HB 3201-3 (LC 3277) 3/11/13 (CDT/ps)

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 3201

1 On page 1 of the printed bill, delete lines 5 through 28 and delete pages 2 2 through 4 and insert:

<u>SECTION 1.</u> Sections 2 and 3 of this 2013 Act are added to and
made a part of ORS chapter 477.

5 "SECTION 2. (1) As used in this section:

6 "(a) 'Economic and property damage' means the sum of:

"(A) The lesser of the difference in the fair market value of property immediately before and immediately after a fire or the cost of
restoring property to the condition the property was in immediately
before a fire; and

11 "(B) Any other objectively verifiable monetary losses.

"(b) 'Escaped fire' means a fire that originated on land used or ca pable of being used for growing forest tree species regardless of the
 existing use of the land.

15 "(c) 'Fair market value' means the amount, as determined by a 16 state certified appraiser, that a willing buyer would pay to a willing 17 seller for property in an arms-length transaction if both parties were 18 fully informed about all advantages and disadvantages of the property 19 and neither party is acting under a compulsion to buy or sell.

"(d) 'Forest tree species' means a tree species that is capable of producing logs, fiber or other wood materials that are suitable for the production of lumber, sheeting, pulp, firewood or other commercial **1** forest products.

"(e) 'State certified appraiser' means an individual who has been
certified as a state certified appraiser under ORS 674.310 and is qualified to appraise the property that is the subject of a fair market value
determination.

6 "(2) Except as provided in ORS 477.095 and section 3 of this 2013 Act, 7 if property belonging to the United States or a state agency, local 8 government or private landowner is damaged or injured due to a fire 9 that results from a violation of this chapter or of rules adopted under 10 ORS 526.016 or 526.041 or due to an escaped fire, a person who holds 11 an interest in the property may recover in a civil action:

"(a) The amount of economic and property damages, if the fire did
 not occur as the result of recklessness, gross negligence, willfulness
 or malice; or

"(b) Twice the amount of economic and property damages, if the
 fire occurred as the result of recklessness, gross negligence,
 willfulness or malice.

"(3) Except as provided in ORS 477.095 and subject to any other provision of this chapter limiting the recovery of fire fighting costs, a person who causes a fire through a violation of this chapter or of rules adopted under ORS 526.016 or 526.041 or causes an escaped fire is liable to any person or entity for the full amount of all expenses incurred by the person or entity in fighting the fire.

"(4) The remedies provided under this section are in addition to any available criminal or civil penalties that may be assessed for the violation of a statute or rule but, subject to Article I, section 10, of the Oregon Constitution, are the exclusive remedies for damages or injury to property due to a fire that results from a violation of this chapter or of rules adopted under ORS 526.016 or 526.041 or due to an escaped fire. This subsection does not prohibit the bringing of any cross claim, counterclaim or joinder of parties. This subsection does not affect the
 applicability of ORS 31.600 to an action.

"(5) This section does not create a new cause of action or alter any
existing cause of action.

5 "<u>SECTION 3.</u> (1) As used in this section, 'escaped fire' has the 6 meaning given that term in section 2 of this 2013 Act.

"(2) The doctrine of res ipsa loquitur may not be used to infer
negligence for the purpose of establishing liability due to a fire that
results from a violation of this chapter or of rules adopted under ORS
526.016 or 526.041 or due to an escaped fire.

"(3) If a fire occurs through an act of God, except to the extent that
the person causes or contributes to the spreading of the fire, a person
is not liable in a civil action for injury to or destruction of property
by an escaped fire.

¹⁵ "<u>SECTION 4.</u> ORS 105.810 is amended to read:

"105.810. (1) Except as provided in [ORS 477.090] sections 2 and 3 of this 16 2013 Act and subsections (4) to (7) of this section, whenever any person, 17 without lawful authority, willfully injures or severs from the land of another 18 any produce thereof or cuts down, girdles or otherwise injures or carries off 19 any tree, timber or shrub on the land of another person, or of the state, 20county, United States or any public corporation, or on the street or highway 21in front of any person's house, or in any village, town or city lot, or culti-22vated grounds, or on the common or public grounds of any village, town or 23city, or on the street or highway in front thereof, in an action by such per-24son, village, town, city, the United States, state, county, or public corpo-25ration, against the person committing such trespasses if judgment is given 26for the plaintiff, it shall be given for treble the amount of damages claimed, 27or assessed for the trespass. In any such action, upon plaintiff's proof of 28ownership of the premises and the commission by the defendant of any of the 29 acts mentioned in this section, it is prima facie evidence that the acts were 30

HB 3201-3 3/11/13 Proposed Amendments to HB 3201 committed by the defendant willfully, intentionally and without plaintiff's
 consent.

"(2) A court may, in its discretion, award to a prevailing party under
subsection (1) of this section reimbursement of reasonable costs of litigation
including but not limited to investigation costs and attorney fees.

6 "(3) A court may, in its discretion, award to a prevailing plaintiff under 7 subsection (1) of this section reasonable costs of reforestation activities re-8 lated to the injury sustained by the plaintiff.

