

Senate Bill 182

Printed pursuant to Senate Interim Rule 213.28 by order of the President of the Senate in conformance with pre-session filing rules, indicating neither advocacy nor opposition on the part of the President (at the request of Senate Interim Committee on Judiciary for Oregon State Bar Estate Planning and Administration Section)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced**.

Terminates authority of spouse as agent under certain estate planning documents upon annulment, separation or dissolution of marriage.

Extends liability protections for property held as tenants by the entirety when property is conveyed to certain trust.

Changes references to "small estate affidavit" to "simple estate affidavit." Permits use of simple estate affidavit if decedent died testate and sole devisee is decedent's trust.

Modifies procedure for disposition of wills by attorney.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to estate planning; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 107.093, 107.115, 112.805, 112.815, 112.820, 113.238, 114.505, 114.510, 114.515, 114.517, 114.520, 114.525, 114.535, 114.537, 114.540, 114.542, 114.545, 114.550, 114.552, 114.555, 114.650, 119.021, 119.026, 119.062, 127.002, 127.005, 127.015, 127.722, 130.150, 130.315, 238.390, 238.458, 708A.655 and 723.844.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY OF SPOUSE AS AGENT UPON DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE

SECTION 1. ORS 107.093 is amended to read:

107.093. (1) After a petition for marital annulment, separation or dissolution is filed and upon service of summons and petition upon the respondent as provided in ORCP 7, a restraining order is in effect against the petitioner and the respondent until a final judgment is issued, until the petition for marital annulment, separation or dissolution is dismissed, or until further order of the court.

(2) The restraining order issued under this section shall restrain the petitioner and respondent from:

(a) Canceling, modifying, terminating or allowing to lapse for nonpayment of premiums any policy of health insurance, homeowner or renter insurance or automobile insurance that one party maintains to provide coverage for the other party or a minor child of the parties, or any life insurance policy that names either of the parties or a minor child of the parties as a beneficiary.

(b) Changing beneficiaries or covered parties under any policy of health insurance, homeowner or renter insurance or automobile insurance that one party maintains to provide coverage for the other party or a minor child of the parties, or any life insurance policy.

(c) Transferring, encumbering, concealing or disposing of property in which the other party has an interest, in any manner, without written consent of the other party or an order of the court, except in the usual course of business or for necessities of life. This paragraph does not apply to

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter *[italic and bracketed]* is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1 payment by either party of:

2 (A) Attorney fees in the existing action;

3 (B) Real estate and income taxes;

4 (C) Mental health therapy expenses for either party or a minor child of the parties; or

5 (D) Expenses necessary to provide for the safety and welfare of a party or a minor child of the
6 parties.

7 (d) Making extraordinary expenditures without providing written notice and an accounting of
8 the extraordinary expenditures to the other party. This paragraph does not apply to payment by
9 either party of expenses necessary to provide for the safety and welfare of a party or a minor child
10 of the parties.

11 **(e) Exercising authority as an agent for the other party under a power of attorney de-**
12 **scribed in ORS 127.005 to 127.045, a health care representative for the other party under a**
13 **form appointing a health care representative described in ORS 127.505 to 127.660 or an**
14 **attorney-in-fact for the other party under a declaration for mental health treatment de-**
15 **scribed in ORS 127.700 to 127.737, unless the power of attorney, form appointing a health care**
16 **representative or declaration for mental health treatment otherwise provides.**

17 (3) Either party restrained under this section may apply to the court for further temporary or-
18 ders, including modification or revocation of the restraining order issued under this section.

19 (4) The restraining order issued under this section shall also include a notice that either party
20 may request a hearing on the restraining order by filing a request for hearing with the court.

21 (5) A copy of the restraining order issued under this section shall be attached to the summons.

22 (6) A party who violates a term of a restraining order issued under this section is subject to
23 imposition of remedial sanctions under ORS 33.055 based on the violation, but is not subject to:

24 (a) Criminal prosecution based on the violation; or

25 (b) Imposition of punitive sanctions under ORS 33.065 based on the violation.

26 **SECTION 2.** ORS 107.115 is amended to read:

27 107.115. (1) A judgment of annulment or dissolution of a marriage restores the parties to the
28 status of unmarried persons, unless a party is married to another person. The judgment gives the
29 court jurisdiction to award, to be effective immediately, the relief provided by ORS 107.105. The
30 judgment shall [*revoke*]:

31 (a) **Revoke** a will pursuant to ORS 112.315.

32 (b) **Revoke** a transfer on death deed pursuant to ORS 93.981.

33 **(c) Terminate the authority of an agent under a power of attorney pursuant to ORS**
34 **127.015, a health care representative pursuant to ORS 127.545 (5)(c)(B) or an attorney-in-fact**
35 **pursuant to ORS 127.722.**

36 (2) The marriage relationship is terminated when the court signs the judgment of dissolution of
37 marriage.

38 (3)(a) The Court of Appeals or Supreme Court shall continue to have jurisdiction of an appeal
39 pending at the time of the death of either party. The appeal may be continued by the personal rep-
40 resentative of the deceased party. The attorney of record on the appeal, for the deceased party, may
41 be allowed a reasonable attorney fee, to be paid from the decedent's estate. However, costs on ap-
42 peal may not be awarded to either party.

43 (b) The Court of Appeals or Supreme Court shall have the power to determine finally all matters
44 presented on such appeal. Before making final disposition, the Court of Appeals or Supreme Court
45 may refer the proceeding back to the trial court for such additional findings of fact as are required.

1 **SECTION 3.** ORS 127.005 is amended to read:

2 127.005. (1) When a principal designates another person as an agent by a power of attorney in
3 writing, and the power of attorney does not contain words that otherwise delay or limit the period
4 of time of its effectiveness:

5 (a) The power of attorney becomes effective when executed and remains in effect until the power
6 is revoked by the principal **or by the terms of the power of attorney, or until the authority**
7 **of all agents under the power of attorney is terminated as provided in ORS 127.015;**

8 (b) The powers of the agent are unaffected by the passage of time; and

9 (c) The powers of the agent are exercisable by the agent on behalf of the principal even though
10 the principal becomes financially incapable.

11 (2) The terms of a power of attorney may provide that the power of attorney will become ef-
12 fective at a specified future time, or will become effective upon the occurrence of a specified future
13 event or contingency such as the principal becoming financially incapable. If a power of attorney
14 becomes effective upon the occurrence of a specified future event or contingency, the power of at-
15 torney may designate a person or persons to determine whether the specified event or contingency
16 has occurred, and the manner in which the determination must be made. A person designated by a
17 power of attorney to determine whether the principal is financially incapable is the principal's per-
18 sonal representative for the purposes of ORS 192.553 to 192.581 and the federal Health Insurance
19 Portability and Accountability Act privacy regulations, 45 C.F.R. parts 160 and 164.

20 (3) If a power of attorney becomes effective upon the principal becoming financially incapable
21 and either the power of attorney does not designate a person or persons to make the determination
22 as to whether the principal is financially incapable or none of the designated persons is willing or
23 able to make the determination, a determination that the principal is financially incapable may be
24 made by any physician. The physician's determination must be made in writing.

25 (4) All acts done by an agent under a power of attorney during a period in which the principal
26 is financially incapable have the same effect, and inure to the benefit of and bind the principal, as
27 though the principal were not financially incapable.

28 (5) If a conservator is appointed for a principal, the agent shall account to the conservator,
29 rather than to the principal, for so long as the conservatorship lasts. The conservator has the same
30 power that the principal would have to revoke, suspend or terminate all or any part of the power
31 of attorney.

32 (6) This section does not apply to ORS 127.505 to 127.660.

33 **SECTION 4.** ORS 127.015 is amended to read:

34 127.015. (1) **The authority of an agent under a power of attorney terminates upon the**
35 **occurrence of any of the following:**

36 (a) **The principal dies.**

37 (b) **The principal or the court revokes the power of attorney.**

38 (c) **The agent dies, becomes financially incapable or incapacitated or resigns.**

39 (d) **The power of attorney by its terms provides that the power of attorney terminates.**

40 (e) **An action is filed for the dissolution or annulment of the principal's marriage or**
41 **registered domestic partnership to the agent, or for the separation of the principal and**
42 **agent, unless otherwise provided by terms of the power of attorney, agreement of the parties**
43 **or order of the court.**

44 (2) **A court may order that a power of attorney is revoked upon appointment by the court**
45 **of a conservator for the principal.**

1 **ically described property, including any former tenancy by the entirety property conveyed**
 2 **into trust, by the trustee acting under the express provision of a trust instrument or with**
 3 **the written consent of both spouses.**

4 **SECTION 8.** ORS 130.315 is amended to read:

5 130.315. (1) Whether or not the terms of a trust contain a spendthrift provision, **except as**
 6 **provided in section 7 of this 2021 Act:**

7 (a) During the lifetime of the settlor, the property of a revocable trust is subject to claims of
 8 the settlor's creditors.

9 (b) A creditor or assignee of the settlor of an irrevocable trust may reach the maximum amount
 10 that can be distributed to or for the settlor's benefit. If an irrevocable trust has more than one
 11 settlor, the amount the creditor or assignee of a particular settlor may reach may not exceed the
 12 settlor's interest in the portion of the trust attributable to that settlor's contribution.

13 (c) If a trust was revocable at the settlor's death, the property of the trust becomes subject to
 14 creditors' claims as provided in ORS 130.350 to 130.450 when the settlor dies. The payment of claims
 15 is subject to the settlor's right to direct the priority of the sources from which liabilities of the
 16 settlor are to be paid.

