



Oregon Mule Deer Research



**Oregon Department
of Fish and Wildlife**



Declining Mule Deer Populations



Many hypotheses for declines

- Habitat loss
- Land management changes
- Climate change
- Declining habitat quality
- Predation
- Vehicle collisions



Research Focus



Habitat and nutrition

- Habitat effects on forage
- Body condition of does
- Demographic effects



Predation

- Cause-specific mortality
- Carnivore abundance
- Compensatory mortality



Study Areas



Murderer's Creek Herd Range

- Started winter of 2022/23
- Conclude summer 2028

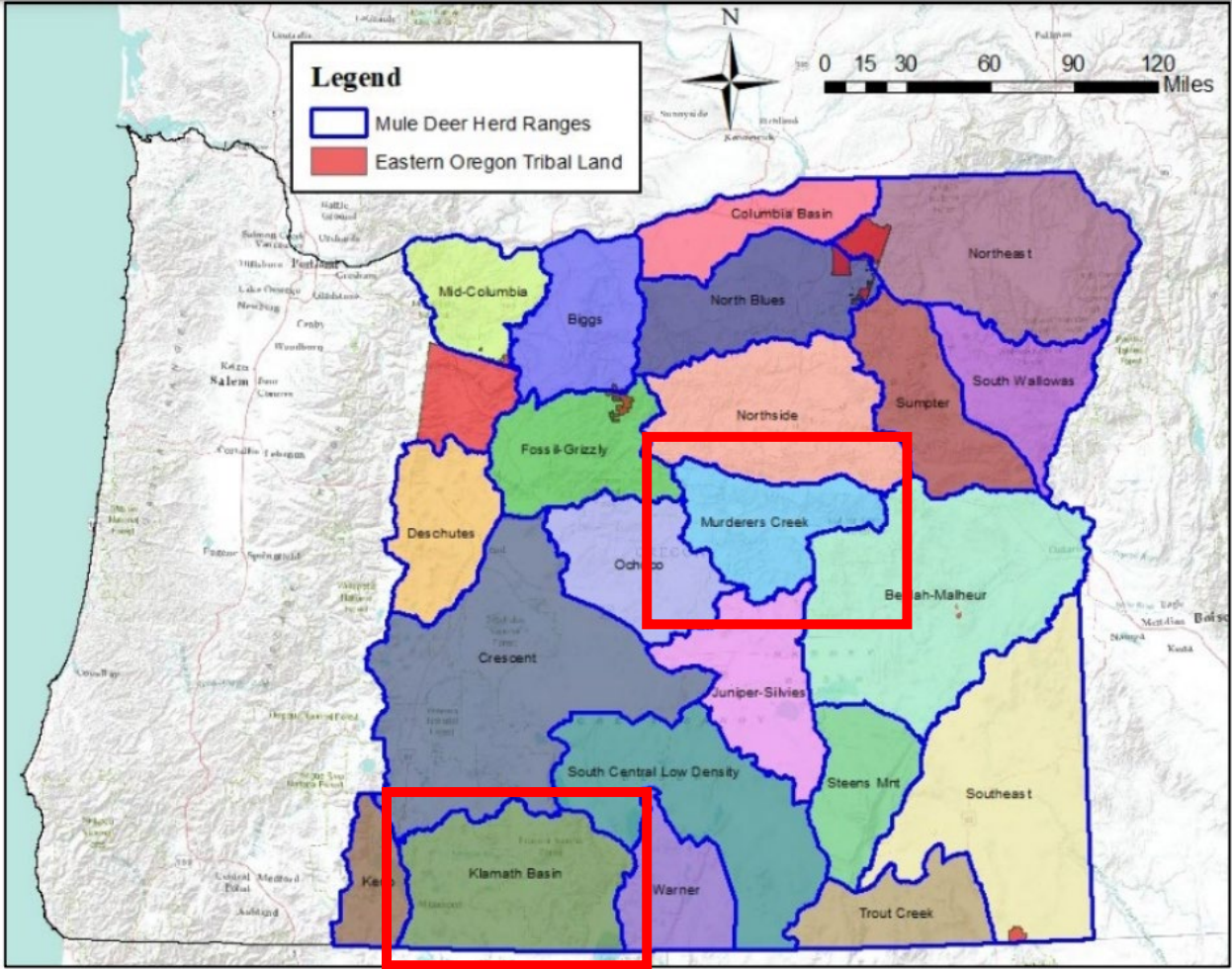


Klamath Basin Herd Range

- Started winter of 2023/24
- Conclude summer 2029



Study Areas





Research



Mule Deer Monitoring



Mule deer does

- Capture during winter months
- Equip deer with GPS collar
- Measure body fat levels
- Assess pregnancy and fetal rate
- Equip with VIT to determine birth events the following spring



