduled public hearing.
- (1) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the executive director of the Commission or another designated member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the hearing not less than five business days before the scheduled date of the hearing.
- (2) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in writing.
- (3) No transcript of the hearing is required, unless a written request for a transcript is made, in which case the person requesting the transcript shall bear the cost of producing the transcript. A recording may be made in lieu of a transcript under the same terms and conditions as a transcript. This subsection shall not preclude the Commission from making a transcript or recording of the hearing if the Commission so chooses.
- (4) Nothing in this Section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each proposed rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at hearings required by this Section.
- (I) Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the Commission shall consider all written and oral comments received.
- (J) The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
- (K) If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is received, the Commission may proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule without a public hearing.
- (L) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment or hearing, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in this Compact and in this Section shall be retroactively applied to the emergency rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than 90 days after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to:
  - (1) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety or welfare;
  - (2) Prevent a loss of Commission or Compact state funds;
  - (3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that is established by

federal law or rule; or

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- (4) Protect public health and safety.
- (M) The Commission or an authorized committee of the Commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the Commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period of 30 days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing, and delivered to the chair of the Commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the Commission.

ARTICLE XII.

#### OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND ENFORCEMENT

- (A) Oversight
- (1) The executive, legislative and judicial branches of state government in each Compact state shall enforce this Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate this Compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this Compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law, subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact.
- (2) All courts shall take judicial notice of this Compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a Compact state pertaining to the subject matter of this Compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities or actions of the Commission.
- (3) The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the Commission, this Compact or the rules.
  - (B) Default, Technical Assistance and Termination
- (1) If the Commission determines that a Compact state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this Compact or rules, the Commission shall:
- (a) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other Compact states of the nature of the default, the proposed means of remedying the default and any other action to be taken by the Commission; and
  - (b) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
- (2) If a state in default fails to remedy the default, the defaulting state may be terminated from this Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the Compact states, and all rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this Compact shall be terminated on the effective date of termination. A remedy of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default. The State of Oregon's obligations and liabilities under this subsection may not exceed the maximum amount allowed by the Oregon Constitution.
- (3) Termination of membership in this Compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be submitted by the Commission to the governor of the defaulting state, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature and each of the Compact states.
  - (4) A Compact state which has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obli-

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- gations and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations which extend beyond the effective date of termination. The State of Oregon's assessments, obligations and liabilities under this subsection may not exceed the maximum amount allowed by the Oregon Constitution.
- (5) The Commission shall not bear any costs incurred by the state which is found to be in default or which has been terminated from this Compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the Commission and the defaulting state.
- (6) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the Commission by petitioning a United States District Court for the State of Georgia or the federal district where this Compact has its principal offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney fees. The State of Oregon's costs under this subsection may not exceed the maximum amount allowed by the Oregon Constitution.
  - (C) Dispute Resolution

- (1) Upon request by a Compact state, the Commission shall attempt to resolve disputes related to this Compact which arise among Compact states and between Compact and non-Compact states.
- (2) The Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes that arise before the Commission, to which the State of Oregon is subject only insofar as the rule of the Commission is adopted by the Oregon Board of Psychology by rule.
  - (D) Enforcement
- (1) The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this Compact.
- (2) By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal action in a United States District Court for the State of Georgia or the federal district where the Compact has its principal offices against a Compact state in default to enforce compliance with the provisions of this Compact and its rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include injunctive relief. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney fees. The State of Oregon's costs under this subsection may not exceed the maximum amount allowed by the Oregon Constitution.
- (3) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the Commission. The Commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or state law, except that the Commission may not pursue remedies against the State of Oregon that are not allowed by Oregon state law.

ARTICLE XIII.

DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COM-PACT COMMISSION AND ASSOCIATED RULES, WITHDRAWAL AND AMENDMENTS

- (A) This Compact shall come into effect on the date on which this Compact is enacted into law in the seventh Compact state. The provisions which become effective at that time shall be limited to the powers granted to the Commission relating to assembly and the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the Commission shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary to the implementation and administration of this Compact.
- (B) Subject to Article XI, Section (B)(2) of this Compact, any state which joins this Compact subsequent to the Commission's initial adoption of the rules shall be subject to the rules as they exist on the date on which this Compact becomes law in that state. Any rule

which has been previously adopted by the Commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day this Compact becomes law in that state.

- (C) Any Compact state may withdraw from this Compact by enacting a statute repealing the same.
- (1) A Compact state's withdrawal shall not take effect until six months after enactment of the repealing statute.
- (2) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's state psychology regulatory authority to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this Compact prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
- (D) Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any psychology licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a Compact state and a non-Compact state which does not conflict with the provisions of this Compact.
- (E) This Compact may be amended by the Compact states. No amendment to this Compact shall become effective and binding upon any Compact state until it is enacted into the law of all Compact States.

#### ARTICLE XIV. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. If this Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any state member thereto, this Compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining Compact states.

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<u>SECTION 2.</u> The Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon hereby ratifies the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact set forth in section 1 of this 2025 Act.

SECTION 3. Section 4 of this 2025 Act is added to and made a part of ORS 675.010 to 675.150.

SECTION 4. (1) There is established, within the Oregon Board of Psychology Account, the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Account. All moneys received by the Oregon Board of Psychology under the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact set forth in section 1 of this 2025 Act shall be paid into the State Treasury and deposited in the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Account. Subject to subsection (2) of this section, the moneys in the account are continuously appropriated to the board for the purpose of meeting financial obligations imposed on the State of Oregon as a result of this state's participation in the compact.

(2) At no time may the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Account contain more than \$50,000. Any moneys in excess of \$50,000 shall be transferred to the Oregon Board of Psychology Account under ORS 675.140.

SECTION 5. ORS 675.090 is amended to read:

675.090. (1) ORS 675.010 to 675.150 do not apply to:

- (a) A person who teaches psychology, conducts psychological research or provides consulting services to an organization or institution, provided that the person does not supervise direct psychological services and does not treat any behavioral, emotional or mental disorder of an individual.
  - (b) The provision of expert testimony by a person described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- (c) A graduate student enrolled in an approved psychology program who is pursuing a graduate degree in psychology, provided that the graduate student renders services only for academic credit as part of an organized and supervised training program.

- (d) A person pursuing certification, licensure or a graduate degree in any of the certified or licensed professions exempted from ORS 675.010 to 675.150.
- (e) A person who is licensed, certified or otherwise authorized by the State of Oregon to provide mental health services, provided that the services are rendered within the person's lawful scope of practice and that the person does not use the title "psychologist" in connection with the activities described in this paragraph.
- (f) A person who is employed by a local, state or federal government agency or a public university listed in ORS 352.002, or employed by a community mental health program or drug and alcohol treatment program licensed or certified by the State of Oregon, to the extent that the person's activities and services are rendered within the person's scope of employment and are performed within the confines of the employing agency and provided that the person does not use the title "psychologist" in connection with the activities authorized under this paragraph.
- (g) A person who is a recognized member of the clergy, provided that the person is acting in the person's ministerial capacity and does not use the title "psychologist."
- (h) A person who has credentials as a school psychologist, provided that the person is an employee of an educational institution and practices only within a school setting. A person acting under this paragraph may use the title "school psychologist."
- (i) A person who holds a valid authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology or an interjurisdictional practice certificate, as described in section 1 of this 2025 Act.
- (2)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(f) of this section, a person with a doctoral degree in psychology who is employed by and practicing psychology at a local, state or federal government agency, a public university listed in ORS 352.002 or a community mental health program or drug and alcohol treatment program licensed or certified by the State of Oregon may practice psychology without a license under ORS 675.010 to 675.150 for no more than 24 months after the person begins practicing psychology at the agency or program.
  - (b) Before the person obtains a license under ORS 675.010 to 675.150:
- (A) The person may practice psychology only within the scope of the person's employment and within the confines of the employing agency or program; and
  - (B) The person may not use the title "psychologist."
- (3) A person performing the functions described in subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section may use the title "psychologist" only if the person holds a doctoral degree in psychology from an approved doctoral program in psychology.
- (4) A person described in subsection (1)(c) of this section may use the title "psychological intern" or "psychological trainee," provided that the training program described in subsection (1)(c) of this section is under the supervision and responsibility of a licensed psychologist in accordance with rules adopted by the Oregon Board of Psychology.
- (5) Nothing in this section exempts from ORS 675.010 to 675.150 a person whose license to practice psychology is revoked or suspended because the person engaged in sexual activity with a client.

