LC 524 2023 Regular Session 25700-003 11/3/22 (JLM/ps)

DRAFT

SUMMARY

Changes title of "district medical examiner" to "county medical examiner." Changes title of "medical-legal death investigator" to "medicolegal death investigator."

Eliminates partial reimbursement by state of certain county autopsy expenditures.

Modifies types of deaths medical investigator must investigate.

Removes authority of district attorney to order blood or urine samples for analysis in death investigation. Authorizes medical examiner to take vitreous fluid sample for analysis in death investigation.

Authorizes vitreous fluid sample to be taken when death results from motor vehicle accident.

Limits duty of Chief Medical Examiner to perform autopsies to circumstances when office has sufficient capacity.

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to death investigations; amending ORS 146.003, 146.025, 146.035,
146.045, 146.055, 146.065, 146.075, 146.080, 146.085, 146.088, 146.090, 146.095,
146.100, 146.103, 146.107, 146.109, 146.113, 146.117, 146.125, 146.135, 181A.080
and 433.449.

6 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

7 **SECTION 1.** ORS 146.003 is amended to read:

8 146.003. As used in ORS 146.003 to 146.189 and 146.710 to 146.992, unless
9 the context requires otherwise:

10 (1) "Approved laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the Chief 11 Medical Examiner as competent to perform the blood sample analysis re-12 quired by ORS 146.113 (2).

13 (2) "Assistant [district] county medical examiner" means a physician ap-NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type. pointed by the [district] county medical examiner to investigate and certify
 deaths within a county or district.

3 (3) "Cause of death" means the primary or basic disease process or injury
4 ending life.

(4) "County medical examiner" means a physician appointed by the
Chief Medical Examiner to investigate and certify deaths within a
county or district, including a Deputy State Medical Examiner.

8 [(4)] (5) "Death requiring investigation" means the death of a person oc9 curring in any one of the circumstances set forth in ORS 146.090.

10 [(5) "District medical examiner" means a physician appointed by the Chief 11 Medical Examiner to investigate and certify deaths within a county or district, 12 including a Deputy State Medical Examiner.]

(6) "Law enforcement agency" means a county sheriff's office, municipal
police department, police department established by a university under ORS
352.121 or 353.125 and the Oregon State Police.

[(7) "Legal intervention" includes an execution pursuant to ORS 137.463,
 137.467 and 137.473 and other legal use of force resulting in death.]

[(8)] (7) "Manner of death" means the designation of the probable mode
of production of the cause of death, including natural, accidental, suicidal,
homicidal[, *legal intervention*] or undetermined.

[(9)] (8) "Medical examiner" means a physician appointed as provided by ORS 146.003 to 146.189 to investigate and certify the cause and manner of deaths requiring investigation, including the Chief Medical Examiner.

[(10)] (9) "[Medical-legal] Medicolegal death investigator" means a person appointed by the [district] county medical examiner to assist in the investigation of deaths within a county.

[(11)] (10) "Pathologist" means a physician holding a current license to practice medicine and surgery and who is eligible for certification by the American Board of Pathology.

30 [(12)] (11) "Unidentified human remains" does not include human remains 31 that are unidentified human remains that are part of an archaeological site

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or suspected of being Native American and covered under ORS chapters 97
and 390 and ORS 358.905 to 358.961.

3 **SECTION 2.** ORS 146.025 is amended to read:

4 146.025. In addition to the duties set forth in ORS 146.015 the State
5 Medical Examiner Advisory Board shall:

6 (1) Recommend to the Oregon Department of Administrative Services the 7 qualifications and compensation for the positions of Chief Medical Examiner 8 and Deputy State Medical Examiner.

9 (2) Recommend to the county courts the compensation of the [district]
10 county medical examiners and assistant [district] county medical examiners.
11 (3) Recommend to [district] county medical examiners and district attor12 neys the qualifications for [medical-legal] medicolegal death investigators.

(4) Approve or disapprove of a single district [medical examiner's] office
for the county medical examiner of two or more counties as provided by
ORS 146.065 (5).

(5) Recommend a proposed budget for the Office of the Chief MedicalExaminer to the Department of State Police.

