

Oregon Department of **ENERGY**

How is the Oregon
Energy System
Changing?

January 24, 2019

House Committee on
Energy & Environment



Energy Then and Now

**~20
years
ago**

Oregon passes the nation's first carbon emissions standard for energy facilities

The Toyota Prius is introduced

The "hockey stick" first used to explain the earth's changing temperatures

Enron

**~10
years
ago**

Oregon passes the Renewable Portfolio Standard

The Tesla Roadster is introduced

Crude oil trades around \$100/barrel

Residential solar PV costs \$9 per watt (it's less than \$4 today)

Atmospheric carbon dioxide is 386 parts per million

**2018-
2019**

Oregon is implementing a more aggressive RPS

Oregon's only coal plant will cease burning coal in 2020

Nearly 19,000 electric vehicles are registered in Oregon

Portland General Electric releases "Exploring Pathways to Deep Decarbonization"

Atmospheric carbon dioxide is 410 parts per million

Three Main Themes

- 1** We're benefitting from clean energy technology costs going down.
- 2** We're seeing meaningful results from energy policies implemented in recent years.
- 3** We're committed to decarbonizing energy in Oregon.



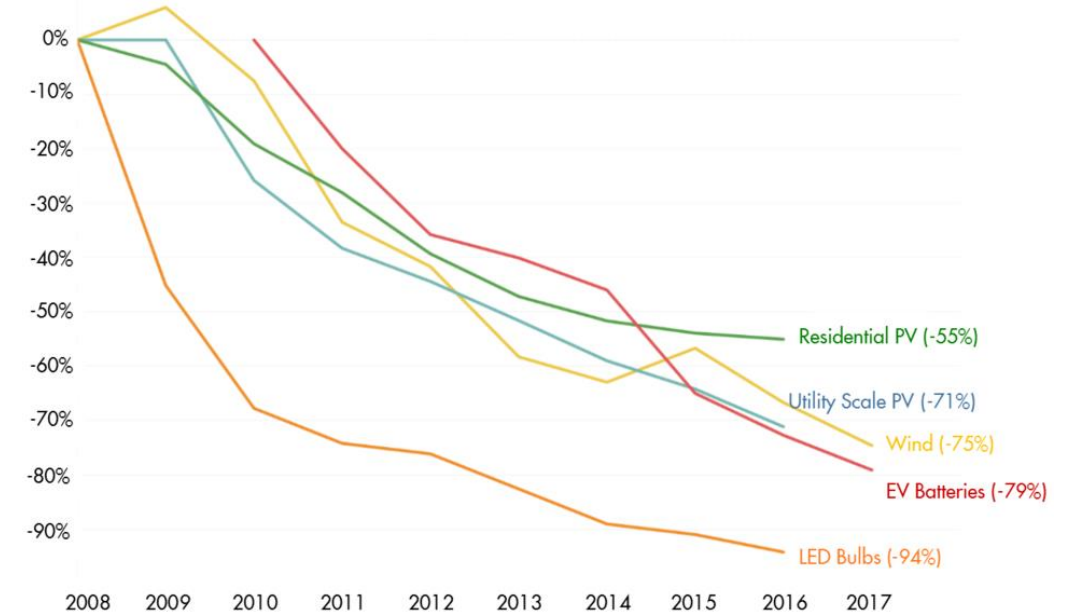
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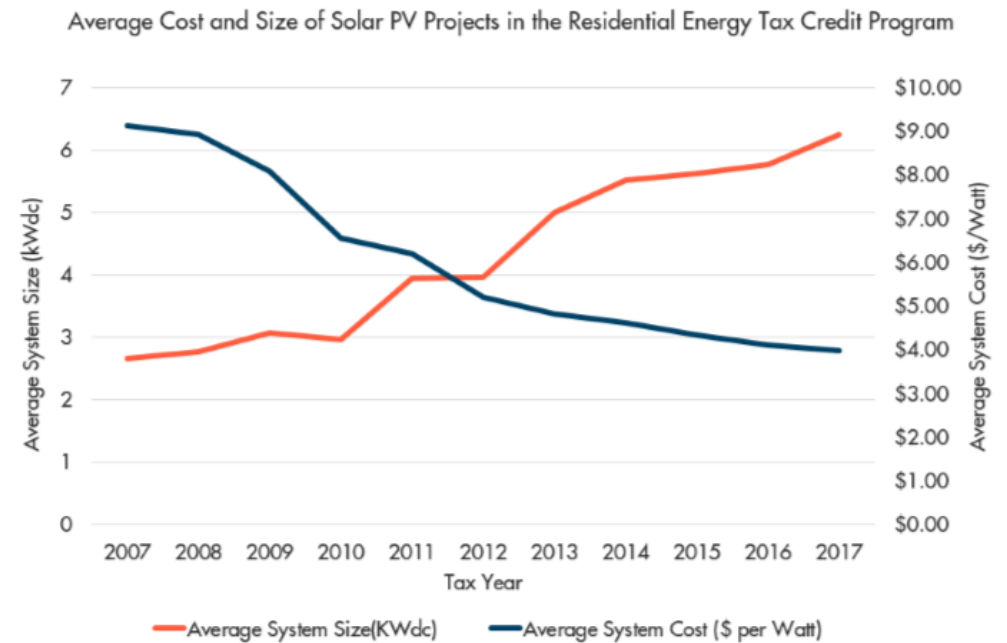
- Costs of renewable and emerging energy technologies have rapidly declined.
- Renewable energy development continues to grow across the state.
- Lower costs support adoption of new technologies.
- Energy use no longer directly tied to economic growth.

