A-Engrossed House Bill 3494

Ordered by the House April 24 Including House Amendments dated April 24

Sponsored by Representative BARTON; Representatives BUEHLER, GOMBERG

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

[Prohibits landlord from requiring applicant or tenant to declaw or devocalize animal otherwise allowed on premises or to advertise in manner that discourages application from potential applicant with otherwise allowed animal that has not been declawed or devocalized.]

Prohibits declawing or devocalizing of animal unless procedure is performed by licensed veterinarian under certain conditions.

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to animals.

3 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

4 <u>SECTION 1.</u> Section 2 of this 2015 Act is added to and made a part of ORS 90.100 to 90.465.

5 SECTION 2. (1) As used in this section:

6 (a) "Animal" means a dog or a cat.

7 (b) "Claw" means a hardened, keratinized modification of the epidermis, or a hardened,

keratinized growth extending from the end of the digits, of certain mammals, birds, reptiles
or amphibians, commonly referred to as a claw, talon or nail.

(c) "Declaw" means to remove, or to prevent the normal function of, a claw of an animal
 by a surgical procedure such as onychectomy, tendonectomy or phalangectomy.

- (d) "Devocalize" means to remove, or to prevent the normal function of, the vocal cords
 of an animal by a surgical procedure such as vocal cordectomy, debarking, devoicing, silencing, ventriculocordectomy, bark reduction or bark softening.
- 15 (2) A person may not devocalize a dog or a cat unless:

17 (b) Anesthesia is administered to the animal during the procedure;

18 (c) The procedure:

(A) Is medically necessary to treat or relieve an illness, disease or injury or to correct
 a congenital abnormality that is causing or will cause the animal physical harm or pain; or

(B) After behavioral modification to correct excessive vocalization has failed, is per formed to correct the excessive vocalization;

(d) For a procedure performed for the reason described in paragraph (c)(B) of this sub section, the veterinarian performing the procedure discusses with the owner of the animal
 the potential complications resulting from the procedure; and

26 (e) The veterinarian performing the procedure provides the owner written documentation

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attesting that the veterinarian has complied with the requirements of this subsection. 1 2 (3) A person may not declaw a cat unless: 3 (a) The person performing the procedure is a licensed veterinarian; (b) Anesthesia is administered to the animal during the procedure; 4 $\mathbf{5}$ (c) The procedure is performed because: (A) The procedure is medically necessary to treat or relieve an illness, disease or injury 6 or to correct a congenital abnormality that is causing or will cause the animal physical harm 7or pain; 8 9 (B) Attempts to prevent the animal from destructively using its claws have failed; or (C) The animal's destructive use of its claws presents a serious health risk to the animal 10 or its owner; 11 12(d) For a procedure performed for the reason described in paragraph (c)(B) or (C) of this subsection, the veterinarian performing the procedure discusses with the owner of the ani-13 mal the potential complications resulting from the procedure; and 14 15 (e) The veterinarian performing the procedure provides the owner written documentation 16 attesting that the veterinarian has complied with the requirements of this subsection. 17