82nd OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY -- 2023 Regular Session

Senate Bill 40

Sponsored by Senator FINDLEY (at the request of Oregon Business and Industry) (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.**

Requires agency to provide technical and legal documentation supporting statement of need required in notice of rulemaking.

Directs court reviewing agency order to set aside or remand order if court finds that agency action, findings or conclusions were arbitrary or capricious.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to administrative law; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 183.335, 183.482 and
 183.484.

4 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

5 <u>SECTION 1.</u> ORS 183.335, as amended by section 6, chapter 97, Oregon Laws 2022, is amended 6 to read:

- 183.335. (1) Prior to the adoption, amendment or repeal of any rule, the agency shall give notice
 of its intended action:
- 9 (a) In the manner established by rule adopted by the agency under ORS 183.341 (4), which pro-10 vides a reasonable opportunity for interested persons to be notified of the agency's proposed action;
- 11 (b) In the bulletin referred to in ORS 183.360 at least 21 days prior to the effective date;
- 12 (c) At least 28 days before the effective date, to persons who have requested notice pursuant to 13 subsection (8) of this section; and
- (d) Delivered only by electronic mail, at least 49 days before the effective date, to the persons
 specified in subsection (15) of this section.
- 16 (2)(a) The notice required by subsection (1) of this section must include:

(A) A caption of not more than 15 words that reasonably identifies the subject matter of the
agency's intended action. The agency shall include the caption on each separate notice, statement,
certificate or other similar document related to the intended action.

(B) An objective, simple and understandable statement summarizing the subject matter and purpose of the intended action in sufficient detail to inform a person that the person's interests may be affected, and the time, place and manner in which interested persons may present their views on the intended action.

(b) The agency shall include with the notice of intended action given under subsection (1) of this section:

26 (A) A citation of the statutory or other legal authority relied upon and bearing upon the 27 promulgation of the rule;

28 (B) A citation of the statute or other law the rule is intended to implement;

29 (C) A statement of the need for the rule, [and] a statement of how the rule is intended to meet

30 the need and technical and legal documentation supporting the statement of the need;

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1 (D) A list of the principal documents, reports or studies, if any, prepared by or relied upon by 2 the agency in considering the need for and in preparing the rule, and a statement of the location 3 at which those documents are available for public inspection. The list may be abbreviated if neces-4 sary, and if so abbreviated there shall be identified the location of a complete list;

(E) A statement of fiscal impact identifying state agencies, units of local government and the 5 public that may be economically affected by the adoption, amendment or repeal of the rule and an 6 estimate of that economic impact on state agencies, units of local government and the public. In 7 considering the economic effect of the proposed action on the public, the agency shall utilize avail-8 9 able information to project any significant economic effect of that action on businesses which shall include a cost of compliance effect on small businesses affected. For an agency specified in ORS 10 183.530, the statement of fiscal impact shall also include a housing cost impact statement as de-11 12 scribed in ORS 183.534;

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(F) A statement identifying how adoption of the rule will affect racial equity in this state;

(G) If an advisory committee is not appointed under the provisions of ORS 183.333, an explana tion as to why no advisory committee was used to assist the agency in drafting the rule; and

16 (H) A request for public comment on whether other options should be considered for achieving 17 the rule's substantive goals while reducing the negative economic impact of the rule on business.

(c) The Secretary of State may omit the information submitted under paragraph (b) of this sub section from publication in the bulletin referred to in ORS 183.360.

(d) When providing notice of an intended action under subsection (1)(c) of this section, the agency shall provide a copy of the rule that the agency proposes to adopt, amend or repeal, or an explanation of how the person may acquire a copy of the rule. The copy of an amended rule shall show all changes to the rule by striking through material to be deleted and underlining all new material, or by any other method that clearly shows all new and deleted material.

