

A-Engrossed
House Bill 2193

Ordered by the House April 21
Including House Amendments dated April 21

Introduced and printed pursuant to House Rule 12.00. Pre-session filed (at the request of House Interim Committee on Business and Labor)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

[Requires employer to pay employee equivalent of at least four hours of work if employee is scheduled or called in to work but, due to employer, does not work entire shift. Prohibits employer from retaliating against employee who requests preferred work schedule.]

[Requires large employers in specified industries to engage in interactive process toward resolution of schedule conflicts and to grant preferred schedule request to employee unless employer has bona fide business reason not to do so.] Requires large employers in specified industries to provide new employee with estimated work schedule and to provide current employee with two weeks' notice of employee work schedule. Prohibits large employers in specified industries from scheduling work shifts that do not allow sufficient break time in between shifts unless employee earns 1.5 times scheduled rate of pay. Requires large employers in specified industries to pay penalty wage if employer changes scheduled shift with less than two weeks' notice. **Provides exception to penalty wage in certain circumstances outside the employer's control.** *[Requires large employers in specified industries to consider internal applicant before hiring outside applicant.]*

Requires *[all employers]* **large employers in specified industries** to maintain records relating to compliance for three years. Makes unlawful employment practice for *[all employers]* **large employers in specified industries** to interfere with employee rights or retaliate against employee for exercising rights granted to employee under Act. Allows for administrative or civil cause of action and escalating statutory penalties for each violation.

Extends preemption of local government regulation of work schedules and sunsets pre-emption on July 1, 2022.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

1
2 Relating to employee work schedules; creating new provisions; amending ORS 659A.885 and sections
3 1 and 2, chapter 591, Oregon Laws 2015; and declaring an emergency.

4 **Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:**

5 **SECTION 1. Sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act are added to and made a part of ORS**
6 **chapter 653.**

7 **SECTION 2. Definitions. As used in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act, unless the context**
8 **requires otherwise:**

9 (1) "Aggrieved party" means an employee who suffers tangible or intangible harm due to
10 an employer's violation of sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act.

11 (2) "Bona fide business reason" means:

12 (a) An action that would cause an employer to violate a law, rule, ordinance or regu-
13 lation;

14 (b) A significant and identifiable burden of additional costs to an employer; or

15 (c) A significant and identifiable detrimental effect on the employer's ability to meet or-
16 ganizational demands, including:

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter *[italic and bracketed]* is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1 (A) A significant inability of the employer, despite the employer's best efforts, to reor-
2 ganize work among existing employees;

3 (B) A significant detrimental effect on business performance;

4 (C) A significant inability to meet customer needs or demands; or

5 (D) A significant insufficiency of work during the periods an employee proposes to work.

6 (3)(a) "Employee" has the meaning given that term in ORS 652.310.

7 (b) "Employee" does not include a salaried employee described under ORS 653.020 (3).

8 (4) "Employer" means an employer described in section 3 (1) of this 2017 Act.

9 (5) "Food services establishment" means the fixed point of sale location for establish-
10 ments defined under the North American Industry Classification System as food services and
11 drinking places.

12 (6) "Franchise" has the meaning provided in ORS 650.005.

13 (7) "Franchisor" has the meaning provided in ORS 650.005.

14 (8) "Full service restaurant" means a food service establishment that regularly provides
15 table service to customers.

16 (9) "Hospitality establishment" has the meaning provided in the North American Industry
17 Classification System for hotels and motels.

18 (10) "Interactive process" means a timely, good faith process that includes a discussion
19 between the employer and the employee for the purpose of arriving at a mutually beneficial
20 arrangement for a work schedule that meets the needs of the employee and the employer.
21 The discussion may include the proposal of alternatives by the employee and the employer.

22 (11) "On-call shift" means any time that an employer requires an employee to be avail-
23 able to work or to contact the employer or wait to be contacted by the employer for the
24 purpose of determining whether the employee must report to work. During the shift, on-call
25 status applies regardless of whether the employee is located on or off the employer's prem-
26 ises.

27 (12) "Regular rate of pay" means a regular hourly rate as defined by the Commissioner
28 of the Bureau of Labor and Industries.

