Senate Bill 226

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SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced**.

Permits minor political parties to choose to nominate candidates for particular offices as part of state-sponsored primary election.

Amends requirements for status as major and minor political party.

Permits major political party and minor political party to adopt rule permitting nomination of candidate who has not been member of party for at least 180 days.

Lowers to 200 number of signatures required for candidate nominating petitions.

Permits minor political party to nominate replacements for vacancy in certain offices.

Requires person who wishes to be nominated or elected to public office by write-in votes to file declaration of write-in candidacy, and attest that person is legally qualified for office, by certain time on date of election. Permits county clerk to tally votes before filing officer makes determination of qualification of write-in candidate.

Repeals post-election process required to issue certification of nomination or election to person nominated or elected by write-in votes.

Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to elections; creating new provisions; amending ORS 171.051, 171.060, 171.068, 188.120,
236.215, 236.217, 248.006, 248.008, 248.315, 249.016, 249.020, 249.023, 249.031, 249.046, 249.048,
249.064, 249.068, 249.072, 249.076, 249.078, 249.190, 249.200, 249.215, 249.705, 251.022, 253.540,
253.565, 254.025, 254.056, 254.076, 254.365, 254.370, 254.470, 254.500, 254.545, 254.555, 254.565,
254.575 and 255.295; repealing ORS 254.548; and prescribing an effective date.

7 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

8 <u>SECTION 1.</u> Section 2 of this 2019 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 248.

9 <u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) Not later than the 180th day before the date of the primary election, a 10 minor political party may file with the Secretary of State a statement, in a manner desig-11 nated by the secretary by rule, indicating that the minor political party will nominate can-12 didates of the minor political party at the primary election. A statement filed under this 13 subsection shall:

(a) Remain in effect for future primary elections and special elections unless the statement is withdrawn on a date not later than the 180th day before the date of the primary
election;

(b) Specify any requirements a write-in candidate must meet in order to obtain the
 nomination of the minor political party; and

19 (c) Specify the public offices for which the minor political party will nominate candidates.

20 (2) The official primary ballot of a minor political party that files a statement with the

21 Secretary of State under subsection (1) of this section shall include only those public offices:

- 22 (a) That are referenced in the statement;
- 23 (b) For which at least one qualified candidate has filed a valid nominating petition or

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1 declaration of candidacy; and

2 (c) For which the minor political party has not chosen under subsection (3)(c) of this 3 section to select the party's nominee in the manner set forth in ORS 248.009 and 249.712 to 4 249.850.

5 (3)(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection, a minor political 6 party that files a statement with the Secretary of State under subsection (1) of this section 7 may not select nominees for the public offices referenced in the statement in the manner 8 set forth in ORS 248.009 and 249.712 to 249.850.

9 (b) Minor political party nominees shall be selected in the manner set forth in ORS 10 248.009 and 249.712 to 249.850, for public offices that are referenced in the statement filed 11 under subsection (1) of this section, but that may not appear on the ballot due to the re-12 quirements set forth in subsection (2) of this section.

(c)(A) If three or more qualified candidates have filed a valid nominating petition or
declaration of candidacy for a public office referenced in a statement filed under subsection
(1) of this section, the minor political party may choose whether to select the party's nominee for that public office through a primary election or in the manner set forth in ORS
248.009 and 249.712 to 249.850.

(B) If a minor political party does not make a decision under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph within three calendar days of the candidate filing deadline set forth in ORS 249.037, the minor political party's nominee for the public office shall be decided at the primary election and the minor political party may not select its nominee in the manner set forth in ORS 248.009 and 249.712 to 249.850.

23 <u>SECTION 3.</u> Notwithstanding section 2 of this 2019 Act, if a minor political party files 24 with the Secretary of State a statement under section 2 of this 2019 Act no later than 30 days 25 after the effective date of this 2019 Act, the statement shall apply to the nomination of 26 candidates by the minor political party for the 2020 primary election.

27 SECTION 4. Section 3 of this 2019 Act is repealed on January 2, 2021.

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SECTION 5. ORS 248.315 is amended to read:

29 248.315. (1) After a presidential preference primary election, each major political party, or mi-30 nor political party that selected its nominee for the office of President of the United States 31 using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act, whose national affiliate holds 32 a convention to select its nominee for President of the United States shall select delegates to the 33 national convention of that party.

(2) Delegates to the national convention of a party shall be selected in the manner provided by
 party rules, which shall provide all electors registered as members of the party equal opportunity
 to participate in the selection of delegates.

(3) Delegates to the national convention of the party shall be selected so that the number of delegates who favor a certain candidate shall represent the proportion of votes received by the candidate in relation to the other candidates of that party at the presidential preference primary election. Each person selected as a delegate shall sign a pledge that the person will continue to support at the national convention the candidate for President of the United States the person is selected as favoring until:

43 (a) The candidate is nominated at the convention;

44 (b) The candidate receives less than 35 percent of the votes for nomination at the convention;

45 (c) The candidate releases the delegate from the pledge; or

(d) Two convention nominating ballots have been taken. 1

2 SECTION 6. ORS 249.705 is amended to read:

249.705. Except as provided in section 2 of this 2019 Act, a minor political party, assembly 3 of electors or individual electors may nominate one candidate for each partisan public office to be 4 $\mathbf{5}$ filled at the general election by preparing and filing a certificate of nomination as provided in ORS 249.712 to 249.850. 6

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SECTION 7. ORS 249.016 is amended to read:

249.016. A candidate for public office who seeks the nomination of a major political party, 8 9 or of a minor political party that chose to select a candidate for that public office at the primary election under section 2 of this 2019 Act, or a candidate for nonpartisan office shall be 10 nominated only in the manner provided in ORS 249.016 to 249.205. 11

12SECTION 8. ORS 249.020 is amended to read:

13 249.020. (1) An eligible elector may become a candidate for nonpartisan office, or for the nomination to an office by the major political party of which the elector is a member, or minor political 14 15 party that filed a statement referencing that office under section 2 of this 2019 Act, by filing 16 a nominating petition or a declaration of candidacy.

(2) At the time of filing, a declaration of candidacy shall be accompanied by the filing fee 1718 specified in ORS 249.056.

19 (3) At the time of filing, a nominating petition shall contain the signature sheets described under 20ORS 249.064.

SECTION 9. ORS 249.023 is amended to read: 21

22249.023. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, and except as provided in [section 8,] Article IV, section 8, Oregon Constitution, and [section 2,] Article V, section 2, Oregon Constitu-23tion, an otherwise qualified person [who will attain the age of 18 years after the deadline for filing 94 a nominating petition or declaration of candidacy for nomination to any major political party office and 25on or before the date of the primary election, and who is registered as a member of the major political 2627party not later than the date of the primary election,] is eligible to file a nominating petition or declaration of candidacy for nomination to any office by a major political party [office], or by a mi-28nor political party that filed a statement referencing that office under section 2 of this 2019 2930 Act, to be listed on the ballot and to be nominated for the office, including by write-in votes[.], if 31 the person will attain the age of 18 years after the deadline for filing the nominating petition or declaration of candidacy for nomination to the office and on or before the date of the 32primary election. 33

34 SECTION 10. ORS 249.031 is amended to read:

249.031. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a nominating petition or decla-35ration of candidacy shall contain: 36

37 (a) The name by which the candidate is commonly known. A candidate may use a nickname in 38 parentheses in connection with the candidate's full name.

(b) Address information as required by the Secretary of State by rule. 39

(c) The office and department or position number, if any, for which the candidate seeks nomi-40 nation. 41

(d) If the candidate is seeking the nomination of a major political party or parties, or a minor 42 political party or parties that filed a statement referencing the office sought by the candidate 43 under section 2 of this 2019 Act, the name of the major political party or parties or the minor 44 political party or parties whose nomination the candidate is seeking. [of which the candidate 45

will have been a member,] Subject to the exceptions stated in ORS 249.046, a candidate may only
 seek the nomination of a party of which the candidate will have been a member during at least

3 180 days before the deadline for filing a nominating petition or declaration of candidacy.

