

**HB 3055 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY**

**House Committee On Climate, Energy, and Environment**

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**Prepared By:** Erin Pischke, LPRO Analyst

**Meeting Dates:** 2/1

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**WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:**

Requires Oregon Public Utility Commission (PUC) to establish eligibility cap for nameplate capacity for small power production facility that produces energy using solar or wind energy to qualify as qualifying facility at no less than 10 megawatts. Requires PUC to permit energy storage system to be paired with small power production facility such that storage system provides storage capacity for facility. Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

**ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

**EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:**

No amendment.

**BACKGROUND:**

The Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (PURPA) requires electric utilities to offer to purchase power from, and interconnect with, qualifying energy generation projects. A “qualifying facility” is defined as a cogeneration facility or a small power production facility (ORS 758.505). According to the Oregon Department of Energy, a small power production facility generates 80 megawatts (MW) of electricity or less from renewable energy sources such as hydropower, wind, or solar.

House Bill 3055 would require the Oregon Public Utility Commission to establish an eligibility cap for the nameplate capacity for small power production facilities that produce energy using solar or wind energy to qualify as qualifying facility at no less than 10 MW.