17 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (b) of this subsection, the assets of an irrev-
 18 ocable trust may not be subject to the claims of an existing or subsequent creditor or assignee of
 19 the settlor, in whole or in part, solely because of the existence of a discretionary power granted to
 20 the trustee by the terms of the trust or any other provision of law to pay the amount of tax owed
 21 directly to the taxing authorities or to reimburse the settlor for any tax on trust income or principal
 22 that is payable or has been paid by the settlor under the law imposing the tax.

23 (2) For the purpose of creditors' claims, the holder of a power of withdrawal is treated in the
 24 same manner as the settlor of a revocable trust to the extent property of the trust is subject to the
 25 power. The provisions of this subsection apply to the holder of a power of withdrawal only during
 26 the period that the power may be exercised.

27 (3) Upon the lapse, release or waiver of a power of withdrawal, the property of the trust that
 28 is the subject of the lapse, release or waiver becomes subject to claims of creditors of the holder
 29 of the power only to the extent the value of the property exceeds the greatest of:

30 (a) The amount specified in section 2041(b)(2) or 2514(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, as in ef-
 31 fect on December 31, 2012;

32 (b) The amount specified in section 2503(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, as in effect on De-
 33 cember 31, 2012; or

34 (c) Twice the amount specified in section 2503(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, as in effect on
 35 December 31, 2012, if the donor was married at the time of the transfer to which the power of
 36 withdrawal applies.

37 (4) The assets of an irrevocable trust that are attributable to a contribution to an inter vivos
 38 marital deduction trust described in section 2523(e) or (f) of the Internal Revenue Code, as in effect
 39 on December 31, 2012, after the death of the spouse of the settlor of the inter vivos marital de-
 40 duction trust shall be deemed to have been contributed by the settlor's spouse and not by the settlor.

41 (5) The assets of an irrevocable trust for the benefit of a person, including the settlor, are not
 42 subject to claims of creditors of the settlor to the extent that the property of the trust is subject
 43 to a presently exercisable general power of appointment held by a person other than the settlor.

44 (6) Subsections (2) and (3) of this section do not apply to a person other than a settlor who is
 45 a beneficiary of a revocable or irrevocable trust and who is also a trustee of the trust, if the power

1 to withdraw for the person’s own benefit is limited by an ascertainable standard.

2
3 **SIMPLE ESTATE AFFIDAVIT**

4
5 **SECTION 9.** ORS 114.510 is amended to read:

6 114.510. (1) A person who meets the requirements of ORS 114.515 may file a *[small]* **simple** es-
7 tate affidavit only with regard to an estate in which:

8 (a)(A) Not more than \$75,000 of the fair market value of the estate is attributable to personal
9 property; and

10 [(b)] (B) Not more than \$200,000 of the fair market value of the estate is attributable to real
11 property[.]; or

12 **(b) The decedent died testate and:**

13 **(A) Not more than \$75,000 of the fair market value of the estate is attributable to spe-**
14 **cifically devised personal property;**

15 **(B) Not more than \$200,000 of the fair market value of the estate is attributable to spe-**
16 **cifically devised real property; and**

17 **(C) The balance of the fair market value of the estate is attributable to property that is**
18 **devised to the trustee of a trust of which the decedent was a settlor, as defined in ORS**
19 **130.010, and which came into existence prior to the decedent’s death.**

20 (2)(a) The fair market value of the estate **under subsection (1) of this section** shall be deter-
21 mined *[under this section]*:

22 [(a)] (A) As of the date of death; or

23 [(b)] (B) If the date of death is more than one year before the date of filing of the affidavit, as
24 of a date within 45 days before the filing of the affidavit.

25 [(3)] (b) In determining fair market value under this section, the fair market value of the entire
26 interest in the property included in the estate shall be used without reduction for liens or other
27 debts.

28 **SECTION 10.** ORS 114.515 is amended to read:

29 114.515. (1) If the estate of a decedent meets the requirements of ORS 114.510, any of the fol-
30 lowing persons may file a *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit with the clerk of the probate court in any
31 county where there is venue for a proceeding seeking the appointment of a personal representative
32 for the estate:

33 (a) One or more of the claiming successors of the decedent.

34 (b) If the decedent died testate, any person named as personal representative in the decedent’s
35 will.

36 (c) The Director of Human Services, the Director of the Oregon Health Authority or an attorney
37 approved under ORS 114.517, if the decedent received public assistance as defined in ORS 411.010,
38 received medical assistance as defined in ORS 414.025 or received care at an institution as defined
39 in ORS 179.010, and it appears that the assistance or the cost of care may be recovered from the
40 estate of the decedent.

41 (2) A person may not file a *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit if:

42 (a) The person would be disqualified from acting as a personal representative under ORS
43 113.095; or

44 (b) The person has been convicted of a felony in Oregon or in another jurisdiction.

45 (3) A *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit may not be filed until 30 days after the death of the

1 decedent.

2 (4) A *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit must contain the information required in ORS 114.525 and
 3 shall be made a part of the probate records. If the affiant is an attorney approved by the Director
 4 of Human Services or the Director of the Oregon Health Authority, a copy of the document ap-
 5 proving the attorney must be attached to the affidavit.

6 (5) The clerk of the probate court shall charge and collect the fee established under ORS 21.145
 7 for the filing of a *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit.

8 (6)(a) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, the affiant shall file an amended
 9 *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit in the following circumstances:

10 (A) To correct a material error or omission in a previous affidavit.

11 (B) To include property not described in a previous affidavit.

12 (b) The amended affidavit must include all information required under ORS 114.525 and state the
 13 value of the property as of the date used to prepare the original affidavit.

14 (7) If the fair market value of the property of the estate exceeds the value limitations for a
 15 *[small]* **simple** estate under ORS 114.510 (1) **and the estate of the decedent does not meet the**
 16 **requirements of ORS 114.510 (1)(b)**, an affiant may not file an amended *[small]* **simple** estate af-
 17 fidavit under subsection (6) of this section and the affiant's authority with regard to the estate is
 18 terminated, except that the affiant shall deliver assets of the estate in the affiant's possession upon
 19 request by a personal representative appointed under ORS 113.085. The affiant shall promptly file
 20 notice with the court that the estate of the decedent is not subject to ORS 114.505 to 114.560 and
 21 shall serve a copy of the notice on each person who received a copy of the previous affidavit.

22 (8) The clerk of the probate court may acknowledge a *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit upon
 23 presentation of the identification of the affiant and the affiant's statement under penalty of perjury.

24 **SECTION 11.** ORS 114.537 is amended to read:

25 114.537. (1) If a person who is eligible to file a *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit is aware that the
 26 decedent was the sole lessee or the last surviving lessee of a safe deposit box or was the owner of
 27 the contents of a safe deposit box at the time of the decedent's death, the claiming successor or
 28 other person may not file a *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit until the person requests an inventory
 29 of the box under ORS 708A.655, if the lessor of the box is an Oregon operating institution as defined
 30 in ORS 706.008, or under ORS 723.844, if the lessor of the box is a credit union as defined in ORS
 31 723.008. Upon receiving the request, the lessor of the box shall cause an inventory of the contents
 32 of the box to be made. The lessor shall retain the original inventory in the box and shall provide
 33 a copy of the inventory to the person requesting the inventory. The person requesting the inventory
 34 shall take the contents of the box into consideration in determining whether the estate of the
 35 decedent is within the limits prescribed by ORS 114.510. If the person files a *[small]* **simple** estate
 36 affidavit, the affidavit must contain a statement of the value of the contents of the box.

37 (2) If an affiant becomes aware after the filing of a *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit that the
 38 decedent was the sole lessee or the last surviving lessee of a safe deposit box or was the owner of
 39 the contents of a safe deposit box at the time of the decedent's death, the affiant shall promptly
 40 request an inventory of the box under ORS 708A.655, if the lessor of the box is an Oregon operating
 41 institution as defined in ORS 706.008, or under ORS 723.844, if the lessor of the box is a credit union
 42 as defined in ORS 723.008. Upon receiving the request, the lessor of the box shall cause an inventory
 43 of the contents of the box to be made. The lessor shall retain the original inventory in the box and
 44 shall provide a copy of the inventory to the affiant. **If the estate of the decedent meets the re-**
 45 **quirements of ORS 114.510 (1)(b) or** if the estate of the decedent remains within the limits pre-

1 scribed by ORS 114.510 (1)(a) after consideration of the value of the contents of the box, the affiant
 2 shall file an amended [*small*] **simple** estate affidavit under ORS 114.515 (6). Upon receiving a certi-
 3 fied copy of the amended affidavit, the lessor shall allow the affiant to take possession of the con-
 4 tents of the box. If **the estate of the decedent does not meet the requirements of ORS 114.510**
 5 **(1)(b) and** the estate of the decedent exceeds the limits prescribed by ORS 114.510 (1)(a) after
 6 consideration of the value of the contents of the box, the affiant may not file an amended [*small*]
 7 **simple** estate affidavit and shall file notice with the court that the estate of the decedent is not
 8 subject to ORS 114.505 to 114.560 and shall serve a copy of the notice on the lessor of the box. The
 9 lessor of the box shall deliver the contents of the box to the personal representative for the
 10 decedent, or to such other person as may be provided for under the terms of the lease of the box.

11 **SECTION 12.** ORS 114.540 is amended to read:

12 114.540. (1)(a) A claim against an estate with respect to which a [*small*] **simple** estate affidavit
 13 is filed may be presented to the affiant within four months after the affidavit was filed. If an
 14 amended [*small*] **simple** estate affidavit is filed under ORS 114.515 (6), claims against the estate may
 15 be presented within four months after the filing of the amended affidavit.

