

Oregon State Legislature  
Senate Committee on Health Care  
900 Court St. NE, Salem Oregon 97301

**March 9, 2023**

Chairwoman Deb Patterson and Members of the Senate Committee on Health Care,

On behalf of the 987,000 Oregon residents with doctor-diagnosed arthritis, thank you for the opportunity to submit testimony in support of SB 565, which addresses accumulator adjustment programs.

Accumulator adjustment programs prevent any co-payment assistance that may be available for high-cost specialty drugs from counting towards a patient's deductible or maximum out-of-pocket expenses. Many pharmaceutical manufacturers offer co-pay cards that help cover a patient's portion of drug costs. Traditionally, pharmacy benefit managers have allowed these co-payment card payments to count toward the deductible required by a patient's health insurance plan. With an accumulator adjustment program, patients are still allowed to apply the co-payment card benefits to pay for their medications up to the full limit of the cards, but when that limit is met, the patient is required to pay their full deductible before cost-sharing protections kick in.

Currently, the state of Oregon does not have a law to ensure that health insurers count co-payment assistance towards a patient's cost-sharing requirements. Now more than ever, it will be important for the Oregon State Legislature to act given 4 out of the 6 insurers in the state have an accumulator adjustment program.<sup>1</sup>

Legislation is necessary on this issue as patients are often unaware they are enrolled in one of these programs until they go to the pharmacy counter and realize they must pay the full cost of their medication, which can lead them to abandon or delay their prescription. These programs can be called different names, are often marketed as a positive benefit, and are disclosed many pages into plan materials, leading to a lack of awareness about them to patients.

In a recent Arthritis Foundation survey, 37% of patients reported they had trouble affording their out-of-pocket costs. Of those, 54% say they have incurred debt or suffered financial hardship because of it. The Arthritis Foundation also surveyed in 2017

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<sup>1</sup> Institute, T. A. (February 2023). *Discriminatory Copay Policies Undermine Coverage for People with Chronic Illness*. National Policy Office. Washington, DC: The Aids Institute. Retrieved from <https://aidsinstitute.net/documents/TAI-Report-Copay-Accumulator-Adjustment-Programs-2023.pdf>

asking patients about accumulator programs and found that if patients are faced with a large, unexpected charge for a prescription drug, the top three reactions would be: abandoning or delaying their prescription fill; lengthening the time between doses; and asking their provider to switch to another drug.

SB 565 resolves this issue by simply ensuring that when calculating a patient's overall contribution to any out-of-pocket maximum or any cost-sharing requirement, a health plan must include any amounts paid by the patient or paid on behalf of the patient by another person.

The Arthritis Foundation thanks the committee for their consideration of SB 565 and urges all members to support this critical legislation.



Melissa Horn  
Director of State Legislative Affairs  
Arthritis Foundation  
1615 L St. NW Suite 320  
Washington, D.C. 20036  
240.468.7464 | [mhorn@arthritis.org](mailto:mhorn@arthritis.org)