(6) Annually review the Chief Medical Examiner's report prescribed by
ORS 146.055 and report to the Superintendent of State Police and to the
State Board of Health regarding the operation of the Office of the Chief
Medical Examiner.

22 SECTION 3. ORS 146.035 is amended to read:

146.035. (1) There is established within the Department of State Police the
Office of the Chief Medical Examiner for the purpose of directing and supporting the state death investigation program.

(2) The Chief Medical Examiner shall manage all aspects of the Officeof the Chief Medical Examiner's program.

(3) Subject to the State Personnel Relations Law, the Chief Medical Examiner may employ or discharge other personnel of the Office of the Chief
Medical Examiner.

31 (4) The Office of the Chief Medical Examiner shall:

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(a) File and maintain appropriate reports on all deaths requiring investi gation that are submitted to the office by a county or district office
 of the county medical examiner.

4 (b) Maintain an accurate list of all active [*district*] **county** medical ex-5 aminers, assistant [*district*] **county** medical examiners and designated 6 pathologists.

7 (c) Transmit monthly to the Department of Transportation a report for
8 the preceding calendar month of all information obtained under ORS 146.113.
9 (5) Notwithstanding ORS 192.345 (36):

(a) Any parent, spouse, sibling, child or personal representative of the
deceased, or any person who may be criminally or civilly liable for the death,
or their authorized representatives respectively, may examine and obtain
copies of any medical examiner's report, autopsy report or laboratory test
report ordered by a medical examiner under ORS 146.117.

(b) The system described in ORS 192.517 (1) shall have access to reports
described in this subsection as provided in ORS 192.517.

17 **SECTION 4.** ORS 146.045 is amended to read:

18 146.045. (1) After consultation with the State Medical Examiner Advisory
19 Board, the Chief Medical Examiner shall appoint each Deputy State Medical
20 Examiner.

21 (2) The Chief Medical Examiner shall:

(a) Appoint and discharge each [*district*] county medical examiner as
provided by ORS 146.065 (2).

(b) Designate those pathologists authorized to perform autopsies under
ORS 146.117 (2).

(c) Approve those laboratories authorized to perform the analyses re quired under ORS 146.113 (2).

28 (3) The Chief Medical Examiner may:

(a) Assume control of a death investigation in cooperation with the dis-trict attorney.

31 (b) Order an autopsy in a death requiring investigation.

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1 (c) Certify the cause and manner of a death requiring investigation.

2 (d) Amend a previously completed report on a death requiring investi-3 gation.

4 (e) Order a body exhumed in a death requiring investigation.

5 (f) Designate a Deputy State Medical Examiner as Acting Chief Medical6 Examiner.

7 (g) After a reasonable and thorough investigation, complete and file a 8 report of death for a person whose body is not found.

9 [(4) Distribution of moneys from the Chief Medical Examiner's budget for 10 partial reimbursement of each county's autopsy expenditures shall be made 11 subject to approval of the Chief Medical Examiner.]

[(5)] (4) Within 45 days of receipt of information that a person is missing at sea and presumed dead, the Chief Medical Examiner shall determine whether the information is credible and, if so, complete and file a report of death for the person presumed dead. If the information is determined not to be credible, the Chief Medical Examiner may continue the death investigation.

18 [(6)(a)] (5)(a) If the Search and Rescue Coordinator and a county sheriff 19 investigate a person missing in the wilderness or a forested environment and 20 determine that the person is believed to be deceased, the sheriff shall send 21 documentation of the investigation and determination to the Chief Medical 22 Examiner.

(b) Within seven days after receiving documentation under paragraph (a)
of this subsection, the Chief Medical Examiner shall evaluate the credibility
of the investigation and the determination that the person is believed to be
deceased.

(c) If the Chief Medical Examiner, based on the evaluation under paragraph (b) of this subsection and the Chief Medical Examiner's field of expertise, determines that there is no reasonable suspicion that the person is not deceased, the Chief Medical Examiner shall complete and file a report of death for the person believed to be deceased within 45 days after making

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1 the determination.