16 (b) Except as provided in ORS 114.550 or **130.350**, a claim presented after the limitations de-
 17 scribed in paragraph (a) of this subsection is barred.

18 (c) Filing a claim with the court does not constitute presentation to the affiant.

19 (d)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, a claim is presented to the
 20 affiant when the claim is mailed or personally delivered to the affiant at the mailing address for
 21 presentment of claims included in the [*small*] **simple** estate affidavit under ORS 114.525.

22 (B) If the affiant authorized creditors to present claims by electronic mail or facsimile commu-
 23 nication in the [*small*] **simple** estate affidavit as provided in ORS 114.525, a claim is presented to
 24 the affiant when it is sent to the electronic mail address or the facsimile number designated by the
 25 affiant for presentment of claims, unless the sender receives a notice that the electronic mail was
 26 not delivered or the facsimile communication was not successful. If the affiant denies receiving the
 27 electronic mail or facsimile communication, the burden of proof is on the creditor to demonstrate
 28 that the electronic mail was properly addressed and sent or that the facsimile communication was
 29 properly addressed and successfully delivered or transmitted.

30 (e) Each claim presented to the affiant must include the information required by ORS 115.025.

31 (2)(a) A claim presented to the affiant that was not listed in the [*small*] **simple** estate affidavit
 32 shall be considered allowed as presented unless within 60 days after the date of presentment of the
 33 claim the affiant mails or delivers a notice of disallowance of the claim in whole or in part to the
 34 claimant and any attorney for the claimant. A notice of disallowance of a claim must state the
 35 reason for the disallowance and inform the claimant that the claim has been disallowed in whole
 36 or in part and, to the extent disallowed, will be barred unless:

37 (A) The claimant files a petition for summary determination as provided in ORS 114.542; or

38 (B) A petition for appointment of a personal representative of the estate is filed within the time
 39 allowed under ORS 114.555.

40 (b) Statement of a reason for disallowance under this subsection is not an admission by the
 41 affiant and does not preclude the assertion of other defenses to the claim.

42 **SECTION 13.** ORS 238.390 is amended to read:

43 238.390. (1) If a member of the system dies before retiring, the amount of money, if any, credited
 44 at the time of death to the member account of the member in the fund shall be paid to the benefi-
 45 ciaries designated by the member. For this purpose a member may designate as a beneficiary any

1 person or the executor or administrator of the estate of the member or a trustee named by the
 2 member to execute an express trust in regard to such amount. The termination of a person's mem-
 3 bership in the system pursuant to ORS 238.095 (1) or (2) invalidates any designation of beneficiary
 4 made by the person before the termination of membership.

5 (2) If a member dies before retiring and has not designated a beneficiary under subsection (1)
 6 of this section, the Public Employees Retirement Board shall pay the amount of money, if any,
 7 credited at the time of death to the member account of the deceased member to a personal repre-
 8 sentative appointed for the estate of the deceased member. *[If a small estate affidavit has been filed*
 9 *under ORS 114.505 to 114.560, and the amount of money credited to the account does not exceed the*
 10 *maximum amount of personal property for which a small estate affidavit may be filed under ORS*
 11 *114.505 to 114.560, the board shall pay the amount to the person who filed the affidavit.]* **If a simple**
 12 **estate affidavit has been filed under ORS 114.515, the board shall pay the amount to the**
 13 **person who filed the affidavit if:**

14 (a) **The estate of the decedent remains within the limits prescribed by ORS 114.510 (1)(a)**
 15 **after consideration of the amount of money credited at the time of death to the member**
 16 **account; or**

17 (b) **The estate of the decedent meets the requirements of ORS 114.510 (1)(b).**

18 (3) The beneficiary designated under subsection (1) of this section may elect to receive the
 19 amount payable in actuarially determined monthly payments for the life of such beneficiary as long
 20 as such monthly payments are at least \$200.

21 (4) Accrued benefits due a retired member at the time of death are payable to the designated
 22 beneficiary or as provided in subsection (2) of this section. For the purpose of determining accrued
 23 benefits due a retired member at the time of death, accrued benefits are considered to have ceased
 24 as of the last day of the month preceding the month in which the retired member dies; but if Option
 25 2 or Option 3 under ORS 238.305 has been elected as provided in this chapter and the beneficiary
 26 survives the retired member, the benefits to the beneficiary shall commence as of the first day of
 27 the month in which the retired member dies, and payment of benefits under Option 2 or Option 3
 28 shall cease with the payment for the month preceding the month in which the beneficiary dies.

29 (5) If a member dies before retiring and has designated a beneficiary under subsection (1) of this
 30 section, but the beneficiary dies before the member, or dies before distribution is made under this
 31 section, the Public Employees Retirement Board shall pay the amount of money, if any, that would
 32 otherwise have been paid to the beneficiary to a personal representative appointed for the estate
 33 of the deceased beneficiary. *[If a small estate affidavit has been filed under ORS 114.505 to 114.560,*
 34 *and the amount of money that would have been paid to the beneficiary does not exceed the maximum*
 35 *amount of personal property for which a small estate affidavit may be filed under ORS 114.505 to*
 36 *114.560, the board shall pay the amount to the person who filed the small estate affidavit on behalf of*
 37 *the estate of the beneficiary.]* **If a simple estate affidavit regarding the deceased beneficiary's**
 38 **estate has been filed under ORS 114.515, the board shall pay the amount to the person who**
 39 **filed the simple estate affidavit if:**

40 (a) **The estate of the deceased beneficiary remains within the limits prescribed by ORS**
 41 **114.510 (1)(a) after consideration of the amount of money that would have been payable to**
 42 **the deceased beneficiary; or**

43 (b) **The estate of the deceased beneficiary meets the requirements of ORS 114.510 (1)(b).**

44 (6) Interest upon the member account of the member shall accrue until the date that the amount
 45 in the member account is distributed. Any balance in the variable account of the deceased member

1 is considered to be transferred to the regular account of the member as of the date of death. The
 2 board shall establish procedures for computing and crediting interest on the balance in the member
 3 account for the period between the date of death and date of distribution.

4 (7) Payment by the board of amounts in the manner provided by this section completely dis-
 5 charges the board and system on account of the death, and shall hold the board and system harmless
 6 from any claim for wrongful payment.

8 DISPOSITION OF WILLS

9
 10 **SECTION 14.** ORS 112.805 is amended to read:

11 112.805. (1) Any person having custody of a will has a duty to maintain custody of the will and
 12 may not destroy or discard the will, disclose its contents to any person or deliver the will to any
 13 person except as authorized by the testator or as permitted by ORS 112.800 to 112.830.

14 (2) Nothing in ORS 112.800 to 112.830 bars a testator from destroying, revoking, delivering to
 15 any person or otherwise dealing with the will of the testator.

16 (3) A will destroyed in accordance with ORS 112.800 to 112.830 [*shall*] **is** not [*be*] revoked by
 17 virtue of such destruction and its contents may be proved by secondary evidence.

18 **SECTION 15.** ORS 112.815 is amended to read:

19 112.815. An attorney who has custody of a will may dispose of the will in accordance with ORS
 20 112.820 if:

21 (1) The attorney is licensed to practice law in the State of Oregon;

22 [(2) *At least 40 years has elapsed since execution of the will;*]

23 [(3) *The attorney does not know and after diligent inquiry cannot ascertain the address of the*
 24 *testator; and*]

25 [(4)] (2) The will is not subject to a contract to make a will or devise or not to revoke a will
 26 or devise[.]; **and**

27 (3)(a) **If the attorney knows the testator is deceased, at least five years have elapsed**
 28 **since the testator's death and the attorney does not know and after diligent inquiry has been**
 29 **unable to ascertain the addresses for the personal representative and each successor per-**
 30 **sonal representative named in the will or, if the attorney was able to locate the personal**
 31 **representative or one or more of the successor personal representatives named in the will,**
 32 **none will accept delivery of the will; or**

33 (b) **If the attorney does not know the testator is deceased, at least 20 years have elapsed**
 34 **since execution of the will and the attorney does not know and after diligent inquiry has been**
 35 **unable to ascertain the address of the testator.**

36 **SECTION 16.** ORS 112.820 is amended to read:

37 112.820. (1) An attorney **who intends to destroy a will as** authorized [*to destroy a will*] under
 38 ORS 112.815 [*may proceed as follows*] **must:**

39 (a) [*The attorney shall first publish a notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county*
 40 *of the last-known address of the testator, if any, otherwise in the county of the principal place of busi-*
 41 *ness of the attorney.*] **Provide notice of the attorney's intent to destroy the will to the testator**
 42 **or, if the attorney knows the testator is deceased, to the personal representative and to each**
 43 **successor personal representative named in the will; and**

44 (b) **Deliver the notice by mail, electronic mail, telephone and any other method reason-**
 45 **ably calculated to convey the notice to the mailing addresses, electronic mail addresses and**

1 **telephone numbers known to the attorney or reasonably ascertainable through public records**
 2 **or other searches.**

3 **(2) The notice [shall] under subsection (1) of this section must state the name of the testator,**
 4 **the date of the will and the intent of the attorney to destroy the will if, within 90 days after the**
 5 **date of the notice, the testator does not contact the attorney or, if the testator is deceased, the**
 6 **personal representative and each successor personal representative fail to accept delivery**
 7 **of the will [within 90 days after the date of the notice].**