4 (e) A statement that the candidate is willing to accept the nomination or election or, regarding 5 a candidate for precinct committeeperson, that the candidate accepts the office if elected.

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(f) A statement that the candidate will qualify if elected.

7 (g) If the candidate is seeking the nomination of a major political party or parties, or a minor 8 political party or parties that filed a statement referencing the office sought by the candidate 9 under section 2 of this 2019 Act, a statement that the candidate, if not nominated, will not accept 10 the nomination or endorsement of any political party other than a political party listed by the 11 candidate in paragraph (d) of this subsection [the one of which the candidate is a member on the 12 date the petition or declaration is filed].

13 (h) The signature of the candidate.

(i) A statement of the candidate's occupation, educational and occupational background andprior governmental experience.

16 (2) Subsection (1)(i) of this section does not apply to a candidate for election as a precinct 17 committeeperson.

(3) A declaration of candidacy shall include a statement that the required fee is included withthe declaration.

(4) If required by the national rules of the major political party, the declaration of a candidate
for election as a precinct committeeperson shall include the name of the individual the candidate
supports for President of the United States or "uncommitted" or "no preference."

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SECTION 11. ORS 249.046 is amended to read:

24 249.046. (1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, if a candidate has not 25 been a member of [*the*] a major political party, or a minor political party that filed a statement 26 referencing the office sought by the candidate under section 2 of this 2019 Act, for at least 27 180 days before the deadline for filing a nominating petition or declaration of candidacy, the candi-28 date [*shall not be*] is not entitled to receive the nomination of that [*major*] political party.

(b) If a candidate's registration becomes inactive, the inactive status shall not constitute a lapse of membership in the party if, immediately before the registration became inactive, the candidate was a member of the party and was not a member of any other political party within the 180 days preceding the deadline for filing a nominating petition or declaration of candidacy.

(c) The requirement that the candidate be qualified by length of membership does not apply to
 any candidate whose 18th birthday falls within the period of 180 days or to a write-in candidate.

(2) A major political party, or a minor political party that filed a statement under section 352 of this 2019 Act, may adopt a rule allowing for the nomination of candidates who are not 36 37 members of the major political party or minor political party or who have been members of 38 the major political party or minor political party for less than 180 days before the deadline for filing a nominating petition or declaration of candidacy. A copy of a party rule adopted 39 under this subsection must be filed with the Secretary of State not later than the 180th day 40 before the date of the primary election set forth in ORS 254.056. Any party rule adopted un-41 der this subsection shall remain in effect for future primary elections unless the major pol-42 itical party or minor political party withdraws the rule not later than the 180th day before 43 the date of the primary election. 44

45 **SECTION 12.** ORS 249.048 is amended to read:

249.048. A candidate for nomination of a major political party, or a minor political party that 1 selected its nominee for the office sought by the candidate using the official primary ballot 2 under section 2 of this 2019 Act, to a public office who fails to receive the nomination of the 3 political party or parties listed in the candidate's nominating petition or declaration of can-4 didacy may not be the candidate of any [other] political party not listed on the candidate's 5 nominating petition or declaration of candidacy, or a nonaffiliated candidate for the same 6 office, at the succeeding general election. The filing officer may not certify the name of the candi-7 date. 8

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SECTION 13. ORS 249.064 is amended to read:

249.064. (1) Unless allowed by the political party under ORS 249.076, a nominating petition 10 of a candidate seeking the nomination of a major political party, or a minor political party that 11 12 filed a statement referencing the office sought by the candidate under section 2 of this 2019 13 Act, shall contain a statement that each elector whose signature appears on the petition is a member of the same major political party or minor political party as [is] the candidate. 14

15 (2) A nominating petition of any candidate shall contain the number of signatures of electors 16 required by ORS 249.068 or 249.072 and the residence or mailing address and name or number of the 17precinct, if known, of each elector whose signature appears.

18 (3) Pursuant to ORS 249.008, the county clerks or the Secretary of State shall certify the sig-19 natures contained in the nominating petition for genuineness.

SECTION 14. ORS 249.068, as amended by section 13, chapter 70, Oregon Laws 2018, is 2021amended to read:

22249.068. (1) Except as otherwise provided for a candidate for nonpartisan office in ORS 249.072 23or as allowed by party rule under ORS 249.076:

(a) A nominating petition for an office to be voted for in the state at large or for a candidate 24 for Representative in Congress shall contain signatures of members of the same major political 25party, or minor political party that filed a statement referencing the office sought by the 2627candidate under section 2 of this 2019 Act, as the candidate.

(b) Except as provided in this subsection, there shall be at least [1,000] 200 signatures or the 28number of signatures at least equal to two percent of the vote cast in the state or congressional 2930 district, as the case may be, for the candidates of that major political party, or minor political 31 party that filed a statement referencing the office sought by the candidate under section 2 of this 2019 Act, for presidential electors at the last presidential election, whichever is less[;]. 32

[(b)] (c) For an election next following any change in the boundaries of a congressional district, 33 34 there shall be at least [1,000] 200 signatures or the number of signatures at least equal to two per-35cent of the average number of votes cast in all congressional districts in this state, as the case may be, for the candidates of that major political party, or minor political party that filed a state-36 37 ment referencing the office sought by the candidate under section 2 of this 2019 Act, for 38 presidential electors at the last presidential election, whichever is less[;].

[(c)] (d) In the case of a candidate [nominated by] seeking the nomination of a major political 39 party, or a minor political party that filed a statement referencing the office sought by the 40 candidate under section 2 of this 2019 Act, that did not nominate presidential electors at the last 41 presidential election, there shall be at least [1,000] 200 signatures or a number of signatures equal 42 to at least one percent of the number of votes cast in the state for all candidates for Gov-43 ernor at the most recent election at which a candidate for Governor was elected to a full 44 term, whichever is less[; and]. 45

1 [(d)] (e) If the office is one to be voted for in the state at large, the signatures shall include 2 those of electors registered in at least five percent of the precincts in each of at least seven coun-3 ties. If the office is one to be voted for in a congressional district the signatures shall include those 4 of electors registered in at least five percent of the precincts in each of at least one-fourth of the 5 counties in the congressional district.

6 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, or for a candidate for nonpartisan office in ORS
7 249.072 or as allowed by party rule under ORS 249.076:

8 (a) A nominating petition for an office not provided for in subsection (1) of this section shall 9 contain the signatures of electors who are members of the same major political party, or minor 10 political party that filed a statement referencing the office sought by the candidate under 11 section 2 of this 2019 Act, as the candidate. There shall be at least [500] 200 signatures or the 12 number of signatures at least equal to two percent of the vote in the electoral district for the can-13 didates of that major political party or minor political party for presidential electors at the last 14 presidential election, whichever is less;

15 (b) In the case of candidates of a major political party [candidates], or of a minor political party that filed a statement referencing the office sought by the candidate under section 2 16 of this 2019 Act, for the office of state Senator or state Representative[, for] at an election next 17 18 following any change in the boundaries of the districts of state Senators or state Representatives under Article IV, section 6, of the Oregon Constitution, there shall be at least [500] 200 signatures 19 20 or the number of signatures at least equal to two percent of the average number of votes cast in all state senatorial or state representative districts in this state, as the case may be, for the candi-2122dates of that major political party or minor political party for presidential electors at the last 23presidential election, whichever is less;

(c) In the case of a candidate [nominated by] seeking the nomination of a major political party, or a minor political party that filed a statement referencing the office sought by the candidate under section 2 of this 2019 Act, that did not nominate presidential electors at the last presidential election, there shall be at least [500] 200 signatures or a number of signatures equal to at least one percent of the number of votes cast in the electoral district for all candidates for Governor at the most recent election at which a candidate for Governor was elected to a full term, whichever is less;

(d) If the office under this subsection is to be voted for in more than one county, the signatures shall include those of electors registered in at least two counties encompassed by the electoral district, and the signatures from each such county shall include those of electors registered in at least six percent of the precincts of the electoral district that are located within that county. If six percent of the precincts of the electoral district in one of the counties or portion thereof does not constitute a whole precinct, the nominating petition shall contain signatures from at least one precinct in that county; and

(e) If the office is to be voted for in only one county or in a city, the signatures shall includethose of electors registered in at least 10 percent of the precincts in the electoral district.