#### **SECTION 6.** ORS 675.140 is amended to read:

675.140. **Subject to section 4 of this 2025 Act,** on or before the 10th day of each month, the Oregon Board of Psychology shall pay into the State Treasury all moneys received by the board during the preceding calendar month. The State Treasurer shall credit the moneys to the Oregon Board of Psychology Account. The moneys in the Oregon Board of Psychology Account are continuously appropriated to the board for the purpose of paying the expenses of administering and en-

1 forcing ORS 675.010 to 675.150, 675.172, 676.850 and 676.866.

SECTION 7. ORS 676.177 is amended to read:

676.177. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 676.165 to 676.180 and except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, a health professional regulatory board, upon a determination by the board that it possesses otherwise confidential information that reasonably relates to the regulatory or enforcement function of another public entity, may disclose that information to the other public entity.

- (2) Any public entity that receives information pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall agree to take all reasonable steps to maintain the confidentiality of the information, except that the public entity may use or disclose the information to the extent necessary to carry out the regulatory or enforcement functions of the public entity.
  - (3) For purposes of this section, "public entity" means:
- (a) A board or agency of this state, or a board or agency of another state with regulatory or enforcement functions similar to the functions of a health professional regulatory board of this state;
  - (b) A district attorney;

- (c) The Department of Justice;
- (d) A state or local public body of this state that licenses, franchises or provides emergency medical services; or
  - (e) A law enforcement agency of this state, another state or the federal government.
  - (4) Notwithstanding subsections (1) to (3) of this section[,]:
- (a) The Oregon Board of Physical Therapy may disclose information described in subsection (1) of this section to the Physical Therapy Compact Commission [established] described in ORS 688.240.
- (b) Except as prohibited by subsection (5) of this section, the Oregon Board of Psychology may disclose information described in subsection (1) of this section to the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission described in section 1 of this 2025 Act.
- (5) A health professional regulatory board may not disclose the information described in subsection (1) of this section to another public entity if the information relates to the provision of or referral for reproductive or gender-affirming health care services.
- <u>SECTION 8.</u> (1) The amendments to ORS 675.090 by section 5 of this 2025 Act apply to individuals who hold a valid authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology or an interjurisdictional practice certificate on or after the operative date specified in section 9 of this 2025 Act.
- (2) The amendments to ORS 675.140 by section 6 of this 2025 Act apply to moneys received by the Oregon Board of Psychology under section 1 of this 2025 Act on or after the operative date specified in section 9 of this 2025 Act.
- (3) The amendments to ORS 676.177 by section 7 of this 2025 Act apply to information disclosed on or after the operative date specified in section 9 of this 2025 Act.
- SECTION 9. (1) Sections 1 to 4 of this 2025 Act and the amendments to ORS 675.090, 675.140 and 676.177 by sections 5 to 7 of this 2025 Act become operative on January 1, 2027.
- (2) The Oregon Board of Psychology may take any action before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to enable the board to exercise, on and after the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section, all of the duties, functions and powers conferred on the board by sections 1 to 4 of this 2025 Act and the amendments to ORS 675.090, 675.140 and 676.177 by sections 5 to 7 of this 2025 Act.
  - SECTION 10. This 2025 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2025

1 regular session of the Eighty-third Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.