(d)(A) If the Chief Medical Examiner, based on the evaluation under $\mathbf{2}$ paragraph (b) of this subsection and the Chief Medical Examiner's field of 3 expertise, determines that there is a reasonable suspicion that the person is 4 not deceased, the Chief Medical Examiner shall report to the sheriff with the 5basis for the determination and a list of any missing information that would 6 aid the Chief Medical Examiner in evaluating the credibility of the investi-7 gation and the determination that the person is believed to be deceased. 8

(B) Upon receiving a report under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the 9 sheriff shall make a reasonable effort to provide the missing information 10 listed by the Chief Medical Examiner. 11

12(C) After issuing a report under this paragraph, the Chief Medical Examiner shall continue the death investigation in conjunction with the sheriff 13 and the Search and Rescue Coordinator until the sheriff issues a final report 14 on the missing person. If, at any time, the Chief Medical Examiner deter-15mines, based on the Chief Medical Examiner's field of expertise, that there 16 is no reasonable suspicion that the person is not deceased, the Chief Medical 17Examiner shall complete and file a report of death for the person believed 18 to be deceased within 45 days after making the determination. 19

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SECTION 5. ORS 146.055 is amended to read:

146.055. (1) The Chief Medical Examiner shall assist and advise [district] 21county medical examiners in the performance of their duties. 22

(2) The Chief Medical Examiner shall perform autopsies, if in the judg-23ment of the Chief Medical Examiner the Office of the Chief Medical Ex-24**aminer has sufficient capacity to perform the autopsy and** such autopsy 25is necessary in any death requiring investigation, when requested by a 26county medical examiner or district attorney. 27

(3) The Chief Medical Examiner shall regularly conduct training pro-28grams for the [district] offices of the county medical examiners and law 29enforcement agencies. 30

31 (4) The Chief Medical Examiner shall submit an annual report to the

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State Medical Examiner Advisory Board detailing the activities and accom plishments of the state and each county office in the preceding year as well
 as a cost analysis of the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner.

4 **SECTION 6.** ORS 146.065 is amended to read:

5 146.065. (1) In each county **or district** there shall be a **county** medical 6 examiner for the purpose of investigating and certifying the cause and man-7 ner of deaths requiring investigation.

8 (2) Each [*district*] **county** medical examiner shall be appointed by the 9 Chief Medical Examiner with approval of the appropriate board or boards 10 of commissioners and may be discharged by the Chief Medical Examiner 11 without such approval.

(3) If the position of [*district*] county medical examiner is vacant, the
local health officer shall temporarily act as medical examiner in cooperation
with the Chief Medical Examiner until the vacancy is filled.

(4) If the positions of [district] county medical examiner and local health
officer are both vacant, the district attorney shall temporarily act as medical
examiner in cooperation with the Chief Medical Examiner until the vacancy
is filled.

(5) Two or more counties, with the approval of the State Medical Examiner Advisory Board and commissioners of each county, may form a district
[medical examiner's] office for the county medical examiner instead of an
individual office for each [such] county.

(6) When a county or district has a population of 200,000 or more persons,
the Chief Medical Examiner may, with the approval of the State Medical
Examiner Advisory Board, appoint a Deputy State Medical Examiner for that
county or district.

(7) The compensation of the Deputy State Medical Examiner shall be paidby the state from funds available for such purpose.

(8) The services of the Deputy State Medical Examiner may be contracted
by the Department of State Police. These contracts may be terminated by
either party at any time by written notice to the other party to the agree-

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ment and, upon termination, the appointment of such Deputy State Medical
 Examiner is terminated.

3 **SECTION 7.** ORS 146.075 is amended to read:

4 146.075. (1) The [district] county medical examiner shall serve as the ad-5 ministrator of the county or district [medical examiner's] office of the 6 county medical examiner. Subject to applicable provisions of a county 7 personnel policy or civil service law, the [district] county medical examiner 8 may employ such other personnel as the [district] county medical examiner 9 deems necessary to operate the office.

10 (2) All expenses of equipping, maintaining and operating the **county or** 11 district [*medical examiner's*] office **of the county medical examiner**, in-12 cluding the compensation of the [*district*] **county** medical examiner and as-13 sistant [*district*] **county** medical examiners, shall be paid by the county or 14 counties of the district from funds budgeted for such purpose.

(3) When a [*district*] county medical examiner also serves as local health
officer, the county shall separately budget the compensation and expenses to
be paid for medical examiner's duties.

