SB 819 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

Senate Committee On Education

Action Date: 02/28/23

Action: Do pass with amendments. (Printed A-Eng.)

Vote: 6-0-1-0

Yeas: 6 - Anderson, Dembrow, Frederick, Gelser Blouin, President Wagner, Weber

Exc: 1 - Robinson

Fiscal: Fiscal impact issued **Revenue:** No revenue impact

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Meeting Dates: 2/7, 2/21, 2/28

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Modifies statutes related to abbreviated school days for students with disabilities or who may have a disability. Establishes requirement that school district must document efforts to provide access to full school days before considering or recommending a student with disabilities for abbreviated school days. Prohibits school districts from considering, recommending, or implementing abbreviated school days due to staffing. Prohibits school districts from unilaterally placing student on abbreviated school days. Allows the student's individualized education program (IEP) team to recommend abbreviated school days based on a student's individual needs only after the opportunity for a parent or foster parent to meaningfully participate in discussion of placement, after the district documents one alternative that was offered as well as the specific provisions of the abbreviated school day program, and only after parent or foster parent is provided with written information and provides informed written consent. Requires documentation to include: how program will support the student's return to full school days, how the program will help the student make progress toward their goals, how progress will be measured, and the date by which the student is expected to return to full days.

Beginning July 1, 2023, establishes requirements for districts when student is placed on abbreviated school day program, including providing written information to parent or foster parent every 30 days, obtaining signed acknowledgment from parent or foster parent every 30 days, holding IEP team meeting every 30 days, and inclusion of written statement in student's IEP. Requires districts to inform Oregon Department of Education (ODE) every 30 days about student's placement on abbreviated school day program and establishes reporting requirements. Requires school district and education service district superintendent to review students' placement on abbreviated school day program if student remains on abbreviated days more than 60 consecutive days. Requires school district and education service district superintendent to find and document that the placement is compliant with state and federal law, or find that the placement is not compliant and return the student to full school days within five school days. Establishes requirement for school district and education service district superintendents to document credit recovery, comprehensive, and compensatory services in cases of high school students not expected to graduate on time and placed on abbreviated days. Requires local superintendents to provide all documentation compiled in reviews to ODE and student's parent or foster parent within five school days. Allows parents or foster parents to revoke consent for abbreviated school days at any time by submitting revocation or objection in writing. Requires local superintendents to ensure that student is placed on full school days within five school days of receiving revocation.

Requires ODE to find a district nonstandard if student is not returned to full school days within specified time. Requires ODE to initiate investigation upon receiving complaint or whenever it has cause to believe a district is not in compliance with Act. Requires ODE to inform district of any noncompliance within 30 days. Requires Superintendent of Public Instruction (SPI) to presume that receipt of a complaint means that consent has been

Carrier: Sen. Gelser Blouin

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revoked and order student returned to full days. Requires SPI, upon finding that students were placed on abbreviated school days in violation of Act, to order that students be returned to full school days within five school days. Requires SPI to find district nonstandard and withhold prorated State School Fund moneys if district fails to comply within specified timelines. Requires SPI to ensure district provides student with compensatory education if district is found to have violated Act. Allows Teacher Standards and Practices Commission (TSPC) to discipline school district superintendents for failing to restore students to full school days when required by Act.

Exempts abbreviated school days imposed as component of disciplinary measures allowed under ORS 339.250, exclusion from school based on immunization status, exclusion from school based on public health emergency, abbreviated days for students who have fulfilled all state requirements for graduation when parent or foster parent agrees to abbreviated day program, students in local and regional correctional facilities who have access to same number of hours of instruction as others in their program, students enrolled in hospital education programs who have access to same number of hours of instruction as others in their program, students enrolled in the School for the Deaf who have access to the same number of hours of instruction as others in their program, students who are homeschooled, and students who are excluded from school based on a court order.

Repeals current abbreviated school day programs law.

Prohibits TSPC from taking disciplinary action against school district superintendent if student was placed on abbreviated school day program prior to February 1, 2023 unless superintendent has failed to restore access to full school days within 10 school days of finding such placement to be in violation of law, finding that parent or foster parent has revoked consent, or complying within 10 school days with order of SPI.

Declares emergency, effective March 27, 2023.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

- Needs of students with disabilities
- Civil rights protections for students with disabilities
- Individuals with Disabilities Education Act
- Causes of students being placed on abbreviated days
- Effects of abbreviated days on students
- Staffing challenges faced by school districts

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

Replaces the measure.

BACKGROUND:

In January, 2019, advocates for students with disabilities filed a class-action lawsuit in federal court, alleging that the State of Oregon had failed to ensure that students with disabilities had access to the educational opportunities guaranteed to them. At issue were instances of Oregon school districts placing students with disabilities onto shortened school days and the Oregon Department of Education's failure to take the steps necessary to ensure these students' rights to a free, appropriate public education were upheld. In June 2022, a court-ordered neutral fact-finder issued a report detailing their findings, including that there is no consistent use of signed parental permission, there are no mandated trainings provided by ODE, districts' record-keeping is often poor or neglected, the state has no effective or efficient way to gather data or monitor the use of shortened days, some districts withheld information, students are sometimes placed in permanent shortened-day programs, students are often required to "earn" a full school day, students often did not have any behavioral goals or a behavioral intervention plan, and in many cases, parental consent was not obtained.

The State Board enacted a General Supervision Rule in July 2022 (OAR 581-015-2015) that allows the department to monitor whether school districts are operating in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. The rule is specific to programs for students with disabilities and allows the department to provide technical assistance,

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coaching, and professional development; to notify districts of any identified noncompliance within three months (or 30 days in certain cases); and to take any required corrective action. The rule requires districts to take specific actions and provides the department with the ability to withhold funds.

Senate Bill 819 A clarifies existing provisions and enacts new requirements related to the placement of students with disabilities, or who may have disabilities, onto abbreviated school days.