Rapid Decline in Technology Costs

- Renewable energy is cost-competitive with fossil fuel-powered energy.
- Energy efficient technologies are less expensive and more accessible.
- Improvements in battery technology are bringing down the costs of electric vehicles and energy storage options.



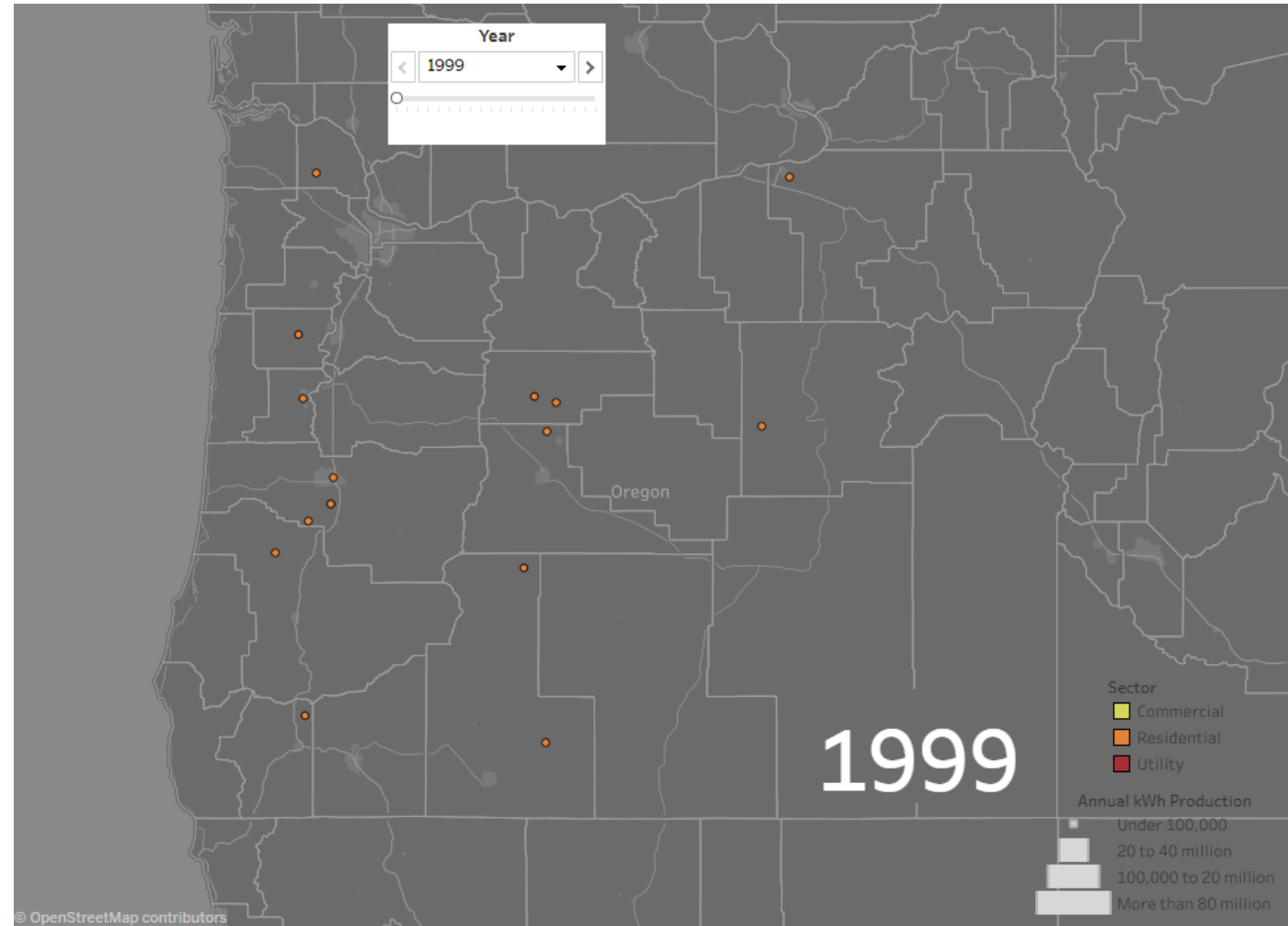
Cost Reductions in Clean Energy Technologies