(4) All expenses of death investigations shall be paid from county funds budgeted for such purpose [except that, in counties under 200,000 population upon the approval of the Chief Medical Examiner, one-half of the costs of autopsies ordered under ORS 146.117 shall be paid annually by the state from funds for such purpose. If funds available for this payment are insufficient to meet one-half of these costs, even proportional payments to the counties shall be made].

(5) Expenses of burial or other disposition of an unclaimed body shall be
paid by the county where the death occurs, as provided by ORS 146.100 (2),
in the manner provided by ORS 146.121 (4).

28 (6) Each **county or** district office shall maintain copies of the:

29 (a) Reports of death investigation by the medical examiner;

30 (b) Autopsy reports;

31 (c) Laboratory analysis reports; and

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1 (d) Inventories of money or property of the deceased taken into custody 2 during the investigation.

3 (7) Reports and inventories maintained by the county or district office
4 shall be available for inspection as provided by ORS 146.035 (5).

5 (8) Copies of reports of death investigations by medical examiners and 6 autopsy reports shall be forwarded to the Office of the Chief Medical Ex-7 aminer.

8 (9) Each **county or** district office shall maintain current records of:

9 (a) All assistant [*district*] **county** medical examiners appointed.

(b) Appointments of each [medical-legal] medicolegal death investigator
appointed for the county or district.

(c) The name, address and director of each licensed funeral home locatedwithin the county or district.

(10) Each county or district office shall immediately in writing notify the
Office of the Chief Medical Examiner of all appointments and resignations
of their medicolegal death investigators and all resignations of their
medical examiners.

18 **SECTION 8.** ORS 146.080 is amended to read:

19 146.080. (1) Each [district] county medical examiner may appoint one or
 20 more assistant [district] county medical examiners.

(2) The qualifications of an assistant [*district*] county medical examiner
 shall be prescribed by the State Medical Examiner Advisory Board.

(3) When delegated by the [district] county medical examiner, an assistant [district] county medical examiner shall:

(a) Assist the [*district*] county medical examiner in investigating and
 certifying deaths.

(b) Have the authority and responsibility to investigate and certify deathsrequiring investigation.

29 **SECTION 9.** ORS 146.085 is amended to read:

146.085. (1) The [*district*] **county** medical examiner shall appoint, subject to the approval of the district attorney and applicable civil service regu-

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lations, qualified [medical-legal] medicolegal death investigators, including
 the sheriff or a deputy sheriff and a member of the Oregon State Police for
 each county. Other peace officers may also be appointed as [medical-legal]
 medicolegal death investigators.

5 (2) The [district] county medical examiner and the district attorney shall 6 establish qualifications for [medical-legal] medicolegal death investigators.

7 (3) Each [medical-legal] **medicolegal** death investigator shall be individ-8 ually appointed and the name of the [medical-legal] **medicolegal** death in-9 vestigator shall be on file in the office of the [district] **county** medical 10 examiner.

11 (4) A [*medical-legal*] **medicolegal** death investigator shall investigate 12 deaths subject to the control and direction of the [*district*] **county** medical 13 examiner or the district attorney.

14 (5) A [*medical-legal*] **medicolegal** death investigator may authorize the 15 removal of the body of a deceased person from the apparent place of death.

(6) The [*medical-legal*] medicolegal death investigator may not authorize
embalming, order a post-mortem examination or autopsy, or certify the cause
and manner of death.

19 **SECTION 10.** ORS 146.088 is amended to read:

146.088. A [*district*] **county** medical examiner, [*medical-legal*] **medicolegal** death investigator, assistant [*district*] **county** medical examiner or designated pathologist is deemed to be an officer or employee of a public body for purposes of ORS 30.260 to 30.300 while acting as a [*district*] **county** medical examiner, [*medical-legal*] **medicolegal** death investigator, assistant [*district*] **county** medical examiner or designated pathologist.