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SECTION 15. ORS 249.076 is amended to read:

41 249.076. (1) A person who is not a member of the same major political party, or minor political 42 party that filed a statement referencing the office sought by the candidate under section 2 43 of this 2019 Act, as the candidate for nomination by the major political party or minor political 44 party may not sign the nominating petition of the candidate, unless allowed by party rule filed 45 with the Secretary of State no later than the 180th day before the date of the primary

1 election. A party rule filed under this section shall remain in effect for all future primary

2 elections unless the rule is withdrawn prior to the 180th day before the date of a primary

3 election.

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4 (2) Any elector may sign:

(a) A nominating petition or certificate of nomination of any candidate for nonpartisan office;

(b) A nominating petition or certificate of nomination of any nonaffiliated candidate; and

7 (c) Nominating petitions or certificates of nomination for more than one candidate for the same 8 office.

9 SECTION 16. ORS 249.078 is amended to read:

249.078. (1) The name of a candidate for nomination by a major political party [nomination],
or a minor political party that selected its nominee for the office of President of the United
States using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act, for President of the
United States shall be printed on the ballot only:

(a) By direction of the Secretary of State who in the secretary's sole discretion has determined
that the candidate's candidacy is generally advocated or is recognized in national news media; [or]
(b) By nominating petition described in this section and filed with the Secretary of State; or

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(c) By the major political party or minor political party paying a filing fee of \$1,000.

18 (2) A petition nominating a candidate under this section shall contain from each congressional district the signatures of at least [1,000] 200 electors who are registered in the district and who are 19 20 members of the [major] political party of the candidate. The electors in each congressional district shall include electors registered in at least five percent of the precincts in each of at least one-2122fourth of the counties in the congressional district. The petition shall contain the printed name, 23residence or mailing address and name or number of the precinct, if known, of each elector whose signature appears on the petition. The signatures shall be certified for genuineness by the county 24 25clerks or the Secretary of State under ORS 249.008.

(3) Before circulating the nominating petition, the chief sponsor shall file with the Secretary of State a signed copy of the prospective petition. The chief sponsor shall include with the prospective petition a statement declaring whether one or more persons will be paid money or other valuable consideration for obtaining signatures of electors on the petition. After the prospective petition is filed, the chief sponsor shall notify the Secretary of State not later than the 10th day after the chief sponsor first has knowledge or should have had knowledge that:

(a) Any person is being paid for obtaining signatures, when the statement included with theprospective petition declared that no such person would be paid.

(b) No person is being paid for obtaining signatures, when the statement included with the pro spective petition declared that one or more such persons would be paid.

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SECTION 17. ORS 249.190 is amended to read:

249.190. (1) Except as provided in ORS 254.650, a vacancy in the nomination of a **candidate of** a major political party [*candidate*], or of a minor political party that the office sought by the candidate using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act, may be filled before the date of the general election by that political party in a manner prescribed by party rule.

(2) Immediately after selecting a new nominee, the party, by the most expeditious means practicable, shall notify the filing officer with whom a declaration of candidacy for the office is filed of
the name of the nominee.

(3) If the filing officer with whom a declaration of candidacy for the office is filed determines
that the candidate who has been nominated by a major political party, or a minor political party

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that selected its nominee for the office sought by the candidate using the official primary

ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act, is ineligible to be elected to the office, the officer shall

declare the nomination vacant and the political party shall select another candidate to fill the va-3 cancy in the nomination as provided under this section. 4 (4) The Secretary of State by rule may adopt a schedule specifying the period following a va-5 cancy within which a major political party, or minor political party that filed a statement ref-6 erencing the office sought by the candidate under section 2 of this 2019 Act, must notify the 7 filing officer of the name of the new nominee. 8 9 SECTION 18. ORS 249.200, as amended by section 7, chapter 70, Oregon Laws 2018, is amended 10 to read: 249.200. (1) A major political party, or a minor political party that filed a statement refer-11 12 encing the vacant office under section 2 of this 2019 Act, may nominate a candidate to fill a 13 vacancy in a partisan elective office in the following manner: (a) If the vacancy occurs on or before the 70th day before a nominating election, by selecting 14 15 a nominee at the next nominating election; or 16 (b) If the vacancy occurs after the 70th day before the nominating election and on or before the 17 62nd day before the general election, by selecting a nominee as provided by party rule. 18 (2) The procedure under subsection (1) of this section shall not apply in any case in which one of the following specific procedures for filling a vacancy applies: 19 (a) The procedure specified in ORS 188.120 for the offices of Representative in Congress and 20United States Senator. 21 22(b) The appointment procedure specified in ORS 171.051 to 171.064 for state legislative office. (c) The procedure specified in ORS chapter 236 for county office. 23(d) The procedure specified in ORS chapter 221 for city office. 94 (3) A party that selects a nominee under subsection (1)(b) of this section, immediately after the 25nomination, shall notify the filing officer with whom a declaration of candidacy for the office is filed 2627of the name of the nominee by the most expeditious means practicable. (4) The Secretary of State by rule may adopt a schedule specifying the period following a va-28cancy within which a major political party, or a minor political party that filed a statement 2930 referencing the vacant office under section 2 of this 2019 Act, that selects a nominee under 31 subsection (1)(b) of this section must notify the filing officer of the name of the nominee under sub-32section (3) of this section. SECTION 19. ORS 249.215, as amended by section 2, chapter 86, Oregon Laws 2018, is amended 33 34 to read: 35249.215. (1) If a vacancy occurs in a state office before the 61st day before the first general election to be held during that term of office, the remaining two years of the term of the state office 36 37 shall be filled by the electors at that general election. 38 (2) The remaining two years of the term of the state office shall commence on the second Monday in January following the general election. Any appointment made to fill the vacancy shall 39 expire when a successor to the office is elected and qualified. 40 (3) Candidates for the remaining two years of the term of the state office under this section shall 41 be nominated as provided in this chapter, with major political parties, and minor political parties 42 that filed statements referencing the vacant office under section 2 of this 2019 Act, following 43 the procedure set forth in ORS 249.200, except as follows: 44 (a) A minor political party that did not file a statement referencing the vacant office under 45

section 2 of this 2019 Act, by party rule, or an assembly of electors or individual electors, may select a nominee; and

3 (b) The Secretary of State shall accept certificates of nomination and notifications of nominees
4 filed with the secretary pursuant to a schedule for filing set by the secretary, but in any case not
5 later than the 62nd day before the first general election.

6 (4) As used in this section, "state office" means the office of Governor, Secretary of State, State 7 Treasurer, Attorney General and Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries.

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SECTION 20. ORS 251.022 is amended to read:

9 251.022. (1) If a special election or special primary election is held under ORS 188.120 for the 10 purpose of filling a vacancy in election or office of United States Senator or Representative in 11 Congress, or for nominating a candidate of each major political party, or minor political party 12 that filed a statement referencing the vacant office under section 2 of this 2019 Act, to fill 13 the vacancy, the Secretary of State shall prepare a voters' pamphlet for each election.

(2) A voters' pamphlet prepared under subsection (1) of this section shall contain information
 about the candidates for nomination or election to the office of United States Senator or Representative in Congress at the special election or special primary election.

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SECTION 21. ORS 253.540 is amended to read:

18 253.540. (1) Any military or overseas elector may secure a ballot by submitting an application 19 as specified in subsection (2) of this section to the clerk of the county of the military or overseas 20 elector's residence, or to the Secretary of State. If the application is addressed to the Secretary of 21 State, the secretary shall forward it to the appropriate county clerk.

