Columbia River Gorge Commission

Annual Performance Progress Report

Reporting Year 2018

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KPM # Approved Key Performance Measures (KPMs)

- 1 County Decisions Percentage and number of county decisions where Gorge Commission comments were addressed in the decision: a)fully; b) partially
- 2 Percentage of Commission Development Reviews in which Commission staff spend no more than 72 days to make a decision after the application is deemed complete. When Commission staff require a different design or additional information from the applicant or a federal, state, or local agency, the days waiting for that information are not included in the 72-day staff decision period.
- 3 Oustomer Service Percentage of customers rating their satisfaction with the agency's customer service as "good" or "excellent"; overall customer service, timeliness, accuracy, helpfulness, expertise and availability of information.
- 4 Percent of total best practices met by the Board. -



Performance Summary	Green	Yellow	Red
	= Target to -5%	= Target -5% to -15%	= Target > -15%
Summary Stats:	50%	0%	50%

KPM #1 County Decisions - Percentage and number of county decisions where Gorge Commission comments were addressed in the decision: a)fully; b) partially Data Collection Period: Jan 01 - Jan 01

* Upward Trend = positive result



Report Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Percent of County Decisions- CRGC Addressed fully and partially						
Actual	100%	88%	100%	100%	100%	
Target	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	

How Are We Doing

This measure reflects the relative effectiveness of the Commission's oversight of county implementation of the National Scenic Area Management Plan for the five counties that adopted an ordinance to be consistent with the requirements of the Management Plan. The Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area Act authorizes counties to adopt and implement a local ordinance that achieves the objectives of the Act. For those five counties who adopted the ordinance to be consistent with the Management Plan, the Commission plays two roles in support of local implementation: first, it functions as a technical assistance resource for the county programs, and second, it serves to ensure consistency throughout the two-state, six-county region. On most county decisions, the Commission observes, reviews and verifies their planning process and decisions without comment since consistency is achieved. For those decisions where the Commission offers technical advice or constructive suggestions, this performance measure indicates the percentage of Commission suggestions the counties fully accept in local decisions and the percentage for which counties partially accept Commission comments. In order to track this measure, the counties have to acknowledge that they accept or partially accept the comments by the Commission or they may consider the included in the measure) is the portion of county decisions which do not accept comments from the Commission or they may consider the comments but do not acknowledge those comments in writing.

Data reflects figures for the calendar year. For the 2017 reporting year (CY 2016 data) development review applications submitted from Wasco, Hood River and Multnomah counties on the Oregon side, and Skamania and Clark counties on the Washington side - 13 comment letters were issued by the Commission staff to the five counties. Of those 13 development applications that Commission staff commented on, 3 applications haven't had decisions issued, and 10 were fully or partially addressed. For the 2018 reporting year (CY 2017 data) development review applications submitted - 15 comment letters were issued by the Commission staff to the five counties. Of those 15 development applications that the Commission staff commented on, all 15 were fully or partially addressed. (Note: Klickitat County in Washington did not adopt the ordinance so the Commission staff issue all the decisions on development review applications)

Factors Affecting Results

In response to budget reductions from 2008 to 2013 and the resulting loss of 65% of the agency's planning staff, the Commission was challenged with its ability to review all the development review applications for the five counties within the timeframe each county established for their review process. As a result, the number of comment letters issued by Commission planning staff on development review applications was reduced significantly because each of the comment letters may require extensive technical review and consultation with appropriate agencies. With the loss of two experienced senior planners in CY 2014, the Commission only had only one planning position filled until a second planner was hired in October 2015. In CY 2015, the Commission planner(s) issued five comment letters to the counties. Of those five applications, none of the decisions had been issued yet so we could not measure whether our concerns had been fully or partially addressed. Consequently, we had no actual performance to submit for this measure for CY 2015. For CY 2016, the Commission had two planners and issued 13 comment letters to the counties. Of those 13, three decisions had not been issued yet, but the other 10 decisions addressed the Commission's concerns. For CY 2017, the Commission issued 15 comment letters to the counties. Of those 15, all 15 decisions addressed the Commission's concerns.

