

## **SB 1592 -1, -2, -3 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY**

### **Senate Committee On Education**

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**Sub-Referral To:** Joint Committee On Ways and Means

**Meeting Dates:** 2/6, 2/13, 2/15

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#### **WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:**

This measure appropriates \$6 million to expand Oregon’s behavioral health workforce.

##### Detailed Summary

Appropriates \$6 million to the Higher Education Coordinating Commission. Requires the funding to be divided among the following institutions:

- \$1 million to Eastern Oregon University;
- \$1 million to the Oregon Institute of Technology;
- \$2 million to Portland State University; and
- \$1 million to Western Oregon University.

Requires receiving institutions to use the funding to expand the behavioral health workforce. Allows institutions to:

1. award stipends, fellowships, scholarships, or other types of tuition assistance;
2. provide behavioral and mental health services to individuals from underserved communities;
3. partner with community organizations;
4. develop education and training programs; and
5. any other method that expands education and training for behavioral and mental health providers.

Declares an emergency, effective on passage.

#### **ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

- Oregon's behavioral health workforce needs
- Lack of training opportunities
- Provisions of amendment

#### **EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:**

-1 The amendment expands the scope of the bill.

##### Detailed Summary

Adds \$2 million to allocation. Adds \$1 million for Umpqua Community College and \$1 million for Southwestern Oregon Community College.

-2 The amendment adds to the requirement for community partnerships.

##### Detailed Summary

Adds a requirement for labor-management partnerships in which employers commit to the Good Jobs Principles issued by the U.S. Departments of Commerce and Labor.

-3 The amendment adds to the requirement for community partnerships.

##### Detailed Summary

Adds a requirement for labor-management partnerships.

**BACKGROUND:**

In February, 2022, the Oregon Health Authority issued a [report on the behavioral health workforce in Oregon](#). The report found that the state's behavioral health workforce was in a state of crisis, that Oregon has the fourth highest rate of unmet need for mental health treatment in the country and that COVID-19 increased the need for behavioral health services. The lack of available providers means that Oregonians needing behavioral health treatment find it difficult to access care. According to the report, providers expressed frustration with low wages, educational barriers, and work environment stress.

Previous legislative efforts to improve conditions for Oregon's behavioral health workforce include:

- [House Bill 2086 \(2021\)](#), which required a study with recommendations for how to increase wages for behavioral health providers.
- [House Bill 2949 \(2021\)](#), which allocated \$80 million to recruit and retain providers from specific communities.
- [House Bill 4071 \(2022\)](#), which expanded the number of behavioral health providers who would be eligible for financial incentives from OHA.

In response to legislative action, the Oregon Health Authority created the [Behavioral Health Workforce Initiative](#), which was allocated \$60 million to develop a diverse workforce and \$20 million for clinical supervision grants. Under this program, OHA has awarded eight grants to provide tuition assistance and stipends.