

Submitter: Earl Singrin

On Behalf Of:

Committee: House Committee On Housing and Homelessness

Measure: HB3215

There are two ways to look at this topic. In support, we, or you, can consider:

Humanitarian reasons: Disasters can cause tremendous human suffering and loss, leaving people without shelter, food, or basic necessities. Supporting the recovery of residents of damaged or destroyed housing is a humanitarian response that can help mitigate the harm caused by disasters.

Economic reasons: Natural disasters can also have significant economic impacts on individuals, communities, and businesses. Rebuilding damaged or destroyed housing can help to stabilize the local economy, create jobs, and attract new investment.

Community reasons: Disasters can also damage social ties and community networks, leading to isolation and dislocation. Rebuilding housing can help to restore communities and neighborhoods, providing a sense of stability and continuity for residents.

Environmental reasons: In some cases, rebuilding housing can also provide an opportunity to incorporate more sustainable and resilient design features that can help to mitigate the impacts of future disasters. For example, new housing units can be built with energy-efficient materials and incorporate features such as solar panels or rainwater harvesting systems.

However, there may also be reasons why you might not support the replacement, reconstruction, or rehabilitation of damaged or destroyed housing. These might include concerns about the cost of such efforts, the environmental impact of rebuilding in disaster-prone areas, or the potential displacement of residents due to gentrification.

Overall, while there may be some potential drawbacks to supporting recovery efforts after disasters, the benefits of providing assistance to affected residents and rebuilding damaged housing often outweigh the costs, both for the individuals and communities affected and for society as a whole.