Percentage of Commission Development Reviews in which Commission staff spend no more than 72 days to make a decision after the application is deemed complete. - When Commission KPM #2 staff require a different design or additional information from the applicant or a federal, state, or local agency, the days waiting for that information are not included in the 72-day staff decision period.

Data Collection Period: Jan 01 - Jan 01

* Upward Trend = positive result



Report Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Percentage of development reviews issues within the required timeframe						
Actual	44%	100%	100%	33%	67%	
Target	90%	90%	75%	80%	80%	

How Are We Doing

This measure reflects the ability of the Commission to complete its review of development applications in Klickitat County, who has not adopted the NSA ordinance, in a timely fashion and is relevant to the effective and consistent implementation of the Management Plan. In CY 2015, the planning staff included only one principal planner with another planner hired in October 2015. In January 2016 the principal planner accepted a position with another agency and in June 2016 the planner accepted another position. The Commission hired two new planners in June 2016. This turnover created a slow down in the Commission's ability to issue permits in a timely manner. In July 2015, Klickitat County received a two-year grant in the FY15-17 Washington budget to hire a Klickitat County planner to work with the Commission planner on development reviews for Klickitat County in the National Scenic Area. This additional Klickitat County planner assisted with researching and drafting development review decisions. The assistance of the Klickitat County planner helped the Commission planner to reduce the permit review time and cleared up part of the backlog of active permits. The Klickitat County planner accepted a position with another planning agency in the Gorge and resigned in January 2017. The last 6 months of the grant funded position for FY 15-17 was left unfilled by Klickitat County, and consequently the Commission was again shorthanded and fell behind on the Klickitat County development reviews. In the FY 17-19 budget, Klickitat County again received funds to hire a planner to help assist with Klickitat County development reviews. This planner was an employee of the Commission and could speak for the Commission, had access to all Commission files, coordinated closely with state agencies, and had the authority to move forward on permits to address the backlog and conduct compliance monitoring which the county employee was not authorized to do. This was an important step in the development review and permitting process - to

This performance measure applies only to the Commission's work in Klickitat County, since they did not adopt the National Scenic Area (NSA) ordinance. Thus the Commission staff do the development reviews, whereas in the other 5 counties in the NSA, the county planners process the development applications and the Commission staff review them (refer to Performance Measure 1). In response to budget reductions starting in 2008, the Commission temporarily suspended time frames for development review applications in 2010. With further budget reductions and the resulting loss of 65% of the agency's planning staff in 2012, the Commission permanently amended its rule to remove all time frames for development review applications. With the loss of two experienced senior planners in CY 2014, the Commission had only one planning position filled until October 2015. However, to show some measurement of performance in CY 2015, the Commission decided to use the 72-day rule time frame it had used previously. This allowed a comparison for the calendar year to show the percentage of development reviews that the Commission staff completed within the 72-day review period. Due to planning staff turnover In CY 2015, the Commission was unable to meet the 72-day time frame. Data reflects figures for the calendar year. For the 2017 reporting year (CY 2016 data) the staff was able to meet the 72-day time frame 30% of the time. For the 2018 reporting year (CY 2017 data) the staff was able to improve its performance to 67% because of a dedicated Klickitat County planner on the Gorge Commission staff. It is the Commission's goal to increase the percentage significantly to 80% moving forward if additional planning staff can be hired using additional Klickitat County grant funds.