26 **SECTION 11.** ORS 146.090 is amended to read:

146.090. (1) The medical examiner shall investigate and certify the causeand manner of all human deaths:

(a) Apparently homicidal, suicidal or occurring under suspicious or un known circumstances;

31 (b) Resulting from the unlawful use of controlled substances or the use

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1 or abuse of chemicals or toxic agents;

2 (c) Occurring while incarcerated in any jail, correction facility or in po3 lice custody;

4 (d) Apparently accidental or following an injury;

5 (e) By disease, injury or toxic agent during or arising from employment;

6 (f) While not under the care of a physician [during the period immediately
7 previous to death] within one year prior to the date of death;

8 (g) Related to disease which might constitute a threat to the public9 health; or

(h) In which a human body apparently has been disposed of in an offen-sive manner.

(2) As used in this section, "offensive manner" means a manner offensiveto the generally accepted standards of the community.

14 **SECTION 12.** ORS 146.095 is amended to read:

15 146.095. (1) The [*district*] **county** medical examiner and the district at-16 torney for the county where death occurs, as provided by ORS 146.100 (2), 17 shall be responsible for the investigation of all deaths requiring investi-18 gation.

(2) The medical examiner shall certify the manner and the cause of all
deaths which the medical examiner is required to investigate. The report of
death shall be submitted to a county registrar as required by ORS 432.133.

(3) The medical examiner shall make a report of death investigation to
the Chief Medical Examiner as soon as possible after being notified of a
death requiring investigation.

(4) Within five days after notification of a death requiring investigation,
the medical examiner or medicolegal death investigator shall make a
written report of the investigation and file it in the county or district
[medical examiner's] office of the county medical examiner.

(5) The [district] county medical examiner shall supervise the assistant
 [district] county medical examiners and [medical-legal] medicolegal death
 investigators in cooperation with the district attorney.

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1 (6) The [*district*] **county** medical examiner shall regularly conduct ad-2 ministrative training programs for the assistant [*district*] **county** medical 3 examiners, [*medical-legal*] **medicolegal** death investigators and law enforce-4 ment agencies.

5 **SECTION 13.** ORS 146.100 is amended to read:

6 146.100. (1) Death investigations shall be under the direction of the [*dis*-7 *trict*] **county** medical examiner and the district attorney for the county 8 where the death occurs.

9 (2) For purposes of ORS 146.003 to 146.189, if the county where death oc-10 curs is unknown, the death shall be deemed to have occurred in the county 11 where the body is found, except that if in an emergency the body is moved 12 by conveyance to another county and is dead on arrival, the death shall be 13 deemed to have occurred in the county from which the body was originally 14 removed.

(3) The [district] county medical examiner or an assistant [district]
 county medical examiner for the county where death occurs shall be imme diately notified of:

18 (a) All deaths requiring investigation; and

(b) All deaths of persons admitted to a hospital or institution for less than
24 hours, although the medical examiner need not investigate nor certify
such deaths.

(4) No person having knowledge of a death requiring investigation shall
intentionally or knowingly fail to make notification thereof as required by
subsection (3) of this section.

(5) The [*district*] **county** medical examiner or [*medical-legal*] **medicolegal** death investigator shall immediately notify the district attorney for the county where death occurs of all deaths requiring investigation except for those specified by ORS 146.090 (1)(d) to (g).

(6) All peace officers, health care providers as defined in ORS 192.556,
supervisors of penal institutions, supervisors of youth correction facilities,
juvenile community supervision officers as defined in ORS 420.905, and

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1 supervisors of hospitals or institutions caring for the ill or helpless shall cooperate with the medical examiner or [medical-legal] medicolegal death $\mathbf{2}$ investigator by providing a decedent's medical records and tissue samples 3 and any other material necessary to conduct the death investigation of the 4 decedent and shall make notification of deaths as required by subsection (3) 5of this section. A person who cooperates with the medical examiner or 6 7 [medical-legal] medicolegal death investigator in accordance with this subsection does not: 8

9 (a) Waive any claim of privilege applicable to, or the confidentiality of, 10 the materials and records provided.

(b) Waive any claim that the materials and records are subject to an exemption from disclosure under ORS 192.311 to 192.478.

(c) Violate the restrictions on disclosing or providing copies of reportsand other materials in ORS 419A.257.

15 (7) Records or materials described in subsection (6) of this section may 16 be released by the medical examiner or [*medical-legal*] **medicolegal** death 17 investigator only pursuant to a valid court order.