8 **[(b)] (3) If the testator fails to contact the attorney within 90 days after the date of the notice**
 9 **or, if the testator is deceased, the personal representative and any successor personal rep-**
 10 **resentative fail to accept delivery of the will within 90 days of the date of the notice, the at-**
 11 **torney may destroy the will.**

12 *[(c) Within 30 days after destruction of the will, the attorney shall file with the probate court in the*
 13 *county where the notice was published an affidavit stating the name of the testator, the name and re-*
 14 *lationship of each person named in the will whom the testator identified as related to the testator by*
 15 *blood, adoption or marriage, the date of the will, proof of the publication and the date of destruction.]*

16 *[(d) The clerk of the probate court shall charge and collect the fee established under ORS 21.145*
 17 *for filing of the affidavit.]*

18 *[(2) If a will has not been admitted to probate within 40 years following the death of the testator,*
 19 *an attorney having custody of the will may destroy the will without notice to any person or court.]*

20 **(4)(a) At the time the attorney destroys a will under this section, the attorney shall sign**
 21 **an affidavit affirming:**

22 **(A) That despite diligent inquiry, the attorney was unable to locate the testator or, if the**
 23 **testator is deceased, that the attorney has knowledge of the testator's death and, despite**
 24 **diligent inquiry, the attorney was unable to locate the personal representative and successor**
 25 **personal representatives named in the testator's will or, if the attorney was able to locate**
 26 **the personal representative or any successor personal representative, that none would accept**
 27 **delivery of the will;**

28 **(B) That the attorney has created a complete digital copy of the testator's will, including**
 29 **any affidavit of attesting witnesses and codicils to the will; and**

30 **(C) That the attorney will retain a digital copy of the affidavit, the testator's will and any**
 31 **affidavit of attesting witnesses and codicils to the will for a period of no fewer than 15 years**
 32 **from the date of the affidavit.**

33 **(b) The affidavit must include documentation of the attorney's diligent efforts to provide**
 34 **notice to the testator or, if the attorney knows the testator is deceased, the personal rep-**
 35 **resentative and successor personal representatives, including but not limited to public re-**
 36 **records search results, the addresses, electronic mail addresses, telephone numbers or any**
 37 **other methods of contact the attorney used to provide notice of the attorney's intent to de-**
 38 **stroy the will, a copy of the notice and any other documentation of the attorney's attempts**
 39 **to provide notice to the testator or, if the testator is deceased, to the personal representative**
 40 **and successor personal representatives.**

41 **(c) No earlier than 15 years following the date of the affidavit, the attorney may destroy**
 42 **the electronic copies of the affidavit and the will and any affidavit of attesting witnesses or**
 43 **codicils to the will without notice of the destruction to any person or court.**

44
 45 **CONFORMING AMENDMENTS**

1 **SECTION 17.** ORS 113.238, as amended by section 37, chapter 678, Oregon Laws 2019, is
2 amended to read:

3 113.238. (1) A person who has knowledge that a decedent died wholly intestate, that the
4 decedent owned property subject to probate in Oregon and that the decedent died without a known
5 heir shall give notice of the death within 48 hours after acquiring that knowledge to the State
6 Treasurer.

7 (2) Except as provided by ORS 708A.430 and 723.466, a person may not dispose of or diminish
8 any assets of the estate of a decedent who has died wholly intestate, who owned property subject
9 to probate in Oregon and who died without a known heir unless the person has prior written ap-
10 proval of the State Treasurer. The prohibition of this subsection:

11 (a) Applies to a guardian or conservator for the decedent; and

12 (b) Does not apply to a personal representative appointed under ORS 113.085 (4) or to an affiant
13 authorized under ORS 114.520 to file a [small] **simple** estate affidavit under ORS 114.515.

14 (3) For purposes of this section, a known heir is an heir who has been identified and found.

15 **SECTION 18.** ORS 114.505, as amended by section 40, chapter 678, Oregon Laws 2019, is
16 amended to read:

17 114.505. As used in ORS 114.505 to 114.560:

18 (1) “Affiant” means the person or persons signing a [small] **simple** estate affidavit.

19 (2) “Claiming successors” means:

20 (a) If the decedent died intestate, the heir or heirs of the decedent, or if there is no heir, an
21 estate administrator of the State Treasurer appointed under ORS 113.235;

22 (b) If the decedent died testate, the devisee or devisees of the decedent; and

23 (c) Any creditor of the estate entitled to payment or reimbursement from the estate under ORS
24 114.545 (1)(f) who has not been paid or reimbursed the full amount owed such creditor within 60 days
25 after the date of the decedent’s death.

26 (3) “[Small] **Simple** estate affidavit” means an affidavit or amended affidavit filed under ORS
27 114.515.

28 **SECTION 19.** ORS 114.517 is amended to read:

29 114.517. The Director of Human Services, or the director’s designated representative, or the
30 Director of the Oregon Health Authority, or the director’s designated representative, may approve
31 in writing attorneys who are eligible to file a [small] **simple** estate affidavit if the decedent received
32 public assistance as defined in ORS 411.010, received medical assistance as defined in ORS 414.025
33 or received care at an institution as defined in ORS 179.010, and it appears that the assistance or
34 the cost of care may be recovered from the estate of the decedent. An attorney approved under this
35 section does not represent the Director of Human Services or the Director of the Oregon Health
36 Authority when the attorney files a [small] **simple** estate affidavit.

37 **SECTION 20.** ORS 114.520, as amended by section 41a, chapter 678, Oregon Laws 2019, is
38 amended to read:

39 114.520. (1) If a decedent dies intestate and without heirs, a creditor of an estate who is a
40 claiming successor may not file a [small] **simple** estate affidavit unless the creditor has received
41 written authorization from the State Treasurer. Except as provided by rule adopted by the State
42 Treasurer, the State Treasurer shall consent to the filing of a [small] **simple** estate affidavit by a
43 creditor only if it appears after investigation that the estate is insolvent.

44 (2) A creditor of an estate who is subject to subsection (1) of this section may give written no-
45 tice to the State Treasurer informing the State Treasurer that the creditor intends to file a [small]

1 **simple** estate affidavit. Upon receiving the notice permitted by this subsection, the State Treasurer
 2 shall investigate the assets and liabilities of the estate. Within 30 days after receiving the notice
 3 required by this subsection, the State Treasurer shall either:

4 (a) Give written authorization to the creditor for the filing of a *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit
 5 by the creditor; or

6 (b) Inform the creditor that the State Treasurer will file a *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit as
 7 claiming successor.

8 (3) If a decedent dies intestate and without heirs, a creditor of an estate who is a claiming
 9 successor and who files a *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit must notate at the top of the affidavit that
 10 the affidavit is being filed by a creditor of the estate. If the affidavit contains the notation required
 11 by this subsection, the clerk of the probate court may not accept the affidavit for filing unless there
 12 is attached to the affidavit written authorization for the filing of the affidavit by the creditor from
 13 the State Treasurer. The written authorization may be a copy of a memorandum of an interagency
 14 agreement between the State Treasurer and another state agency.

15 **SECTION 21.** ORS 114.525 is amended to read:

16 114.525. (1) A *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit must:

17 (a) Contain a notice in substantially the following form, printed in at least 14-point bold type
 18 immediately below the caption on the first page of the *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit:

20
 21 NOTICE OF DUTY TO PAY DEBT OR
 22 TURN OVER PROPERTY
 23

24 To: Any person to whom a copy of this *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit is mailed or delivered.

25 Under ORS 114.535, if you owe a debt to the decedent or have personal property of the decedent,
 26 you must pay the debt or turn over the property to the affiant. If you refuse, the affiant may ask
 27 the court to compel you to pay the debt or turn over the property and you could be responsible for
 28 the affiant's attorney fees.

29
 30
 31 (b) State the name and post-office address of the affiant.

32 (c) State the authority under which the affiant is filing the *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit, as
 33 provided in ORS 114.515.

34 (d) State that the *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit is made under ORS 114.505 to 114.560.

35 (e) State the name, age, domicile and post-office address and last four digits of the Social Secu-
 36 rity number of the decedent.

37 (f) State the date and place of the decedent's death.

38 (g) Describe and state the fair market value of all property in the estate, valued as provided in
 39 ORS 114.510, including a legal description of any real property.

40 (h) State that no personal representative of the estate has been appointed in Oregon, that there
 41 is no pending petition for appointment of a personal representative of the estate in Oregon and that
 42 the estate is not currently being administered in Oregon.

43 (i) State whether the decedent died testate or intestate.

44 (j) List the heirs of the decedent and the last address of each heir as known to the affiant, and
 45 state that a copy of the affidavit showing the date of filing and a copy of the will, if the decedent

1 died testate, will be delivered to each heir or mailed to the heir at the last-known address.

2 (k) If the decedent died testate, list the devisees of the decedent and the last address of each
 3 devisee as known to the affiant and state that a copy of the will and a copy of the affidavit showing
 4 the date of filing will be delivered to each devisee or mailed to the devisee at the last-known ad-
 5 dress.

6 (L) State the interest in the property described in the affidavit to which each heir or devisee is
 7 entitled and the interest, if any, that will escheat.

8 (m) State that reasonable efforts have been made to ascertain creditors of the estate.

9 (n) List the claims against the estate that are undisputed by the affiant and that remain unpaid
 10 or on account of which the affiant or any other person is entitled to reimbursement from the estate,
 11 including the known or estimated amounts of the claims and the names and addresses of the credi-
 12 tors as known to the affiant, and state that a copy of the affidavit showing the date of filing will
 13 be delivered to each creditor who has not been paid in full or mailed to the creditor at the last-
 14 known address.