Oregon Residential PV System Size and Cost per Watt

Lower Costs of Renewables = More Renewable Projects

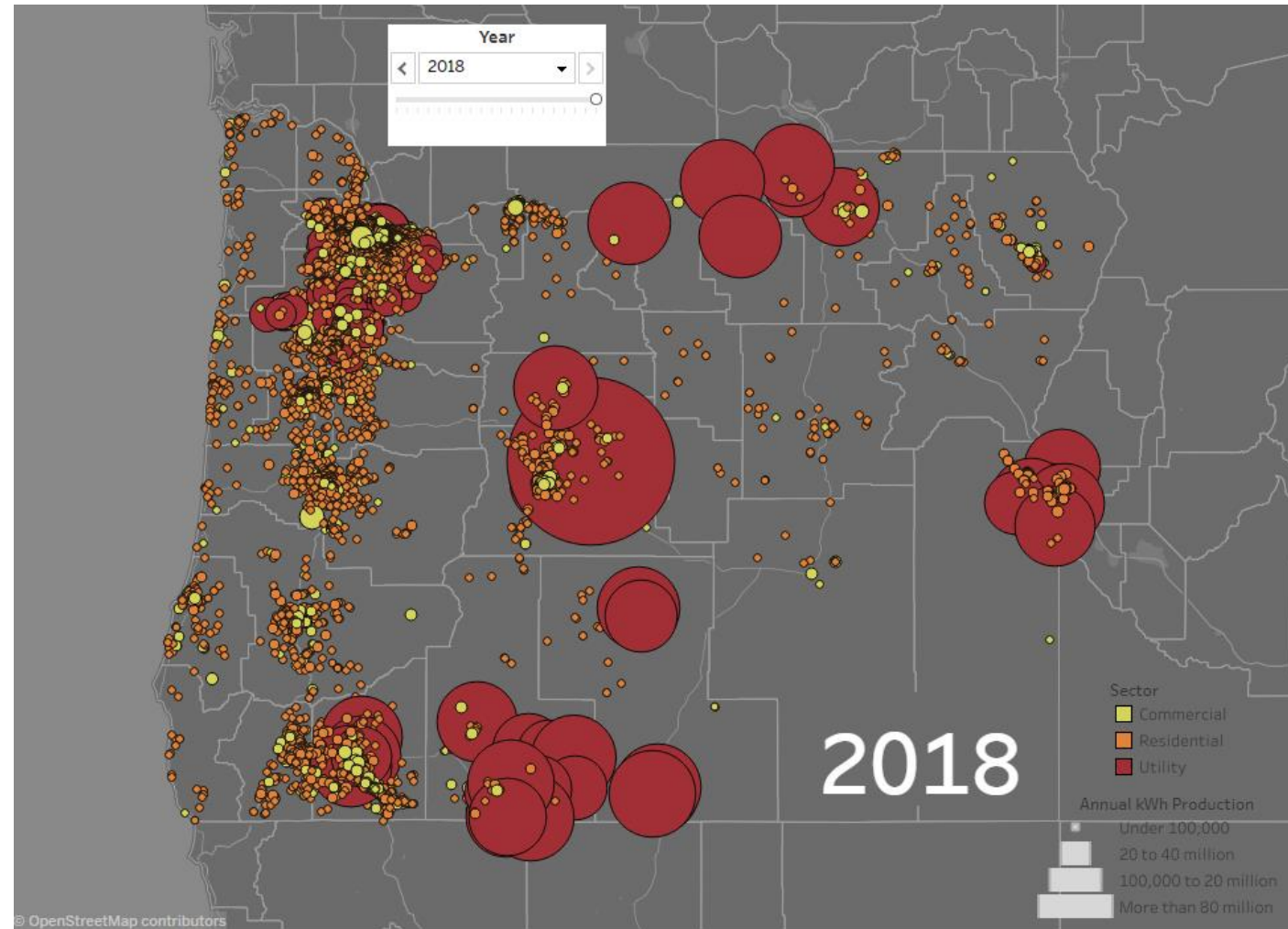
- ODOE's Energy Facility Siting Team currently reviewing more solar energy applications than ever before.
- Older renewable projects are being amended to take advantage of technology advances.
- 212,744 megawatt hours of solar PV were added to Oregon's electricity mix between 2015 and 2016.



