# House Bill 2512

Introduced and printed pursuant to House Rule 12.00. Presession filed (at the request of House Interim Committee on Revenue)

#### SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced**.

Provides that corporate excise taxpayer may not deduct portion of expenses or payments that equals amount of credit claimed for qualified research expenses. Modifies terminology relating to exemption from taxable income of compensation paid to nonresidents for duties performed on vessels.

Applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to taxation; creating new provisions; amending ORS 316.127 and 317.154; and prescribing
 an effective date.

#### 4 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

**SECTION 1.** ORS 317.154 is amended to read:

6 317.154. (1) A credit against taxes otherwise due under this chapter shall be allowed for quali-

7 fied research expenses that exceed 10 percent of Oregon sales.

8 (2) For purposes of this section:

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9 (a) "Oregon sales" shall be computed using the laws and administrative rules for calculating the 10 numerator of the Oregon sales factor under ORS 314.665.

(b) "Qualified research" has the meaning given the term under section 41(d) of the Internal Re venue Code and shall consist only of research conducted in Oregon.

(3) The credit under this section is equal to five percent of the amount by which the qualifiedresearch expenses exceed 10 percent of Oregon sales.

(4) The credit under this section shall not exceed \$10,000 times the number of percentage points
by which the qualifying research expenses exceed 10 percent of Oregon sales.

17 (5) The maximum credit under this section may not exceed \$1 million.

18 (6) A deduction may not be taken for the portion of expenses or payments, otherwise 19 allowable as a deduction, that is equal to the amount of the credit claimed under this section. 20 [(6)] (7) Any tax credit that is otherwise allowable under this section and that is not used by 21the taxpayer in that year may be carried forward and offset against the taxpayer's tax liability for 22the next succeeding tax year. Any credit remaining unused in such next succeeding tax year may 23be carried forward and used in the second succeeding tax year, and likewise any credit not used in that second succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the third succeeding tax year, 24 25and any credit not used in that third succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the 26 fourth succeeding tax year, and any credit not used in that fourth succeeding tax year may be car-27ried forward and used in the fifth succeeding tax year, but may not be carried forward for any tax 28 year thereafter.

## $\rm HB\ 2512$

1 SECTION 2. ORS 316.127 is amended to read:

2 316.127. (1) The adjusted gross income of a nonresident derived from sources within this state 3 is the sum of the following:

(a) The net amount of items of income, gain, loss and deduction entering into the nonresident's
federal adjusted gross income that are derived from or connected with sources in this state including
(A) any distributive share of partnership income and deductions and (B) any share of estate or trust
income and deductions; and

8 (b) The portion of the modifications, additions or subtractions to federal taxable income provided 9 in this chapter and other laws of this state that relate to adjusted gross income derived from sources 10 in this state for personal income tax purposes, including any modifications attributable to the non-11 resident as a partner.

(2) Items of income, gain, loss and deduction derived from or connected with sources within thisstate are those items attributable to:

(a) The ownership or disposition of any interest in real or tangible personal property in thisstate;

(b) A business, trade, profession or occupation carried on in this state; and

(c) A taxable lottery prize awarded by the Oregon State Lottery, including a taxable lottery prize awarded by a multistate lottery association of which the Oregon State Lottery is a member if the ticket upon which the prize is awarded was sold in this state.

(3) Income from intangible personal property, including annuities, dividends, interest and gains from the disposition of intangible personal property, constitutes income derived from sources within this state only to the extent that such income is from property employed in a business, trade, profession or occupation carried on in this state.

(4) Deductions with respect to capital losses, net long-term capital gains, and net operating losses shall be based solely on income, gains, losses and deductions derived from or connected with sources in this state, under regulations to be prescribed by the Department of Revenue, but otherwise shall be determined in the same manner as the corresponding federal deductions.

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(5) Notwithstanding subsection (3) of this section:

(a) The income of an S corporation for federal income tax purposes derived from or connected
with sources in this state constitutes income derived from sources within this state for a nonresident
individual who is a shareholder of the S corporation; and

(b) A net operating loss of an S corporation derived from or connected with sources in this state
 constitutes a loss or deduction connected with sources in this state for a nonresident individual who
 is a shareholder of the S corporation.

(6) If a business, trade, profession or occupation is carried on partly within and partly without
this state, the determination of net income derived from or connected with sources within this state
shall be made by apportionment and allocation under ORS 314.605 to 314.675.

(7) Compensation paid by the United States for service in the Armed Forces of the United States
 performed by a nonresident does not constitute income derived from sources within this state.

40 (8) Compensation paid to a nonresident for services performed by the nonresident at a hydro41 electric facility does not constitute income derived from sources within this state if the hydroelec42 tric facility:

43 (a) Is owned by the United States;

44 (b) Is located on the Columbia River; and

45 (c) Contains portions located within both this state and another state.

### HB 2512

1 (9)(a) Retirement income received by a nonresident does not constitute income derived from 2 sources within this state unless the individual is domiciled in this state.

3 (b) As used in this section, "retirement income" means retirement income as that term is defined
4 in 4 U.S.C. 114, as amended and in effect for the tax period.

5 (10) Compensation for the performance of duties described in this subsection that is paid to a 6 nonresident does not constitute income derived from sources within this state if the individual:

(a) Is engaged on a vessel to perform assigned duties in more than one state as a pilot licensed
under 46 U.S.C. 7101 or licensed or authorized under the laws of a state; or

9 (b) Performs regularly assigned duties while engaged as a master, officer or member of a crew 10 on a vessel operating [on] in the navigable waters of more than one state.

<u>SECTION 3.</u> The amendments to ORS 317.154 and 316.127 by sections 1 and 2 of this 2013
 Act apply to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

<u>SECTION 4.</u> This 2013 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2013
 regular session of the Seventy-seventh Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.

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