29 (13) "Retail establishment" has the meaning provided in the North American Industry
30 Classification System for retail trade.

31 (14) "Successor" means an entity that is substantially the same entity as the predecessor
32 as determined by the following criteria, except that a determination of whether or not a
33 successor in interest exists is not determined by the application of any single criterion, but
34 rather the entire circumstances are to be viewed in their totality:

35 (a) Substantial continuity of the same business operations;

36 (b) Use of the same plant;

37 (c) Continuity of the work force;

38 (d) Similarity of jobs and working conditions;

39 (e) Similarity of supervisory personnel;

40 (f) Similarity in machinery, equipment and production methods;

41 (g) Similarity of products or services; and

42 (h) The ability of the predecessor to provide relief.

43 (15) "Time of hire" means the period after an offer of employment and acceptance of the
44 offer of employment and on or before the commencement of employment.

45 (16) "Wages" means all compensation for performance of service by an employee for an

1 employer, whether paid by the employer or another person, including the cash value of all
2 compensation paid in a medium other than cash.

3 (17) "Work schedule" means the hours, days and times, including regular work shifts and
4 on-call shifts, when an employee is required by an employer to perform duties of employment
5 for which the employee will receive compensation.

6 (18) "Work shift" means the specific and consecutive hours the employer requires the
7 employee to work.

8 (19) "Work week" means a fixed period of time established by an employer that reflects
9 a regularly recurring period of 168 hours or seven consecutive 24-hour periods. A work week
10 may begin on any day of the week and any hour of the day and need not coincide with a
11 calendar week.

12 (20) "Writing" means a printed or printable communication in physical or electronic
13 format including a communication that is transmitted through electronic mail, text message
14 or a computer system or is otherwise sent and stored electronically.

15 (21) "Year" means any fixed, consecutive 12-month period of time.

16 **SECTION 3. Large employers in certain employment sectors.** (1) Sections 2 to 13 of this
17 2017 Act apply to an employee employed by an employer, as defined in ORS 652.310, or a
18 successor to an employer, that is also one or more of the following:

19 (a) A retail establishment that employs 100 or more employees in this state, including
20 but not limited to a chain, an integrated enterprise or a franchise associated with a
21 franchisor or network of franchises that employs more than 100 employees in this state.

22 (b) A hospitality establishment that employs 100 or more employees in this state, in-
23 cluding but not limited to a chain, an integrated enterprise or a franchise associated with a
24 franchisor or network of franchises that employs more than 100 employees in this state.

25 (c) A food services establishment that employs 100 or more employees in this state, in-
26 cluding but not limited to a chain, an integrated enterprise or a franchise associated with a
27 franchisor or network of franchises that employs more than 100 employees in this state. In
28 addition to employing 100 or more employees in this state, a food service establishment that
29 is a full service restaurant also must have 40 or more full service restaurant locations na-
30 tionwide, including but not limited to locations that are a part of a chain, integrated enter-
31 prise or franchise where the franchisor owns or operates 40 or more such establishments in
32 aggregate.

33 (2) To determine the number of employees employed by an employer, the calculation shall
34 be based upon the number of employees employed on each working day during each of 20 or
35 more work weeks in the current calendar year or immediately preceding calendar year.

36 (3) Separate entities that form an integrated enterprise are considered a single employer
37 under this section. Separate entities will be considered an integrated enterprise and a single
38 employer under this section where a separate entity controls the operation of another entity.
39 The factors to consider in determining whether separate entities form an integrated enter-
40 prise include, but are not limited to:

41 (a) The degree of interrelation between the operations of multiple entities;

42 (b) The degree to which the entities share common management;

43 (c) The degree to which the entities have centralized control of labor relations; and

44 (d) The degree of common ownership or financial control over the entities.

45 (4) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries shall adopt rules in ac-

1 cordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of this section regarding how to determine
2 when separate entities form an integrated enterprise for the purposes of this section.

3 (5) Sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act do not apply to an employee of a public employer, as
4 defined in ORS 243.650, including Oregon Health and Science University.

