SB 359-1 (LC 608) 4/22/19 (TSB/ps)

Requested by HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY (at the request of Representative Jennifer Williamson)

## PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO RESOLVE CONFLICTS TO SENATE BILL 359

1 On page 15 of the printed bill, after line 4, insert:

<u>SECTION 24a.</u> If Senate Bill 360 becomes law, section 24 of this 2019
Act (amending ORS 65.207) is repealed and ORS 65.207, as amended by
section 39, chapter \_\_\_, Oregon Laws 2019 (Enrolled Senate Bill 360), is
amended to read:

6 "65.207. (1) The circuit court of the county where a corporation's principal 7 office is located, or, if the principal office is not in this state, where the 8 registered office of the corporation is or was last located, may summarily 9 order a meeting to be held:

"(a) On application of any member or other person entitled to participate in an annual or regular meeting or, if the corporation is a public benefit corporation, the Attorney General, if the corporation did not hold an annual meeting within the earlier of six months after the end of the corporation's fiscal year or 15 months after the corporation's last annual meeting;

"(b) On application of any member or other person entitled to participate
in a regular meeting or, if the corporation is a public benefit corporation,
the Attorney General, if a regular meeting is not held within 40 days after
the date the regular meeting was required to be held; [*or*]

"(c) On application of a member who signed a demand for a special meeting valid under ORS 65.204, a person or persons entitled to call a special meeting or, if the corporation is a public benefit corporation, the Attorney General, if notice of the special meeting was not given within 30 days after the date the demand was delivered to the corporation's secretary or the special meeting was not held in accordance with the notice[.]; or

"(d) In accordance with section 18 of this 2019 Act for the purpose
of approving a ratification of a defective corporate action, as defined
in section 11 of this 2019 Act.

"(2) The court may fix the time and place of the meeting, determine the 7 members entitled to participate in the meeting, specify a record date for de-8 termining members entitled to notice of and to vote at the meeting, prescribe 9 the form and content of the meeting notice, fix the quorum required for 10 specific matters to be considered at the meeting or direct that the votes re-11 presented at the meeting constitute a quorum for action on those matters, 12and enter other orders necessary to accomplish the purpose or purposes of 13 the meeting. 14

"(3)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the court
 may award reasonable attorney fees to the prevailing party in an action
 under this section.

(b) The court may not award attorney fees to the state or a political subdivision of the state if the state or political subdivision prevails in an action under this section.

"(4) The request must be set for hearing at the earliest possible time and must take precedence over all matters, except matters of the same character and hearings on preliminary injunctions under ORCP 79 B(3). A court may not issue an order under this section without notice to the corporation at least five days in advance of the time specified for the hearing unless **the court fixes** a different period [*is fixed by order of the court*] **in the order**.".

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