A-Engrossed House Bill 3018

Ordered by the House April 14 Including House Amendments dated April 14

Sponsored by Representative NERON, Senators SOLLMAN, PATTERSON; Representatives ANDERSEN, GAMBA (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure. The statement includes a measure digest written in compliance with applicable readability standards.

Digest: This Act makes new laws to prevent and dispose of food waste. (Flesch Readability Score: 95.9).

Requires entities that cook, assemble, process, serve or sell food to recover and dispose of food waste as specified in the Act.

Directs the Department of Environmental Quality to establish a program to educate entities on food waste separation and disposal requirements.

Requires local governments responsible for solid waste management to provide collection service to entities covered under the Act. Requires state agencies to prioritize a specified compost feedstock when procuring compost.

Modifies food date labeling laws to require foods packaged with a date label to use uniform

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Takes effect on the 91st day following adjournment sine die.

2	Relating to food waste; creating new provisions; amending ORS 616.805, 616.815, 616.825, 616.830 and
3	616.835; repealing ORS 616.800; and prescribing an effective date.
4	Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
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6	FOOD WASTE DISPOSAL
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8	SECTION 1. Sections 2 to 6 of this 2025 Act are added to and made a part of ORS 459A.005
9	to 459A.665.
10	SECTION 2. As used in sections 2 to 6 of this 2025 Act:
1	(1)(a) "Covered entity" means a person that cooks, assembles, processes, serves or sells
12	food.
13	(b) "Covered entity" does not include individuals or households.
l 4	(2)(a) "Food waste" means solid waste consisting of discarded food.
15	(b) "Food waste" does not include:
16	(A) Food that is fit for human consumption and accepted for donation by a charitable
L7	organization;
18	(B) Food collected to feed animals in compliance with all applicable laws;
19	(C) Liquids, oils, bones or meats collected for rendering, fuel production or other
20	nondisposal applications;
21	(D) Food by-products that are not readily compostable;

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

(E) Food that:

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(i) Has been recalled for safety reasons; and

- (ii) The State Department of Agriculture or another government agency has directed to be disposed of by a means other than composting; or
 - (F) Food that a covered entity composts on-site.
- SECTION 3. (1) A covered entity shall, for each site owned or operated by the covered entity that generates more than 1,000 pounds of food waste per week:
- (a) Recover food waste that is controlled by the employees or agents of the covered entity, but not including food waste discarded by the covered entity's customers or other individuals served by the covered entity;
 - (b) Source separate food waste for collection;
 - (c) Correctly label food waste collection containers; and
- (d) Arrange for food waste to be collected and transported to a facility authorized to accept food waste for composting or authorized to collect food waste for transfer to an authorized composting facility.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(a) of this section, a covered entity subject to the requirements of this section may implement a system for the individuals that are served by the covered entity to separate food waste from other solid waste. The system must be designed to ensure that food waste is not contaminated with other solid waste.
- (3) A person that owns or controls premises on which a covered entity generates food waste shall allow, and make reasonable accommodations for, the covered entity to comply with the requirements of this section.
- (4) The Environmental Quality Commission may adopt rules as necessary to implement and enforce this section. Rules adopted under this section may include, but need not be limited to, rules establishing the types of bio-based, biodegradable or compostable materials and bags that may be included with separated food waste.
- SECTION 4. The Department of Environmental Quality, in coordination with the State Department of Agriculture, shall establish a program to educate covered entities on the requirements of section 3 of this 2025 Act. Under the program, the Department of Environmental Quality may:
 - (1) Notify covered entities of the requirements of section 3 of this 2025 Act.
- (2) Provide technical support to covered entities on the implementation of food waste separation systems that satisfy the requirements of section 3 of this 2025 Act.
- (3) Provide education to covered entities on food waste reduction and donation of food that is fit for human consumption.
- (4) Provide education to covered entities on reducing contamination of separated food waste with nonfood items.
- SECTION 5. (1) The Department of Environmental Quality shall have the power to enter upon and inspect, at any reasonable time, any public or private property, premises or place for the purpose of investigating an actual or suspected violation of section 3 of this 2025 Act or a rule adopted under section 3 of this 2025 Act.
- (2) The department may enter into an intergovernmental agreement with any state government agency or local government agency to inspect covered entities and report to the department actual or suspected violations of section 3 of this 2025 Act or rules adopted under section 3 of this 2025 Act.
 - (3) In accordance with the applicable provisions of ORS chapter 183 relating to contested

case proceedings, and in accordance with ORS 468.130 and rules adopted pursuant to ORS 468.130, the department may issue civil penalties for violations of section 3 of this 2025 Act and rules adopted under section 3 of this 2025 Act. All penalties recovered for violations of section 3 of this 2025 Act or rules adopted under section 3 of this 2025 Act shall be paid into the State Treasury and credited to the General Fund.

