

## HB 4002 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

### House Committee On Revenue

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**Meeting Dates:** 2/22

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#### **WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:**

Establishes maximum hour and overtime requirements for agricultural workers. Defines terms. Establishes that maximum hours for agricultural workers are: for calendar years 2023 and 2024, 55 hours per workweek; for calendar years 2025 and 2026, 48 hours per workweek; and for calendar year 2027 and thereafter, 40 hours per workweek. Exempts from overtime requirements individuals employed in agriculture who are also exempt from the state minimum wage and individuals employed in agriculture whose principal duties are administrative, executive, or professional work and who are paid a salary and on a salary basis. Requires employer to compensate agricultural worker at one and one-half times the worker's regular rate for time in excess of the maximum allowable hours. Establishes that employer is liable to agricultural worker for unpaid wages and authorizes enforcement by wage complaint to the Bureau of Labor and Industries or private right of action. Establishes refundable credit against corporate taxes for a percentage of overtime wages paid by a crop or animal production business that employs more than 25 full-time equivalent employees to an agricultural worker of: 60 percent of excess wages paid in calendar years 2023 and 2024; 45 percent of excess wages paid in calendar year 2025; 30 percent of excess wages paid in calendar year 2026; and 15 percent of excess wages paid in calendar years 2027 and 2028. Establishes refundable credit against corporate taxes for a percentage of overtime wages paid by a crop or animal production business that employs 25 or fewer full-time equivalent employees to an agricultural worker of: 75 percent of excess wages paid in calendar years 2023 and 2024; 60 percent of excess wages paid in calendar year 2025; 45 percent of excess wages paid in calendar year 2026; 30 percent of excess wages paid in calendar year 2027; and 15 percent of excess wages paid in calendar year 2028. Allows nonresidents to claim prorated credit. Requires Department of Revenue to adopt rules for purposes of administering tax credit, including policies and procedures for certifying taxpayers as eligible for the credit. Requires taxpayer to submit application with specific information for certification to Department by January 31 following the calendar year for which the taxpayer seeks the credit and Department to issue written certification to taxpayer by August 1. Requires Department upon receipt of application to allow an extension for filing the taxpayer's income or corporate excise tax return. Provides that amount certified for tax credit may not exceed \$27 million for all taxpayers for any calendar year and requires credits to be reduced proportionally if the amount certified exceeds the maximum. Appropriates funds to Department for administration of refundable credit. Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

#### **ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

#### **EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:**

No amendment.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

Both federal and state law establish a maximum hour requirement of 40 hours per week and require employers to pay one and one-half times the worker's regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of the weekly maximum. Workers in the agriculture industry are exempt from both the state and federal maximum hour and overtime requirements, meaning there is no maximum weekly hour threshold for Oregon's agriculture industry and workers are not entitled to overtime pay. Petitioners seeking judicial review to overturn the state administrative rules that exempt agricultural workers from the state maximum hour and overtime requirements

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argue the exemption falls outside of the agency's statutory authority and runs afoul of Article 1, Section 20 of the Oregon Constitution which prohibits laws granting privileges or immunities to any citizen or class of citizens that do not apply equally to all citizens.

Seven states have adopted maximum hour and overtime requirements for agricultural workers. California enacted a 2016 measure phasing in maximum daily and weekly overtime requirements for agricultural workers that establish a 40-hour maximum hour requirement in 2022 for employers with 26 or more employees and 2025 for smaller operations. In a 2020 decision, the Washington Supreme Court ruled a state law exempting agricultural industry employers from paying overtime violated a unique state constitutional provision requiring the legislature to pass laws necessary for the protection of workers in “employments dangerous to life or deleterious to health” when applied to dairy workers. A law enacted last year will phase in a 40-hour maximum hour and overtime requirement for all other Washington agricultural workers by 2024.

House Bill 4002 A establishes maximum hour and overtime wage requirements for Oregon agricultural workers and uses a refundable tax credit to offset a percentage of the additional cost of overtime pay for agricultural employers.