(8)(a) If a death is suspected to be suicide and the decedent was 24 years of age or younger, the [district] county medical examiner or [medical-legal] medicolegal death investigator shall notify the local mental health authority in the county where the death occurred and, if the decedent was a member of a federally recognized Oregon tribe, shall also notify the tribe's mental health authority.

(b) For the purposes of this subsection, the manner of death is suspected 24to be suicide if the [district] county medical examiner, the assistant 25[district] county medical examiner, a pathologist authorized under ORS 26146.045 (2)(b) or a designee of the [district] county medical examiner, in-27cluding a [medical-legal] medicolegal death investigator, confirms orally or 28in writing that the [district] county medical examiner, assistant [district] 29county medical examiner, pathologist or designee of the [district] county 30 medical examiner reasonably believes that the manner of death was suicide. 31

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1 (c) The notification under this subsection must include the decedent's 2 name, date of birth, date of death, suspected manner of death and cause of 3 death.

(d) The notification under this subsection may include any other information that the [district] county medical examiner or [medical-legal]
medicolegal death investigator determines is necessary to preserve the
public health and that is not otherwise protected from public disclosure by
state or federal law, including information regarding the decedent's school
attended and extracurricular activities.

(e) The [district] county medical examiner or [medical-legal] medicolegal
 death investigator must provide the notification under this subsection no
 later than:

(A) 48 hours after receiving notification of the death if the county wherethe death occurred has a population of 400,000 or more; or

(B) 72 hours after receiving notification of the death if the county wherethe death occurred has a population of fewer than 400,000.

(f) As used in this subsection, "local mental health authority" has themeaning given that term in ORS 430.630.

19 **SECTION 14.** ORS 146.103 is amended to read:

146.103. (1) In a death requiring an investigation, no person shall move a human body or body suspected of being human, or remove any of the effects of the deceased or instruments or weapons related to the death without the permission of a medical examiner, [*medical-legal*] **a medicolegal** death investigator or the district attorney.

25 (2) No person shall move or remove any of the items specified in sub-26 section (1) of this section if the medical examiner or district attorney objects.

(3) A medical examiner, district attorney or [medical-legal] medicolegal
death investigator shall take custody of or exercise control over the body,
the effects of the deceased and any weapons, instruments, vehicles, buildings
or premises which the medical examiner, district attorney or [medical-legal]
medicolegal death investigator has reason to believe were involved in the

[14]

1 death, in order to preserve evidence relating to the cause and manner of2 death.

(4) In a death requiring investigation, no person shall undress, embalm,
cleanse the surface of the body or otherwise alter the appearance or the state
of the body without the permission of the medical examiner or the district
attorney.

7 **SECTION 15.** ORS 146.107 is amended to read:

8 146.107. (1) A medical examiner, [*medical-legal*] **medicolegal** death inves-9 tigator or district attorney may enter any room, dwelling, building or other 10 place in which the medical examiner, [*medical-legal*] **medicolegal** death in-11 vestigator or district attorney has reasonable cause to believe that a body 12 or evidence of the circumstances of death requiring investigation may be 13 found.

(2) If refused entry, the medical examiner, [*medical-legal*] **medicolegal** death investigator or district attorney may apply to any judge authorized to issue search warrants for an order to enter such premises, search for and seize a body or any evidence of the cause or manner of death.

(3) Upon application supported by an affidavit setting forth facts and
circumstances tending to show that a body or such evidence of death is in
the place to be searched, the judge shall issue such order to enter and search
and seize.

(4) To preserve evidence, a medical examiner, [medical-legal] medicolegal
death investigator or district attorney may:

(a) Place under the custody or control of the medical examiner,
[medical-legal] medicolegal death investigator or district attorney, or enclose or lock any room, dwelling, building or other enclosure for a period
of not more than five days.

28 (b) Rope off or otherwise restrict entry to any open area.

(c) Forbid the entrance of any unauthorized person into the area specifiedunder paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection.

31 (5) No person shall enter upon the enclosures or areas specified in sub-

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1 section (4) of this section without the permission of the medical examiner,

2 [medical-legal] medicolegal death investigator or district attorney.

3 **SECTION 16.** ORS 146.109 is amended to read:

146.109. (1) Upon identifying the body, the medical examiner shall immediately attempt to locate the next of kin or responsible friends to obtain the
designation of a funeral home to which the deceased is to be taken.