Factors Affecting Results

Internal factors that affect our results include overall staffing levels, workloads, and the number of professional planners that have the time to complete development reviews in a timely manner given the other workload obligations of the Commission staff. With the significant reductions in the number of planning staff during the last several bienniums, the time it takes to conduct thorough reviews has increased and this has resulted in a decrease in being able to meet or exceed the timeline target for this measure. External factors include the number and scope of proposed developments in Klickitat County that have increased over time due to the popularity of the National Scenic Area as a place to work and live. In addition, several requests for permits have involved complex natural and cultural resources and land ownership issues that required several additional reviews by state wildlife and historical resources agencies, as well as water rights reviews, development of new mitigation plans, and determination of legal lot parcels requiring complicated deed history searches. The Commission to exceed the 72 day goal. In CY 2017, the Commission received a grant from Klickitat County to hire a full-time land use planner to work on the development reviews for Klickitat County and to attend meetings. This enabled the Commission to hire a planner dedicated to Klickitat County development reviews and compliance monitoring which has helped to improve the completion rate and to meet the 72 day timeline goal more often. This position was not involved in any other Gorge Commission work, other than to attend Gorge Commission meetings, which provided a focus to their work and ability to complete the work in a more timely way.

KPM #3 Customer Service - Percentage of customers rating their satisfaction with the agency's customer service as "good" or "excellent"; overall customer service, timeliness, accuracy, helpfulness, expertise and availability of information.

Data Collection Period: Jan 01 - Jan 01



Report Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Helpfulness					
Actual	62%	64%	71%	68%	67%
Target	80%	75%	75%	75%	75%
Expertise					
Actual	54%	73%	71%	63%	60%
Target	80%	75%	75%	75%	75%
Accuracy					
Actual	54%	64%	71%	47%	53%
Target	80%	75%	75%	75%	75%
Timeliness					
Actual	46%	82%	71%	53%	53%
Target	80%	75%	75%	75%	75%
Overall					
Actual	58%	73%	71%	63%	67%
Target	85%	75%	75%	75%	75%
Availability of Information					
Actual	33%	73%	71%	63%	60%
Target	85%	75%	75%	75%	75%

In CY 2011, the staff engaged in a new process for collecting survey results and as a result of the methodology change, response to the survey was much greater and encompassed all customers and not just those that applied for a land use permit in one county. The new survey mirrors best practices for surveys that are recommended by the state of Oregon. The agency believes this change in methodology reflects a broad range of customer opinion and experiences which was the Commission's intent. We hope to keep querying our partners and members of the public on a broader basis in the future, and improve our scores as we build back our staff capacity and more fully engage our Commissioners in conducting public outreach and being available to provide information and guidance to landowners and other agencies as needed. We have trained our staff in facilitation, effective public outreach and collaboration, as well as improving our communication tools to help the public better understand our roles and responsibilities, and the regulations that govern the National Scenic Area.

The Commission strives to provide the best customer service for the communities and partners we work with in the National Scenic Area (NSA). Our goal is to provide timely technical/expert reviews for the county development applications in the five counties that have adopted the ordinance; provide helpful guidance to people seeking to learn about building a home, addition or starting a business in the NSA; provide helpful information to the general public about our policies and procedures; and to use our unique role as a bi-state compact agency to build partnerships and collaborative relationships in the Columbia River Gorge area with both Washington and Oregon communities on issues that affect both sides of the river. However, significant budget reductions beginning in 2009 reduced the Gorge Commission planning staff from 4.5 FTE to 1.6 FTE. The Commission has been severely understaffed but still trying to meet customer needs in a timely way. In CY 2015, the planning staff included only one principal planner with another planner hired in October 2015. In January 2016 the principal planner accepted a position with another agency and in June 2016 the new planner accepted another position. The Commission then hired two new planners in June 2016. This turnover created a decrease in all areas of performance since new staff needed to be trained on complex NSA rules and regulations. In July 2015, Klickitat County received a two-year grant in the FY 15-17 Washington budget to hire a planner to work with the Commission on development reviews for Klickitat County in the National Scenic Area. This additional Klickitat County planner assisted with researching and drafting development review decisions, but since Klickitat County did not adopt the ordinance, the Commission planner still had to do the majority of the work because the Klickitat County employee working with the Gorge Commission did not have authority to do some of the work. The assistance of the Klickitat County planner helped the Commission planner to reduce the permit review time, and clear up part of the backlog of active permits, which led to better customer satisfaction. However, only the Commission planner can perform the monitoring and compliance for post-permit inspections and there continued to be a 2-year backlog to conduct all the site visits. The Klickitat County planner accepted a position with another planning agency in the Gorge and resigned in November 2016. The last 6 months of the grant position for FY 15-17 was left unfilled by Klickitat County and consequently the Commission was again shorthanded. However, with a new Klickitat County grant for CY 2017 and given to the Commission to hire staff in August 2017, there has been more progress and less turnover in staff. In order to improve availability of information, the Commission staff initiated a new website design process, but this was not completed until CY2016. Data reflects figures for the calendar year. For the 2018 reporting year (CY 2017 data), the categories changed as follows: "timeliness" remained the same: "accuracy" increased by 6%; "helpfulness" decreased by 1%; "expertise" and "availability of information" decreased by 3%, and the "overall" category increased by 4%.

