# HB 2623 -1 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

### House Committee On Health Care

Prepared By:Brian Nieubuurt, LPRO AnalystMeeting Dates:3/25, 3/30

## WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Prohibit health benefit plans from imposing cost-sharing or other out-of-pocket costs in excess of \$35 for each 30-day supply or \$105 for each 90-day supply for insulin prescribed for the treatment of diabetes. Requires Department of Consumer and Business Services (DCBS) to annually increase the out-of-pocket cost maximum by the percentage increase in the cost of living for the previous calendar year. Prohibits health benefit plans from subjecting inulin coverage to deductible. Applies to health benefit plans issued, renewed or extended on or after January 1, 2022.

REVENUE: May have revenue impact, but no statement yet issued.

FISCAL: May have fiscal impact, but no statement yet issued.

### **ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

### **EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:**

-1 Increases maximum amounts from \$35 to \$75 for 30-day supply and \$105 to \$225 for 90-day supply.

### **BACKGROUND:**

In its 2015 Oregon Diabetes Report, the Oregon Health Authority's Public Health Division estimated that diabetes affects approximately 287,000 adult Oregonians, or nearly 1 in 10. The prevalence of diabetes has also steadily increased, more than doubling since 1990 and accounting for 3.5 percent of deaths in Oregon in 2012. Insulin therapy is used in the treatment of diabetes to help keep a person's blood sugar within the target range. Failure to appropriately manage blood sugar levels can have serious health consequences, including impacting the heart, kidneys, and eyes.

House Bill 2623 limits the amount of cost-sharing health benefit plans may impose on the coverage of insulin to treat diabetes.