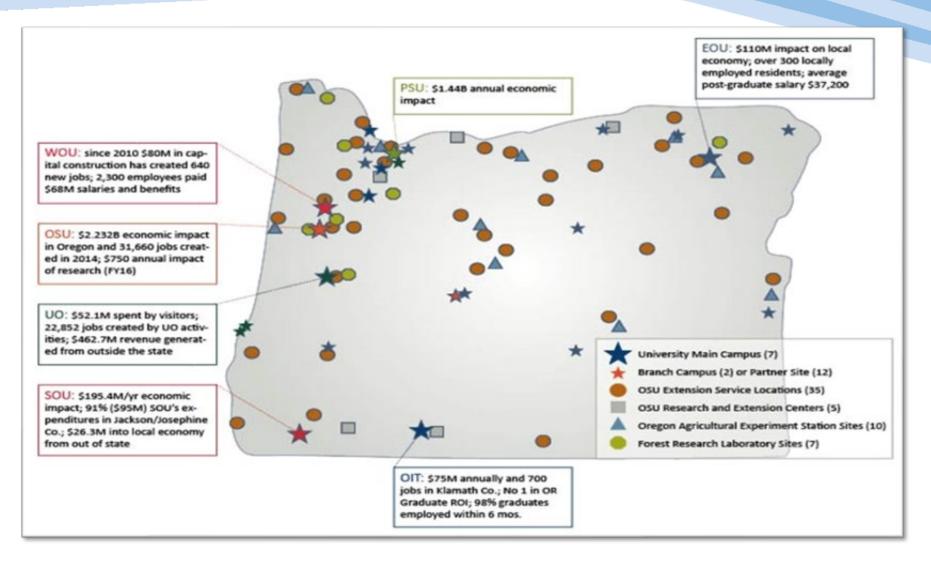


# Oregon's Public Universities

House Higher Education Committee February 2, 2023



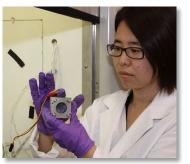
# Oregon's Public Universities' Statewide Footprint



# What Have the Public Universities Done for Me Lately?

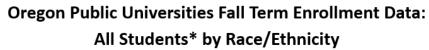
- ✓ Develop talent for businesses, research, teaching, sciences and computing, music and humanities, engineering
- ✓ **Conduct research** (ONAMI, OTRADI, Oregon BEST, Federal Grants, Private Grants)
- ✓ Introduce new technologies (Patents, Inventions, Technology Transfer)
- ✓ **Create new business opportunities** (Technology Transfer, Small Business Development Centers, Business Accelerators)
- ✓ **Develop and contribute to community** (Employees, Volunteer Hours, Community Service Programs)
- ✓ Attract talent from around the world