25(3)(a) When an agency proposes to adopt, amend or repeal a rule, it shall give interested persons reasonable opportunity to submit data or views. Opportunity for oral hearing shall be granted upon 2627request received from 10 persons or from an association having not less than 10 members before the earliest date that the rule could become effective after the giving of notice pursuant to subsection 28(1) of this section. An agency holding a hearing upon a request made under this subsection shall give 2930 notice of the hearing at least 21 days before the hearing to the person who has requested the 31 hearing, to persons who have requested notice pursuant to subsection (8) of this section and to the persons specified in subsection (15) of this section. The agency shall publish notice of the hearing 32in the bulletin referred to in ORS 183.360 at least 14 days before the hearing. The agency shall 33 34 consider fully any written or oral submission.

35(b) If an agency is required to conduct an oral hearing under paragraph (a) of this subsection, and the rule for which the hearing is to be conducted applies only to a limited geographical area 36 37 within this state, or affects only a limited geographical area within this state, the hearing shall be 38 conducted within the geographical area at the place most convenient for the majority of the residents within the geographical area. At least 14 days before a hearing conducted under this para-39 graph, the agency shall publish notice of the hearing in the bulletin referred to in ORS 183.360 and 40 in a newspaper of general circulation published within the geographical area that is affected by the 41 rule or to which the rule applies. If a newspaper of general circulation is not published within the 42 geographical area that is affected by the rule or to which the rule applies, the publication shall be 43 made in the newspaper of general circulation published closest to the geographical area. 44

45 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, the Department of Corrections and the

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State Board of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision may adopt rules limiting participation by adults 1 2 in custody in the proposed adoption, amendment or repeal of any rule to written submissions.

(d) If requested by at least five persons before the earliest date that the rule could become ef-3 fective after the agency gives notice pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the agency shall 4

provide a statement that identifies the objective of the rule and a statement of how the agency will subsequently determine whether the rule is in fact accomplishing that objective. 6

7 (e) An agency that receives data or views concerning proposed rules from interested persons shall maintain a record of the data or views submitted. The record shall contain: 8

9 (A) All written materials submitted to an agency in response to a notice of intent to adopt, 10 amend or repeal a rule.

(B) A recording or summary of oral submissions received at hearings held for the purpose of 11 12receiving those submissions.

13 (C) Any public comment received in response to the request made under subsection (2)(b)(H) of this section and the agency's response to that comment. 14

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(D) Any statements provided by the agency under paragraph (d) of this subsection.

16 (4) Upon request of an interested person received before the earliest date that the rule could 17 become effective after the giving of notice pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the agency shall 18 postpone the date of its intended action no less than 21 nor more than 90 days in order to allow the requesting person an opportunity to submit data, views or arguments concerning the proposed 19 20action. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude an agency from adopting a temporary rule pursuant to subsection (5) of this section. 21

22(5) Notwithstanding subsections (1) to (4) of this section, an agency may adopt, amend or sus-23pend a rule without prior notice or hearing or upon any abbreviated notice and hearing that [it] the agency finds practicable, if the agency prepares: 24

(a) A statement of its findings that its failure to act promptly will result in serious prejudice to 25the public interest or the interest of the parties concerned and the specific reasons for its findings 2627of prejudice;

(b) A citation of the statutory or other legal authority relied upon and bearing upon the 2829promulgation of the rule;

30 (c) A statement of the need for the rule and a statement of how the rule is intended to meet the 31 need:

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(d) Technical and legal documentation supporting the statement of the need;

[(d)] (e) A list of the principal documents, reports or studies, if any, prepared by or relied upon 33 34 by the agency in considering the need for and in preparing the rule, and a statement of the location 35at which those documents are available for public inspection; and

[(e)] (f) For an agency specified in ORS 183.530, a housing cost impact statement as defined in 36 37 ORS 183.534.