(2) An application for a ballot by a military or overseas elector shall be made in the form of a
written request. The application shall be valid for every subsequent election until the elector otherwise notifies the clerk or is no longer an elector of the county. The application shall be signed
by the applicant and contain:

26 (a) The name and current mailing address of the applicant;

27 (b) A statement that the applicant is a citizen of the United States;

28 (c) A statement that the applicant will be 18 years of age or older on the date of the election;

(d) A statement that for more than 20 days preceding the election the applicant's home residence
has been in this state, and giving the address of the last home residence;

(e) A statement of the facts that qualify the applicant as a military or overseas elector or as the
 spouse or a dependent of a military or overseas elector;

(f) A statement that the applicant is not requesting a ballot from any other state and is not
 voting in any other manner in the election except by the requested ballot; and

(g) If the applicant desires to vote in a primary election, a designation of the applicant's political 35party affiliation or a statement that the applicant is not affiliated with any political party. An ap-36 37 plicant not affiliated with any major political party or minor political party may request a ballot 38 for a major political party, or a minor political party that will select one or more nominees using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act. The applicant shall be sent 39 the ballot for the political party that the applicant requested if that political party has provided 40 under ORS 254.365 for a primary election that admits electors not affiliated with any political party. 41 SECTION 22. ORS 253.565 is amended to read: 42

43 253.565. (1) Any military or overseas elector may secure a special ballot for a primary election
 44 or general election by making an application under this section if the elector believes that:

45 (a) The elector will be residing, stationed or working outside the territorial limits of the United

States and the District of Columbia; and 1 2 (b) The elector will be unable to vote and return a regular ballot by normal mail delivery within the period provided for regular absent electors. 3 (2) A military or overseas elector shall make the application for a special ballot in the form of 4 a written request. The elector shall submit the application before the date of the applicable election 5 to the clerk of the county of the military or overseas elector's residence or to the Secretary of State. 6 If the application is addressed to the Secretary of State, the secretary shall forward it to the ap-7 propriate county clerk. The application shall be signed by the applicant and contain: 8 9 (a) The name and current mailing address of the applicant; (b) A designation of the election for which the applicant requests a special ballot; 10 (c) A statement that the applicant is a citizen of the United States; 11 12 (d) A statement that the applicant will be 18 years of age or older on the date of the election; 13 (e) A statement that for more than 20 days preceding the election the applicant's home residence has been in this state, and giving the address of the last home residence; 14 15 (f) A statement of the facts that qualify the applicant as a military or overseas elector or as the spouse or a dependent of a military or overseas elector; 16 17 (g) A statement of the facts that qualify the applicant to vote by means of a special ballot; 18 (h) A statement that the applicant is not requesting a ballot from any other state and is not voting in any other manner in the election except by the requested special ballot; and 19 (i) If the applicant requests a ballot for a primary election, a designation of the applicant's pol-20itical party affiliation or a statement that the applicant is not affiliated with any political party. 2122An applicant not affiliated with any **major** political party **or minor political party** may request a 23ballot for a major political party, or a minor political party that will select one or more nominees using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act. The applicant shall be 24 sent the ballot for the political party that the applicant requested if that political party has provided 25under ORS 254.365 for a primary election that admits electors not affiliated with any political party. 2627(3) An application for a special ballot shall be valid only for the election specified in the application.

cation.
(4) The county clerk shall list on the special ballot the offices and measures scheduled to appear
on the regular ballot, if known when the ballot is prepared, and provide space in which the elector

32 (5) The elector may write in the name of any eligible candidate for each office to be filled or for 33 which nominations will be made at the election, and may vote on any measure submitted at the 34 election.

35

31

SECTION 23. ORS 254.025 is amended to read:

254.025. (1) Statutes applicable to primary elections shall be construed as though the primary
 elections are separate elections for each major political party and minor political party nominating
 candidates.

(2) The primary elections shall be conducted as nearly as possible according to the theory ex pressed in the preamble to chapter 1, Oregon Laws 1905.

41 **SECTION 24.** ORS 254.056 is amended to read:

may write in the elector's preference.

42 254.056. (1) The general election shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in 43 November of each even-numbered year. Except as provided in ORS 254.650, at the general election 44 officers of the state and subdivisions of the state, members of Congress and electors of President 45 and Vice President of the United States as are to be elected in that year shall be elected.

1

(2) The primary election shall be held on the third Tuesday in May of each even-numbered year.

2 At the primary election precinct committeepersons shall be elected and [major] political party can-3 didates shall be nominated by major political parties, and minor political parties that will select one or more nominees using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act, for 4 offices to be filled at the general election held in that year. 5 SECTION 25. ORS 254.076 is amended to read: 6 254.076. The chief elections officer shall keep a register of candidates for nomination at the 7 primary election. The register, if applicable, shall contain for each major political party, and for 8 9 each minor political party that will select one or more nominees using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act: 10 (1) The title of each office for which the [major] political party will nominate candidates at the 11 12 primary election. 13 (2) The name and mailing address of each candidate for nomination at the primary election. (3) The name of the [major] political party with which the candidate is registered as affiliated. 14 15 (4) The date of filing of the prospective petition for nomination of the candidate. 16 (5) The date of filing of the completed petition for nomination of the candidate, the number of 17valid signatures contained and the number of signatures required. 18 (6) The date of filing of the declaration of candidacy of the candidate. 19 (7) Such other information as may aid the chief elections officer in arranging the official ballot for the primary election. 2021SECTION 26. ORS 254.365 is amended to read: 22254.365. (1) An elector is not qualified or permitted to vote at any primary election for any candidate of a major political party, or a minor political party that will select one or more 23nominees using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act, and it is unlawful 24 for the elector to offer to do so, unless: 25(a) The elector is registered as being affiliated with one of the major political parties or minor 2627political parties nominating or electing its candidates for public office at the primary election; or (b) The elector is registered as not being affiliated with any **major** political party or **minor** 28political party and wishes to vote in the primary election of a major political party, or a minor 2930 political party that will select one or more nominees using the official primary ballot under 31 section 2 of this 2019 Act, that has provided under subsection (3) of this section for a primary election that admits electors not affiliated with any **qualified** political party. 32(2) Except as provided in ORS 254.470 (3), any elector offering to vote at the primary election 33 34 shall be given a ballot of the major political party, or minor political party that will select one or more nominees using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act, with 35which the elector is registered as being affiliated. The elector may not be given a ballot of any other 36 37 political party at that primary election. An elector not affiliated with any political party and offer-38 ing to vote at the primary election shall be given the ballot of the major political party or minor political party in whose primary election the elector wishes to vote if that party has provided under 39 subsection (3) of this section for a primary election that admits electors not affiliated with any pol-40 itical party. An elector not affiliated with any **major** political party or minor political party who 41 is given a ballot of the major political party or minor political party associates with the party for 42

43 the purpose of voting in that primary election.

(3)(a) Not later than the 90th day before the date of the primary election, a major political
 party, or a minor political party that will select one or more nominees using the official pri-

mary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act, may file with the Secretary of State a certified copy of the current party rule allowing an elector not affiliated with any political party to vote in the party's primary election. The party may not repeal the rule as filed during the 90 days before the primary election. The rule shall continue to be effective after the date of the primary election until the party gives written notice to the Secretary of State that the rule has been repealed. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, a party rule under this subsection may limit the candidates for whom an elector who is not affiliated with any political party may vote.

8 (b) The party rule shall allow any elector who is permitted to vote for the most numerous 9 branch of the Legislative Assembly also to vote in federal legislative elections, consistent with sec-10 tion 2, Article I, and the Seventeenth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

(4) If the primary election ballot includes city, county or nonpartisan offices or measures, and
it is given to an elector who is not eligible to vote for party candidates, the ballot shall be marked
"non-affiliated."

14 **SECTION 27.** ORS 254.370 is amended to read:

15 254.370. The county clerk shall maintain:

(1) A monthly registration record of all electors registered as not being affiliated with any pol-itical party;

18 (2) At each primary election, a record of the number of electors who:

19 (a) Voted from each major political party; and

(b) Voted from each minor political party that selected one or more nominees using the
 official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act;

(3) A record of all electors registered as not being affiliated with any major political party or
 minor political party who vote in a primary election of a major political party or a minor political
 party that has provided under ORS 254.365 for a primary election that admits electors not affiliated
 with any political party; and

(4) A record of all electors registered as not being affiliated with any political party who votein the general election.

