HB 3385-A5 (LC 2610) 4/26/23 (TSB/ps)

Requested by Representative SMITH G

## PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO A-ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 3385

1 On page 1 of the printed A-engrossed bill, delete lines 4 through 19 and 2 delete page 2 and insert:

<sup>3</sup> "SECTION 1. Sections 2 and 3 of this 2023 Act are added to and <sup>4</sup> made a part of ORS chapter 701.

5 "<u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) As used in this section, 'major residential con-6 tractor' means a residential contractor that is:

7 "(a) A general contractor; and

"(b) A company that offers securities registered with the United
States Securities and Exchange Commission for sale to the general
public.

11 "(2)(a) A major residential contractor may not, in a contract to 12 remodel or repair an owner-occupied one-family or two-family resi-13 dential structure with a contract price that exceeds \$40,000, collect or 14 retain more than 50 percent of the original contract price before sub-15 stantial completion of the remodeling or repair.

16 "(b) If a property owner agrees in writing to contract changes that 17 result in a net increase in the original contract price of \$20,000 or 18 more, the major residential contractor may collect and retain not 19 more than 50 percent of the contract price increase.

20 "(3) If a major residential contractor's costs of materials, supplies 21 and payments to subcontractors at the commencement of the remodel or repair exceed 50 percent of the total contract price, the major residential contractor may require the property owner to make progress
payments solely to cover the costs of materials, supplies and payments
to subcontractors. If the major residential contractor requires
progress payments, the contract must include:

6 "(a) An itemized list of all materials, supplies and payments to
7 subcontractors;

"(b) A schedule of progress payments due that is linked to specific
items of work completed or a specific completed percentage of the
total work specified in the contract; and

"(c) A specification of the progress the major residential contractor
 must make on the renovation or repair before each progress payment
 is due.

"(4) This section does not prohibit a major residential contractor from retaining properly collected amounts after a contract price decrease. Subject to subsection (5) of this section, this section does not prevent a major residential contractor from obtaining payment for completed construction work from a property owner that unreasonably withholds approval and acceptance.

"(5) If a major residential contractor believes that a property owner 20has unreasonably withheld approval and acceptance of properly com-21pleted construction work, the major residential contractor may file a 22request with the Construction Contractors Board for mediation of the 23dispute. The major residential contractor may initiate an action or 24suit or pursue other available remedies to collect the balance of the 25moneys due under a contract described in subsection (2) of this section 26only if: 27

"(a) The property owner refuses a board offer to mediate the dispute; or

30 "(b) The board declares after reasonable effort that the board can-

1 not resolve the dispute by mediation.

"(6) The board may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this
section.

4 "<u>SECTION 3.</u> (1) A business may not install, apply, repair or main-5 tain, or offer to install, apply, repair or maintain, spray-on 6 fireproofing material or a spray-on fireproofing system in an essential 7 facility in this state unless the business has a current and valid cer-8 tification from the Construction Contractors Board as a spray-on 9 fireproofing contractor.

10 "(2) The board shall certify a business as a spray-on fireproofing 11 contractor if the business meets the requirements of this section and 12 of any rule the board adopts under this section. A certification as a 13 fireproofing contractor expires three years after the date on which the 14 board issues the certification.

"(3)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection, the board shall require that a business that applies for initial certification, or for renewal of a certification, as a spray-on fireproofing contractor provide proof in the application that at least one individual who is an owner, manager or employee of the business has obtained a certification from a program that the board approves by rule. The program that the board approves must, at a minimum:

"(A) Use a nationally recognized body of knowledge, techniques and
best practices and nationally recognized safety standards in the
program's design, contents and instruction;

"(B) Examine and score or otherwise assess the knowledge and
 competence of an applicant for certification;

"(C) Assess an applicant's knowledge of how to correctly install,
 apply, repair and maintain spray-on fireproofing material and spray-on
 fireproofing systems; and

30 "(D) Provide information about methods of installation, application,

repair and maintenance that meet applicable occupational health and
safety standards and environmental standards and that otherwise
minimize or eliminate adverse safety or environmental impacts.

4 "(b) The board by rule shall specify scores or demonstrations of
5 knowledge and competence required to obtain a certification as a
6 spray-on fireproofing contractor under this section.

"(c) The board may not require from a business that applies for
certification, or for renewal of a certification, assessments or practices
that exceed or are inconsistent with assessments or practices required
generally in the spray-on fireproofing industry.

"(d) In lieu of obtaining a certification from a program the board approves under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the board may accept a certification from another state, or from a nationally recognized organization of spray-on fireproofing experts or practitioners, if the board is satisfied that the other certification meets standards and provides training and content that is substantially similar to a program that the board approves by rule.

"(4) The board may adopt rules to govern the administration of the
 board's certification program under this section, including:

"(a) Requiring an applicant to list the applicant's name and as sumed business name, if any, physical address and telephone number,
 along with any available electronic contact information, on the appli cation for certification;

"(b) Permitting a business to identify the individuals within the business who obtained a certification from a program the board approved under subsection (3)(a) of this section or who hold another certification described in subsection (3)(d) of this section and who have responsibility for training, education and monitoring of the spray-on fireproofing practices of the business;

30 "(c) Identifying structures or infrastructure that constitutes an es-

sential facility for the purposes of requiring certification under this
 section, except that an essential facility may not include a pipeline or
 compressor substation; and

4 "(d) Establishing fees necessary to administer this section that do
5 not exceed the following amounts:

6 "(A) \$500 for an initial application for certification as a fireproofing
7 contractor; and

"(B) \$150 for renewal of a certification as a fireproofing contractor.
"(5) The board shall maintain and make available and easily accessible on the board's website, or provide in response to a request, a list
or searchable database of businesses that the board has certified under
this section.

"(6) A building official, as defined in ORS 455.715, may require as a condition of issuing a permit that a business that installs, applies, repairs or maintains spray-on fireproofing material or spray-on fireproofing systems provide the building official with a copy of a certification the business obtained under this section.

"SECTION 4. Section 2 of this 2023 Act applies to contracts into
 which a major residential contractor and a property owner enter on
 or after January 1, 2024.

<sup>21</sup> "<u>SECTION 5.</u> (1) Section 3 of this 2023 Act becomes operative on <sup>22</sup> July 1, 2024.

"(2) The Construction Contractors Board may adopt rules and take any other action before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to enable the board, on and after the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section, to undertake and exercise all of the duties, functions and powers conferred on the board by section 3 of this 2023 Act.

"<u>SECTION 6.</u> This 2023 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the
 date on which the 2023 regular session of the Eighty-second Legislative

1 Assembly adjourns sine die.".

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