

Compulsory Education in Europe 2014/15

Eurydice – Facts and Figures

Education and Training

Compulsory Education in Europe 2014/15

Country codes

BE	Belgium	AT	Austria			
BE fr	Belgium – French Community	PL	Poland			
BE de	Belgium – German-speaking Community	РТ	Portugal			
BE nl	Belgium – Flemish Community	RO	Romania			
BG	Bulgaria	SI	Slovenia			
CZ	Czech Republic	SK	Slovakia			
DK	Denmark	FI	Finland			
DE	Germany	SE	Sweden			
EE	Estonia	UK	The United Kingdom			
IE	ireland	UK-ENG	England			
EL	Greece	UK-WLS	Wales			
ES	Spain	UK-NIR	Northern Ireland			
FR	France	UK-SCT	Scotland			
HR	Croatia	BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina			
Г	Italy	IS	lceland			
CY	Cyprus	LI	Liechtenstein			
LV	Latvia	ME	Montenegro			
LT	Lithuania	MK*	Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia			
LU	Luxembourg	NO	Norway			
HU	Hungary	RS	Serbia			
мт	Malta	TR	Turkey			

* ISO code 3166. Provisional code which does not prejudge in any way the definitive nomenclature for this country, which will be agreed following the conclusion of negotiations currently taking place on this subject at the United Nations.

	Full-time education/schooling									Additional compulsory part-time	
	Starting age 4 5 6 7			Ending age 14 15 16 17 18				18	Duration (in years)	Ending age	
BE fr	-4					15	10		10	9	18
BE de						15	_			9	18
BE ni			ioi (ĝi			15				9	18
BG				7		15	16			9	na
CZ				1		15	10	_		9	na
			- 45%	_		15	16	_		10	na
DK			_			15	10			9	18
DE (12 Länder)			(6) 			15	16	_		10	19
DE (5 Länder)	<u> </u>		(<u>2</u>)	7						9	na
EE				7			16				na
IE			(3)			45	16			10	na
EL		. (5)	(ii) (i)			15	40	_		10	
ES		_	.3)				16			10	na
FR	-		(5).		4.4		16			10	na
HR		. 83	(6) ⁽		14		4.5			9	na
IT			(o)				16			10	na
CY	4 yea 8 ma			ars + onths		15				10 years + 4 months	na
LV		<u>59.</u>		7		_	16			11	na
LT				7			16			9	na
LU	4		(â)				16			12	na
HU		'ar	(b ^{_1}				16		(18)	11 (13)	na
MT		1/31					16			11	na
NL		159	- 33		1				18	13	na
AT						15				9	na
PL				_	-		15			10	18
PT		-	465						18	12	na
RO			10.5		-		17	_		11	na
SI		_	- 107 - 101			15				9	na
SK	-		(ö)			10	16			10	nə
FI				7	-		16			9	na
SE	-			7			16			9	na
UK-ENG				Contraction of the		_	16			11	17
UK-ENG	1		-				16			11	na
UK-WLS	4						16			12	na
	4	14					16			11	na
UK-SCT		5	6				15			10	na
BA		3	0	_	-	_	16			10	na
			107 1		1	15	10			9	na
		_		-						9	na
ME	F		(5)	-		15					na
MK *	5 ye 7 m	ars + onths					16	17	18	11/12/ 13	
NO							16	_		10	na
RS	5 ye 6 m			ers + ionths		15				9 years + 6 months	na
TR			6 mon			17 yea	rs + 6	months		12	na

Student's age-groups and duration of compulsory education, 2014/15

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* Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia: ISO code 3166. Provisional code which does not prejudge in any way the definitive nomenclature for this country, which will be agreed following the conclusion of negotiations currently taking place on this subject at the United Nations.

Belgium

Compulsory education lasts until the age of 18. However from age 15, only part-time schooling is compulsory. Students are therefore allowed to opt for a structured learning path which combines part-time vocational education in an educational institution and part-time employment.

Germany

- 12 Länder: Baden-Wuerttemberg, Bayern, Hamburg, Hessen, Mecklenburg-Vorpommern, Niedersachsen, Nordrhein-Westfalen (at *Gymnasium*), Rheinland-Pfalz, Saarland, Sachsen, Sachsen-Anhalt and Schleswig-Holstein.
- 5 Länder. Berlin, Brandenburg, Bremen, Nordrhein-Westfalen (at other lower secondary education institutions apart from *Gymnasium*) and Thueringen.

Hungary

Compulsory education ends at the age of 16 or 18. The lower age limit (16) applies to students in grade 11 and below; the higher school leaving age (18) applies to students in grade 12.

Netherlands

The typical age to enter ISCED 1 for children is 5 years old. It is compulsory for young people to attend full-time education until the end of the school year in which they turn 16. However compulsory education still applies to students aged below 18. Under-18s who have finished their period of compulsory education are required to continue their schooling until they obtain a basic qualification. The aim is to ensure that young people do not leave school without at least a HAVO, VWO or MBO level 2 certificate, either in full-time education or in part-time education if they wish to combine their studies with work.

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Poland

A reform introduced in 2013 led to the gradual lowering of the beginning of compulsory full-time education in primary school from 7 to 6 years. Before 2014, admission of 6-year olds to grade 1 of primary school was left to the parents' discretion. In 2014, education in primary schools became compulsory for 6-year old children born in the first half of the year 2008, i.e. children born before the end of June 2008. Starting in 2015, all six-year-olds will commence compulsory schooling.

Therefore, there are exceptionally three cohorts of children who had commenced compulsory education in grade 1 of primary school at the age of 7: two born in 2006 and 2007 and half a cohort born in 2008. For these cohorts, full-time compulsory education will last for 11 years as they had already spent 2 years in compulsory pre-school education. As for all the other children (before and after the reform) the duration of full-time compulsory education remains the same and lasts for 10 years.

Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

The ending age for compulsory education may vary from 16 to 18 years age depending on the type of programme. The lowest ending age (16) applies to students attending the two years vocational programme *strucno osposobuvanje* while the ending age of 17 applies to those attending the three years vocational programme *strucno obrazovanie za zanimanja*. The highest ending age of 18 applies to students attending general secondary education or a four years programme of vocational education.