28 <u>SECTION 28.</u> ORS 254.470, as amended by section 4, chapter 70, Oregon Laws 2018, is amended 29 to read:

254.470. (1) The Secretary of State by rule shall establish requirements and criteria for the designation of places of deposit for the ballots cast in an election. The rules shall also specify the dates and times the places of deposit must be open and the security requirements for the places of deposit. At a minimum, the places designated under this section shall be open on the date of the election for a period of eight or more hours, but must be open until at least 8 p.m. At each place of deposit designated under this section, the county clerk shall prominently display a sign stating that the location is an official ballot drop site.

(2)(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection, the county clerk shall mail by nonforwardable mail an official ballot with a return identification envelope and a secrecy envelope not sooner than the 20th day before the date of an election and not later than the 14th day before the date of the election, to each active elector of the electoral district as of the 21st day before the date of the election.

(b) If the county clerk determines that an active elector of the electoral district as of the 21st day before the date of the election does not receive daily mail service from the United States Postal Service, the county clerk shall mail by nonforwardable mail an official ballot with a return identification envelope and a secrecy envelope to the elector not sooner than the 20th day before the

1 date of an election and not later than the 18th day before the date of the election.

2 (c) In the case of ballots to be mailed to addresses outside this state to electors who are not 3 military or overseas electors, the county clerk may mail the ballots not sooner than the 29th day 4 before the date of the election.

5 (3) For an election held on the date of a primary election:

(a) The county clerk shall mail the official ballot of a major political party, or a minor political
party that will select one or more nominees using the official primary ballot under section
2 of this 2019 Act, to each elector who is registered as being affiliated with the [major] political
party as of the 21st day before the date of the election.

(b) The county clerk shall mail the official ballot of a major political party, or a minor political party that will select one or more nominees using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act, to an elector not affiliated with any major political party or minor political party if the elector has applied for the ballot as provided in this subsection and that party has provided under ORS 254.365 for a primary election that admits electors not affiliated with any political party.

16 (c) An elector not affiliated with any **major** political party or **minor political party** who wishes to vote in the primary election of a major political party, or a minor political party that will 17 select one or more nominees using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 18 Act, shall apply to the county clerk in writing. The application must be completed, signed and 19 20 submitted by the elector electronically, in person or by mail, in a manner determined by the secretary by rule and must indicate [which] the major political party [ballot], or a minor political party 2122that will select one or more nominees using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 232019 Act, whose ballot the elector wishes to receive. Except for electors described in subsection (4) of this section, and subject to ORS 247.203, the application must be received by the county clerk 94 not later than 5 p.m. of the 21st day before the date of the election. 25

(d) If the primary election ballot includes city, county or nonpartisan offices or measures, the
county clerk shall mail to each elector who is not eligible to vote for party candidates a ballot
limited to those offices and measures for which the elector is eligible to vote.

(4) For each elector who updates a voter registration after the deadline in ORS 247.025, the county clerk shall make the official ballot, the return identification envelope and the secrecy envelope available either by mail or at the county clerk's office or at another place designated by the county clerk. An elector to whom this subsection applies must request a ballot from the county clerk.

34 (5) The ballot shall contain the following warning:

35 36

Any person who, by use of force or other means, unduly influences an elector to vote in any particular manner or to refrain from voting is subject to a fine.

39 40

41 (6)(a) Upon receipt of any ballot described in this section, the elector shall mark the ballot, sign
42 the return identification envelope supplied with the ballot and comply with the instructions provided
43 with the ballot.

(b) The elector may return the marked ballot to the county clerk by United States mail or by
 depositing the ballot at the office of the county clerk, at any place of deposit designated by the

county clerk or at any location described in ORS 254.472 or 254.474. 1

2 (c) The ballot must be returned in the return identification envelope. If the elector returns the ballot by mail, the elector must provide the postage. 3

(d) Subject to paragraph (e) of this subsection, if a person returns a ballot for an elector, the 4 person shall deposit the ballot in a manner described in paragraph (b) of this subsection not later $\mathbf{5}$ than two days after receiving the ballot. 6

(e) A ballot must be received at the office of the county clerk, at the designated place of deposit 7 or at any location described in ORS 254.472 or 254.474 not later than the end of the period deter-8 9 mined under subsection (1) of this section on the date of the election.

(7) An elector may obtain a replacement ballot if the ballot is destroyed, spoiled, lost or not 10 received by the elector. Replacement ballots shall be issued and processed as described in this 11 12 section and ORS 254.480. The county clerk shall keep a record of each replacement ballot provided 13 under this subsection. Notwithstanding any deadline for mailing ballots in subsection (2) of this section, a replacement ballot may be mailed, made available in the office of the county clerk or made 14 15 available at one central location in the electoral district in which the election is conducted. The county clerk shall designate the central location. A replacement ballot need not be mailed after the 16 fifth day before the date of the election. 17

18 (8) A ballot shall be counted only if:

19 (a) It is returned in the return identification envelope;

(b) The envelope is signed by the elector to whom the ballot is issued, unless a certified state-20ment is submitted under ORS 254.431; and 21

22(c) The signature is verified as provided in subsection (9) of this section.

23(9) The county clerk shall verify the signature of each elector on the return identification envelope with the signature on the elector's registration record, according to the procedure provided 24 by rules adopted by the Secretary of State. If the county clerk determines that an elector to whom 25a replacement ballot has been issued has voted more than once, the county clerk shall count only 2627one ballot cast by that elector.

(10) At 8 p.m. on election day, electors who are at the county clerk's office, a place of deposit 28designated under subsection (1) of this section or any location described in ORS 254.472 or 254.474 2930 and who are in line waiting to vote or deposit a voted ballot shall be considered to have begun the 31 act of voting.

32

SECTION 29. ORS 254.555 is amended to read:

254.555. (1) [Except as provided in ORS 254.548,] Not later than the 30th day after any election, 33 34 the Secretary of State, regarding offices for which the secretary receives filings for nomination, shall: 35

36

(a) Canvass the votes for the offices, except the office of Governor after the general election.

37 (b) Enter in a register of nominations after the primary election the name and, if applicable, major political party or minor political party of each candidate nominated, the office for which the 38 candidate is nominated and the date of entry. 39

(c) Subject to ORS 254.500, prepare and deliver a certificate of nomination or election to each 40 candidate having the most votes for nomination for or election to the office. The Secretary of State 41 shall sign the certificate under the seal of the state. 42

(d) Issue a proclamation declaring the election of candidates to the offices. 43

(2) Not later than the 30th day after the election: 44

(a) The Secretary of State, regarding measures for which the secretary is the filing officer, shall 45

canvass the votes for each measure. 1 2 (b) The Governor shall issue a proclamation giving the number of votes cast for or against each such measure, and declaring the approved measures as the law on the effective date of the measure. 3 If two or more approved measures contain conflicting provisions, the Governor shall proclaim which 4 is paramount. 5 SECTION 30. ORS 254.565 is amended to read: 6 254.565. [Subject to ORS 254.548,] The chief city elections officer: 7 (1) After the primary election, shall enter in a register of nominations: 8 9 (a) The name of each candidate for city office nominated at the primary election. (b) The office for which the candidate is nominated. 10 (c) If applicable, the name of the major political party or minor political party nominating the 11 12 candidate. 13 (d) The date of the entry. (2) After the general election, shall prepare and deliver a certificate of election to each qualified 14 15 candidate having the most votes for election to a city office. 16 17 18 amount. SECTION 31. ORS 254.575 is amended to read: 19 20equal and the highest number of votes: 212223dates meet publicly to decide by lot who is elected. 24 25this section, the Secretary of State by proclamation shall order a new election to fill the office. 2627session shall meet jointly and elect one of the candidates. 282930 31 nation to the office shall have the candidates meet publicly to decide by lot who is nominated. 3233 34 to read: 3536 37 by the house to which the person was elected, the vacancy shall be filled by appointment if: 38 (a) The vacancy occurs during any session of the Legislative Assembly; (b) The vacancy occurs in the office of a state Representative before the 61st day before the 39 general election to be held during that term of office; 40 (c) The vacancy occurs in the office of a state Senator before the 61st day before the first gen-41 eral election to be held during that term of office; 42