15 (o) Separately list the name and address of each person known to the affiant to assert a claim
 16 against the estate that the affiant disputes and the known or estimated amount of the claims dis-
 17 puted by the affiant and state that a copy of the affidavit showing the date of filing will be delivered
 18 to each such person or mailed to the person at the last-known address.

19 (p)(A) State the mailing address for presentment of claims; and

20 (B) If the affiant wishes to authorize creditors to present claims by electronic mail or facsimile
 21 communication, state the electronic mail address or facsimile number for presentment of claims.

22 (q) List anticipated administrative expenses and attorney fees, if any.

23 (r) State that the affiant is not disqualified from acting as an affiant under ORS 114.515 (2).

24 (s) State that a copy of the affidavit showing the date of filing and a copy of the death record
 25 will be mailed or delivered to the Department of Human Services or to the Oregon Health Authority,
 26 as prescribed by rule by the department or authority.

27 (t) State, to the best of the affiant's knowledge, whether the decedent was incarcerated in a
 28 correctional facility in this state at any time in the 15 years before the decedent's death and, if the
 29 decedent was incarcerated in a correctional facility in this state at any time in the 15 years before
 30 the decedent's death, state that a copy of the affidavit showing the date of filing and a copy of the
 31 death record will be mailed or delivered to the Department of Corrections.

32 (u) State that undisputed claims against the estate will be paid as provided in ORS 114.545.

33 (v) State that claims against the estate not listed in the affidavit or in amounts larger than those
 34 listed in the affidavit may be barred unless:

35 (A) A claim is presented to the affiant within four months of the filing of the affidavit or
 36 amended affidavit at the address, electronic mail address or facsimile number stated in the affidavit
 37 for presentation of claims; or

38 (B) A petition for appointment of a personal representative of the estate is filed within the time
 39 allowed under ORS 114.555.

40 (w) If the affidavit lists one or more claims that the affiant disputes, state that any such claim
 41 may be barred unless:

42 (A) A petition for summary determination is filed within four months of the filing of the affidavit;
 43 or

44 (B) A petition for appointment of a personal representative of the estate is filed within the time
 45 allowed under ORS 114.555.

1 (2) The affiant shall file a certified copy of the death record of the decedent as a confidential
2 document.

3 (3) If the decedent died testate, the affiant shall file simultaneously with the [small] **simple** es-
4 tate affidavit:

5 (a)(A) The original will; or

6 (B) If the original will is filed in an estate proceeding in another jurisdiction, a certified copy
7 of the original will; and

8 (b) Proof of the will meeting the requirements of ORS 113.055.

9 **SECTION 22.** ORS 114.535, as amended by section 42, chapter 678, Oregon Laws 2019, is
10 amended to read:

11 114.535. (1) The affiant may deliver a certified copy of a [small] **simple** estate affidavit to any
12 person who has possession of personal property belonging to the estate or who was indebted to the
13 decedent. Except as provided in this section, upon receipt of the certified copy, the person shall pay
14 the debt or transfer, deliver, provide access to and allow possession of the personal property to the
15 affiant.

16 (2) Subject to ORS 114.537, if a certified copy of a [small] **simple** estate affidavit is delivered
17 under subsection (1) of this section to a person that controls access to personal property belonging
18 to the estate of the decedent, including personal property held in a safe deposit box for which the
19 decedent was the sole lessee or the last surviving lessee, the person shall:

20 (a) Provide the affiant with access to the decedent's personal property; and

21 (b) Allow the affiant to take possession of the personal property.

22 (3) Subject to ORS 114.537, if a certified copy of a [small] **simple** estate affidavit is delivered
23 under subsection (1) of this section to a person who owes a debt to the decedent or has received
24 property of the decedent under ORS 446.616, 708A.430, 723.466 or 803.094, or a similar statute pro-
25 viding for the transfer of property of an estate that is not being probated, the person shall pay the
26 debt or transfer, deliver, provide access to or allow possession of the property to the affiant if the
27 person would be required to pay the debt or transfer, deliver, provide access to or allow possession
28 of the property to a personal representative of the estate.

29 (4) Any person that pays a debt owing to the decedent or transfers, delivers, provides access to
30 or allows possession of property of a decedent in the manner provided by this section is discharged
31 and released from any liability or responsibility for the debt or property in the same manner and
32 with the same effect as if the debt had been paid or the property had been transferred or delivered
33 to a personal representative of the estate of the decedent.

34 (5) The affiant may deliver a certified copy of a [small] **simple** estate affidavit to a transfer
35 agent of any corporate security registered in the name of the decedent. The transfer agent shall
36 change the registered ownership on the books of the corporation to the affiant or the person named
37 in the affidavit entitled to it, as directed by the affiant.

38 (6)(a) If a person to whom a certified copy of a [small] **simple** estate affidavit is delivered under
39 this section refuses to pay a debt or deliver, transfer, provide access to or allow possession of per-
40 sonal property as required by this section, the affiant may serve a written demand by certified mail
41 on the person to pay the debt or deliver, transfer, provide access to or allow possession of the per-
42 sonal property. The demand must state that, if the person fails to pay the debt or deliver, transfer,
43 provide access to or allow possession of the personal property, the affiant may file a motion to
44 compel payment of the debt or delivery of, transfer of or access to the personal property.

45 (b) If the person fails to pay the debt or deliver, transfer, provide access to or allow possession

1 of the personal property within 30 days after service of a demand under paragraph (a) of this sub-
 2 section, the affiant may file a motion to compel payment of the debt or delivery of, transfer of or
 3 access to the personal property. The court may enter a judgment awarding reasonable attorney fees
 4 to the prevailing party if the court finds that the affiant filed the motion without an objectively
 5 reasonable basis or the person refused to pay the debt or deliver, transfer, provide access to or al-
 6 low possession of any personal property without an objectively reasonable basis.

7 (7) If a *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit was signed by the Director of Human Services, the Di-
 8 rector of the Oregon Health Authority or an attorney approved under ORS 114.517, the Director of
 9 Human Services, the Director of the Oregon Health Authority or the attorney may certify a copy
 10 of the affidavit for the purposes described in this section.

11 (8) Notwithstanding ORS chapters 270, 273 and 274, an estate administrator of the State Treas-
 12 urer appointed under ORS 113.235 or the Director of Human Services or Director of the Oregon
 13 Health Authority serving as an affiant may deal with property of the estate as an affiant under this
 14 section.

15 **SECTION 23.** ORS 114.542 is amended to read:

16 114.542. (1)(a) A creditor of an estate whose claim has been presented within the time permitted
 17 by ORS 114.540 (1) and disallowed by the affiant in whole or in part may within 30 days after the
 18 date of mailing or delivery of the notice of disallowance file with the probate court a petition for
 19 summary determination of the claim by the court.

20 (b) A creditor of the decedent whose claim is listed in the *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit as
 21 disputed may within four months after the filing of the affidavit or amended affidavit listing the
 22 disputed claim file with the probate court a petition for summary determination of the creditor's
 23 claim by the court.

24 (2) The court shall hear a petition for summary determination filed under this section without
 25 a jury, after notice to the creditor and affiant, and any interested person may be heard in the pro-
 26 ceeding.

27 (3) The claim may be proved as provided in ORS 115.195.

28 (4) Upon a hearing under this section the court shall determine the claim in a summary manner
 29 and shall make an order allowing or disallowing the claim in whole or in part.

30 (5) An order of the court made upon summary determination under this section may not be ap-
 31 pealed and may be enforced only by the filing of a petition for summary review under ORS 114.550.

32 **SECTION 24.** ORS 114.545 is amended to read:

33 114.545. (1) The affiant:

34 (a) Is a fiduciary who is under a general duty to administer, preserve, settle and distribute the
 35 estate in accordance with the terms of the will, the law of intestate succession and ORS 114.505 to
 36 114.560 as expeditiously and with as little sacrifice of value as is reasonable under the circum-
 37 stances.

38 (b) May not commingle property of the estate of which the affiant has taken possession with
 39 property of the affiant or any other person.

40 (c) Shall take control of the property of the estate coming into the possession of the affiant and
 41 collect the income from property of the estate in the possession of the affiant.

42 (d) Within 30 days after filing the *[small]* **simple** estate affidavit shall mail or deliver each in-
 43 strument that the affidavit states will be mailed or delivered.

44 (e) May open one or more deposit accounts in a financial institution as defined in ORS 706.008
 45 with funds of the decedent, upon which the affiant may withdraw funds by means of checks, drafts

1 or negotiable orders of withdrawal or otherwise for the payment of claims and expenses described
2 in paragraph (f) of this subsection.

3 (f) From and to the extent of the property of the estate, shall pay or reimburse any person who
4 has paid:

5 (A) Expenses described in ORS 115.125 (1)(b) and (c) and listed in the [small] **simple** estate af-
6 fidavit;

7 (B) Claims listed in the [small] **simple** estate affidavit as undisputed;

8 (C) Allowed claims presented to the affiant within the time permitted by ORS 114.540; and

9 (D) Claims that the probate court allowed upon summary determination under ORS 114.542.

10 (g) Shall pay claims and expenses under paragraph (f) of this subsection in the order of priority
11 prescribed by ORS 115.125.

12 (h) May transfer and sell property that is part of the estate as provided in ORS 114.547.

13 (i) Shall retain records of the administration of the estate at least until the later of:

14 (A) The expiration of the two-year period established in ORS 114.550; or

15 (B) The conclusion of any summary review proceeding under ORS 114.550.

