77th OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY--2013 Regular Session

HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 2153

By COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

April 18

On page 1 of the printed bill, delete lines 5 through 28 and delete pages 2 and 3. 1 2 On page 4, delete lines 1 through 41 and insert: "SECTION 1. ORS 338.055 is amended to read: 3 "338.055. (1) A school district board that receives a written proposal from an applicant 4 $\mathbf{5}$ seeking to establish a public charter school must conduct a public hearing and make a good faith evaluation of the proposal as described in subsections (3) and (4) of this section unless 6 the provisions of subsection (2) of this section apply. 7 "(2)(a) A school district board may place limitations on the proposals the school district 8 9 board will evaluate if: 10 "(A) More than three percent of the students who reside in the school district are en-11 rolled in a public charter school located in the school district; and 12"(B) Three or more public charter schools are located in the school district. 13 "(b) For the purpose of making the calculation under paragraph (a)(A) of this subsection, 14 the school district board shall not include students who are not required to attend public 15full-time schools as provided by ORS 339.030. 16 "(c) A school district board shall annually determine whether to place limitations on the 17 proposals the school district board will evaluate. The determination is valid for two years 18 unless the school district board decides after one year to no longer place limitations on the 19 proposals the school district board will consider. 20 "(d) If a school district board places limitations on the proposals the school district board 21will evaluate, the school district board must identify one or more educational goals the 22school district board will use to evaluate proposals. The identification is valid for two years, except that a school district board may decide after one year to modify the educational goals. 2324 The school district board shall forward a copy of the educational goals, and any modifications 25of the educational goals, to the State Board of Education. "(e) A school district board that identifies educational goals as provided by paragraph (d) 26 27of this subsection may: 28"(A) Decide to evaluate only proposals that seek to advance one or more of the educa-

29 tional goals; or

30 "(B) Determine how well a proposal advances one or more educational goals compared 31 to one or more other proposals submitted to the school district board.

(f) Any proposal submitted to a school district board that has determined to place limitations on the proposals the school district board will evaluate must include a description of how the public charter school will advance an educational goal identified by the school district board. Advancement of the educational goal shall be an element of the charter.

1 Failure to make reasonable progress toward the advancement of an educational goal may be

grounds for termination of the charter. Whether a public charter school is making reasonable progress shall be determined by the school district board.

4 "(g) The following decisions of a school district board are final and not subject to appeal:

5 "(A) The determination that a proposal does not advance an educational goal identified 6 by the school district board; and

"(B) The determination that the public charter school is not making reasonable progress
toward the advancement of an educational goal.

9 "[(1)] (3) Within 60 days of receipt of a proposal submitted under ORS 338.045, the school dis-10 trict board shall hold a public hearing on the provisions of the proposal.

"[(2)] (4) The school district board shall evaluate a proposal in good faith using the following criteria:

"(a) The demonstrated, sustainable support for the public charter school by teachers, parents,
students and other community members, including comments received at the public hearing held
under subsection [(1)] (3) of this section;

"(b) The demonstrated financial stability of the public charter school, including the demonstrated ability of the school to have a sound financial management system that is in place at the time the school begins operating and that meets the requirements of ORS 338.095 (1);

"(c) The capability of the applicant, in terms of support and planning, to provide comprehensive
 instructional programs to students pursuant to an approved proposal;

"(d) The capability of the applicant, in terms of support and planning, to specifically provide, pursuant to an approved proposal, comprehensive instructional programs to students identified by the applicant as academically low achieving;

24 "(e) The extent to which the proposal addresses the information required in ORS 338.045;

"(f) Whether the value of the public charter school is outweighed by any directly identifiable, significant and adverse impact on the quality of the public education of students residing in the school district in which the public charter school will be located;

28 "(g) Whether there are arrangements for any necessary special education and related services 29 for children with disabilities pursuant to ORS 338.165; and

"(h) Whether there are alternative arrangements for students and for teachers and other school employees who choose not to attend or who choose not to be employed by the public charter school.

32 "[(3)] (5) The school district board must approve a proposal or state in writing the reasons for 33 disapproving a proposal within 30 days after the public hearing held under subsection [(1)] (3) of this 34 section.