(2) If unable to promptly obtain a designation of funeral home from the 7 next of kin or responsible friends, the medical examiner or [medical-legal] 8 medicolegal death investigator shall designate the funeral home. In desig-9 home, the medical examiner nating the funeral or [medical-legal] 10 medicolegal death investigator shall be fair and equitable among the funeral 11 12homes listed in the office of the [district] county medical examiner.

13 **SECTION 17.** ORS 146.113 is amended to read:

14 146.113. (1) A medical examiner [*or district attorney*] may, in any death 15 requiring investigation, order samples of blood, [*or*] urine **or vitreous fluid** 16 taken for laboratory analysis.

(2) When a death requiring an investigation as a result of a motor vehicle accident occurs within five hours after the accident and the deceased is over 13 years of age, a blood **or vitreous fluid** sample shall be taken and forwarded to an approved laboratory for analysis. Such blood or [*urine*] **vitreous fluid** samples shall be analyzed for the presence and quantity of ethyl alcohol, and if considered necessary by the Chief Medical Examiner, the presence of cannabis or controlled substances.

(3) Laboratory reports of the analysis shall be made a part of the Chief
Medical Examiner's and [*district*] county medical examiner's files.

26 SECTION 18. ORS 146.117 is amended to read:

146.117. (1) A medical examiner or district attorney may order an autopsy performed in any death requiring investigation and, following such order, the medical examiner shall perform the autopsy provided that the Chief Medical Examiner determines the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner has sufficient capacity to perform the autopsy. This authorization for an autopsy shall permit the pathologist to remove and retain body
tissues or organs from the deceased for the purpose of the legal or medical
determination of the manner or cause of death, or other purposes approved
under policies established by the State Medical Examiner Advisory Board.

5 (2) If an autopsy is ordered, the medical examiner shall obtain the ser-6 vices of a pathologist authorized under ORS 146.045 (2)(b).

7 (3) A pathologist may not receive compensation for performing the
8 autopsy if, as medical examiner, the pathologist ordered the autopsy.

9 **SECTION 19.** ORS 146.125 is amended to read:

10 146.125. (1) The medical examiner, [medical-legal] medicolegal death in-11 vestigator, district attorney or sheriff may temporarily retain possession of 12 any property found on the body or in the possession of the deceased that in 13 the opinion of the medical examiner, [medical-legal] medicolegal death in-14 vestigator, district attorney or sheriff may be useful in establishing the cause 15 or manner of death or may be used in further proceedings.

16 (2) When a medical examiner, [medical-legal] medicolegal death investi-17 gator, district attorney or sheriff assumes control or custody of money or 18 personal property found on the body or in the possession of the deceased, the 19 medical examiner, [medical-legal] medicolegal death investigator, district 20 attorney or sheriff shall:

21 (a) Make a verified inventory of such money or property.

(b) File the inventory in the county or district [medical examiner's] office
of the county medical examiner.

(c) Deposit the money with the county treasurer to the credit of thecounty general fund.

(3) If personal property is not retained by the medical examiner,
[medical-legal] medicolegal death investigator, district attorney or sheriff,
and is not claimed within 30 days, the inventory shall be filed with the board
of county commissioners to be disposed of as follows:

30 (a) If the property has value, the board may order it sold and after de-31 ducting the cost of sale, shall deposit the proceeds of the sale with the

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1 county treasurer to the credit of the county general fund.

(b) If the property has no value in the judgment of the board, the board
may order the sheriff to destroy such property.

4 (4) Any expenses incurred by the county in transporting or disposing of
5 the body may be deducted from the money or proceeds of the sale of personal
6 property before it is delivered to a claimant.

(5) If it appears that the person whose death required investigation died
wholly intestate and without heirs, the county whose official has control or
custody of the property shall notify an estate administrator of the State
Treasurer appointed under ORS 113.235 within 15 days after the death.

(6) If a legally qualified personal representative, spouse, next of kin or
 estate administrator of the State Treasurer:

(a) Claims the money of the deceased, the county treasurer shall, subject
to the provisions of subsection (4) of this section, deliver such money to the
claimant.