16 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or ORS 114.547, when an heir or devisee
17 entitled to succeed to a conveyance fails or refuses to join in the conveyance as required by ORS
18 114.547, an affiant approved under ORS 114.517 may convey any real or personal property that is
19 part of the estate at any time to a third party for a valuable consideration.

20 (3) Property conveyed by an affiant under ORS 114.547 this section is subject to liens and
21 encumbrances against the decedent or the estate of the decedent. Property conveyed by an affiant
22 under ORS 114.547 is not subject to rights of creditors of the decedent or liens or encumbrances
23 against the heirs or devisees of the decedent. The presentation and allowance of a claim in a pro-
24 ceeding under ORS 114.505 to 114.560 does not make the claimant a secured creditor.

25 (4) Any claiming successor to whom property of the estate is delivered or transferred under ORS
26 114.505 to 114.560 is personally answerable and accountable:

27 (a) To the extent of the value of the property received, to creditors of the estate to the extent
28 such creditors are entitled to payment under subsection (1) of this section; and

29 (b) To any personal representative of the estate of the decedent appointed after the payment,
30 delivery or transfer is made.

31 (5) A financial institution as defined in ORS 706.008 that opens one or more deposit accounts for
32 an affiant pursuant to subsection (1)(e) of this section is not liable to any other person for opening
33 the account or accounts or for permitting the affiant to withdraw funds from the account or ac-
34 counts by means of checks, drafts, negotiable orders of withdrawal or otherwise. The financial in-
35 stitution is not required to ensure that the funds of the decedent that are paid out by the affiant
36 are properly applied.

37 **SECTION 25.** ORS 114.550 is amended to read:

38 114.550. (1)(a) The affiant or any claiming successor of the estate who has not been paid the full
39 amount owed the claiming successor may, within two years after the filing of a [small] **simple** estate
40 affidavit, file with the probate court a petition for summary review of administration of the estate.

41 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, a person may file a petition for summary
42 review under this section for the purpose of compelling the affiant to distribute property of the es-
43 tate within 60 days after the completion of the two-year period described in paragraph (a) of this
44 subsection.

45 (c) A creditor may not file a petition under this section if the creditor received a copy of a

1 [small] **simple** estate affidavit delivered or mailed to the creditor within 30 days after the date the
2 affidavit was filed, the creditor was shown as a disputed creditor in the affidavit and the creditor
3 has not filed a petition for summary determination under ORS 114.542.

4 (d) A creditor may not file a petition under this section if the creditor presented a claim to the
5 affiant, the claim was disallowed and the creditor did not file a petition for summary determination
6 under ORS 114.542.

7 (2) Within 30 days after the filing of a petition under subsection (1) of this section by a person
8 other than the affiant, the affiant shall file with the court an answer to the petition for summary
9 review.

10 (3) The court shall hear the matter without a jury, after notice to the claiming successor and
11 the affiant, and any interested person may be heard in the proceeding.

12 (4) Upon the hearing:

13 (a) The court shall review administration of the estate in a summary manner and may order the
14 affiant to sell property of the estate and pay creditors, to pay creditors of the estate from property
15 of the estate or of the affiant, or to distribute property of the estate to the claiming successors, or
16 may order any person who has received property of the estate to pay amounts owed to claiming
17 successors of the estate in whole or in part.

18 (b) If the court allows a claim of a creditor in whole or in part, the court shall order the affiant,
19 to the extent of property of the estate allocable to the payment of the claim pursuant to ORS
20 115.125, and any claiming successor to whom property of the estate has been delivered or trans-
21 ferred under ORS 114.505 to 114.560, to the extent of the value of the property received, to pay to
22 the creditor the amount allowed.

23 (c) The court may remove the affiant if the affiant failed to comply with ORS 114.505 to 114.560,
24 surcharge the affiant for any loss caused by failure to comply with ORS 114.505 to 114.560 and au-
25 thorize the substitution of a new affiant.

26 **SECTION 26.** ORS 114.552 is amended to read:

27 114.552. (1) A person filing a petition for summary determination under ORS 114.542 or a peti-
28 tion for summary review of administration of estate under ORS 114.550, or any other appearance in
29 a proceeding under ORS 114.505 to 114.560, must pay the filing fee established under ORS 21.135.

30 (2) If at any time after the filing of a [small] **simple** estate affidavit a petition for appointment
31 of a personal representative is filed for the same estate, the person filing the petition must pay the
32 fees established under ORS 21.170.

33 **SECTION 27.** ORS 114.555 is amended to read:

34 114.555. (1)(a) If a petition to appoint a personal representative is not filed within four months
35 after the filing of a [small] **simple** estate affidavit, then after the completion of the four-month period
36 described in ORS 114.540, after all unsecured creditors of the estate have been paid to the extent
37 of the property of the estate and before the completion of the two-year period established in ORS
38 114.550, the affiant shall transfer the interest of the decedent in remaining property or proceeds of
39 property described in the affidavit to the person or persons shown by the affidavit to be entitled to
40 the property, and any other claims against the property are barred, except:

41 (A) As otherwise provided in this section and ORS 114.540, 114.542, 114.545 and 114.550; and

42 (B) For the purposes of a surviving spouse's claim for an elective share in the manner provided
43 by ORS 114.600 to 114.725.

44 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, if a petition for summary review has been
45 filed under ORS 114.550, the affiant may not transfer the interest of the decedent in the property

1 described in the affidavit until after all claims allowed in the summary review proceeding are paid
 2 to the extent of the property of the estate.

3 (2) Property conveyed by an affiant under this section is subject to liens and encumbrances
 4 against the decedent or the estate of the decedent. Property conveyed by an affiant under this sec-
 5 tion is subject to the rights of creditors of the decedent or the estate of the decedent until the ex-
 6 piration of the two-year period established in ORS 114.550.

7 (3) When the affiant transfers an interest in real property under this section, the affiant shall
 8 cause to be recorded in the deed records of the county in which the real property is situated a
 9 bargain and sale deed conveying the property to the person entitled to the property, executed in the
 10 manner required by ORS chapter 93.

11 (4) When the affiant transfers an interest in a manufactured structure as defined in ORS 446.561
 12 belonging to a decedent and assessed as personal property under this section, the affiant shall file
 13 with the Department of Consumer and Business Services the necessary information for recording the
 14 successor's interest in the manufactured structure on an ownership document.

15 **SECTION 28.** ORS 114.650 is amended to read:

16 114.650. For purposes of ORS 114.600 to 114.725, a decedent's probate estate is the value of all
 17 estate property that is subject to probate and that is available for distribution after payment of
 18 claims and expenses of administration. A decedent's probate estate includes all property that could
 19 be administered under a [*small*] **simple** estate affidavit pursuant to ORS 114.505 to 114.560. A
 20 decedent's probate estate does not include any property that constitutes a probate transfer to the
 21 decedent's surviving spouse under ORS 114.685.

22 **SECTION 29.** ORS 119.021 is amended to read:

23 119.021. If a deceased user consented to, or a court directs, disclosure of the contents of elec-
 24 tronic communications of the user, the custodian shall disclose to the personal representative of the
 25 estate of the user the content of an electronic communication sent or received by the user if the
 26 personal representative gives the custodian:

- 27 (1) A written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
- 28 (2) A certified copy of the death certificate of the user;
- 29 (3) A certified copy of the letter of appointment of the personal representative or a [*small*]
 30 **simple** estate affidavit or court order;

31 (4) Unless the user provided direction using an online tool, a copy of the user's will, trust, power
 32 of attorney or other record evidencing the user's consent to disclosure of the content of electronic
 33 communications; and

34 (5) If requested by the custodian:

35 (a) A number, user name, address or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by
 36 the custodian to identify the user's account;

37 (b) Evidence linking the account to the user; or

38 (c) A finding by the court that:

39 (A) The user had a specific account with the custodian, identifiable by the information specified
 40 in paragraph (a) of this subsection;

41 (B) Disclosure of the content of electronic communications of the user would not violate 18
 42 U.S.C. 2701 et seq., 47 U.S.C. 222 or other applicable law;

43 (C) Unless the user provided direction using an online tool, the user consented to disclosure of
 44 the content of electronic communications; or

45 (D) Disclosure of the content of electronic communications of the user is reasonably necessary

1 for administration of the estate.

2 **SECTION 30.** ORS 119.026 is amended to read:

3 119.026. Unless the user prohibited disclosure of digital assets or the court directs otherwise, a
4 custodian shall disclose to the personal representative of the estate of a deceased user a catalog of
5 electronic communications sent or received by the user and digital assets, other than the content
6 of electronic communications, of the user if the personal representative gives the custodian:

7 (1) A written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;

8 (2) A certified copy of the death certificate of the user;

9 (3) A certified copy of the letter of appointment of the personal representative or a *[small]*
10 **simple** estate affidavit or court order; and

11 (4) If requested by the custodian:

12 (a) A number, user name, address or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by
13 the custodian to identify the user's account;

14 (b) Evidence linking the account to the user;

15 (c) An affidavit stating that disclosure of the user's digital assets is reasonably necessary for
16 administration of the estate; or

17 (d) A finding by the court that:

18 (A) The user had a specific account with the custodian, identifiable by the information specified
19 in paragraph (a) of this subsection; or

20 (B) Disclosure of the user's digital assets is reasonably necessary for administration of the es-
21 tate.

22 **SECTION 31.** ORS 119.062 is amended to read:

23 119.062. (1) The legal duties imposed on a fiduciary charged with managing tangible property
24 apply to the management of digital assets, including:

25 (a) The duty of care;

26 (b) The duty of loyalty; and

27 (c) The duty of confidentiality.