(d) The vacancy occurs in the office of a state Senator at any time after the 62nd day before the 43 first general election and before the 61st day before the second general election to be held during 44 that term of office; or 45

(3) Not later than the 40th day after any election, shall canvass the vote on each city measure, and if two or more of the approved measures contain conflicting provisions, proclaim which is par-

254.575. When two or more candidates for the same office, after a full recount of votes, have an

(1) For election to state Senator or Representative, a party office, or a public office for which the elections officer is other than the Secretary of State, the elections officer shall have the candi-

(2) For election to a public office other than Governor or those referred to in subsection (1) of

(3) For election to Governor, the Legislative Assembly at the beginning of the next regular

(4) For nomination by one major political party, or by one minor political party that chose to select its nominee for the office sought by the candidates using the official primary ballot under section 2 of this 2019 Act, to an office, the elections officer who receives filings for nomi-

SECTION 32. ORS 171.051, as amended by section 1, chapter 86, Oregon Laws 2018, is amended

171.051. (1) When any vacancy occurs in the Legislative Assembly due to death or recall or by reason of resignation filed in writing with the Secretary of State or a person is declared disqualified

1 (e) A special session of the Legislative Assembly will be convened before a successor to the of-2 fice can be elected and qualified.

3 (2) The person appointed under the provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall be a citizen qualified to hold the office, an elector of the affected legislative district and a member of the same 4 political party for at least 180 days before the date on which the vacancy occurred. The political 5 affiliation of a person appointed under subsection (1) of this section shall be determined under ORS 6 236.100. The appointment shall be made by the county courts or boards of county commissioners of 7 the affected counties pursuant to ORS 171.060 to 171.064. When the provisions of ORS 171.060 (1) 8 9 are applicable, the appointment shall be made from a list of not fewer than three nor more than five nominees who have signed written statements indicating that they are willing to serve furnished by 10 the Secretary of State. If fewer than three names of nominees are furnished, a list shall not be 11 12 considered to have been submitted and the county courts or boards of county commissioners shall 13 fill the vacancy. The vacancy must be filled by appointment within 30 days after its occurrence or not later than the time set for the convening of the special session described in subsection (1)(e) of 14 15 this section when that is the basis for filling the vacancy.

(3) If the appointing authority required by this section to fill the vacancy does not do so within
 the time allowed, the Governor shall fill the vacancy by appointment within 10 days.

(4) Notwithstanding any appointment under the provisions of subsection (1)(c) of this section,
when a vacancy occurs in the office of a state Senator before the 61st day before the first general
election to be held during that term of office, the remaining two years of the term of office shall
be filled by the electors of the affected legislative district at the first general election.

(5) Candidates for the remaining two years of the term of office of a state Senator under subsection (4) of this section shall be nominated as provided in ORS chapter 249, with major political parties, and minor political parties that filed statements referencing the office of state Senator under section 2 of this 2019 Act, following the procedure set forth in ORS 249.200, except as follows:

(a) A minor political party[,] that did not file a statement referencing the office of state
Senator under section 2 of this 2019 Act, or an assembly of electors or individual electors, may
select a nominee for any vacancy occurring before the 61st day before the first general election; and
(b) The Secretary of State shall accept certificates of nomination and notifications of nominees
selected at a primary election or by party rule and filed with the secretary pursuant to a schedule
for filing set by the Secretary of State but in any case not later than the 62nd day before the first
general election.

(6) The remaining two years of the term of office of a state Senator under subsection (4) of this section will commence on the second Monday in January following the general election. Any appointment under the provisions of subsection (1)(c) of this section shall expire when a successor to the office is elected and qualified.

38

SECTION 33. ORS 248.008 is amended to read:

39 248.008. (1) An affiliation of electors becomes a minor political party in the state, a county or 40 other electoral district, qualified to make nominations for public office in that electoral district and 41 in any other electoral district wholly contained within the electoral district, when the affiliation of 42 electors has acted as described in either paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection:

(a)(A) When the affiliation of electors has filed with the Secretary of State a petition with the
signatures of at least a number of active electors, as described in ORS 247.013, equal to one and
one-half percent of the total votes cast in the electoral district for all candidates for Governor at

1 the most recent election at which a candidate for Governor was elected to a full term.

2 (B) The petition must contain only original signatures and must be filed not later than two years 3 following the date the prospective petition is filed. The petition must state the intention to form a 4 new political party and designate a name for the political party.

5 (C) Before circulating the petition, the chief sponsor of the petition must file with the Secretary 6 of State a signed copy of the prospective petition. The chief sponsor must include with the pro-7 spective petition a statement declaring whether one or more persons will be paid money or other 8 valuable consideration for obtaining signatures of **active** electors on the petition. After the pro-9 spective petition is filed, the chief sponsor must notify the filing officer not later than the 10th day 10 after the chief sponsor first has knowledge or should have had knowledge that:

(i) Any person is being paid for obtaining signatures, when the statement included with the
 prospective petition declared that no person would be paid for obtaining signatures of active elec tors.

(ii) No person is being paid for obtaining signatures, when the statement included with the
 prospective petition declared that one or more persons would be paid for obtaining signatures of
 active electors.

(D) The circulator shall certify on each signature sheet that the circulator witnessed the signing
of the signature sheet by each individual whose signature appears on the signature sheet and that
the circulator believes each individual is an **active** elector registered in the electoral district.

20(E) The Secretary of State shall verify whether the petition contains the required number of signatures of active electors. The Secretary of State may not accept a petition for filing if it con-2122tains less than 100 percent of the required number of signatures. The Secretary of State by rule shall 23designate a statistical sampling technique to verify whether a petition contains the required number of signatures of **active** electors. A petition may not be rejected for the reason that it contains less 24 than the required number of signatures unless two separate sampling processes both establish that 25the petition lacks the required number of signatures. The second sampling must contain a larger 2627number of signatures than the first sampling. The Secretary of State may employ professional assistance to determine the sampling technique. The statistical sampling technique may be the same 28as that adopted under ORS 250.105. 29

30 (b) When the affiliation of electors has polled for any one of its candidates for any public office 31 in the electoral district at least one percent of the total votes cast in the electoral district for all 32 candidates for:

(A) Presidential elector at the last general election at which candidates for President and Vice
 President of the United States were listed on the ballot; or

(B) Any single state office to be voted upon in the state at large for which nominations by political parties are permitted by law at the most recent election at which a candidate for the office
was elected to a full term.

(2) After satisfying either subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section, the minor political party may
 nominate candidates for election at the next general election.

(3) A filing officer may not accept a certificate of nomination of a candidate nominated by a
minor political party for a subsequent general election unless the minor political party has maintained status as a minor political party as described in subsection (4) of this section.

(4) In order to maintain status as a minor political party for a subsequent general election:

43

(a) Following each general election, at any time during the period beginning on the date of the
 next primary election and ending on the 90th day before the next general election, a number of

1 active electors equal to at least one-half of one percent of the total number of registered active

2 electors in this state who are affiliated with a major political party or a minor political party

3 must be registered as members of the party; or

4 (b)(A) Following each general election, at any time during the period beginning on the date of 5 the next primary election and ending on the 90th day before the next general election, a number 6 of **active** electors equal to at least one-tenth of one percent of the total votes cast in the state or 7 electoral district for all candidates for Governor at the most recent election at which a candidate 8 for Governor was elected to a full term must be registered as members of the party; and

9 (B) At least once in a four-year period, a candidate or candidates of the party must poll at least 10 one percent of the total votes cast in the electoral district for all candidates for:

(i) Presidential elector at the last general election at which candidates for President and Vice
 President of the United States were listed on the ballot; or

(ii) Any single state office to be voted upon in the state at large for which nominations by political parties are permitted by law at the most recent election at which a candidate for the office
was elected to a full term.

16 (5) An affiliation of electors that fails to maintain status as a minor political party ceases to be 17 a minor political party on the 90th day before the date of the next general election.

(6) During the period beginning on the date of the primary election and ending on the 90th day before the date of the general election, the Secretary of State shall determine at least once each month whether registration requirements to maintain status as a minor political party have been satisfied.

