## A-Engrossed House Bill 2530

Ordered by the House April 14 Including House Amendments dated April 14

Sponsored by Representatives NERON, WRIGHT (Presession filed.)

## **SUMMARY**

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure. The statement includes a measure digest written in compliance with applicable readability standards.

Digest: The Act makes changes to school bus stop arm camera law. (Flesch Readability Score: 87.9).

Modifies school bus stop arm camera law.

## 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to school buses; creating new provisions; and amending section 2, chapter 43, Oregon Laws 2024.

## Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

- SECTION 1. Section 2, chapter 43, Oregon Laws 2024, is amended to read:
- 6 Sec. 2. (1) As used in this section and section 3 of this 2025 Act:
- 7 (a) "Education provider" means:

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- 8 (A) A school district as defined in ORS 332.002;
- 9 (B) An entity that is a provider under the Oregon Prenatal to Kindergarten Program or other 10 public early learning and preschool programs established under ORS 329.172 to 329.200;
  - (C) The Oregon School for the Deaf;
  - (D) An education service district;
  - (E) An educational program under the Youth Corrections Education Program or the Juvenile Detention Education Program, as those terms are defined in ORS 326.695; or
    - (F) A program that receives moneys pursuant to ORS 343.243.
  - (b) "Stop arm camera" means a video recording device that is installed on a school bus for the purpose of recording drivers who fail to stop for bus safety lights in violation of ORS 811.155 and that is capable of recording the date, time, registration plate number and location of the offense.
  - (2) Consistent with public contracting law and applicable collective bargaining agreements, an education provider, in agreement with a law enforcement agency, may enter into a contract with a private entity for the installation, operation and maintenance of stop arm cameras on school buses to photograph, by automated means, drivers who violate ORS 811.155. A camera installed, operated or maintained as provided by this subsection may not photograph the driver of a school bus while the driver is on the school bus or the students of a school bus while the students are on the school bus.
- 26 (3) When a stop arm camera is installed on a school bus:
  - (a) The education provider must inform, or cause to be informed, persons who will drive, maintain or otherwise interact with the school bus, as determined by the education provider, that a stop

**NOTE:** Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1 arm camera is installed on the bus.

- (b) Except as provided by agreement, an education provider may not require or expect an employee to perform any job duties related to the installation, operation or maintenance of the stop arm camera.
- (c) An education provider may not require, as a condition of employment, that an employee participate in the issuance of a citation for violation of ORS 811.155, unless participation is required by law enforcement or for a judicial proceeding. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits a driver of a school bus from reporting a violation as allowed under ORS 811.157.
  - (d) A warning sign must be posted on the school bus indicating the use of the stop arm camera.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a law enforcement agency that has entered into an agreement with an education provider related to stop arm cameras on school buses may issue a citation for violation of ORS 811.155 on the basis of photographs or video from a camera and other technology, including sensors that measure movement of a motor vehicle while a stop arm is deployed without the presence of a police officer, if the following conditions are met:
  - (a) A police officer has reviewed the evidence and signs the citation.
- (b) A rebuttable presumption exists that a warning sign was posted as required under subsection (3)(d) of this section and the bus safety lights were operational and activated at the time of the violation.
- [(b)] (c) The citation is mailed to the registered owner of the vehicle within 10 business days of the alleged violation.
- [(c)] (d) The registered owner is given 30 days from the date the citation is mailed to respond to the citation
- [(d)] (e) A rebuttable presumption exists that the registered owner of the vehicle was the driver of the vehicle when the citation is issued and delivered as provided in this section.
- [(e)] (f) A driver issued a citation under this subsection may respond to the citation by submitting a certificate of innocence or a certificate of nonliability under subsection (6) of this section or may make any other response allowed by law.
- (5) A citation may be delivered by mail or otherwise to the registered owner of the vehicle or to the driver. The citation may be prepared on a digital medium, and the signature may be electronic in accordance with the provisions of ORS 84.001 to 84.061.
- (6)(a) A registered owner of a vehicle may respond by mail to a citation issued under subsection (4) of this section by submitting, within 30 days after the mailing of the citation, a certificate of innocence swearing or affirming that the owner was not the driver of the vehicle and by providing a photocopy of the owner's driver license. A jurisdiction that receives a certificate of innocence under this paragraph shall dismiss the citation without requiring a court appearance by the registered owner or any other information from the registered owner other than the certificate of innocence and the photocopy. The citation may be reissued only once, only to the registered owner and only if the jurisdiction verifies that the registered owner appears to have been the driver at the time of the violation. A registered owner may not submit a certificate of innocence in response to a reissued citation.
- (b) If a business or public agency responds to a citation issued under subsection (4) of this section by submitting, within 30 days after the mailing of the citation, a certificate of nonliability stating that at the time of the alleged violation the vehicle was in the custody and control of an employee, or was in the custody and control of a renter or lessee under the terms of a rental agreement or lease, and if the business or public agency provides the driver license number, name

- and address of the employee, renter or lessee, the citation shall be dismissed with respect to the business or public agency. The citation may then be issued and delivered by mail or otherwise to the employee, renter or lessee identified in the certificate of nonliability.
- (7) If the person named as the registered owner of a vehicle in the current records of the Department of Transportation fails to respond to a citation issued under subsection (4) of this section, a default judgment under ORS 153.102 may be entered for failure to appear after notice has been given that the judgment will be entered.
- (8) The penalties for and all consequences of violating ORS 811.155 initiated by the submission of a report under this section are the same as the penalties for and all consequences of violating ORS 811.155 initiated by any other means.
- (9) A registered owner, employee, renter or lessee against whom a judgment for failure to appear is entered may move the court to relieve the owner, employee, renter or lessee from the judgment as provided in ORS 153.105 if the failure to appear was due to mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect.
- (10) An image or video recording produced by a stop arm camera may not be used for any purpose other than the investigation of a violation or a crime.
- SECTION 2. Section 3 of this 2025 Act is added to and made a part of the Oregon Vehicle Code.
- SECTION 3. After a city or county receives moneys under ORS 153.633 or 153.640, as a result of a conviction of failure to stop for bus safety lights, in violation of ORS 811.155, the city or county shall disburse all of the moneys to an education provider if:
  - (1) The citation was issued on the basis of evidence provided by a stop arm camera; and
  - (2) The education provider had the stop arm camera installed.