- (4) A covered entity is exempt from the requirements of section 3 of this 2025 Act if the covered entity is subject to an ordinance, rule or regulation of a city, county or metropolitan service district that requires the covered entity to separate food waste for recovery and arrange for food waste to be transported to a facility authorized to accept food waste.
- (5)(a) The Environmental Quality Commission may establish by rule criteria and procedures for temporary and renewable waivers from the requirements of sections 2 to 6 of this 2025 Act.
- (b) Factors the department may consider when granting a waiver to a covered entity under this subsection may include, but need not be limited to:
- (A) Whether facilities authorized to accept food waste from the covered entity are unable to receive the covered entity's food waste; and
- (B) Whether compliance with the requirements of section 3 of this 2025 Act would create a conflict with another applicable law.
- (c) Rules adopted under this section must require the department to grant a waiver to covered entities located within a city, county or metropolitan service district responsible for solid waste management that is unable to award a new or expanded franchise for the collection of food waste necessary to meet the requirements of sections 2 to 6 of this 2025 Act.
- SECTION 6. In addition to the requirements of ORS 459A.005 and 459A.007, a city, county or metropolitan service district responsible for solid waste management shall provide collection service to covered entities described in section 3 of this 2025 Act within the city, county or metropolitan service district.
- <u>SECTION 7.</u> A city, county or metropolitan service district responsible for solid waste management shall ensure that collection service is provided under section 6 of this 2025 Act no later than June 30, 2028.
- SECTION 8. (1) An agency of state government, as defined in ORS 174.111, that procures compost products shall prioritize the procurement of compost products derived from a feedstock type that includes dead animals, meat, source separated mixed food waste and industrially produced nonvegetative food waste.
- (2) An agency of state government, as defined in ORS 174.111, shall require in any contract with a vendor that involves the purchase or use of a compost product that the vendor prioritize the purchase and use of compost products derived from a feedstock type that includes dead animals, meat, source separated mixed food waste and industrially produced nonvegetative food waste.
- <u>SECTION 9.</u> Section 3 of this 2025 Act does not apply to covered entities that are located more than 75 miles from a facility authorized to accept food waste for composting or authorized to collect food waste for transfer to an authorized composting facility.
 - SECTION 10. Section 9 of this 2025 Act is repealed on January 2, 2032.
- SECTION 11. Section 3 of this 2025 Act applies to covered entities that generate food waste on or after January 1, 2029.
 - **SECTION 12.** Section 3 of this 2025 Act is amended to read:

- **Sec. 3.** (1) A covered entity shall, for each site owned or operated by the covered entity that generates more than [1,000] **500** pounds of food waste per week:
- (a) Recover food waste that is controlled by the employees or agents of the covered entity, but not including food waste discarded by the covered entity's customers or other individuals served by the covered entity;
 - (b) Source separate food waste for collection;
 - (c) Correctly label food waste collection containers; and
- (d) Arrange for food waste to be collected and transported to a facility authorized to accept food waste for composting or authorized to collect food waste for transfer to an authorized composting facility.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(a) of this section, a covered entity subject to the requirements of this section may implement a system for the individuals that are served by the covered entity to separate food waste from other solid waste. The system must be designed to ensure that food waste is not contaminated with other solid waste.
- (3) A person that owns or controls premises on which a covered entity generates food waste shall allow, and make reasonable accommodations for, the covered entity to comply with the requirements of this section.
- (4) The Environmental Quality Commission may adopt rules as necessary to implement and enforce this section. Rules adopted under this section may include, but need not be limited to, rules establishing the types of bio-based, biodegradable or compostable materials and bags that may be included with separated food waste.

SECTION 13. The amendments to section 3 of this 2025 Act by section 12 of this 2025 Act become operative on January 1, 2030.

FOOD LABELING

SECTION 14. ORS 616.805 is amended to read:

616.805. As used in ORS 616.800 to 616.835 and 616.994, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1)(a) "Food" means any substance used or intended to be used for human consumption as food, drink or condiment.
 - (b) "Food" does not include:
 - (A) Any article containing cannabis;
 - (B) Infant formula; or
 - (C) Dietary supplements.
- [(2) "Open date" means a date clearly visible to retail consumers showing the pull date, packing date or other date described in ORS 616.835 (2).]
 - (2) "Food establishment" has the meaning given that term in ORS 616.205.
- (3) "Packing date" means the date specifying the time a perishable food was packaged in its final form for sale to the consumer.
- (4) "Perishable food" means any food that may spoil or otherwise become unfit for human consumption because of its nature, type or physical condition. "Perishable food" includes, but is not limited to, fresh or processed meats, poultry, seafood, dairy products, bakery products, eggs in the shell, and foods that have been packaged or refrigerated. ORS 616.800 to 616.835 and 616.994 shall not apply to fresh fruits or vegetables or to foods that have been canned or frozen.
 - [(5) "Pull date" means, whichever is earlier, the date specifying the time:]

