House Bill 3121

Sponsored by Representatives HOLVEY, BUCKLEY

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Makes legislative findings and declarations regarding genetically engineered food. Requires labeling of genetically engineered raw agricultural commodities and packages of genetically engineered processed food offered or expected to be offered for retail sale within state. Declares commodity or food misbranded if not labeled as required.

Authorizes person adversely affected or aggrieved by violation of labeling requirement to bring action on behalf of public interest seeking injunction against continued misbranding.

Applies to raw agricultural commodities held or offered for sale on or after January 1, 2018, and processed food packaged on or after January 1, 2018.

Refers Act to people for their approval or rejection at next regular general election.

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to genetically engineered food; creating new provisions; amending ORS 616.330; and pro-

3 viding that this Act shall be referred to the people for their approval or rejection.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon: 4

 $\mathbf{5}$ SECTION 1. Sections 2 to 8 of this 2015 Act are added to and made a part of ORS 616.205 6 to 616.295.

SECTION 2. As used in sections 3 to 7 of this 2015 Act:

8 (1) "Genetically engineered" means produced from one or more organisms in which the 9 genetic material has been changed through the application of:

10 (a) Recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid or ribonucleic acid vector systems or techniques 11 for directly introducing a nucleic acid or other hereditary material prepared outside the 12 organism into the cells, organelles or other parts of the organism by chemoporation, 13electroporation, encapsulation, gene deletion, gene doubling, liposome fusion. 14 microencapsulation, macroinjection, microinjection or other in vitro nucleic acid techniques; 15 or

16 (b) Methods for fusing cells from donors of different taxonomic families that overcome 17 natural physiological reproductive or recombinant barriers and that are not methods used 18 in traditional breeding and selection such as conjugation, hybridization or transduction.

- (2) "Processed food" means food other than: 19
- 20 (a) A raw agricultural commodity; or

21(b) Food that is prepared in whole or in part at the site of retail sale and sold in a form 22 suitable for immediate consumption, including but not limited to food sold in restaurants.

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SECTION 3. (1) The Legislative Assembly finds and declares that:

24 (a) Oregon has a substantial state interest in ensuring that Oregon consumers are fully 25informed about the food they purchase and consume;

(b) Ensuring that Oregon consumers are fully informed about the food they purchase and 26 27consume includes, but is not limited to, helping consumers to avoid confusion and to have

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relevant information at the time they choose the food they purchase and consume and ena-1

2 bling consumers to consider the potential impact of those choices on their health and wel-3

fare;

(c) The labeling of genetically engineered food is necessary to ensure that Oregon con-4 sumers are fully informed about the food they purchase and consume; 5

(d) Oregon has a substantial state interest in protecting Oregon's agricultural economy 6 7 and environment;

(e) Identifying food produced through genetic engineering will help to protect Oregon's 8 9 agricultural economy and environment; and

(f) Sections 4 and 5 of this 2015 Act establish a consistent and enforceable standard for 10 labeling genetically engineered food that provides Oregon consumers with reliable informa-11 12 tion regarding how their food is produced.

13 (2) It is the intent of the Legislative Assembly that sections 4 and 5 of this 2015 Act facilitate the ability of Oregon consumers to exercise their right to be fully informed about 14 15 whether the food they purchase and consume is genetically engineered.

16 SECTION 4. (1) A genetically engineered raw agricultural commodity in package form must be labeled on the front or back of the package in a clear and conspicuous manner with 17 18 the words "Genetically Engineered" if the commodity is sold or may reasonably be expected to be sold at retail in this state for human consumption. 19

20(2) A shelf, bin or other display location where an unpackaged genetically engineered raw agricultural commodity is offered for retail sale in this state for human consumption must 2122be labeled in a clear and conspicuous manner with the words "Genetically Engineered."

