Testimony of Randy Tucker, Legislative Affairs Manager In Support of Senate Bill 478 Ways and Means Subcommittee On Human Services June 9, 2015



Co-Chairs Nathanson and Bates and Members of the Subcommittee:

Thank you for the opportunity to offer this testimony on behalf of the Metro Council in support of Senate Bill 478.

Metro is the regional government of the Portland metropolitan area, serving a population of 1.6 million people. Among our major responsibilities are managing the region's solid waste and providing services and educational resources to protect the environment, conserve resources and reduce the toxicity of the solid waste stream.

The Metro Council strongly supports SB 478. We agree with the bill's approach to designate a list of "high priority chemicals" that are of concern for children's health and require disclosure of those chemicals when they are present in children's products. This approach aligns with efforts by the Department of Environmental Quality, Metro and other stakeholders to focus on a list of priority chemicals as a key element in a comprehensive and systematic toxics reduction strategy for the state.

We believe that public disclosure of the toxic chemical constituents of a product and their potential impact is both a responsibility of industry and a first step that can lead product manufacturers to reformulate their products with non-toxic chemicals. Because children can be the most susceptible to the effects of toxic chemicals, the need for disclosure and reformulation is especially compelling with respect to children's products.

Metro has developed programs to educate residents about reducing their use of toxic chemicals in and around the home. In addition, our programs, like the proposed bill, focus on reducing the exposure of vulnerable infants and children to toxic chemicals. However, educational programs like Metro's and voluntary efforts by individual manufacturers, while helpful, are insufficient. Without more government action, children's products containing chemicals that include known carcinogens and endocrine disruptors will not be identifiable by Oregon consumers.

Metro also operates an extensive household hazardous waste program. While this program offers an important service to the community, we know that simply accommodating the need for the disposal of toxics is not enough; eliminating toxicity in the products that are bought and sold should be the priority.

SB 478 includes reasonable timelines for compliance by manufacturers. It also authorizes the state to share information with other states, which we believe will improve its effectiveness. The state of Washington passed a similar bill (Children's Safe Product Act) in 2009.

Oregon's children should be protected from chemicals of concern in products that may harm them. We urge you to support SB 478.