38 (6)(a) A rule adopted, amended or suspended under subsection (5) of this section is temporary and may be effective for a period of not longer than 180 days. The adoption of a rule under this 39 subsection does not preclude the subsequent adoption of an identical rule under subsections (1) to 40 (4) of this section. 41

42(b) A rule temporarily suspended shall regain effectiveness upon expiration of the temporary period of suspension unless the rule is repealed under subsections (1) to (4) of this section. 43

(7) Notwithstanding subsections (1) to (4) of this section, an agency may amend a rule without 44 prior notice or hearing if the amendment is solely for the purpose of: 45

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1 (a) Changing the name of an agency by reason of a name change prescribed by law;

2 (b) Changing the name of a program, office or division within an agency as long as the change

3 in name does not have a substantive effect on the functions of the program, office or division;

4 (c) Correcting spelling;

5 (d) Correcting grammatical mistakes in a manner that does not alter the scope, application or 6 meaning of the rule;

7 (e) Correcting statutory or rule references;

8 (f) Correcting addresses or telephone numbers referred to in the rules; or

9 (g) Changing a term or phrase in order to conform with a change prescribed by law.

10 (8)(a) Any person may request in writing that an agency send to the person copies of the 11 agency's notices of intended action issued under subsection (1) of this section. The person must 12 provide an address where the person elects to receive notices. The address provided may be a postal 13 mailing address or, if the agency provides notice by electronic mail, may be an electronic mailing 14 address.

(b) A request under this subsection must indicate that the person requests one of the following:
(A) The person may request that the agency mail paper copies of the proposed rule and other
information required by subsection (2) of this section to the postal mailing address.

(B) If the agency posts notices of intended action on a website, the person may request that the agency mail the information required by subsection (2)(a) of this section to the postal mailing address with a reference to the website where electronic copies of the proposed rule and other information required by subsection (2) of this section are posted.

(C) The person may request that the agency electronically mail the information required by subsection (2)(a) of this section to the electronic mailing address, and either provide electronic copies of the proposed rule and other information required by subsection (2) of this section or provide a reference to a website where electronic copies of the proposed rule and other information required by subsection (2) of this section are posted.

(c) Upon receipt of any request under this subsection, the agency shall acknowledge the request,
establish a mailing list and maintain a record of all mailings made pursuant to the request. Agencies
may establish procedures for establishing the mailing lists and keeping the mailing lists current.
Agencies by rule may establish fees necessary to defray the costs of mailings and maintenance of
the lists.

(d) Members of the Legislative Assembly who receive notices under subsection (15) of this sec tion may request that an agency furnish paper copies of the notices.

(9) This section does not apply to rules establishing an effective date for a previously effective
 rule or establishing a period during which a provision of a previously effective rule will apply.

(10) This section does not apply to ORS 279.835 to 279.855, 279A.140 to 279A.161, 279A.250 to
279A.290, 279A.990, 279B.050 to 279B.085, 279B.200 to 279B.240, 279B.270, 279B.275, 279B.280,
279C.360, 279C.365, 279C.370, 279C.375, 279C.380, 279C.385, 279C.500 to 279C.530, 279C.540, 279C.545,
279C.550 to 279C.570, 279C.580, 279C.585, 279C.590, 279C.600 to 279C.625, 279C.650 to 279C.670 and
279C.800 to 279C.870 relating to public contracts and purchasing.

(11)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection, a rule is not valid unless adopted
in substantial compliance with the provisions of this section in effect on the date that the notice
required under subsection (1) of this section is delivered to the Secretary of State for the purpose
of publication in the bulletin referred to in ORS 183.360.

45 (b) In addition to all other requirements with which rule adoptions must comply, a rule other

than a rule amended for a purpose described in subsection (7) of this section is not valid if the rule
 has not been submitted to the Legislative Counsel in the manner required by ORS 183.355 and
 183.715.

4 (c) A rule is not subject to judicial review or other challenge by reason of failing to comply with 5 subsection (2)(a)(A) of this section.

