

SB 8 A -A4 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

House Committee On Housing

Prepared By: Claire Adamsick, LPRO Analyst

Meeting Dates: 5/13, 5/18, 5/25

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Requires local governments to allow, without requiring a zone change or conditional use permit, the development of affordable housing projects on lands inside an urban growth boundary not zoned for residential use, subject to certain zoning, property ownership, and land use requirements. Clarifies that affordable housing units remain affordable for no less than 40 years, and are made available for ownership or rental to families earning 80 percent or less of the area median income, or that the average of all units on a property serve families earning 60 percent or less of the area median income. Establishes increased density maximums for projects in areas zoned for residential use. Allows applicants to obtain attorney fees in prevailing appeals before the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA).

SENATE VOTE: *Passed. Ayes, 23; Nays, 5--Findley, Girod, Linthicum, Thatcher, Thomsen; Excused, 2--Frederick, Heard.*

FISCAL: *Minimal fiscal impact*

REVENUE: *No revenue impact*

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

-A4 Prohibits development on properties zoned for industrial use, unless the property is publicly owned and adjacent to lands zoned for residential use or school use.

BACKGROUND:

Local governments may deny or condition the approval of affordable housing applications based on a variety of factors, including whether the application proposes to develop on land zoned for residential uses and the nature of the property ownership. A local government's denial of an affordable housing application may be challenged through the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA), a three-member board of lawyers who belong to the Oregon State Bar, appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Oregon Senate to serve four-year terms.

Senate Bill 8 A restricts local governments from denying or limiting the approval of affordable housing applications, subject to certain zoning and property ownership conditions. The measure establishes density standards and conditions under which local governments must approve affordable housing applications. In addition, Senate Bill 8 A allows affordable housing developer applicants obtain attorney fees in prevailing appeals before LUBA.