(7) If a minor political party changes its name, only those electors who register on or after the effective date of the name change as members of the party under the new party name shall be counted as members of the party.

(8) An affiliation of electors or a minor political party may not nominate a candidate who is the
nominee of another political party at the same election in order to satisfy the one percent requirement referred to in subsection (1)(b) or (4)(b)(B) of this section.

(9) For purposes of this section, "subsequent general election" means any general election that
is held after the first general election following qualification as a minor political party under subsection (1) of this section.

31 **SECTION 34.** ORS 248.006 is amended to read:

45

248.006. (1) An affiliation of electors becomes a major political party in this state and is qualified to make nominations at a primary election when a number of **active** electors equal to at least five percent of the number of **active** electors registered in this state **who are affiliated with a major political party or a minor political party** are registered as members of the party not later than the 275th day before the date of a primary election. An affiliation of electors satisfying the requirements of this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of ORS 248.007 on the date the Secretary of State determines the registration requirements are satisfied.

(2) The number of electors described in subsection (1) of this section shall be calculated based
on the number of electors who are registered in this state, affiliated with a major political party
or a minor political party and eligible to vote, as reported on the official abstracts of the election,
at the general election immediately preceding the deadline specified in subsection (1) of this section.
(3) After an affiliation of electors becomes a major political party under subsection (1) of this
section, in order to maintain status as a major political party subject to ORS 248.007, the party must

satisfy the registration requirement of subsection (1) of this section not later than the 275th day

1 before each primary election.

2 (4) An affiliation of electors ceases to be a major political party if the registration requirements 3 of subsection (1) of this section are not satisfied by the 275th day before each primary election. The 4 affiliation of electors ceases to be a major political party on the date the Secretary of State deter-5 mines that the registration requirement is not satisfied.

(5) When an affiliation of electors has not satisfied the registration requirement of subsection 6 (1) of this section for the first time, at the request of a representative of the affiliation of electors, 7 the Secretary of State shall determine not less than once each month whether at least five percent 8 9 of the number of [eligible] active electors registered in this state who are affiliated with a major political party or a minor political party are registered as members of the party. After an affil-10 iation of electors has qualified as a major political party, the Secretary of State shall determine on 11 12 the 271st day before each primary election whether the major political party has satisfied the reg-13 istration requirements described in subsection (3) of this section.

14

SECTION 35. ORS 171.060 is amended to read:

15 171.060. (1) When any vacancy as is mentioned in ORS 171.051 exists in the office of Senator or Representative affiliated with a major political party or a minor political party and that va-16 cancy is to be filled by an appointing authority as provided in ORS 171.051, the Secretary of State 17 18 forthwith shall notify the person designated by the party to receive such notice. The party shall 19 pursuant to party rule nominate not fewer than three nor more than five qualified persons to fill the 20 vacancy. The nominating procedure shall reflect the principle of one-person, one-vote to accord 21voting weight in proportion to the number of party members represented. At the request of a party 22making a nomination, the county clerks of each county constituting the district in which the va-23cancy exists shall assist the party in determining the number of electors registered as members of the party in the district. A person shall not be nominated to fill the vacancy unless the person signs 24 25a written statement indicating that the person is willing to serve in the office of Senator or Representative. As soon as the nominees have been appointed, but no later than 20 days after the vacancy 2627occurs, the party shall notify the Secretary of State of the persons nominated. The notification shall be accompanied by the signed written statement of each nominee indicating that the nominee is 28willing to serve in the office of Senator or Representative. The Secretary of State shall notify the 2930 county courts or boards of county commissioners of the counties constituting the district in which 31 the vacancy exists of the nominees and of the number of votes apportioned to each member of the county courts or boards of county commissioners under ORS 171.062 and 171.064. The Secretary of 32State shall set a time for the meeting of the county courts or boards of county commissioners in 33 34 order to fill the vacancy and by rule shall establish procedures for the conduct of the meeting. If the district is composed of more than one county, the Secretary of State shall name a temporary 35chairperson and designate a meeting place within the district where the county courts or boards of 36 37 county commissioners shall convene for the purpose of filling the vacancy, pursuant to ORS 171.051 38 (2).

(2) When any vacancy as is mentioned in ORS 171.051 exists in the office of Senator or Representative not affiliated with a major political party or a minor political party and that vacancy is to be filled by an appointing authority as provided in ORS 171.051, the Secretary of State forthwith shall notify the county courts or boards of county commissioners of the counties constituting the district in which the vacancy occurs of the vacancy and of the number of votes apportioned to each member of the county courts or boards of county commissioners under ORS 171.062 and 171.064. The Secretary of State shall set a time for a meeting of the county courts or boards of county courts or boar

sioners and by rule shall establish procedures for the conduct of the meeting. If the district is composed of more than one county, the Secretary of State shall name a temporary chairperson and designate a meeting place within the district where the county courts or boards of county commissioners shall convene for the purpose of appointing a person to fill the vacancy.

5 (3) A written statement signed by a majority of those qualified to vote upon the filling of any 6 vacancy naming the person selected to fill the vacancy and directed to the Secretary of State is 7 conclusive evidence of the filling of the vacancy by the appointing authority named therein.

8

SECTION 36. ORS 171.068 is amended to read:

9 171.068. (1) For purposes of ORS 171.060, 171.062 and 171.064, the county court or the board of 10 county commissioners which shall fill the vacancy in the Legislative Assembly in a district created 11 by reapportionment shall be the county court or board of county commissioners of each county any 12 part of which is in the district that is created by the reapportionment and includes the residence 13 from which the former Senator or Representative was elected.

(2) Except as provided in ORS 249.046, each person nominated by a major political party or a minor political party to fill a vacancy in the Legislative Assembly occurring as described by ORS 171.051 in a district created by reapportionment must be registered to vote in the district from which the former Senator or Representative was elected and must have been a member of the same major political party or minor political party at least 180 days before the date the vacancy to be filled occurred.

(3) This section shall apply only to a vacancy in the Legislative Assembly occurring after the
 primary election next following reapportionment and before a person has been elected and qualified
 to fill the vacancy.

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SECTION 37. ORS 236.215 is amended to read:

24 236.215. (1) When a vacancy occurs in the partisan elective office of county judge who does not 25 exercise judicial functions or county commissioner, the remaining members of the county court or 26 board of county commissioners of the county, pursuant to ORS 236.217, shall appoint a person 27 qualified to hold office who is an elector of the county to perform the duties of the office until the 28 term of office expires or the vacancy is filled by election.

(2) When the provisions of ORS 236.217 apply, the appointment shall be made from a list of not fewer than three nor more than five nominees furnished by the county clerks. If fewer than three names of nominees are furnished or if no list is received by the appointing authority, the county court or board of county commissioners may consider additional qualified persons. Except as provided in ORS 249.046, the person so appointed must have been a member of the same major political party or minor political party as the person vacating the office at least 180 days before the date the vacancy to be filled occurred.

(3) The vacancy must be filled by appointment within 30 days after its occurrence.

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SECTION 38. ORS 236.217 is amended to read:

38 236.217. When any vacancy under ORS 236.215 exists in any partisan elective office of county judge who does not exercise judicial functions or county commissioner occupied by a member of a 39 major political party or a minor political party and that vacancy is to be filled by an appointing 40 authority as provided in ORS 236.215, the major political party or minor political party pursuant 41 to party rule shall nominate not fewer than three nor more than five qualified persons to fill the 42 vacancy. The nominating procedure shall reflect the principle of one-person, one-vote to accord 43 voting weight in proportion to the number of party members represented. At the request of a party 44 making a nomination, the county clerk or chief elections officer of the county in which the vacancy 45

1 exists shall assist the party in determining the number of electors registered as members of the 2 party in the electoral district. As soon as the nominees have been appointed, but no later than 20 3 days after the vacancy occurs, the party shall notify the county clerk of the persons nominated. The 4 county clerk shall notify the remaining members of the county court or board of county commis-5 sioners of the county in which the vacancy exists of the nominees.