Solar PV Projects in Oregon

Lower Costs of Renewables = More Renewable Projects

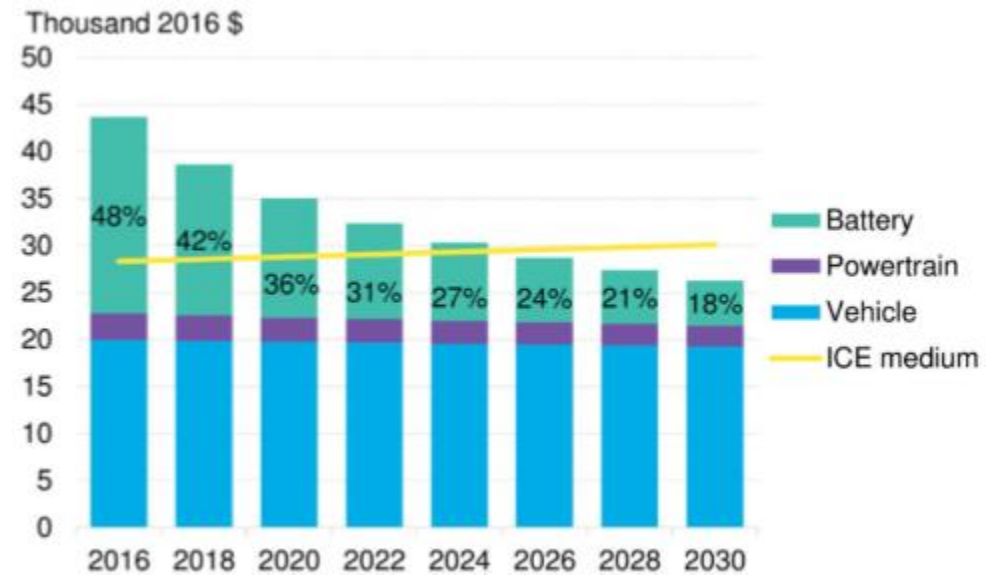
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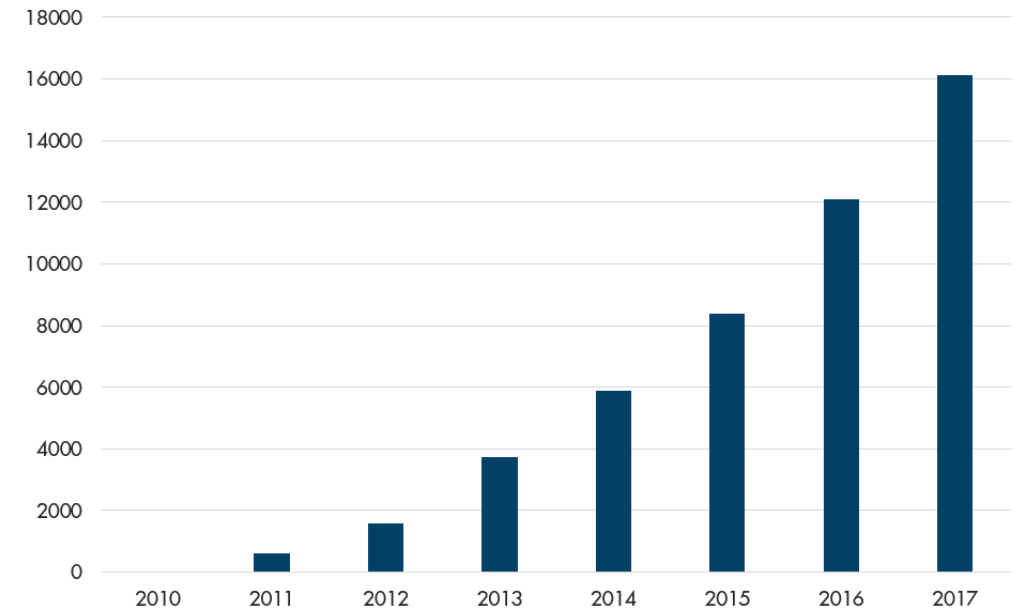
Solar PV Projects in Oregon

Lower Technology Costs = More Adoption

- As electric vehicle battery prices go down, the batteries and ranges get larger and the number of EVs on Oregon roads goes up.
- The Oregon Energy Facility Siting Council just approved a utility-scale battery storage facility in Morrow/Umatilla Counties.
- New technologies are helping utilities to more efficiently manage the power grid.