5 **SECTION 4. Good faith estimate of work schedule.** (1) An employer shall provide a new
6 employee with a written good faith estimate of the employee's work schedule at the time of
7 hire. The good faith estimate shall:

8 (a) State the average number of hours the employee can expect to work each work week;
9 and

10 (b) Indicate whether the employee can expect to work on-call shifts and, if so, set forth
11 an objective standard for when an employee may be expected to be available to work on-call
12 shifts.

13 (2) The employer shall revise the good faith estimate for an employee:

14 (a) Once every year calculated from the date of the last good faith estimate; and

15 (b) When there is a significant change to the employee's work schedule due to changes
16 in the employee's availability or to the employer's business needs.

17 (3) The employer shall initiate an interactive process with the employee to discuss any
18 significant change from the good faith estimate and, if applicable, state a bona fide business
19 reason for the change.

20 (4) The employer shall include the good faith estimate in English and in the employee's
21 primary language.

22 **SECTION 5. Advance notice of work schedule.** (1) An employer shall provide an employee
23 with a work schedule in writing at least 14 calendar days before the first day of the work
24 schedule.

25 (2) The employer shall post the written work schedule in a conspicuous and accessible
26 location, in English and in the predominant language of the employees at the particular
27 workplace.

28 (3) The employer shall provide a new employee at time of hire, or an existing employee
29 upon returning to work after a leave of absence, with a written work schedule that runs
30 through the last date of the posted work schedule in effect at time of hire or date of return
31 to work.

32 (4) The written work schedule shall include all work shifts and on-call shifts for the work
33 period.

34 (5) If the employer requests changes to the written work schedule after the advance no-
35 tice required in this section:

36 (a) The employer shall provide the employee with timely notice of the change by in-
37 person conversation, telephone call, electronic mail, text message or other accessible elec-
38 tronic or written format; and

39 (b) The employee may decline any work shifts or on-call shifts not included in the
40 employee's written work schedule.

41 **SECTION 6. Right to rest between work shifts.** (1) Unless the employee requests or
42 consents to work such hours, the employer may not schedule or require the employee to
43 work:

44 (a) Less than 10 hours after the end of the previous calendar day's work shift or on-call
45 shift; or

1 (b) Less than 10 hours following the end of a work shift or on-call shift that spanned two
2 calendar days.

3 (2) The employer shall compensate an employee who works hours described under sub-
4 section (1) of this section at one and one-half times the employee's regular rate of pay for
5 each hour in a work shift or on-call shift that began less than 10 hours after the previous
6 work shift or on-call shift ended.

7 (3) An employee compensated as described in subsection (2) of this section may not be
8 additionally compensated under section 7 of this 2017 Act for work schedule changes.

9 **SECTION 7. Compensation for work schedule changes.** (1) An employer shall provide the
10 following compensation to an employee for each employer-requested change that occurs to
11 the employee's written work schedule without the advance notice required in section 5 of this
12 2017 Act:

13 (a) One hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of pay, in addition to wages earned,
14 when the employer:

15 (A) Adds an hour or hours of work to the employee's work shift; or

16 (B) Changes the date or start or end time of the employee's work shift with no loss of
17 hours.

18 (b) No less than one-half times the employee's regular rate of pay per hour for each
19 scheduled hour the employee does not work when the employer:

20 (A) Subtracts hours from the employee's work shift before or after the employee reports
21 for duty;

22 (B) Changes the date or start or end time of the employee's work shift resulting in a loss
23 of work shift hours;

24 (C) Cancels the employee's work shift; or

25 (D) Schedules the employee for an on-call shift and the employee is not asked to perform
26 work.

27 (2) The requirements for additional compensation in this section do not apply when:

28 (a) An employee mutually agrees with another employee to employee-initiated work shift
29 swaps or coverage. The employer may require that work shift swaps or coverage under this
30 paragraph be preapproved by the employer. The employer may assist employees in finding
31 such arrangements provided that any employer assistance must be limited to helping an
32 employee identify other employees who may be available to provide work shift swaps or
33 coverage and may not include the employer arranging the work shift swap or coverage.

34 (b) An employer requests an employee to work additional hours as the result of another
35 employee's failure to notify the employer of the other employee's unavailability to work a
36 work shift or on-call shift within the advance notice period required in section 5 of this 2017
37 Act.

