

HB 4016 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

House Committee on Climate, Energy, and Environment

Prepared By: Erin Pischke, LPRO Analyst
Meeting Dates: 2/5

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

The measure modifies the Prescribed Fire Liability Pilot Program; extends the deadline for the Fire Hardening Grant Program to December 31, 2025; and establishes a fund related to smoke preparedness and response.

Detailed summary:

Prescribed Fire Liability Pilot Program

Directs Department of Consumer and Business Services (DCBS) to reimburse claims under the Prescribed Fire Liability Pilot Program (Program) that meet certain criteria related to use of prescribed fire and cultural burning. Authorizes DCBS to reimburse a claim under the Program only if the Oregon Department of Forestry (ODF) certifies that the claim meets certain criteria. Prohibits the amount paid from the Prescribed Fire Claims Fund for any claim for losses arising from a prescribed fire or cultural burn from exceeding \$1,000,000.

Fire Hardening Grant Program

Extends the deadline to apply for the Fire Hardening Grant Program to December 31, 2025, from June 30, 2025. Sunsets the application period extension on January 2, 2026. Requires DCBS and the Oregon State Fire Marshal to report, on or before September 15, 2024, to committees or interim committees of the Legislative Assembly related to natural resources on a proposal for a proactive home hardening program.

Health Systems for Smoke

Establishes a fund related to smoke preparedness and response, with moneys continuously appropriated to the Department of Environmental Quality for a program to support communities across Oregon in monitoring, interpreting, and communicating data related to ambient air quality conditions caused by smoke. Specifies that the program is related to smoke events and impacts across Oregon.

Takes effect on the 91st day following adjournment sine die.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

No amendment.

BACKGROUND:

In 2021, the Legislative Assembly enacted Senate Bill 762, a wide-ranging wildfire law that invested in dozens of programs and initiatives that aligned with three key strategies: creating fire-adapted communities, increasing the resiliency of Oregon's landscapes, and developing safer and more effective wildfire response. Almost \$6.3 million dollars were appropriated in 2021 to the Department of Consumer and Business Services for a Fire Hardening Grant Program to incentivize fire hardening improvements for certain buildings damaged or destroyed by wildfire during certain years.

Senate Bill 80 (2023) modified various wildfire provisions from SB 762, including, among other provisions:

- Allowing nonprofits and faith-based organizations to establish emergency spaces for cleaner air, warming, or cooling under a Department of Human Services (DHS) grant program and clarifying that DHS's support for

82nd Oregon Legislative Assembly – 2024 Regular Session

entities operating and planning cleaner air, warming, or cooling spaces includes the provision of technical expertise, equipment, staff assistance, training, and general assistance;

- Establishing a Landscape Resiliency Fund to continuously appropriate moneys to the Oregon Department of Forestry (ODF) for landscape resilience projects;
- Authorizing the Landscape Resiliency Fund and the Community Risk Reduction Fund to receive gifts, grants, donations, endowments, or bequests from any public or private sources; and
- Allowing financial assistance to be provided to members of socially and economically vulnerable communities for defensible space efforts on land where they reside, rather than land that they own.
- Creating a Prescribed Fire Liability Pilot Program administered by ODF, with claims reimbursements administered by the Department of Consumer and Business Services.

PRELIMINARY