Factors Affecting Results

The role of the Columbia River Gorge Commission, the National Scenic Area (NSA) Act and the Management Plan that guides our regulations to protect NSA resources, are not well enough understood by the public. The land use laws of both states differ and regional planning efforts are complex subjects. The NSA Act was passed over 30 years ago, but there continues to be public misinformation about the National Scenic Area, the Commission's role and its work with County Commissions, city councils, county planners, state and federal agencies, economic development entities, and landowners. There are negative public perceptions dating from the past 3 decades that still persist today. The 13-member Commission appointed by the two state Governors and 6 counties, and its small staff (6 FTE), continues to work hard to communicate to the public, partners, local, state and federal agencies about the policies and management plan decisions. However, the lack of a communications expert, and lack of staff capacity to engage with more of our partners on a regular basis and raise our visibility, means that the information is not as readily available as is desired. The Commission and staff are working to inform and assist the general public, residents and land owners through the website and in-person meetings, but only as our time allows given all our many day to day obligations to run the agency. Given the staff turnover in CY 2016 and CY 2017, people rating our timeliness and customer service was not as high as we had hoped due to learning curves for new staff. Despite our small staff, however, we are committed to improve all aspects of customer service and to provide opportunities for public participation and access to information in all aspects of the Commission's work moving forward. Improving our communication tools with the public and decisionmakers is a very high priority.

KPM #4	Percent of total best practices met by the Board
	Data Collection Period: Jan 01 - Jan 01

* Upward Trend = positive result



Report Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Percentage of total best practices met by the board						
Actual	84%	78%	100%	98%	93%	
Target	90%	80%	80%	80%	80%	

How Are We Doing

This performance measure reflects the percent of total best practices met by the Commission, as assessed by the Commission members through an anonymous survey. The best practices queried in the survey include high-level indicators of the Commission's administrative processes. This measure includes fifteen yes/no questions about the agency's performance in areas ranging from Commissioners' meeting attendance to budget and personnel accountability. Commissioner responses offer a general sense for the health of the agency and the administrative function of the Commission staff. The measures do not necessarily reflect the success of the Commission in achieving its federal, state or programmatic mandates. A new Executive Director was hired in CY 2015 and has worked effectively with the Commission to assure that all best practices are adhered to and they met their goals.

In 2012, the Commission held a training session to review the best practices established for the Commission and staff, based on the accepted best practices for Oregon state boards and commissions. There are fifteen best practices that the Commission has adopted and tracks each year. Examples of these best practices include annual performance reviews of the Executive Director, Commission review of policies, procedures, financial and IT audit findings, and involvement of the Commission in key communications. The Commission continues its comprehensive training process each year to assure all Commissioners are up to date with their understanding of their responsibilities, that they are adhering to Commission rules, conducting a periodic review of their effectiveness, fostering transparency and accountability with their decisionmaking, and providing effective oversight of the Executive Director. Data reflects figures for the calendar year. For the 2017 reporting year (CY 2016 data), the board's assessment was 98% and for the 2018 reporting year (CY 2017 data), the board's assessment was 93%. The 80% target was exceeded both years.

Factors Affecting Results

Factors that can effect our results include turnover that occurs in the 13-member Commission since their appointments are staggered by year, appointments of a new Chair and Vice-chair each

year and how they lead the Commission, and any loss in key staff positions.