

## HB 2819 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

### House Committee On Revenue

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**Action Date:** 05/27/21

**Action:** Do pass with amendments and be referred to Tax Expenditures. (Printed A-Eng.)

**Vote:** 6-1-0-0

**Yeas:** 6 - Levy, Marsh, Nathanson, Pham, Smith G, Valderrama

**Nays:** 1 - Reschke

**Fiscal:** Fiscal impact issued

**Revenue:** Revenue impact issued

**Prepared By:** Kyle Easton, Economist

**Meeting Dates:** 3/2, 4/22, 5/24, 5/27

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#### WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Allows otherwise qualified resident or nonresident individual to claim earned income tax credit using Individual Taxpayer Identification Number in lieu of Social Security Number. Specifies credit amount to be amount the individual would otherwise be eligible to claim but for section 32(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, multiplied by nine percent, or 12 percent for taxpayers with a dependent under the age of three at close of tax year. Applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022 and before January 1, 2026.

#### ISSUES DISCUSSED:

- Internal Revenue Code specifically requires a SSN to be used to claim the earned income tax credit
- If measure enacted, how best to reach out to newly qualifying individuals
- Background on use of ITIN on tax returns
- Potential to extend availability of EITC to those filing taxes with an ITIN
- Requirements of individuals to report an SSN to qualify for the EITC
- Potential revenue impact of introduced and amended versions of measure
- Administrative implications of expanding EITC to taxpayers using an ITIN
- Paper and electronic filing by taxpayers
- Number of children potentially affected by expansion of credit.

#### EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

Narrows proposed expansion of EITC to amount of Oregon EITC rather than Oregon portion of credit plus amount of federal portion of credit that taxpayer would otherwise qualify for, but for use of an ITIN in lieu of a Social Security Number.

#### BACKGROUND:

The federal earned income tax credit (EITC) is a refundable tax credit available to eligible individuals of comparatively low earnings. As the credit is refundable, the credit first reduces an individual's tax liability, potentially to zero. If additional credit amount is available after reducing tax liability to zero, the remaining credit amount is paid directly to the taxpayer as a tax refund. Oregon's earned income tax credit is a percentage of the federal credit and is equal to 9% of federal credit amount or 12% for taxpayers with a dependent under the age of three at the close of the tax year. As Oregon's credit is a percentage of the federal credit, Oregon's credit inherently reflects the design of the federal EITC.

An Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN) is a tax processing number issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The IRS issues ITINs to individuals who are required to have a U.S. taxpayer identification number but who do not have, and are not eligible to obtain, a Social Security Number (SSN).

## **HB 2819 A STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY**

To qualify for the earned income tax credit, taxpayers must meet a number of requirements including filing an income tax return, having earned income, having limited or no investment income, meeting child relationship requirements and providing Social Security numbers for specified individuals reported on the tax return. ITINs cannot be used to qualify for the federal EITC and as Oregon's EITC is a percentage of the federal credit, taxpayers using an ITIN do not presently qualify for the Oregon EITC.