Cost Parity for Battery Vehicles vs. Internal Combustion Engines



Cumulative Total Electric Vehicle Registrations in Oregon

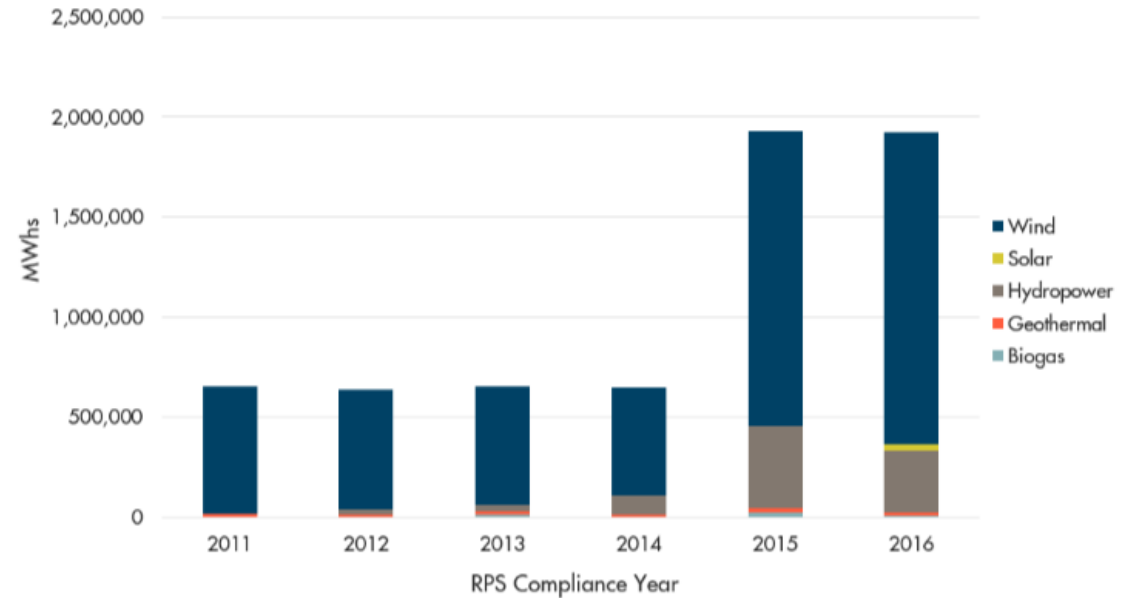


We're seeing meaningful results from energy policies implemented in recent years.

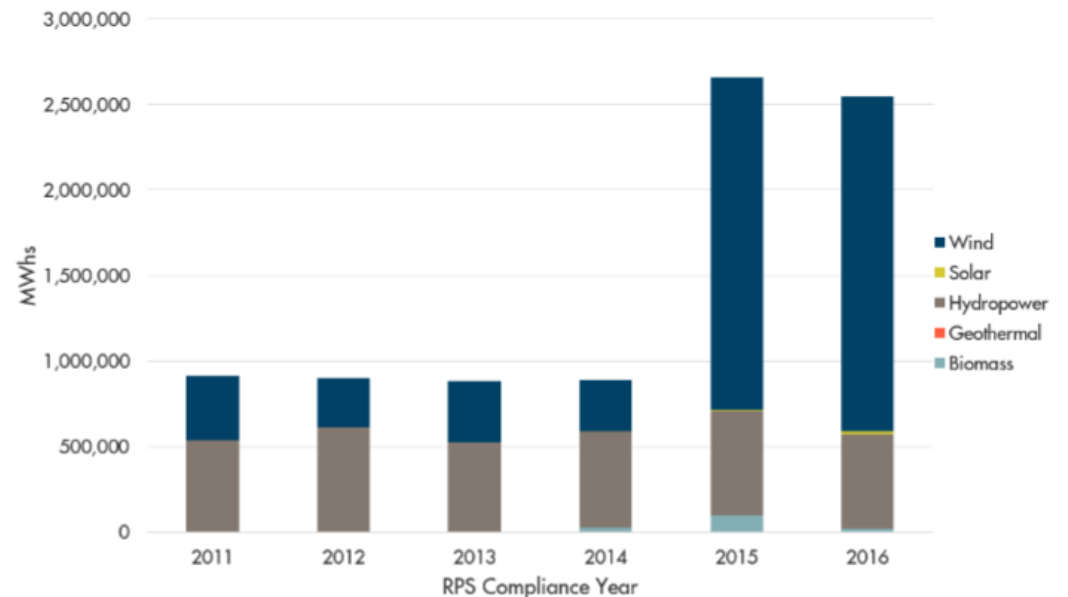
- Oregon's leadership on energy policy – such as the Renewable Portfolio Standard – has encouraged more and different types of clean energy technologies.
- Our investment in energy efficiency pays and will continue to pay significant dividends.

Oregon's Electricity Mix Is Cleaner

- Oregon utilities are meeting the Renewable Portfolio Standard.
- 741% increase in wind energy consumed in Oregon between 2004 and 2016.
- In 2008, Oregon's energy mix had just 28 MWh of solar; in 2016, it was 266,000 MWh.



