# SB 98 -1, -3 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

## Senate Committee On Judiciary

**Prepared By:** Tisha Pascone, LPRO Analyst **Meeting Dates:** 2/3, 2/12

## WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

The measure updates laws regarding court authority, procedures and processes.

#### **Detailed Summary**

Sections 1-4, 14, and 15: Electronic communications.

- Permits the court to transmit appellate documents in electronic form, by changing requirements from mailing to sending, for a final appellate determination, an appellate judgment, and an order allowing a petition for mandamus and the issuance of an alternative writ of mandamus. Conforms language for when an appellate judgment is effective and when appellate jurisdiction ends.
- Allows the court to set methods for persons to request excuse from jury service or to return a juror eligibility form, instead of statutorily designating telephone, mail, or personal delivery methods.

Section 5: Contempt proceedings in marital annulment, dissolution, or separation.

 Clarifies language to reflect contempt proceedings have separate orders and attorney fee awards from the underlying marital annulment, dissolution, or separation proceedings, and are brought for the purpose of enforcing an order or judgment in the underlying proceeding.

#### Section 6 -8: Court administration.

- Permits the Supreme Court to delegate rulemaking to the Chief Justice, and for the Chief Justice to make rules under that delegation.
- Removes rulemaking authority about facsimile communication with the court.
- Designates the Tax Court Judge as the administrative head of the Tax Court, to whom tax magistrates report.

Section 9 - 13 and 16 -19: Terms and process requirements in family law proceedings.

- Reduces number of certified copies required to register a foreign judgment from two to one in child custody determinations.
- Permits persons to submit a declaration under penalty of perjury where currently only a notarized affidavit suffices for a motion to change venue or to file a foreign judgment.
- Revises term 'protective order of restraint' to 'prejudgment status quo order', for preserving the status quo of child custody and parenting time pending determination by the court.
- Changes term from 'auxiliary court' to 'additional court' for an additional court that may be granted concurrent jurisdiction over a child custody and support matter for the convenience of the parties.

# Section 20: Publication of appellate decisions.

• Removes requirement that the Supreme Court's publication of Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, and Tax Court decisions include bound (paper) compilations, and permits publication to be by other methods.

#### Section 21: Setting aside eviction cases.

 Adds a cross-reference in law requiring set aside of old or resolved eviction actions, to include judgments of dismissal based on parties' stipulated agreements.

#### Section 22: Operative dates.

• Sets operative date of Jan. 1, 2026, for Sections 1-5 and 9-21.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

FISCAL: Has minimal fiscal impact.

REVENUE: No revenue impact.

#### **ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

- Whether persons still have the option to receive notices by mail.
- Whether bound volumes of appellate decisions will still be available to the public.
- Economies of scale for print publications.
- Planning contingencies for internet outages.

#### **EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:**

-1 The amendment corrects the applicable statutory references in Section 21, involving stipulated agreements to dismiss eviction cases. It makes the technical language changes in Section 21 and this amendment effective on passage of the measure.

FISCAL: Has minimal fiscal impact.

#### REVENUE: No revenue impact.

-3 The amendment replaces Section 20 of the measure. It changes the statutory requirement that the Supreme Court arrange for publication and distribution of bound volumes by requiring physical copies instead of bound volumes, and it makes conforming changes regarding tax court decisions. It requires that at least one physical copy of reports or advance sheets be maintained at the State of Oregon Law Library, and at least one free physical copy be maintained at each accredited law school in Oregon.

FISCAL: Has minimal fiscal impact.

REVENUE: No revenue impact.

#### BACKGROUND:

The Oregon Judicial Department (the Judicial Branch) periodically reviews laws regarding the court system for modernization, efficiency, accessibility and accuracy, and recommends changes to Legislative Assembly. Senate Bill 98 is an omnibus compilation of such recommendations.