38 (c) An employer requests an employee to work additional hours in order to address
39 present and unanticipated customer needs and:

40 (A) The request is made through an in-person group communication;

41 (B) The employee is working at the time the request is made;

42 (C) The additional hours are consecutive to the employee's current work shift; and

43 (D) The employee consents to work the additional hours.

44 (d) An employee requests changes to the employee's work schedule, including adding or
45 subtracting hours, and the employee documents the request in writing.

1 (e) An employer subtracts hours from an employee's work schedule for disciplinary rea-
2 sons for just cause, provided the employer documents the incident leading to the employee's
3 discipline in writing.

4 (f) An employee's work shift or on-call shift cannot begin or continue due to threats to
5 employees or property or due to the recommendation of a public official.

6 (g) Operations cannot begin or continue because public utilities fail to supply electricity,
7 water or gas or there is a failure in the public utilities or sewer system.

8 (h) Operations cannot begin or continue due to natural disaster or a similar cause not
9 within the employer's control.

10 **SECTION 8. Pattern or practice of underscheduling.** An employer may not engage in a
11 systemic pattern or practice of significant underscheduling where the hours that employees
12 actually work are significantly above the hours in the written work schedule required under
13 section 5 of this 2017 Act.

14
15 **NOTICE AND RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS**

16
17 **SECTION 9. Notice and posting requirements.** (1) The Commissioner of the Bureau of
18 Labor and Industries shall create and distribute a poster giving notice of the rights described
19 in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act. The commissioner shall create and distribute the poster
20 in English, Spanish and any other languages that are necessary for employers to comply with
21 this section.

22 (2) An employer shall display the poster in a conspicuous and accessible place at any
23 workplace or job site where any of their employees work. Employers shall display the poster
24 in English and in the predominant language of the employees at the particular workplace.
25 If display of the poster is not feasible, including situations when the employee works re-
26 motely or does not have a regular workplace or job site, the employer may provide the poster
27 on an individual basis in an employee's primary language in physical or electronic format
28 that is reasonably conspicuous and accessible.

29 **SECTION 10. Employer recordkeeping.** (1) An employer shall retain records that docu-
30 ment the employer's compliance with sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act, including:

31 (a) Good faith estimates of employee work schedules;

32 (b) Original and modified work schedules, and documentation of the employer's delivery
33 of the same to each employee pursuant to section 5 of this 2017 Act;

34 (c) Payroll records, including documentation of additional compensation paid to an em-
35 ployee under section 6 or 7 of this 2017 Act;

36 (d) Mass communications that are provided to employees about the availability of addi-
37 tional hours;

38 (e) Documentation of an incident leading to employee discipline that results in hours
39 subtracted from the employee's work schedule;

40 (f) Confirmation from an employee that the employee is not interested in accepting ad-
41 ditional hours of work; and

42 (g) Other records that are substantially related to compliance with sections 2 to 13 of this
43 2017 Act.

44 (2) The records listed in this section shall be retained for a period of three years.

45 (3) An employer's failure to retain adequate records required by this section creates a

1 rebuttable presumption that the employer violated a provision in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017
2 Act for the employee for whom a record was not retained.

3
4 **RETALIATION**

5
6 **SECTION 11. Retaliation prohibited.** (1) It is an unlawful practice for an employer to:

7 (a) Interfere with, restrain, deny or attempt to deny the exercise of any right protected
8 under sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act; or

9 (b) Retaliate or in any way discriminate against an individual with respect to hire or
10 tenure or any other term or condition of employment because the individual has inquired
11 about the provisions of sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act.

12 (2) The protections afforded under this section apply to any person who mistakenly but
13 in good faith and with an objectively reasonable belief asserts a right protected by sections
14 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act.

15
16 **ENFORCEMENT**

17
18 **SECTION 12. Enforcement, right of action and administrative remedies.** (1) An employee
19 asserting a violation of section 11 of this 2017 Act may file a complaint with the Commis-
20 sioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries under ORS 659A.820 or a civil action as provided
21 in ORS 659A.885.

22 (2) The commissioner has the same enforcement powers with respect to the rights es-
23 tablished under sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act as are established in ORS chapters 652 and
24 653.