6 (12)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (11) of this section, but subject to paragraph 7 (b) of this subsection, an agency may correct its failure to substantially comply with the require-8 ments of subsections (2) and (5) of this section in adoption of a rule by an amended filing, as long 9 as the noncompliance did not substantially prejudice the interests of persons to be affected by the 10 rule.

(b) An agency may use an amended filing to correct a failure to include a fiscal impact statement in a notice of intended action, as required by subsection (2)(b)(E) of this section, or to correct an inaccurate fiscal impact statement, only if the agency developed the fiscal impact statement with the assistance of an advisory committee or fiscal impact advisory committee appointed under ORS 183.333.

16 (13) Unless otherwise provided by statute, the adoption, amendment or repeal of a rule by an 17 agency need not be based upon or supported by an evidentiary record.

(14) When an agency has established a deadline for comment on a proposed rule under the provisions of subsection (3)(a) of this section, the agency may not extend that deadline for another agency or person unless the extension applies equally to all interested agencies and persons. An agency shall not consider any submission made by another agency after the final deadline has passed.

(15) The notices required under subsections (1) and (3) of this section must be given by the agency to the following persons:

(a) If the proposed adoption, amendment or repeal results from legislation that was passed within two years before notice is given under subsection (1) of this section, notice shall be given to the legislator who introduced the bill that subsequently was enacted into law, and to the chair or cochairs of all committees that reported the bill out, except for those committees whose sole action on the bill was referral to another committee.

30 (b) If the proposed adoption, amendment or repeal does not result from legislation that was 31 passed within two years before notice is given under subsection (1) of this section, notice shall be 32 given to the chair or cochairs of any interim or session committee with authority over the subject 33 matter of the rule.

(c) If notice cannot be given under paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection, notice shall be given
to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the President of the Senate who are in office
on the date the notice is given.

(16)(a) Upon the request of a member of the Legislative Assembly or of a person who would be affected by a proposed adoption, amendment or repeal, the committees receiving notice under subsection (15) of this section shall review the proposed adoption, amendment or repeal for compliance with the legislation from which the proposed adoption, amendment or repeal results.

(b) The committees shall submit their comments on the proposed adoption, amendment or repealto the agency proposing the adoption, amendment or repeal.

43 **SECTION 2.** ORS 183.482 is amended to read:

183.482. (1) Jurisdiction for judicial review of contested cases is conferred upon the Court of
 Appeals. Proceedings for review shall be instituted by filing a petition in the Court of Appeals. The

petition shall be filed within 60 days only following the date the order upon which the petition is 1 based is served unless otherwise provided by statute. If a petition for rehearing has been filed, then 2 the petition for review shall be filed within 60 days only following the date the order denying the 3 petition for rehearing is served. If the agency does not otherwise act, a petition for rehearing or 4 reconsideration shall be deemed denied the 60th day following the date the petition was filed, and 5 in such cases, petition for judicial review shall be filed within 60 days only following such date. Date 6 of service shall be the date on which the agency delivered or mailed its order in accordance with 7 ORS 183.470. 8

9 (2) The petition shall state the nature of the order the petitioner desires reviewed, and shall 10 state whether the petitioner was a party to the administrative proceeding, was denied status as a party or is seeking judicial review as a person adversely affected or aggrieved by the agency order. 11 12 In the latter case, the petitioner shall, by supporting affidavit, state the facts showing how the 13 petitioner is adversely affected or aggrieved by the agency order. Before deciding the issues raised by the petition for review, the Court of Appeals shall decide, from facts set forth in the affidavit, 14 15 whether or not the petitioner is entitled to petition as an adversely affected or an aggrieved person. 16 Copies of the petition shall be served by registered or certified mail upon the agency, and all other parties of record in the agency proceeding. 17

(3)(a) The filing of the petition shall not stay enforcement of the agency order, but the agencymay do so upon a showing of:

20 (A) Irreparable injury to the petitioner; and

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(B) A colorable claim of error in the order.

