A-Engrossed House Bill 3399

Ordered by the House April 27 Including House Amendments dated April 27

Sponsored by Representatives NATHANSON, SMITH, BUCKLEY; Representatives BARNHART, FREDERICK

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Requires justice court or municipal court to record criminal proceedings. Requires justices of peace and municipal judges to possess [Juris Doctor degree or Certificate in Judicial Development from National Judicial College] certain educational credentials. [Declares emergency, effective on passage.]

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT
2	Relating to standards required of local courts; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 51.240
3	and 53.090.
4	Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
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6	RECORDING OF CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS
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8	SECTION 1. A justice court shall keep a transcript or audio record of all misdemeanor
9	or felony criminal proceedings. The court shall retain the record for at least 12 months.
10	SECTION 2. ORS 53.090 is amended to read:
11	53.090. Within 30 days next following the allowance of the appeal, the appellant must cause to
12	be filed with the clerk of the appellate court a transcript of the cause. The transcript must contain
13	a copy of all the material entries in the justice docket relating to the cause or the appeal and the
14	transcript or audio record made under section 1 of this 2015 Act, and must have annexed
15	thereto all the original papers relating to the cause or the appeal and filed with the justice. Upon
16	the filing of the transcript with the clerk of the appellate court, the appeal is perfected. Thenceforth
17	the action shall be deemed pending and for trial therein as if originally commenced in such court,
18	and the court shall have jurisdiction of the cause and shall proceed to hear, determine and try it
19	anew, disregarding any irregularity or imperfection in matters of form which may have occurred in
20	the proceedings in the justice court. If the transcript and papers are not filed with the clerk of the
21	appellate court within the time provided, the appellate court, or the judge thereof, may by order
22	extend the time for filing the same upon such terms as the court or judge may deem just. However,
23	such order shall be made within the time allowed to file the transcript.
24	SECTION 3. Section 4 of this 2015 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 221.
25	SECTION 4. A municipal court shall keep a transcript or audio record of all misdemeanor
26	or felony criminal proceedings. The court shall retain the record for at least 12 months.
27	SECTION 5. Sections 1 and 4 of this 2015 Act and the amendments to ORS 53.090 by

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section 2 of this 2015 Act apply only to misdemeanor and felony criminal proceedings occur-1 ring in a justice court or municipal court on or after the effective date of this 2015 Act. 2 3 **QUALIFICATIONS OF JUDGES** 4 5 SECTION 6. ORS 51.240 is amended to read: 6 51.240. (1) [A person shall not be eligible to the office of justice of the peace unless the person is] 7 As a qualification for the office: 8 9 (a) A justice of the peace must be a citizen of the United States and a resident of this state. [(2)] (b) [Each] A justice of the peace [shall] must be a resident of or have a principal office in 10 the justice of the peace district in which the justice court is located. For purposes of this 11 12 [subsection] paragraph, a "principal office" [shall be] is the primary location from which a person 13 conducts the person's business or profession. [(3)] (c) A justice of the peace must have maintained the residence within this state required 14 15 by [subsection (1) of this section shall have been maintained] paragraph (b) of this subsection for at least three years, and immediately prior to appointment or becoming a candidate for 16 election to the office of justice of the peace. 17 18 (d) A justice of the peace must have maintained the residence or principal office required by [subsection (2) of this section shall have been maintained] paragraph (b) of this subsection for 19 at least one year[,] immediately prior to appointment or becoming a candidate for election to the 20office of justice of the peace. 2122(e) A justice of the peace must: 23(A) Possess a Juris Doctor degree; (B) Have completed a course on courts of special jurisdiction offered by the National 94 Judicial College, or complete the course within 12 months after appointment or election to 25the office of justice of the peace; or 2627(C) Have completed, or complete within 12 months after appointment or election to the office of justice of the peace, education equivalent to the course described in subparagraph 28(B) of this paragraph, as determined by the presiding judge of the judicial district in which 2930 the justice court is located. 31 (2) If exigent circumstances prevent a justice of the peace from obtaining the certificate required under subsection (1)(e)(B) of this section within 12 months after appointment or 32election to the office of justice of the peace, the presiding judge of the judicial district in 33 34 which the justice court is located may grant the justice of the peace one extension of time 35to obtain the certificate. The extension may not exceed 12 months. The presiding judge may require the justice of the peace to complete additional educational requirements during an 36 37 extension granted under this subsection. 38 (3) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(e) of this section, a justice of the peace in a justice court that is a court of record under ORS 51.025 must be a member of the Oregon State Bar. 39 SECTION 7. Section 8 of this 2015 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 221. 40 SECTION 8. (1) As a qualification for the office, a municipal judge must: 41 (a) Possess a Juris Doctor degree; 42 (b) Have completed a course on courts of special jurisdiction offered by the National Ju-43 dicial College, or complete the course within 12 months after appointment or election to the 44

45 office of municipal judge; or

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1	(c) Have completed, or complete within 12 months after appointment or election to the
2	office of municipal judge, education equivalent to the course described in paragraph (b) of
3	this subsection, as determined by the presiding judge of the judicial district in which the
4	municipal court is located.
5	(2) If exigent circumstances prevent a municipal judge from obtaining the certificate re-
6	quired under subsection (1)(b) of this section within 12 months after appointment or election
7	to the office of municipal judge, the presiding judge of the judicial district in which the mu-
8	nicipal court is located may grant the municipal judge one extension of time to obtain the
9	certificate. The extension may not exceed 12 months. The presiding judge may require the
10	municipal judge to complete additional educational requirements during an extension granted
11	under this subsection.
12	(3) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a municipal judge in a municipal court
13	that is a court of record under ORS 221.342 must be a member of the Oregon State Bar.
14	SECTION 9. Section 8 of this 2015 Act and the amendments to ORS 51.240 by section 6
15	of this 2015 Act apply only to justices of the peace and municipal judges appointed, elected
16	or reelected on or after the effective date of this 2015 Act.
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18	CAPTIONS
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20	SECTION 10. The unit captions used in this 2015 Act are provided only for the conven-
21	ience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or express any
22	legislative intent in the enactment of this 2015 Act.

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