PacifiCorp RPS Compliance Resources 2011-2016

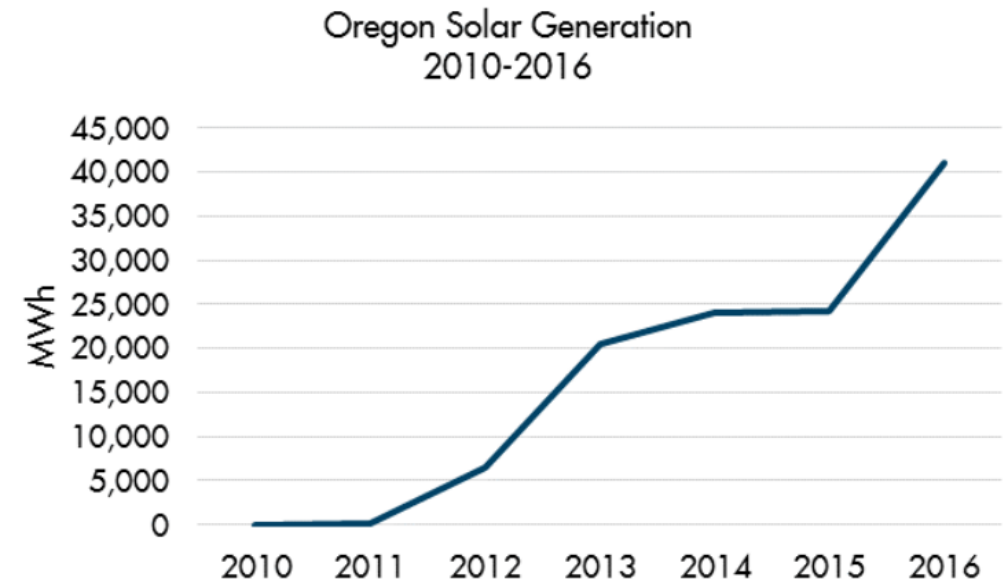
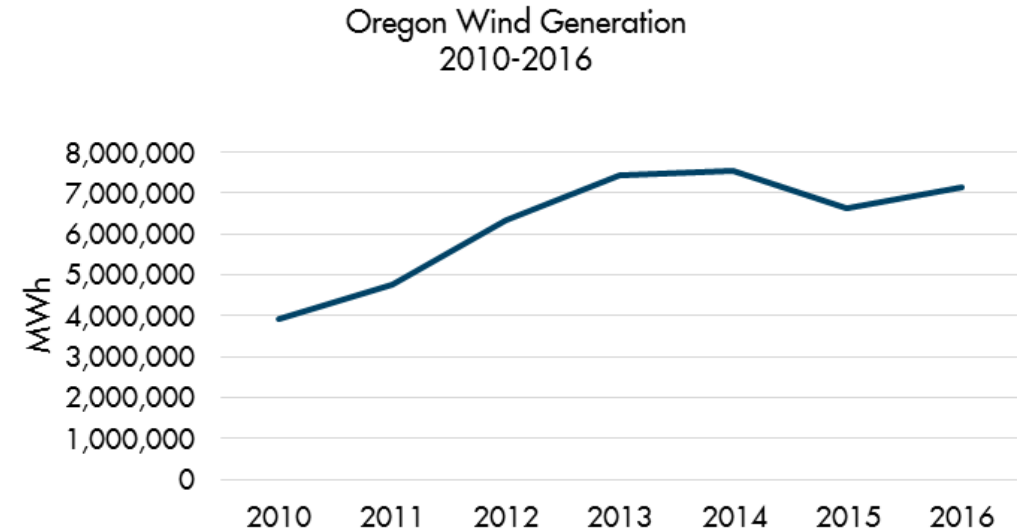


PGE RPS Compliance Resources 2011-2016

Diverse Renewable Electricity Generation

Oregon is seventh in the nation for renewable energy generation:

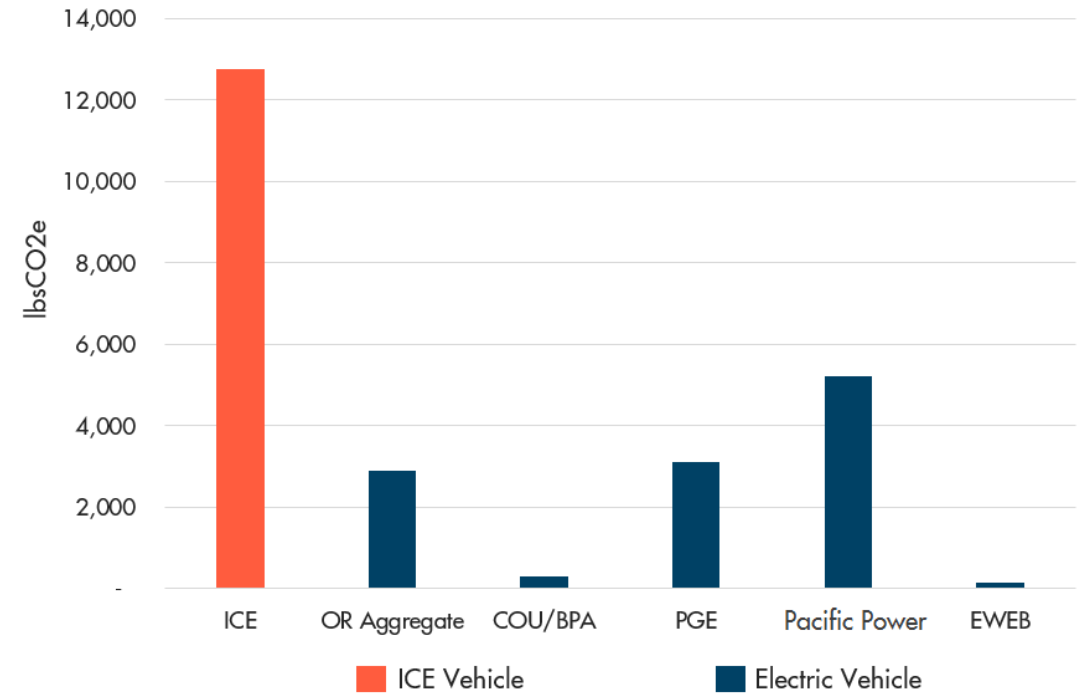
- 8,865 MW of hydropower capacity
- 3,383 MW of wind capacity
- 331 MW of wood and other biomass capacity
- 296 MW of solar capacity for projects 1 MW or larger
- 51 MW of biogas/renewable natural gas capacity
- 33 MW of geothermal capacity
- 10 MW of energy storage capacity
- Marine energy pilot projects off the Oregon coast



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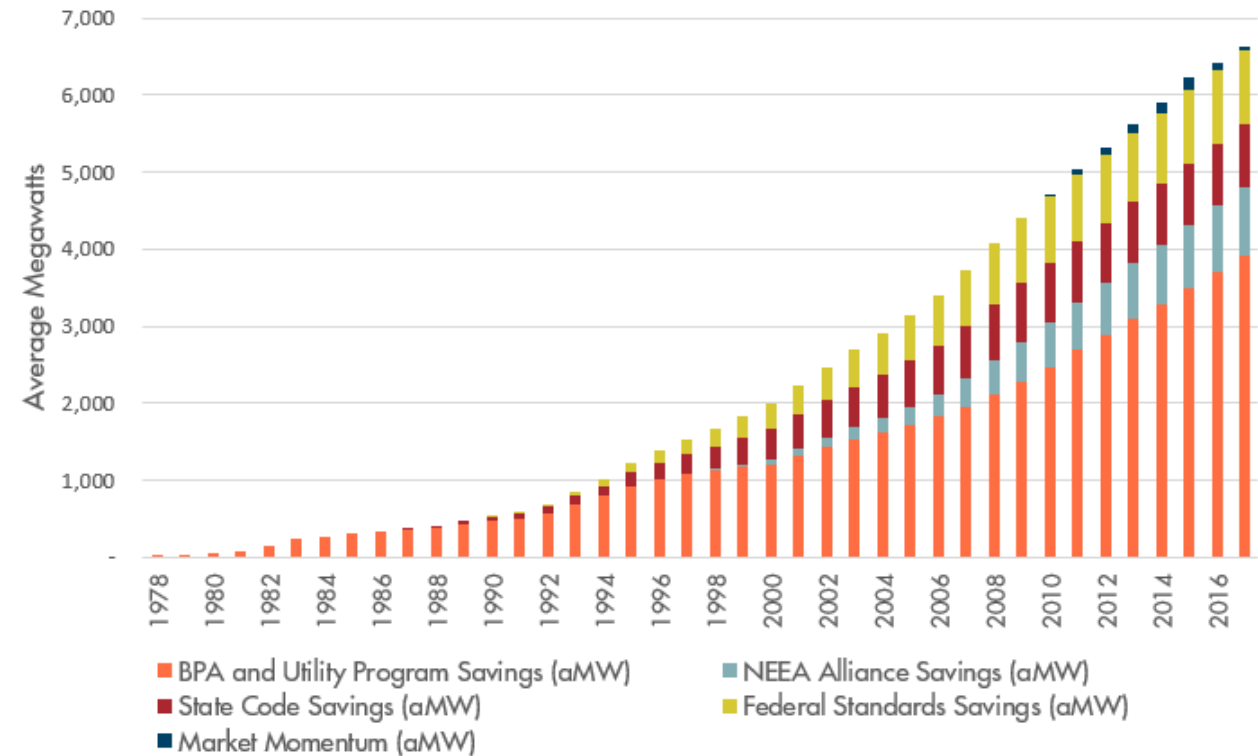
Annual Vehicle GHG Emissions in Oregon —
Internal Combustion Engine vs. Electric Vehicle

Oregon is a Leader in Energy Efficiency

- From the passage of the Northwest Power Act in 1980, energy efficiency is Oregon's priority resource.
- At an estimated \$30 per MWh, energy efficiency continues to be a more cost effective resource compared to traditional sources of electricity.
- Regional energy efficiency efforts have reduced carbon emissions by 23.5 million tons.