(b) When a petitioner makes the showing required by paragraph (a) of this subsection, the agency shall grant the stay unless the agency determines that substantial public harm will result if the order is stayed. If the agency denies the stay, the denial shall be in writing and shall specifically state the substantial public harm that would result from the granting of the stay.

(c) When the agency grants a stay, the agency may impose such reasonable conditions as the giving of a bond, irrevocable letter of credit or other undertaking and that the petitioner file all documents necessary to bring the matter to issue before the Court of Appeals within specified reasonable periods of time.

(d) Agency denial of a motion for stay is subject to review by the Court of Appeals under such
 rules as the court may establish.

32(4) Within 30 days after service of the petition, or within such further time as the court may allow, the agency shall transmit to the reviewing court the original or a certified copy of the entire 33 34 record of the proceeding under review, but, by stipulation of all parties to the review proceeding, 35the record may be shortened. Any party unreasonably refusing to stipulate to limit the record may be taxed by the court for the additional costs. The court may require or permit subsequent cor-36 37 rections or additions to the record when deemed desirable. Except as specifically provided in this 38 subsection, the cost of the record shall not be taxed to the petitioner or any intervening party. However, the court may tax such costs and the cost of agency transcription of record to a party 39 40 filing a frivolous petition for review.

(5) If, on review of a contested case, before the date set for hearing, application is made to the court for leave to present additional evidence, and it is shown to the satisfaction of the court that the additional evidence is material and that there were good and substantial reasons for failure to present it in the proceeding before the agency, the court may order that the additional evidence be taken before the agency upon such conditions as the court deems proper. The agency may modify

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1 its findings and order by reason of the additional evidence and shall, within a time to be fixed by

the court, file with the reviewing court, to become a part of the record, the additional evidence,
together with any modifications or new findings or orders, or its certificate that the agency elects
to stand on its original findings and order, as the case may be.

5 (6) At any time subsequent to the filing of the petition for review and prior to the date set for hearing the agency may withdraw its order for purposes of reconsideration. If an agency withdraws 6 an order for purposes of reconsideration, the agency shall, within such time as the court may allow, 7 affirm, modify or reverse its order. If the petitioner is dissatisfied with the agency action after 8 9 withdrawal for purposes of reconsideration, the petitioner may refile the petition for review and the review shall proceed upon the revised order. An amended petition for review shall not be required 10 if the agency, on reconsideration, affirms the order or modifies the order with only minor 11 12 changes. If an agency withdraws an order for purposes of reconsideration and modifies or reverses 13 the order in favor of the petitioner, the court shall allow the petitioner costs, but not attorney fees, to be paid from funds available to the agency. 14

15 (7) Review of a contested case shall be confined to the record, and the court shall not substitute its judgment for that of the agency as to any issue of fact or agency discretion. In the case of dis-16 17 puted allegations of irregularities in procedure before the agency not shown in the record which, if 18 proved, would warrant reversal or remand, the Court of Appeals may refer the allegations to a 19 master appointed by the court to take evidence and make findings of fact upon them. The court shall 20remand the order for further agency action if the court finds that either the fairness of the pro-21ceedings or the correctness of the action may have been impaired by a material error in procedure 22or a failure to follow prescribed procedure, including a failure by the presiding officer to comply 23with the requirements of ORS 183.417 (8).

(8)(a) The court may affirm, reverse or remand the order. If the court finds that the agency has
erroneously interpreted a provision of law and that a correct interpretation compels a particular
action, the court shall:

27 (A) Set aside or modify the order; or

(B) Remand the case to the agency for further action under a correct interpretation of the pro-vision of law.

30 (b) The court shall remand the order to the agency if the court finds the agency's exercise of 31 discretion to be:

(A) Outside the range of discretion delegated to the agency by law;

(B) Inconsistent with an agency rule, an officially stated agency position, or a prior agency
 practice, if the inconsistency is not explained by the agency; or

35 (C) Otherwise in violation of a constitutional or statutory provision.