28 (2) A fiduciary's or designated recipient's authority with respect to a digital asset of a user:

29 (a) Except as otherwise provided in ORS 119.016, is subject to the applicable terms of service;

30 (b) Is subject to other applicable law, including copyright law;

31 (c) In the case of a fiduciary, is limited by the scope of the fiduciary's duties; and

32 (d) May not be used to impersonate the user.

33 (3) A fiduciary with authority over the property of a decedent, protected person, principal or
34 settlor has the right to access any digital asset in which the decedent, protected person, principal
35 or settlor has a right or interest and that is not held by a custodian or subject to a terms-of-service
36 agreement.

37 (4) A fiduciary acting within the scope of the fiduciary's duties is an authorized user of the
38 property of the decedent, protected person, principal or settlor for the purpose of applicable com-
39 puter fraud and unauthorized computer access laws, including this state's laws on unauthorized
40 computer access.

41 (5) A fiduciary with authority over the tangible, personal property of a decedent, protected
42 person, principal or settlor:

43 (a) Has the right to access the property and any digital asset stored in the property; and

44 (b) Is an authorized user for the purpose of computer fraud and unauthorized computer access
45 laws, including this state's laws on unauthorized computer access.

1 (6) A custodian may disclose information in an account to a fiduciary of the user when the in-
2 formation is required to terminate an account used to access digital assets licensed to the user.

3 (7) A fiduciary of a user may request a custodian to terminate the user's account. A request for
4 termination must be in writing, in either physical or electronic form, and accompanied by:

5 (a) If the user is deceased, a certified copy of the death certificate of the user;

6 (b) A certified copy of the letter of appointment of the personal representative, a [small] **simple**
7 estate affidavit or court order, a court order, a power of attorney or a trust giving the fiduciary
8 authority over the account; and

9 (c) If requested by the custodian:

10 (A) A number, user name, address or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by
11 the custodian to identify the user's account;

12 (B) Evidence linking the account to the user; or

13 (C) A finding by the court that the user had a specific account with the custodian, identifiable
14 by the information specified in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.

15 **SECTION 32.** ORS 130.150 is amended to read:

16 130.150. (1) A trust may be created:

17 (a) By transfer of property to another person as trustee during the settlor's lifetime or by will
18 or other disposition taking effect upon the settlor's death;

19 (b) By declaration by the owner of property that the owner holds identifiable property as trust-
20 tee;

21 (c) By exercise of a power of appointment in favor of a trustee;

22 (d) By an agent or attorney-in-fact under a power of attorney that expressly grants authority to
23 create the trust; or

24 (e) Pursuant to a statute or judgment that requires property to be administered in the manner
25 of an express trust.

26 (2) The following apply to trusts for death benefits:

27 (a) A trustee may be named as beneficiary of any death benefits, and the death benefits shall
28 be paid to the trustee and be held and disposed of by the trustee as provided in a trust created by
29 the designator during the lifetime of the designator. A trust is valid even though the trust does not
30 have a trust corpus other than the right of the trustee to receive death benefits as beneficiary.

31 (b) A trustee named by will may be designated as beneficiary of death benefits if the designation
32 is made in accordance with the provisions of the policy, contract, plan, trust or other governing
33 instrument. Upon probate of the will, or upon the filing of a [small] **simple** estate affidavit under
34 ORS 114.515, the death benefits are payable to the trustee to be held and disposed of under the
35 terms of the designator's will in the same manner as other testamentary trusts are administered.
36 Unless otherwise provided by the designator, an obligor may make payment of death benefits to the
37 personal representative of the designator, or to the persons who are otherwise entitled to the death
38 benefits, if a qualified trustee does not claim the death benefits within one year after the death of
39 the designator, or if satisfactory evidence is furnished within the one-year period showing that there
40 is no trustee who can qualify to receive the death benefits. The obligor is discharged from any li-
41 ability for the death benefits upon making the payment.

42 (c) Death benefits received by the trustee are not subject to the debts of the designator or to
43 inheritance or estate taxes to any greater extent than if the death benefits were payable to the
44 beneficiaries named in the trust and not to the estate of the designator.

45 (d) Death benefits held in trust may be commingled with any other assets that may properly

1 become a part of the trust.

2 (3) As used in this section:

3 (a) "Death benefits" means death benefits of any kind, including proceeds of life insurance pol-
4 icies, payments under annuity or endowment contracts, and funds payable in connection with pen-
5 sion, retirement, stock bonus or profit-sharing plans, or any trust administered in connection with
6 these arrangements.

7 (b) "Designator" means the person entitled to designate the beneficiary of death benefits upon
8 the death of the person.

9 (c) "Obligor" means the insurer or other person obligated to pay death benefits.

10 **SECTION 33.** ORS 238.458 is amended to read:

11 238.458. (1) A benefit that is owed to a member or beneficiary of a member under the Public
12 Employees Retirement System shall be forfeited at the end of the system's plan year in which the
13 benefit becomes due if the Public Employees Retirement Board is unable to locate the member or
14 beneficiary. If the member, beneficiary or any other person thereafter establishes a right to the
15 forfeited benefit, the board shall reinstate the benefit. If the benefit is a periodic payment, the board
16 shall make a retroactive payment to the member, beneficiary or other person in a lump sum for all
17 amounts that would have been paid before reinstatement of the benefit. No interest shall be paid
18 on the benefit for the period commencing when the benefit became due and the date of the retro-
19 active payment.

20 (2) Death benefits and other amounts payable by reason of the death of a member do not escheat
21 to the state when the member dies without heirs, devisees or beneficiaries designated under ORS
22 238.390. If a beneficiary has not been designated under ORS 238.390, and a personal representative
23 or a person filing a [small] **simple** estate affidavit under ORS 114.505 to 114.560 fails to make claim
24 for the benefits within one year after the member dies, the benefits shall be forfeited to the Public
25 Employees Retirement Fund in the manner provided by subsection (1) of this section and are subject
26 to reinstatement only upon subsequent appointment of a personal representative or the filing of a
27 [small] **simple** estate affidavit in the manner provided by ORS 114.505 to 114.560. If benefits are paid
28 to a personal representative or a person filing a [small] **simple** estate affidavit under ORS 114.505
29 to 114.560, the personal representative or person filing the affidavit shall return to the board the
30 amount that would otherwise escheat to the state after payment of administrative expenses and
31 claims against the estate. Any amounts returned to the board under this subsection shall be for-
32 feited to the fund.

33 **SECTION 34.** ORS 708A.655, as amended by section 70, chapter 678, Oregon Laws 2019, is
34 amended to read:

35 708A.655. (1) This section applies to the safe deposit box of any person who is the sole lessee
36 or last surviving lessee of the box and who has died.

37 (2) Subject to ORS 114.537, upon being furnished with a certified copy of the decedent's death
38 record or other evidence of death satisfactory to the Oregon operating institution, the Oregon op-
39 erating institution within which the box is located shall cause or permit the box to be opened, and
40 the contents of the box examined, at the request of an individual who furnishes an affidavit stating:

41 (a) That the individual believes the box may contain the will of the decedent, a trust instrument
42 creating a trust of which the decedent was a trustor or a trustee at the time of the decedent's death,
43 documents pertaining to the disposition of the remains of the decedent, documents pertaining to
44 property of the estate of the decedent or property of the estate of the decedent; and

45 (b) That the individual is an interested person and wishes to open the box to conduct a will

1 search or trust instrument search, obtain documents relating to the disposition of the decedent's
2 remains, inventory the contents of the box or remove property of the estate of the decedent pursuant
3 to a [small] **simple** estate affidavit filed under ORS 114.515.

4 (3) For the purpose of this section, "interested person" means any of the following:

5 (a) A person named as personal representative of the decedent in a purported will of the
6 decedent;

7 (b) The surviving spouse or any heir of the decedent;

8 (c) A person who was serving as the court-appointed guardian or conservator of the decedent
9 or as trustee for the decedent immediately prior to the decedent's death;

10 (d) A person named as successor trustee in a purported trust instrument creating a trust of
11 which the decedent was a trustor or a trustee at the time of the decedent's death;

12 (e) A person designated by the decedent in a writing that is acceptable to the Oregon operating
13 institution and is filed with it prior to the decedent's death;

14 (f) A person who immediately prior to the death of the decedent had the right of access to the
15 box as an agent of the decedent under a durable power of attorney;

16 (g) If there are no heirs of the decedent, an estate administrator of the State Treasurer ap-
17 pointed under ORS 113.235; or

18 (h) A person who is authorized to file a [small] **simple** estate affidavit under ORS 114.515.

19 (4) If the box is opened for the purpose of conducting a will search, the Oregon operating in-
20 stitution shall remove any document that appears to be a will, make a true and correct copy of it
21 and deliver the original will to a person designated in the will to serve as the decedent's personal
22 representative, or if no such person is designated or the Oregon operating institution cannot, despite
23 reasonable efforts, determine the whereabouts of such person, the Oregon operating institution shall
24 retain the will or deliver it to a court having jurisdiction of the estate of the decedent. A copy of
25 the will shall be retained in the box. At the request of the interested person, a copy of the will,
26 together with copies of any documents pertaining to the disposition of the remains of the decedent,
27 may be given to the interested person.