- [(a) The perishable food manufacturer, processor or packager recommends that a perishable food should be removed from retail sale, allowing the consumer time for normal home consumption or use under proper care and storage conditions; or]
- [(b) A perishable food should no longer be offered for sale or sold as fresh. A perishable food shall be considered fresh only so long as significant changes in appearance, taste, odor, nutritional value, or other indicia of quality or fitness for human consumption have not taken place or are not likely to have taken place under generally accepted food handling practices for that particular food.]
- (5) "Quality date" means a date on a label affixed to the packaging or container of food that communicates to consumers the date after which the food quality may begin to deteriorate but the food may still be acceptable for consumption.
- (6) "Safety date" means a date on a label affixed to the packaging or container of food that communicates to consumers that the food should be consumed, or frozen, if appropriate, by the date listed on the package.
- SECTION 15. Section 16 of this 2025 Act is added to and made a part of ORS 616.800 to 616.835.
- SECTION 16. (1) A food establishment responsible for the labeling of food that is required by any law, including ORS 616.815 or rules adopted under ORS 616.835, or that chooses to display a date label to communicate a quality or safety date on food shall use one of the following uniform terms on the date label:
- (a) "BEST if Used by" or "BEST if Used or Frozen by" to indicate the quality date of the food.
 - (b) "USE by" or "USE or Freeze by" to indicate the safety date of the food.
- (c) "BB" to indicate the quality date of the food if the food is too small to include the uniform term described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- (d) "UB" to indicate the safety date of the food if the food is too small to include the uniform term described in paragraph (b) of this subsection.
- (2) A person may not sell or offer for sale in or into this state food that is not labeled in accordance with subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) A person may not sell or offer for sale in or into this state food that is labeled with the phrase "Sell by."
- (4) This section does not prohibit the use or display of a label that allows consumers to view online information about the food.
- (5) This section does not apply to the extent that any law governing the labeling of shellfish requires the use of terms that are inconsistent with this section.

SECTION 17. ORS 616.815 is amended to read:

616.815. [No person shall] A person may not sell or offer for sale at retail any packaged perishable food unless the package bears a clearly marked, printed or stamped label showing the [open date] quality date or safety date for the perishable food in the package. Such label shall be so designed and placed as to be clearly visible to the consumer.

SECTION 18. ORS 616.825 is amended to read:

- 616.825. (1) [No person shall] **A person may not** sell or offer for sale at retail any packaged perishable food after the expiration of the [open pull] **safety** date appearing on the label of the package or container unless:
- (a) The package has been separated from packages of perishable food with [open pull] safety dates that have not expired;

- 1 (b) Each such package or group of packages is clearly identified in retail display as having an 2 expired [open pull] safety date; and
 - (c) The food is fit for human consumption according to applicable state and federal law.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a vendor shall be allowed the first eight business hours after the expiration of the [open pull] **safety** date within which to remove all packages with an expired [pull] **safety** date.

SECTION 19. ORS 616.830 is amended to read:

- 616.830. [No person shall] A person may not:
- (1) Alter, deface or remove the [open] quality date or safety date from any perishable food retail or shipping package carton, container or wrapper.
- (2) Label any perishable food retail or shipping package carton, container or wrapper in a manner that does not conform to the rules promulgated pursuant to ORS 616.835.

SECTION 20. ORS 616.835 is amended to read:

616.835. In accordance with any applicable provision of ORS chapter 183, the State Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the industries affected, shall promulgate rules to carry out ORS 616.800 to 616.835 and 616.994. Such rules shall include, but are not limited to:

- (1) Establishing which particular foods are subject to ORS 616.800 to 616.835 and 616.994.
- (2) Establishing which one or more of the following types of [open date] dates is to be used for particular groups or classes of perishable foods:
- [(a) The packing date.]
- 21 [(b) The pull date.]

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- 22 (a) The quality date.
 - (b) The safety date.
 - (c) The packing date in addition to the quality date or safety date.
 - [(c)] (d) The date on which fowl, including chickens, fryers, turkeys, ducks, geese and other domesticated birds, are killed or slaughtered to be processed into perishable food.
- 27 (3) Specifying the size, content and form of the labeling information required by ORS 616.800 to 616.835 and 616.994.
 - (4) Exempting from the operation of ORS 616.800 to 616.835 and 616.994 those perishable foods for which [open] quality date or safety date labeling would be:
 - (a) Impractical or not meaningful because of the size of the package or the nature of the perishable food; **or**
- 33 (b) Possibly unconstitutional as interference with the free movement of goods in interstate commerce.

SECTION 21. ORS 616.800 is repealed.

- <u>SECTION 22.</u> (1) Section 16 of this 2025 Act, the amendments to ORS 616.805, 616.815, 616.825, 616.830 and 616.835 by sections 14 and 17 to 20 of this 2025 Act and the repeal of ORS 616.800 by section 21 of this 2025 Act become operative on July 1, 2027.
- (2) The State Department of Agriculture may take any action before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to enable the department to exercise, on and after the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section, all of the duties, functions and powers conferred on the department by section 16 of this 2025 Act, the amendments to ORS 616.805, 616.815, 616.825, 616.830 and 616.835 by sections 14 and 17 to 20 of this 2025 Act and the repeal of ORS 616.800 by section 21 of this 2025 Act.

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A-Eng. HB 3018

1	CAPTIONS
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3	SECTION 23. The unit captions used in this 2025 Act are provided only for the conven
4	ience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or express any
5	legislative intent in the enactment of this 2025 Act.
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7	EFFECTIVE DATE
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9	SECTION 24. This 2025 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2025
10	regular session of the Eighty-third Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.
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