9 "(4) A contract logger is liable only for actual damages in an action under
10 this section if:

"(a) The contract logger conducts an operation under a signed, written
contract with a person the contract logger reasonably believes to be the legal
owner of the produce, trees, timber or shrubs in the operation area;

"(b) The contract identifies the operation area by a metes and boundsdescription or other sufficient legal description;

"(c) Before the contract logger begins harvesting in the operation area,
the person who engages the contract logger under the contract:

"(A) Locates, marks and protects from damage all survey monuments inthe operation area;

"(B) Flags, stakes or otherwise clearly marks the boundaries of the oper ation area; and

"(C) Provides the contract logger with a copy of the deed, contract or other instrument that the person who engages the contract logger under the contract relies upon as proof of ownership of the produce, trees, timber or shrubs in the operation area;

"(d) The contract logger verifies the deed, contract or instrument described in paragraph (c)(C) of this subsection against the metes and bounds
description or other sufficient legal description in the contract;

"(e) The contract logger retains a copy of the deed, contract or instrument
 described in paragraph (c)(C) of this subsection for at least three years; and

"(f) The contract logger does not receive written notice that any person has a claim of title to the land or timber in the operation area that is adverse to the person who engages the contract logger under the contract.

"(5) Subsection (4) of this section does not affect an action for double or
treble damages against a contract logger for damages outside the operation
area as described in subsection (4) of this section.

"(6) If an action is brought under this section against a contract logger, 7 and the contract logger was engaged to harvest the timber by a person who 8 9 purported to own the timber or to have authority to harvest the timber, the person who engaged the contract logger must be joined in the action as a 10 defendant unless jurisdiction over the person cannot be had. If a judgment 11 is entered against the contract logger and against the person who engaged 12the contract logger, the contract logger shall not be required to pay any part 13 of the judgment unless the plaintiff establishes that the judgment cannot be 14 enforced against the person who engaged the contract logger. The plaintiff 15may enforce the judgment against the contract logger only if: 16

"(a) The plaintiff makes a good faith effort for at least six months after the judgment becomes final and subject to execution to enforce the judgment against the person who engaged the contract logger; and

"(b) The court determines, upon motion of the plaintiff, that all or part of the judgment cannot be collected from the person who engaged the contract logger.

"(7) Subsections (2) and (3) of this section apply in an action against a
 contract logger under subsection (4) of this section.

²⁵ "(8) For purposes of this section:

"(a) 'Contract logger' means a person engaged in a commercial timberharvesting operation.

²⁸ "(b) 'Operation' has the meaning given in ORS 527.620 (12).

²⁹ "SECTION 5. ORS 197.277 is amended to read:

³⁰ "197.277. (1) The goals and rules established in ORS chapters 195, 196 and

197 do not apply to programs, rules, procedures, decisions, determinations
 or activities carried out under the Oregon Forest Practices Act administered
 under ORS 527.610 to 527.770, 527.990 (1) and 527.992.

"(2) No goal or rule shall be adopted, construed or administered in a
manner to require or allow local governments to take any action prohibited
by ORS 527.722.

"(3) The Land Conservation and Development Commission shall amend
goals and rules as necessary to implement ORS 197.180, 197.277, 197.825,
215.050, [477.090,] 477.440, 477.455, 477.460, 526.009, 526.016, 526.156, 527.620,
527.630, 527.660, 527.670, 527.683 to 527.687, 527.715, 527.990 and 527.992.

11 "SECTION 6. ORS 477.095 is amended to read:

¹² "477.095. (1) An owner of forestland shall not be subject to the provisions ¹³ of ORS 477.068 and [477.090] **section 2 of this 2013 Act**, where the origin ¹⁴ or subsequent spread of a fire was the direct result of training activity by ¹⁵ the Oregon National Guard or of any component of the Armed Forces of the ¹⁶ United States.

"(2) Notwithstanding any other law, the Oregon National Guard shall be subject to the duties, requirements or penalties of ORS 477.068[,] **and** 477.085 and [477.090] **section 2 of this 2013 Act**, where the origin or subsequent spread of a fire was the direct result of training activity by the Oregon National Guard.

²² "SECTION 7. ORS 527.715 is amended to read:

"527.715. The State Board of Forestry shall establish, by rule, the standards and procedures to implement the provisions of ORS 197.180, 197.270,
197.825, 215.050, [477.090,] 477.440, 477.455, 477.460, 526.009, 526.016, 526.156,
527.620, 527.630, 527.660, 527.670, 527.683 to 527.724, 527.736 to 527.760 and
527.992.

28 "<u>SECTION 8.</u> ORS 477.090 is repealed.

²⁹ "<u>SECTION 9.</u> Sections 2 and 3 of this 2013 Act, the amendments to ³⁰ ORS 105.810, 197.277 and 477.095 by sections 4 to 6 of this 2013 Act and

the repeal of ORS 477.090 by section 8 of this 2013 Act apply for fires 1 that originate, or are initially discovered or detected, on or after the $\mathbf{2}$ effective date of this 2013 Act. Notwithstanding the repeal of ORS 3 477.090 by section 8 of this 2013 Act, any action to recover costs and 4 damages for fires described in ORS 477.090, as set forth in the 2011 $\mathbf{5}$ Edition of Oregon Revised Statutes, that originated prior to the effec-6 tive date of this 2013 Act may be brought or maintained under ORS 7 477.090, as set forth in the 2011 Edition of Oregon Revised Statutes. 8

9 "<u>SECTION 10.</u> This 2013 Act being necessary for the immediate
10 preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is
11 declared to exist, and this 2013 Act takes effect on its passage.".

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