*How We Got Here:
Cumulative Regional Efficiency Savings*



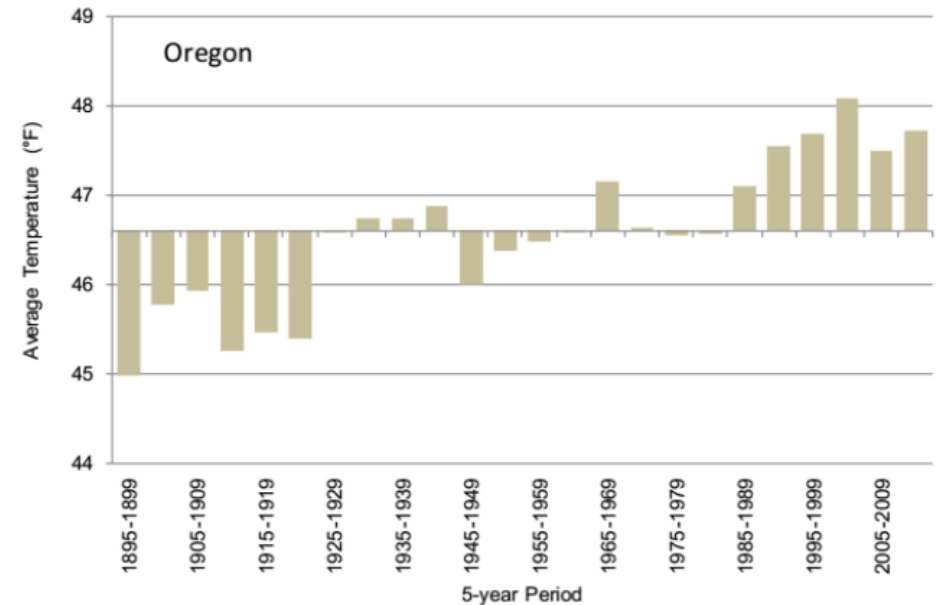


We're committed to decarbonizing energy in Oregon.

- The state is ramping up our efforts to address climate change.
- Consumers are choosing cleaner power.
- Oregonians recognize that more action to reduce greenhouse gas emissions is needed.

Increased Urgency to Address Climate Change

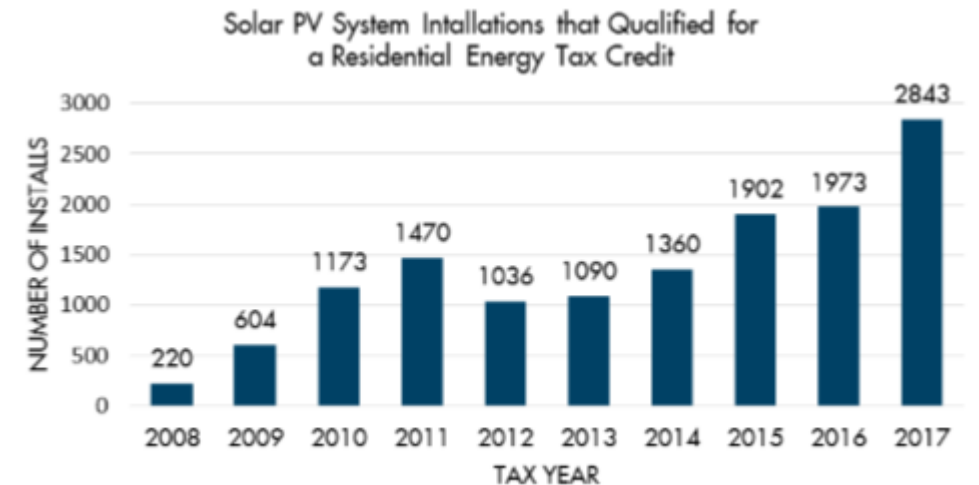
- Oregon is experiencing the effects of climate change.
- About 80 percent of GHG emissions in Oregon come from daily energy use.
- Reducing greenhouse gas emissions is a focus not just for the state, but also for utilities, businesses, and tribes.



Observed Average Daily Temperature – Annual

Oregonians Are Choosing Cleaner Power

- PGE and PacifiCorp have two of the most successful voluntary green power programs in the country.
- Consumers are increasingly looking to either support green power programs or produce their own renewable energy.
- Businesses commit to purchasing green power as a way to demonstrate their environmental commitments.



Oregon's Energy Landscape Is Still Changing