28 (5) If the box is opened for the purpose of conducting a trust instrument search, the Oregon
29 operating institution shall remove any document that appears to be a trust instrument creating a
30 trust of which the decedent was a trustor or trustee at the time of the decedent's death, make a true
31 and correct copy of it and deliver the original trust instrument to a person designated in the trust
32 instrument to serve as the successor trustee on the death of the decedent. If no such person is
33 designated or the Oregon operating institution cannot, despite reasonable efforts, determine the
34 whereabouts of such person, the Oregon operating institution shall retain the trust instrument. A
35 copy of the trust instrument shall be retained in the box. At the request of any interested person,
36 a copy of the trust instrument may be given to the interested person.

37 (6) If the box is opened for the purpose of obtaining documents pertaining to the disposition of
38 the decedent's remains, the Oregon operating institution shall comply with subsection (4) or (5) of
39 this section with respect to any will or trust instrument of the decedent found in the box, and may
40 in its discretion either:

41 (a) Make and retain in the box a copy of any documents pertaining to the disposition of the
42 remains of the decedent and tender the original documents to the interested person; or

43 (b) Provide a copy of any documents pertaining to the disposition of the remains of the decedent
44 to the interested person and retain the original documents in the box.

45 (7) If the box is opened for the purpose of making an inventory of its contents, the Oregon op-

1 erating institution shall comply with subsection (4) or (5) of this section with respect to any will or
 2 trust instrument of the decedent that is found in the box, and shall cause the inventory to be made.
 3 The inventory must be attested to by a representative of the Oregon operating institution and may
 4 be attested to by the interested person, if the interested person is present when the inventory is
 5 made. The Oregon operating institution shall retain the original inventory in the box, and shall
 6 furnish a copy of the inventory to the interested person upon request.

7 (8) If the interested person is an affiant of a [*small*] **simple** estate affidavit filed under ORS
 8 114.515 and delivers a certified copy of the affidavit in the manner provided by ORS 114.535, the
 9 Oregon operating institution shall provide to the affiant access to the decedent's property. The
 10 Oregon operating institution shall comply with subsection (4) or (5) of this section if a will or trust
 11 instrument of the decedent is found in the box. Subject to ORS 114.537, the Oregon operating insti-
 12 tution shall allow the affiant to take possession of the personal property in the box.

13 (9) The Oregon operating institution may presume the truth of any statement contained in the
 14 affidavit required to be furnished under this section or ORS 114.535, and when acting in reliance
 15 upon such an affidavit, the Oregon operating institution is discharged as if it had dealt with the
 16 personal representative of the decedent. The Oregon operating institution is not responsible for the
 17 adequacy of the description of any property included in an inventory of the contents of a box, or for
 18 the conversion of the property in connection with actions performed under this section, except for
 19 conversion by intentional acts of the Oregon operating institution or its employees, directors, offi-
 20 cers or agents. If the Oregon operating institution is not satisfied that the requirements of this
 21 section have been satisfied, the Oregon operating institution may decline to open the box.

22 (10) If the interested person or affiant does not furnish the key needed to open the box, and the
 23 Oregon operating institution must incur expense in gaining entry to the box, the Oregon operating
 24 institution may require that the interested person or affiant pay the expense of opening the box.

25 (11) Any examination of the contents of a box under this section shall be conducted in the
 26 presence of at least one employee of the Oregon operating institution.

27 **SECTION 35.** ORS 723.844, as amended by section 78, chapter 678, Oregon Laws 2019, is
 28 amended to read:

29 723.844. (1) This section applies to the safe deposit box of any person who is the sole lessee or
 30 last surviving lessee of the box and who has died.

31 (2) Subject to ORS 114.537, upon being furnished with a certified copy of the decedent's death
 32 record or other evidence of death satisfactory to the credit union, the credit union within which the
 33 box is located shall cause or permit the box to be opened, and the contents of the box examined,
 34 at the request of an individual who furnishes an affidavit stating:

35 (a) That the individual believes the box may contain the will of the decedent, a trust instrument
 36 creating a trust of which the decedent was a trustor or a trustee at the time of the decedent's death,
 37 documents pertaining to the disposition of the remains of the decedent, documents pertaining to
 38 property of the estate of the decedent or property of the estate of the decedent; and

39 (b) That the individual is an interested person and wishes to open the box to conduct a will
 40 search or trust instrument search, obtain documents relating to the disposition of the decedent's
 41 remains or inventory the contents of the box or remove property of the estate of the decedent pur-
 42 suant to a [*small*] **simple** estate affidavit filed under ORS 114.515.

43 (3) For the purpose of this section, "interested person" means any of the following:

44 (a) A person named as personal representative of the decedent in a purported will of the
 45 decedent;

1 (b) The surviving spouse or any heir of the decedent;

2 (c) A person who was serving as the court-appointed guardian or conservator of the decedent
3 or as trustee for the decedent immediately prior to the decedent's death;

4 (d) A person named as successor trustee in a purported trust instrument creating a trust of
5 which the decedent was a trustor or a trustee at the time of the decedent's death;

6 (e) A person designated by the decedent in a writing that is acceptable to the credit union and
7 is filed with it prior to the decedent's death;

8 (f) A person who immediately prior to the death of the decedent had the right of access to the
9 box as an agent of the decedent under a durable power of attorney;

10 (g) If there are no heirs of the decedent, an estate administrator of the State Treasurer ap-
11 pointed under ORS 113.235; or

12 (h) A person who is authorized to file a [small] **simple** estate affidavit under ORS 114.515.

13 (4) If the box is opened for the purpose of conducting a will search, the credit union shall re-
14 move any document that appears to be a will, make a true and correct copy of it and deliver the
15 original will to a person designated in the will to serve as the decedent's personal representative,
16 or if no such person is designated or the credit union cannot, despite reasonable efforts, determine
17 the whereabouts of such person, the credit union shall retain the will or deliver it to a court having
18 jurisdiction of the estate of the decedent. A copy of the will shall be retained in the box. At the
19 request of the interested person, a copy of the will, together with copies of any documents pertain-
20 ing to the disposition of the remains of the decedent, may be given to the interested person.

21 (5) If the box is opened for the purpose of conducting a trust instrument search, the credit union
22 shall remove any document that appears to be a trust instrument creating a trust of which the
23 decedent was a trustor or trustee at the time of the decedent's death, make a true and correct copy
24 of it and deliver the original trust instrument to a person designated in the trust instrument to serve
25 as the successor trustee on the death of the decedent. If no such person is designated or the credit
26 union cannot, despite reasonable efforts, determine the whereabouts of such person, the credit union
27 shall retain the trust instrument. A copy of the trust instrument shall be retained in the box. At the
28 request of any interested person, a copy of the trust instrument may be given to the interested
29 person.

30 (6) If the box is opened for the purpose of obtaining documents pertaining to the disposition of
31 the decedent's remains, the credit union shall comply with subsection (4) or (5) of this section with
32 respect to any will or trust instrument of the decedent found in the box, and may in its discretion
33 either:

34 (a) Make and retain in the box a copy of any documents pertaining to the disposition of the
35 remains of the decedent and tender the original documents to the interested person; or

36 (b) Provide a copy of any documents pertaining to the disposition of the remains of the decedent
37 to the interested person and retain the original documents in the box.

38 (7) If the box is opened for the purpose of making an inventory of its contents, the credit union
39 shall comply with subsection (4) or (5) of this section with respect to any will or trust instrument
40 of the decedent that is found in the box, and shall cause the inventory to be made. The inventory
41 must be attested to by a representative of the credit union and may be attested to by the interested
42 person, if the interested person is present when the inventory is made. The credit union shall retain
43 the original inventory in the box, and shall furnish a copy of the inventory to the interested person
44 upon request.

45 (8) If the interested person is an affiant of a [small] **simple** estate affidavit filed under ORS

1 114.515 and delivers a certified copy of the affidavit in the manner provided by ORS 114.535, the
 2 credit union shall provide to the affiant access to the decedent's property. The credit union shall
 3 comply with subsection (4) or (5) of this section if a will or trust instrument of the decedent is found
 4 in the box. Subject to ORS 114.537, the credit union shall allow the affiant to take possession of the
 5 personal property in the box.

6 (9) The credit union may presume the truth of any statement contained in the affidavit required
 7 to be furnished under this section and ORS 114.535, and when acting in reliance upon such an affi-
 8 davit, the credit union is discharged as if it had dealt with the personal representative of the
 9 decedent. The credit union is not responsible for the adequacy of the description of any property
 10 included in an inventory of the contents of a box, or for the conversion of the property in connection
 11 with actions performed under this section, except for conversion by intentional acts of the credit
 12 union or its employees, directors, officers or agents. If the credit union is not satisfied that the re-
 13 quirements of this section have been satisfied, the credit union may decline to open the box.

14 (10) If the interested person or affiant does not furnish the key needed to open the box, and the
 15 credit union must incur expense in gaining entry to the box, the credit union may require that the
 16 interested person or affiant pay the expense of opening the box.

17 (11) Any examination of the contents of a box under this section shall be conducted in the
 18 presence of at least one employee of the credit union.

19
 20 **APPLICABILITY**

21
 22 **SECTION 36. (1) Section 7 of this 2021 Act and the amendments to ORS 130.315 by section**
 23 **8 of this 2021 Act apply to tenancy by the entirety property conveyed to a trustee or trustees**
 24 **of a trust or trusts on or after the effective date of this 2021 Act.**

25 **(2) The amendments to statutes by sections 9 to 13 and 17 to 35 of this 2021 Act apply**
 26 **to estates of decedents dying before, on or after the effective date of this 2021 Act.**

27
 28 **CAPTIONS**

29
 30 **SECTION 37. The unit captions used in this 2021 Act are provided only for the conven-**
 31 **ience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or express any**
 32 **legislative intent in the enactment of this 2021 Act.**

33 _____