(c) The court shall set aside or remand the order if the court finds that the order is not supported by substantial evidence in the record. Substantial evidence exists to support a finding of fact
when the record, viewed as a whole, would permit a reasonable person to make that finding.

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(d) The court shall set aside or remand the order if the court finds that the agency action or the findings or conclusions supporting the order were arbitrary or capricious.

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SECTION 3. ORS 183.484 is amended to read:

42 183.484. (1) Jurisdiction for judicial review of orders other than contested cases is conferred 43 upon the Circuit Court for Marion County and upon the circuit court for the county in which the 44 petitioner resides or has a principal business office. Proceedings for review under this section shall 45 be instituted by filing a petition in the Circuit Court for Marion County or the circuit court for the 1 county in which the petitioner resides or has a principal business office.

2 (2) Petitions for review shall be filed within 60 days only following the date the order is served, 3 or if a petition for reconsideration or rehearing has been filed, then within 60 days only following 4 the date the order denying such petition is served. If the agency does not otherwise act, a petition 5 for rehearing or reconsideration shall be deemed denied the 60th day following the date the petition 6 was filed, and in such case petition for judicial review shall be filed within 60 days only following 7 such date. Date of service shall be the date on which the agency delivered or mailed its order in 8 accordance with ORS 183.470.

9 (3) The petition shall state the nature of the petitioner's interest, the facts showing how the 10 petitioner is adversely affected or aggrieved by the agency order and the ground or grounds upon 11 which the petitioner contends the order should be reversed or remanded. The review shall proceed 12 and be conducted by the court without a jury.

13 (4) At any time subsequent to the filing of the petition for review and prior to the date set for hearing, the agency may withdraw its order for purposes of reconsideration. If an agency withdraws 14 15 an order for purposes of reconsideration, it shall, within such time as the court may allow, affirm, 16 modify or reverse its order. If the petitioner is dissatisfied with the agency action after withdrawal for purposes of reconsideration, the petitioner may refile the petition for review and the review shall 17 18 proceed upon the revised order. An amended petition for review shall not be required if the agency, 19 on reconsideration, affirms the order or modifies the order with only minor changes. If an agency 20withdraws an order for purposes of reconsideration and modifies or reverses the order in favor of the petitioner, the court shall allow the petitioner costs, but not attorney fees, to be paid from funds 2122available to the agency.

(5)(a) The court may affirm, reverse or remand the order. If the court finds that the agency has
 erroneously interpreted a provision of law and that a correct interpretation compels a particular
 action, it shall:

26 (A) Set aside or modify the order; or

27 (B) Remand the case to the agency for further action under a correct interpretation of the pro-

28 vision of law.

(b) The court shall remand the order to the agency if [*it*] the court finds the agency's exercise
 of discretion to be:

31 (A) Outside the range of discretion delegated to the agency by law;

(B) Inconsistent with an agency rule, an officially stated agency position, or a prior agency
 practice, if the inconsistency is not explained by the agency; or

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(C) Otherwise in violation of a constitutional or statutory provision.

35 (c) The court shall set aside or remand the order [*if*] **the court** it finds that the order is not 36 supported by substantial evidence in the record. Substantial evidence exists to support a finding of 37 fact when the record, viewed as a whole, would permit a reasonable person to make that finding.

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(d) The court shall set aside or remand the order if the court finds that the agency action or the findings or conclusions supporting the order were arbitrary or capricious.

(6) In the case of reversal the court shall make special findings of fact based upon the evidence
in the record and conclusions of law indicating clearly all aspects in which the agency's order is
erroneous.

43 <u>SECTION 4.</u> The amendments to ORS 183.335 by section 1 of this 2023 Act apply to notices
 44 of intended action given on or after the effective date of this 2023 Act.

45 SECTION 5. The amendments to ORS 183.482 and 183.484 by sections 2 and 3 of this 2023

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1 Act apply to orders served on or after the effective date of this 2023 Act.

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