SB 839 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

Carrier: Rep. McLain

Joint Committee On Transportation

Action Date:	04/07/25
Action:	Do Pass the A-Eng bill.
House Vote	
Yeas:	6 - Boshart Davis, Gamba, Helfrich, Mannix, McLain, Nathanson
Exc:	1 - Evans
Senate Vote	
Yeas:	5 - Gorsek, Meek, Pham, Starr, Weber
Fiscal:	Has minimal fiscal impact
Revenue:	Has minimal revenue impact
Prepared By:	Patrick Brennan, LPRO Analyst
Meeting Dates:	2/3, 4/7

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

The measure modifies statutes relating to the regulation of commercial vehicles.

Detailed Summary

Modifies commercial vehicle statutes, including reducing the penalty for failure to comply with commercial vehicle enforcement requirements from a Class B misdemeanor to a Class A traffic violation; clarification that persons operating commercial vehicles under a charitable organization or in an eleemosynary capacity, or for-hire operators transporting such individuals, remain subject to federal motor carrier safety regulations; revising provisions related to the offense of operating a motor vehicle without driving privileges in violation of ORS 807.010; revising provisions related to offense of transporting household goods for hire in intrastate commerce without a valid certificate issued by the Oregon Department of Transportation; and clarifying the offense to comply with weigh station signage requirements and reducing the penalty from a Class B misdemeanor to a Class A traffic violation. Applies to offenses occurring on or after the measure's effective date.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

- Helps align state statute with federal law under interstate compact
- Expanded enforcement to vehicles 10,001 26,000 pounds

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

No amendment.

BACKGROUND:

Interstate commerce in the United States is regulated primarily at the federal level, though much of the enforcement is conducted at the state level. In Oregon, the primary regulatory agency is the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), via its Commerce and Compliance Division (CCD). The CCD is responsible for ensuring the safety of commercial trucking (both interstate and intrastate) as well as passenger buses. ODOT collects weight mile taxes and truck registration fees to both pay for administration of interstate commerce laws and to provide revenues for the State Highway Fund.

Commercial trucking is governed by an interstate compact that is adopted by all 50 states. Some aspects of interstate commerce regulation are determined by a compact that is periodically updated within federal statutes; when such changes are made, state statutes must also be amended to provide consistency with both federal law and those of other states. Not all aspects of commercial trucking are uniform across all states, as regulations regarding weight limits, speed limits, vehicle emissions and others can vary depending on the state.

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Senate Bill 839 A makes several minor changes to commercial transport statutes in Oregon.