16 (b) Within 30 days, claims the personal property of the deceased, the 17 property shall be delivered to such claimant subject to the provisions of 18 subsections (1) and (5) of this section.

(7) If money of the deceased is not claimed within seven years, the money is presumed abandoned as provided by ORS 98.302 to 98.436 and 98.992 and the board of county commissioners shall order the county treasurer to deliver and report the money to the State Treasurer as required by ORS 98.352.

23 SECTION 20. ORS 146.135 is amended to read:

146.135. (1) The district attorney for the county where the death occurs may order an inquest to obtain a jury finding of the cause and manner of death in any case requiring investigation.

(2) For the purpose of conducting an inquest, the district attorney shall
have the powers of a judicial officer as described by ORS 1.240 and 1.250.

(3) The district attorney shall advise the jury of inquest as to its dutiesand instruct the jury on questions of law.

31 (4) The district attorney shall cause a record of the inquest proceedings

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to be made which shall include the written order of inquest, a record of thetestimony of witnesses and the written verdict of the jury.

(5) Within a reasonable time after the verdict is returned, the record of
inquest shall be filed in the county or district [medical examiner's] office
of the county medical examiner for the county where the inquest was
held.

7 (6) A copy of the order of inquest and verdict of the jury shall be filed8 in the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner.

9 (7) The record of inquest shall be available for inspection as provided by
10 ORS 146.035 (5).

11 SECTION 21. ORS 181A.080 is amended to read:

12 181A.080. (1) The Department of State Police and the members of the
13 Oregon State Police are charged with the enforcement of:

14 (a) All criminal laws; and

(b) All laws applicable to highways and the operation of vehicles onhighways.

17 (2) Each member of the state police is authorized and empowered to:

18 (a) Prevent crime.

(b) Pursue and apprehend offenders and obtain legal evidence necessaryto ensure the conviction of the offenders in the courts.

21 (c) Institute criminal proceedings.

(d) Execute any lawful warrant or order of arrest issued against any
person or persons for any violation of the law.

(e) Make arrests without warrant for violations of law in the mannerprovided in ORS 133.310.

26 (f) Give first aid to the injured.

(3) Each member of the state police has the same general powers and
authority as those conferred by law upon sheriffs, police officers, constables
and peace officers. A member of the state police may be appointed as a
[medical-legal] medicolegal death investigator.

31 (4) The members of the state police are subject to the call of the Governor

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and are empowered to cooperate with any other instrumentality or authority
of this state, or any political subdivision, in detecting crime, apprehending
criminals and preserving law and order throughout this state, but the state
police may not be used as a posse except when ordered by the Governor.

5 **SECTION 22.** ORS 433.449 is amended to read:

6 433.449. (1) As used in this section:

7 (a) "Contaminated material" means wastes or other materials exposed to
8 or tainted by chemical, radiological, or biological substances or agents.

9 (b) "Transmissible agent" means a biological substance capable of causing 10 disease or infection through individual to individual transmission, animal to 11 individual transmission, or other modes of transmission.

(2) Notwithstanding any provision in ORS chapter 97 or 692, during a
 state of public health emergency, the Public Health Director may:

(a) Prescribe measures to provide for the safe disposal of human remains
as may be reasonable and necessary to respond to the public health emergency. Measures adopted under this subsection may include the embalming,
burial, cremation, interment, disinterment, transportation and disposal of
human remains.

(b) Require any person in charge of disposing of human remains to clearly label the human remains of a deceased person with a communicable disease or transmissible agent with an external, clearly visible tag indicating that the human remains are infected or contaminated and, if known, the communicable disease or transmissible agent or contaminated materials present in the remains.

(c) After a medical examiner has certified the cause and manner of death, order a person in charge of disposing of human remains to dispose of the human remains of a person who has died of a communicable disease or transmissible agent through burial or cremation within a specified time period. To the extent practicable, religious, cultural, family and individual beliefs of the deceased person or the person's family shall be considered when disposing of any human remains.

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1 (3) The Public Health Director must consult and coordinate with the 2 Chief Medical Examiner when exercising authority under this section. 3 Nothing in this section is intended to override authority granted to the Chief 4 Medical Examiner or [*district*] **county** medical examiner under ORS 146.003 5 to 146.189 and 146.710 to 146.992.

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