25 (3) In addition to any other damages provided by law, the commissioner may assess a
26 statutory penalty payable to the aggrieved party, as follows:

27 (a) \$500 for the first violation of a provision in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act.

28 (b) \$1,000 for any subsequent violation that occurs within 10 years of the first violation
29 of the provision in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act.

30 (4) If the commissioner determines that the employer paid the full remedy due to an
31 aggrieved party, not including any statutory penalty, within 14 days of service of an order,
32 the commissioner shall waive 50 percent of the amount of any statutory penalty imposed by
33 order under this section.

34
35 **LIMITS TO LEGISLATIVE INTENT**

36
37 **SECTION 13.** Nothing in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act or the amendments to ORS
38 659A.885 by section 14 of this 2017 Act is intended to:

39 (1) Limit employee rights or protections otherwise provided by law;

40 (2) Create a contractual right for an at-will employee; or

41 (3) Create an additional remedy for an employee if a remedy equal to or better than a
42 remedy in section 6 or 7 of this 2017 Act is required by a collective bargaining agreement or
43 other contract.

44
45 **ACTION FOR RETALIATION**

1 **SECTION 14.** ORS 659A.885, as amended by section 5, chapter 73, Oregon Laws 2016, is
2 amended to read:

3 659A.885. (1) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful practice specified in sub-
4 section (2) of this section may file a civil action in circuit court. In any action under this subsection,
5 the court may order injunctive relief and any other equitable relief that may be appropriate, in-
6 cluding but not limited to reinstatement or the hiring of employees with or without back pay. A
7 court may order back pay in an action under this subsection only for the two-year period imme-
8 diately preceding the filing of a complaint under ORS 659A.820 with the Commissioner of the Bureau
9 of Labor and Industries, or if a complaint was not filed before the action was commenced, the two-
10 year period immediately preceding the filing of the action. In any action under this subsection, the
11 court may allow the prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal. Ex-
12 cept as provided in subsection (3) of this section:

13 (a) The judge shall determine the facts in an action under this subsection; and

14 (b) Upon any appeal of a judgment in an action under this subsection, the appellate court shall
15 review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (3).

16 (2) An action may be brought under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS
17 10.090, 10.092, 25.337, 25.424, 171.120, 408.230, 408.237 (2), 475B.233, 476.574, 652.355, 653.060, 653.601
18 to 653.661, 659.852, 659A.030, 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.063, 659A.069, 659A.082, 659A.088,
19 659A.103 to 659A.145, 659A.150 to 659A.186, 659A.194, 659A.199, 659A.203, 659A.218, 659A.228,
20 659A.230, 659A.233, 659A.236, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 659A.277, 659A.290, 659A.300, 659A.306,
21 659A.309, 659A.315, 659A.318, 659A.320, 659A.355, 659A.421, 653.547 or 653.549 **or section 11 of this**
22 **2017 Act.**

23 (3) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 25.337, 25.424,
24 659.852, 659A.030, 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.069, 659A.082, 659A.103 to 659A.145, 659A.199,
25 659A.203, 659A.228, 659A.230, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 659A.290, 659A.318, 659A.421, 653.547 or 653.549:

26 (a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,
27 compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater, and punitive damages;

28 (b) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

29 (c) Upon appeal of any judgment finding a violation, the appellate court shall review the judg-
30 ment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1); and

31 (d) Any attorney fee agreement shall be subject to approval by the court.

32 (4) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 652.355 or
33 653.060, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,
34 compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater.

35 (5) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 171.120, 476.574
36 or 659A.218, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this
37 section, compensatory damages or \$250, whichever is greater.

38 (6) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 10.090 or 10.092,
39 the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, a civil
40 penalty in the amount of \$720.