23(3) A shipping container or outer wrapping that is used to transport genetically engineered raw agricultural commodities in bulk or in quantity to a retailer in this state to be 24 sold for human consumption must be labeled in a clear and conspicuous manner with the 25words "Genetically Engineered." 26

27(4) A genetically engineered raw agricultural commodity is misbranded if packaged, offered, sold or transported in a manner that violates a labeling requirement imposed under 28this section. 29

30 SECTION 5. (1) A package containing genetically engineered processed food must be la-31 beled in a clear and conspicuous manner with the words "Produced with Genetic Engineering" or, to the extent allowed by the State Department of Agriculture by rule, with 32the words "Partially Produced with Genetic Engineering" if the processed food is sold or may 33 34 reasonably be expected to be sold at retail in this state for human consumption and the ge-35netically engineered content meets or exceeds the amounts described in subsection (2) of this section. 36

37 (2) The labeling requirement in subsection (1) of this section applies to packages of pro-38 cessed food in which the portion of the food that is genetically engineered exceeds:

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(a) Nine-tenths of one percent by weight; or

(b) A percentage by weight established for the food by department rule as provided under 40 subsection (3) of this section. 41

(3) The department may adopt rules to require labeling on a package of genetically engi-42 neered processed food in which the portion of the food that is genetically engineered is 43 nine-tenths of one percent or less by weight. The department may require labeling under this 44 subsection only if the department determines that the availability of processed food content 45

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1 is such that it is economically and commercially practicable to manufacture the processed

2 food with a percentage by weight of genetically engineered content lower than the percentage

3 specified by rule.

4 (4) A genetically engineered processed food that lacks package labeling required for the 5 food under this section is misbranded.

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SECTION 6. Sections 4 and 5 of this 2015 Act do not require:

7 (1) The listing or type identification of genetically engineered content in a raw agricul8 tural commodity or processed food; or

9 (2) That the words "Genetically Engineered," "Produced with Genetic Engineering" or 10 "Partially Produced with Genetic Engineering" immediately precede the common name or 11 primary descriptor of the raw agricultural commodity or processed food.

12SECTION 7. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 616.315 and except as provided in subsection (2) of 13 this section, a person adversely affected or aggrieved by the misbranding of a genetically engineered raw agricultural commodity or processed food in violation of section 4 or 5 of this 14 2015 Act may, 60 or more days after giving notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney 15 16 General, the State Department of Agriculture and the person alleged to have committed the violation, bring an action on behalf of the public interest in the Circuit Court for Marion 17 18 County to enjoin the person alleged to have committed the violation from continuing to misbrand the genetically engineered raw agricultural commodity or processed food. The 19 20court may award a plaintiff prevailing in an action under this subsection actual costs incurred to secure necessary exhibits and witnesses, reasonable attorney fees and other costs. 2122(2) A person may not bring an action under subsection (1) of this section if the Attorney

23 General has:

(a) Filed for or obtained an injunction prohibiting the person alleged to have committed
 the violation from continuing to misbrand the genetically engineered raw agricultural commodity or processed food; or

(b) Obtained an assurance of voluntary compliance from the person alleged to have
committed the violation stating that the person will comply with any applicable labeling requirements imposed under section 4 or 5 of this 2015 Act.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section, sections 4 and 5 of this 2015 Act
 do not create a new public or private cause of action or alter or preclude an existing cause
 of action.

(4) A violation of section 4 or 5 of this 2015 Act may not be asserted as the basis for per
 se negligence.

35 <u>SECTION 8.</u> The State Department of Agriculture shall adopt rules for carrying out 36 sections 4 and 5 of this 2015 Act.

37 **SECTION 9.** ORS 616.330 is amended to read:

616.330. ORS 616.205 to 616.215, 616.225 to 616.256, 616.286, 616.295, 616.310, 616.315, 616.325,
616.341, 616.350 to 616.366, 616.790, 616.992[,] and sections 4 and 5 of this 2015 Act and rules
adopted by the Oregon Health Authority under ORS 616.077 (1) [and this section] do not apply to
alcoholic beverages.

42 <u>SECTION 10.</u> Sections 4 and 5 of this 2015 Act apply to:

43 (1) Raw agricultural commodities held or offered for retail sale on or after January 1,
44 2018; and

45 (2) Processed food packaged on or after January 1, 2018.

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- 1 <u>SECTION 11.</u> This 2015 Act shall be submitted to the people for their approval or re-
- 2 jection at the next regular general election held throughout this state.
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