# SB 1121 B STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

# **House Committee On Judiciary**

**Action Date:** 05/22/25

**Action:** Do pass with amendments to the A-Eng bill. (Printed B-Eng.)

Vote: 6-1-1-0

Yeas: 6 - Andersen, Chotzen, Kropf, Lewis, Tran, Wallan

Nays: 1 - Chaichi Exc: 1 - Mannix

Fiscal: Has minimal fiscal impact
Revenue: Has minimal revenue impact
Prepared By: Abby Shearer, LPRO Analyst

**Meeting Dates:** 5/13, 5/20, 5/22

# WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

The measure creates a Class B misdemeanor for unlawful disclosure of private information. A person commits the offense if they knowingly disclose another person's personal information without consent, with the intent to stalk, injure, or cause damage to the person's property, and the disclosure results in stalking, injury, or property damage. Defines "personal information" to include home address, personal email, phone number, Social Security number, employer or family member contact information, photos of a child, and the name of a child's school. The amendment also adds a provision to the Oregon Consumer Privacy Act (OCPA) that allows a controller that is a noncommercial educational broadcast station to cure a violation within 30 days after receiving notice from the Attorney General if they receive funding from the Corporation for Public Broadcasting or act as a primary entry point and distribute journalism content without cost to consumers. The amendment declares an emergency for the OCPA provision, effective upon passage and repealed on July 1, 2026.

# **ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

- Compliance with Oregon Consumer Privacy Act
- Provisions of the measure

#### **EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:**

The amendment replaces the measure.

# **BACKGROUND:**

Oregon law currently allows individuals to bring a civil action under ORS 30.835 if someone knowingly discloses their personal information without consent, intending to stalk, harass, or injure, and the disclosure results in harm. However, there is no corresponding criminal offense. Senate Bill 1121 B creates a Class B misdemeanor for unlawful disclosure of private information. A person commits the offense if they knowingly disclose another person's personal information without consent, with the intent to stalk, injure, or cause property damage, and the disclosure results in stalking, injury, or property damage. "Personal information" includes a home address, personal email, phone number, Social Security number, employer or family contact details, photos of a child, and the name of a child's school. The measure also amends the Oregon Consumer Privacy Act (OCPA), enacted in 2023, which establishes rights for consumers to access, correct, delete, and limit the use of their personal data. OCPA applies to certain businesses and nonprofits that control or process personal data and includes exemptions for specific activities. SB 1121 B adds a targeted exemption allowing noncommercial educational broadcast stations to cure an OCPA violation within 30 days of notice from the Attorney General if they receive Corporation for Public Broadcasting funding or serve as emergency alert entry points and provide journalism content at no cost. This provision takes effect upon passage and is repealed July 1, 2026.

Carrier: Rep. Andersen