41 (7) Any individual against whom any distinction, discrimination or restriction on account of
42 race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, national origin, marital status or age, if the individual
43 is 18 years of age or older, has been made by any place of public accommodation, as defined in ORS
44 659A.400, by any employee or person acting on behalf of the place or by any person aiding or
45 abetting the place or person in violation of ORS 659A.406 may bring an action against the operator

1 or manager of the place, the employee or person acting on behalf of the place or the aider or abettor
2 of the place or person. Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, in an action under this sub-
3 section:

4 (a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,
5 compensatory and punitive damages;

6 (b) The operator or manager of the place of public accommodation, the employee or person
7 acting on behalf of the place, and any aider or abettor shall be jointly and severally liable for all
8 damages awarded in the action;

9 (c) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

10 (d) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to a prevailing plaintiff;

11 (e) The court may award reasonable attorney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a de-
12 fendant who prevails only if the court determines that the plaintiff had no objectively reasonable
13 basis for asserting a claim or no reasonable basis for appealing an adverse decision of a trial court;
14 and

15 (f) Upon any appeal of a judgment under this subsection, the appellate court shall review the
16 judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1).

17 (8) When the commissioner or the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a
18 person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the rights protected
19 by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, or that a group of persons has been denied
20 any of the rights protected by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, the commissioner
21 or the Attorney General may file a civil action on behalf of the aggrieved persons in the same
22 manner as a person or group of persons may file a civil action under this section. In a civil action
23 filed under this subsection, the court may assess against the respondent, in addition to the relief
24 authorized under subsections (1) and (3) of this section, a civil penalty:

25 (a) In an amount not exceeding \$50,000 for a first violation; and

26 (b) In an amount not exceeding \$100,000 for any subsequent violation.

27 (9) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 or
28 659A.421 or alleging discrimination under federal housing law, when the commissioner is pursuing
29 the action on behalf of an aggrieved complainant, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees to
30 the commissioner if the commissioner prevails in the action. The court may award reasonable at-
31 torney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant that prevails in the action if the court
32 determines that the commissioner had no objectively reasonable basis for asserting the claim or for
33 appealing an adverse decision of the trial court.

34 (10) In an action under subsection (1) or (8) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145
35 or 659A.421 or discrimination under federal housing law:

36 (a) "Aggrieved person" includes a person who believes that the person:

37 (A) Has been injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice; or

38 (B) Will be injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice that is about to
39 occur.

40 (b) An aggrieved person in regard to issues to be determined in an action may intervene as of
41 right in the action. The Attorney General may intervene in the action if the Attorney General cer-
42 tifies that the case is of general public importance. The court may allow an intervenor prevailing
43 party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal.

44 **SECTION 15.** Section 1, chapter 591, Oregon Laws 2015, is amended to read:

45 **Sec. 1.** (1) As used in this section:

1 (a) “Enact” includes but is not limited to adopt, amend, refer or pass with a delayed operative
2 or effective date.

3 (b) “Local government” includes a county, city, district or other public corporation, authority
4 or entity organized and existing under statute or city or county charter.

5 (c) “Work schedule” means the days and times during which an employee is required by an
6 employer to perform the duties for which the employee will receive compensation. “Work
7 schedule” does not include employee time off for medical reasons or sick time.

8 (2) The State of Oregon preempts all charter and statutory authority of local governments to
9 enact a requirement relating to work schedules before [*the date of adjournment sine die of the 2017*
10 *regular session of the Legislative Assembly*] **July 1, 2022.**

11 (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, a local government may set work schedule
12 requirements:

13 (a) For public employers; and

14 (b) In specifications for public contracts or subcontracts entered into by the local government.

15 **SECTION 16.** Section 2, chapter 591, Oregon Laws 2015, is amended to read:

16 **Sec. 2.** Section 1 [*of this 2015 Act*], **chapter 591, Oregon Laws 2015**, is repealed on [*August 31,*
17 *2017*] **July 1, 2022.**

18
19 **OPERATIVE DATE**

20
21 **SECTION 17.** (1) Sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act and the amendments to ORS 659A.885
22 by section 14 of this 2017 Act become operative on July 1, 2018.

23 (2) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries may take any action before
24 the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to enable the
25 commissioner to exercise, on and after the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this
26 section, the duties, functions and powers of the commissioner pursuant to sections 3, 9 and
27 12 of this 2017 Act.

28
29 **CAPTIONS**

30
31 **SECTION 18.** The unit and section captions used in this 2017 Act are provided only for
32 the convenience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or
33 express any legislative intent in the enactment of this 2017 Act.

34
35 **EMERGENCY CLAUSE**

36
37 **SECTION 19.** This 2017 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public
38 peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2017 Act takes effect
39 on its passage.