Mule Deer Monitoring



Mule deer fawns

- Capture during late spring
- Equip deer with GPS collar
- Weigh and determine sex
- Document any siblings



Habitat



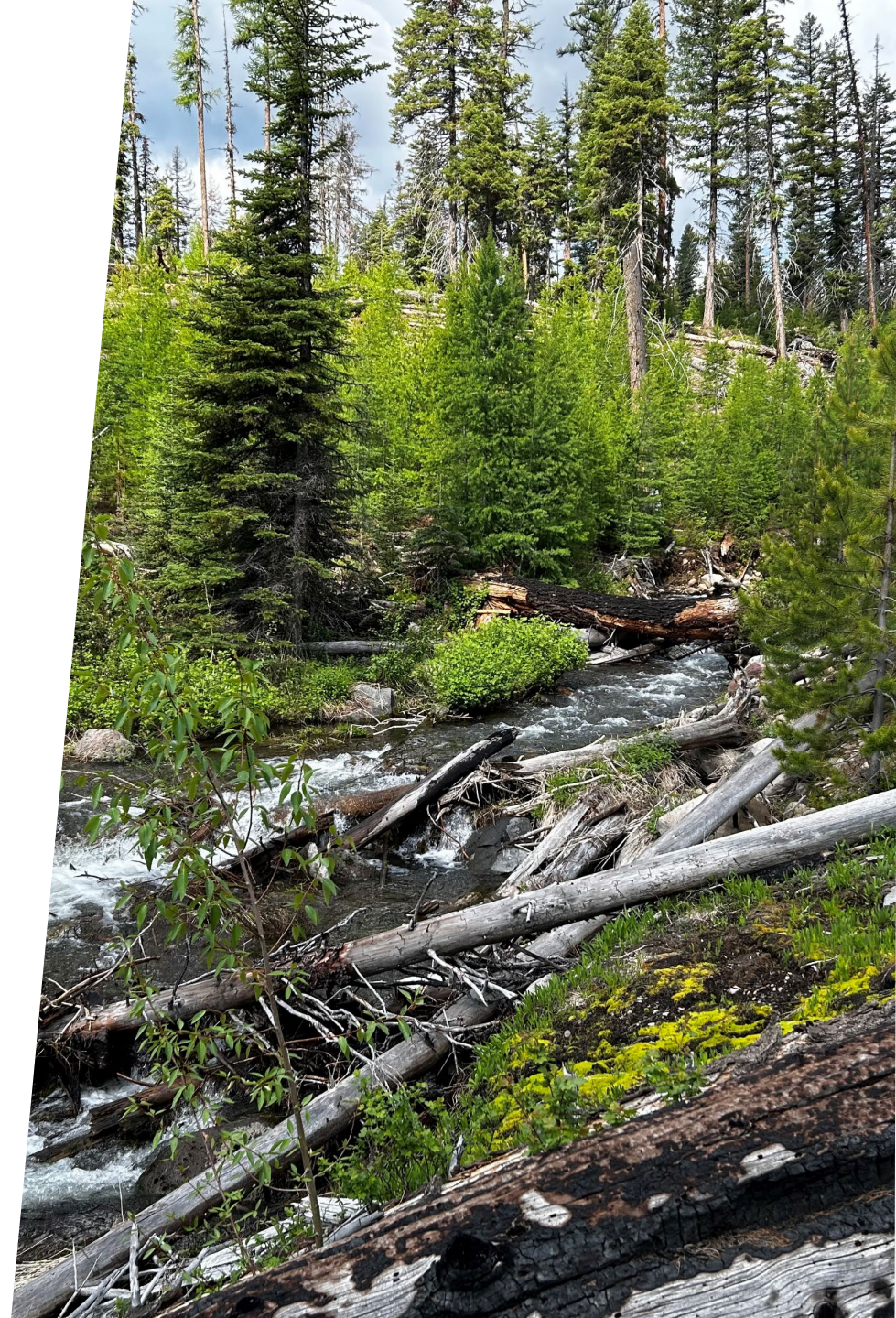
Habitat use

- GPS locations
- Use of vegetation types and environmental features



Vegetation sampling

- Forage availability
- Forage quality
- Link back to habitat features



Predation



Document cause-specific mortality

- Accurately assign cause of death
- Accurately assign predator species
- Calculate the percent of mortality caused by each predator
- Assess for fawns and does



Predation



Estimate carnivore populations

- Collar carnivores with GPS collars
- Collect carnivore scat
- Genetic analysis
- Statistical models
- Study area estimate
- Spatial surface of density



Expected Outcomes



Identify factors affecting mule deer

- Habitat
- Nutrition
- Predation



Quantify effects of each factor

- Population models
- Relative effect on population growth rates



Thank you!



**Oregon Department
of Fish and Wildlife**