6

SECTION 39. ORS 188.120 is amended to read:

7 188.120. (1) If a vacancy in election or office of Representative in Congress or United States 8 Senator occurs before the 61st day before the general election, the Governor shall call a special 9 election to fill that vacancy. If a vacancy in election or office of United States Senator occurs after 10 the 62nd day before the general election but on or before the general election, and if the term of 11 that office is not regularly filled at that election, the Governor shall call a special election to fill 12 the vacancy as soon as practicable after the general election.

(2) If a special election to fill the vacancy in election or office of Representative in Congress
or United States Senator is called before the 80th day after the vacancy occurs, each major political
party or minor political party shall select its nominee for the office and certify the name of the
nominee to the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall place the name of the nominee on
the ballot.

(3) If a special election to fill the vacancy in election or office of Representative in Congress
or United States Senator is called after the 79th day after the vacancy occurs, a special primary
election shall be conducted by the Secretary of State for the purpose of nominating a candidate of
each major political party. A minor political party may nominate a candidate in accordance
with the rules of the minor political party. A declaration of candidacy or nominating petition
may be filed not later than the 10th day following the issuance of the writ of election.

24 <u>SECTION 40.</u> Sections 41, 42 and 43 of this 2019 Act are added to and made a part of ORS 25 chapter 254.

26 <u>SECTION 41.</u> (1) A person who wishes to be nominated or elected to a public office by 27 write-in votes must file with the filing officer a declaration of write-in candidacy. The dec-28 laration shall be made on a form designed by the Secretary of State by rule and must be filed 29 no later than 8 p.m. on the date of the election. The form designed by the secretary must 30 require that the person:

(a) Attest that the person is legally qualified to assume the duties of the public office;
 and

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(b) Provide the electronic mail address of the person.

(2)(a) If, prior to tallying any votes, the filing officer determines that the person filing
 the declaration meets the qualifications to assume the duties of the public office, the filing
 officer shall ensure that the county clerk tallies any write-in votes cast for the person.

(b) If, prior to tallying any votes, the filing officer determines that the person filing the
 declaration does not meet the qualifications to assume the duties of the public office, the
 county clerk may not tally any write-in votes cast for the person.

(c) If the filing officer or county clerk chooses to tally all votes before making a determination under this subsection, the filing officer shall ensure that if the winner of the nomination is a write-in candidate, the winner meets the qualifications to assume the duties of the public office. The filing officer is not required to check the qualifications for write-in candidates who will not receive the nomination.

45 (3) As used in this section, "filing officer" has the meaning given that term in ORS

1 **254.165.**

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2 <u>SECTION 42.</u> (1) Not later than the 180th day before the date of the primary election, a 3 major political party or a minor political party may file a party rule with the Secretary of 4 State requiring that a write-in candidate obtain a minimum vote threshold in order to secure 5 the nomination of the political party.

6 (2) Any threshold identified in a party rule submitted under subsection (1) of this section 7 must apply equally to all persons receiving write-in votes for the same office.

8 (3) If a political party files a party rule under subsection (1) of this section, the party rule
9 shall remain in effect for all future primary elections unless the political party withdraws
10 the party rule prior to the 180th day before the date of a primary election.

11 <u>SECTION 43.</u> (1) Following a primary election, each county in this state shall submit a 12 certified statement to the Oregon Department of Administrative Services that sets forth the 13 total cost of the time required for the county to design ballots for the primary election.

(2) The department shall reimburse the county a percentage of the costs identified in
 subsection (1) of this section. The percentage shall be calculated by:

(a) Dividing the number of minor political parties that required a primary ballot to be
 designed by the county clerk by the total number of major political parties and minor political parties that required a primary ballot to be designed by the county clerk; and

(b) Multiplying the result identified in paragraph (a) of this subsection by 100.

20 **SECTION 44.** ORS 254.500 is amended to read:

21 254.500. (1) This section governs the tally of votes cast for persons whose names were not 22 printed on the ballot but are written in by electors.

(2) The county clerk shall tally votes cast for write-in candidates in the manner set forth
 in section 41 of this 2019 Act. All such write-in votes for each office on the ballot shall be tallied
 together, except as follows:

(a) If the total number of write-in votes for candidates for the same nomination or office equals
or exceeds the number of votes cast for any candidate for the same nomination or office on the
ballot who appears to have been nominated or elected, the county clerk shall tally all write-in votes
cast for the office to show the total number of votes cast for each write-in candidate.

(b) If no names of candidates are printed on the ballot for an office, the county clerk shall tally
the votes cast for each candidate for the office who received a vote.

[(2)] (3) No person other than the county clerk, a member of a counting board or any other
 elections official designated by the county clerk may tally write-in votes.

34 <u>SECTION 45.</u> ORS 254.548 is repealed.

35 **SECTION 46.** ORS 254.545 is amended to read:

36 254.545. [Subject to ORS 254.548,] The county clerk:

(1) As soon as possible after any election, shall prepare abstracts of votes. The abstract for
election of Governor shall be on a sheet separate from the abstracts for other offices and measures.
(2) On completion of the abstracts, shall record a complete summary of votes cast in the county
for each office, candidate for office and measure. The county clerk shall sign and certify this record.
(3) Not later than the 20th day after the election, shall deliver a copy of the abstracts for other
than county offices to the appropriate elections officials. The abstract for election of Governor shall
be delivered separately to the Secretary of State as provided in [section 4,] Article V, section 4,

44 Oregon Constitution.

45 (4) Not later than the 30th day after the election, shall proclaim which county measure is par-

1 amount, if two or more approved county measures contain conflicting provisions.

2 (5) **Subject to ORS 254.500**, shall prepare and deliver a certificate of nomination or election to 3 each candidate having the most votes for nomination for or election to county or precinct offices.

4 (6) Shall prepare, and file with the county governing body, a certificate stating the compensation
5 to which the board clerks are entitled. The county governing body shall order the compensation paid
6 by county funds.

7 (7) As soon as possible after any election, shall send electronically the results of the election
8 in each precinct to the Secretary of State.

9 <u>SECTION 47.</u> ORS 255.295, as amended by section 10, chapter 70, Oregon Laws 2018, is
 10 amended to read:

11 255.295. (1) Not later than the 20th day after the date of an election, the elections officer shall 12 prepare an abstract of the votes and deliver it to the district elections authority. Not later than the 13 45th day after the date of an election, the district elections authority shall determine from it the 14 result of the election.

15 (2) [Subject to ORS 254.548,] The elections officer may issue a certificate of election only after 16 the district elections authority has notified the elections officer in writing of the result of the 17 election.

18 <u>SECTION 48.</u> ORS 249.072, as amended by section 12, chapter 70, Oregon Laws 2018, is
 19 amended to read:

249.072. (1) If the nonpartisan office is to be voted for in the state at large, the nominating pe-21 tition shall contain at least [1,000] **200** signatures of electors, or a number of signatures of electors 22 equal to at least one percent of the vote cast in the state for all candidates for Governor at the 23 most recent election at which a candidate for Governor was elected to a full term, whichever is less. 24 The signatures shall include those of electors registered in each of at least five percent of the pre-25 cincts in each of at least seven counties.

(2) The nominating petition for a nonpartisan office not provided for in subsection (1) of this section shall contain at least [500] **200** signatures of electors in the electoral district, or a number of signatures of electors equal to at least one percent of the vote cast in the electoral district for all candidates for Governor at the most recent election at which a candidate for Governor was elected to a full term, whichever is less. In addition:

(a) If an office under this subsection is to be voted for in more than one county, the signatures shall include those of electors registered in at least two counties encompassed by the electoral district, and the signatures from each such county shall include those of electors registered in at least six percent of the precincts of the electoral district that are located within that county. If six percent of the precincts of the electoral district in one of the counties or portion thereof does not constitute a whole precinct, the nominating petition shall contain signatures from at least one precinct in that county.

(b) If the office is to be voted for in only one county or in a city, the signatures shall include
those of electors registered in at least 10 percent of the precincts in the electoral district.

40 <u>SECTION 49.</u> This 2019 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2019 41 regular session of the Eightieth Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.

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