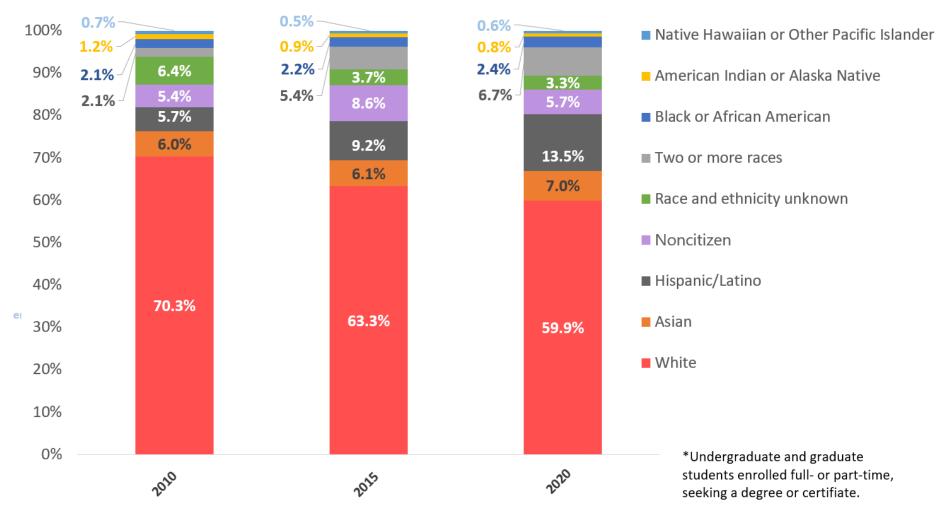






## **Today's Students**

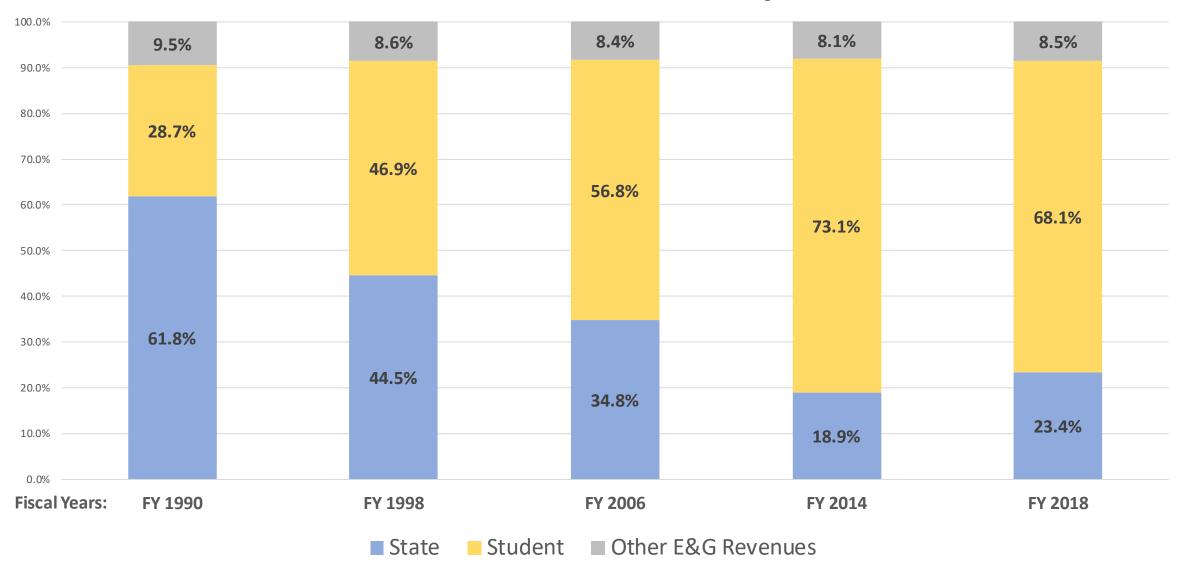




Source: National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System

#### **Public Universities Educational and General Operations**

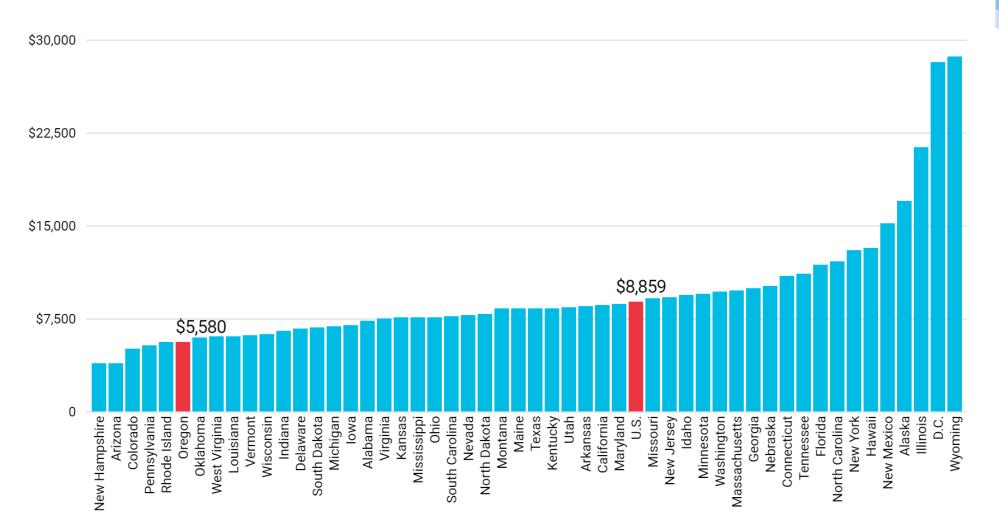
### Who Has Paid Historically?



#### **How Does Public University Funding Compare with Other States?**

Public Higher Education Appropriations per FTE by State at Four-Year Institutions, FY 2021 (Adjusted)





#### Notes:

- Education appropriations are a measure of state and local support available for public higher education operating expenses and student financial aid, excluding appropriations for research, hospitals, and medical education. Education appropriations include federal stimulus funding.
- The U.S. calculation does not include the District of Columbia.
- Constant 2021 dollars adjusted by the Higher Education Cost Adjustment (HECA).
- Adjusted to account for interstate differences using the Cost of Living Index (COLI). The COLI is not a measure of inflation over time.
- Sector is determined at the institution level using the Carnegie Basic Classification (https://carnegieclassifications.iu.edu/).
   Baccalaureate/Associate's Colleges and "lessthan-two-year" degree-granting institutions not assigned a Carnegie classification are considered two-year institutions.

#### Source:

State Higher Education Officers Association

# Oregon's Higher Education Structure

#### **Public Universities**

#### **Governance**

- 14 Governor-appointed,
   Senate-confirmed
   Trustees
- Faculty, student, and staff
- Fiduciary responsibility for university operations

#### **Mission**

Public service, education, research

#### **Community Colleges**

#### Governance

Locally-elected boards

#### **Mission**

Offer academic and technical education designed to serve their communities

## Higher Education Coordinating Commission (HECC)

#### <u>Governance</u>

- 15 Governor-appointed, Senateconfirmed Commissioners
- Faculty, student, and staff
- Coordinating

#### <u>Public University-Related Responsibilities</u>

- Staff Transfer Council,
- Biennial budget requests,
- Approve
  - New academic programs,
  - Mission statements, and
  - Undergraduate, in-state tuition increases above 5%

# OREGON PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES 2023 Legislative Agenda



### SUPPORT STUDENTS WITH WRAPAROUND SERVICES AND INCREASED FINANCIAL AID

- . \$1.05 billion investment in the Public University Support Fund
- · Increase the Oregon Opportunity Grant
- . Sustain Strong Start with an investment of \$20 million





#### SUSTAIN FUNDING FOR TRIBAL STUDENT GRANTS

 \$40 million appropriation helps fund undergraduate tuition, housing, books and other costs for eligible, enrolled members of Oregon's Tribes





### ADDRESS STUDENT FOOD AND HOUSING INSECURITY

 Expand funding for Benefits Navigators to better meet student need





### IMPROVE STUDENTS' LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS (FACILITY SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS AND MODERNIZATION)

 Support the Oregon Higher Education Coordinating Commission's capital construction investment list



#### **Oregon Council of Presidents**

# OCOP

## Questions?





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