78th OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY – 2015 Regular Session

PRELIMINARY STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

MEASURE: SB 590 CARRIER:

Senate Committee on Judiciary

REVENUE: No revenue impact FISCAL: May have fiscal impact, statement not yet issued SUBSEQUENT REFERRAL TO:

Action:	
Vote:	
Yeas:	
Nays:	
Exc.:	
Prepared By:	Channa Newell, Counsel
Meeting Dates:	3/2

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES: Requires court to appoint court visitor in guardianship petition for minor respondent who is more than 16 years of age and for whom guardianship petition is likely to be filed as respondent reaches age of majority.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

EFFECT OF COMMITTEE AMENDMENT: No amendment.

BACKGROUND: Guardianship is a protective proceeding created by state law in which a court gives a person or entity the duty and power to make decisions for another. The appointment of a guardian occurs after a petition is filed and a court finds that the person who is the subject of the proceedings lacks capacity to make decisions on his or her own behalf. Guardians are often family or friends, but may also be professionals. Appointment of a guardian may be appropriate or necessary in circumstances where an adult has significant development delays or illness. Guardianship may be limited, but frequently removes significant decision making authority from the person and gives it to the guardian. The guardian may be making determinations on housing, daily activity, health care treatment, and finances. Under current Oregon law, a court must appoint a court visitor to interview the proposed protected person and the proposed guardian and report back to the court, but no such appointment is required for guardianships filed for minors who are likely to be under a guardianship when they reach adulthood.

Senate Bill 590 requires courts to appoint court visitors in cases where a respondent is more than 16 years of age and the court determines that the respondent is likely to have a guardian when the respondent reaches adulthood.