³⁵ "[(4)] (6) Written notice of the school district board's action shall be sent to the applicant. If the ³⁶ proposal is not approved, the reasons for the denial and suggested remedial measures, if any, shall ³⁷ be clearly stated in the notice sent by the school district board to the applicant. If the proposal is ³⁸ not approved, the applicant may amend the proposal to address objections and any suggested reme-³⁹ dial measures and resubmit the proposal to the school district board. The school district board shall ⁴⁰ approve or disapprove the resubmitted proposal within 20 days after receiving it. If the proposal is ⁴¹ not approved, the applicant may:

"(a) Appeal the decision of the school district board to the State Board of Education as provided
by ORS 338.075; or

44 "(b) Submit a proposal to an institution of higher education as provided by ORS 338.075.

45 "[(5)] (7) Individual elements in a public charter school proposal may be changed through the

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1 proposal and chartering process.

2 "[(6)] (8) A proposal to convert an existing public school to a public charter school must be 3 approved by the school district board of the public school.

4 "[(7)] (9) Entities described in ORS 338.005 (5) may not charge any fee to applicants for the 5 proposal process.

6 "[(8)] (10) Upon request by a school district, the State Board of Education may grant an exten-7 sion of any timeline required by this section if the district has good cause for requesting the ex-8 tension.

9 "SECTION 2. ORS 338.055, as amended by section 10, chapter 695, Oregon Laws 2011, is
10 amended to read:

"338.055. (1) A school district board that receives a written proposal from an applicant seeking to establish a public charter school must conduct a public hearing and make a good faith evaluation of the proposal as described in subsections (3) and (4) of this section unless the provisions of subsection (2) of this section apply.

"(2)(a) A school district board may place limitations on the proposals the school district
 board will evaluate if:

17 "(A) More than three percent of the students who reside in the school district are en-18 rolled in a public charter school located in the school district; and

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"(B) Three or more public charter schools are located in the school district.

"(b) For the purpose of making the calculation under paragraph (a)(A) of this subsection,
the school district board shall not include students who are not required to attend public
full-time schools as provided by ORS 339.030.

23 "(c) A school district board shall annually determine whether to place limitations on the 24 proposals the school district board will evaluate. The determination is valid for two years 25 unless the school district board decides after one year to no longer place limitations on the 26 proposals the school district board will consider.

"(d) If a school district board places limitations on the proposals the school district board will evaluate, the school district board must identify one or more educational goals the school district board will use to evaluate proposals. The identification is valid for two years, except that a school district board may decide after one year to modify the educational goals. The school district board shall forward a copy of the educational goals, and any modifications of the educational goals, to the State Board of Education.

"(e) A school district board that identifies educational goals as provided by paragraph (d)
 of this subsection may:

35 "(A) Decide to evaluate only proposals that seek to advance one or more of the educa-36 tional goals; or

"(B) Determine how well a proposal advances one or more educational goals compared
to one or more other proposals submitted to the school district board.

39 "(f) Any proposal submitted to a school district board that has determined to place limi-40 tations on the proposals the school district board will evaluate must include a description 41 of how the public charter school will advance an educational goal identified by the school 42 district board. Advancement of the educational goal shall be an element of the charter. 43 Failure to make reasonable progress towards the advancement of an educational goal may 44 be grounds for termination of the charter. Whether a public charter school is making rea-45 sonable progress shall be determined by the school district board. 1 "(g) The following decisions of a school district board are final and not subject to appeal:

2 "(A) The determination that a proposal does not advance an educational goal identified 3 by the school district board; and

4 "(B) The determination that the public charter school is not making reasonable progress 5 towards the advancement of an educational goal.

6 "[(1)] (3) Within 60 days of receipt of a proposal submitted under ORS 338.045, the school dis-7 trict board shall hold a public hearing on the provisions of the proposal.

8 "[(2)] (4) The school district board shall evaluate a proposal in good faith using the following 9 criteria:

"(a) The demonstrated, sustainable support for the public charter school by teachers, parents,
students and other community members, including comments received at the public hearing held
under subsection [(1)] (3) of this section;

"(b) The demonstrated financial stability of the public charter school, including the demonstrated ability of the school to have a sound financial management system that is in place at the time the school begins operating and that meets the requirements of ORS 338.095 (1);

"(c) The capability of the applicant, in terms of support and planning, to provide comprehensive
 instructional programs to students pursuant to an approved proposal;

"(d) The capability of the applicant, in terms of support and planning, to specifically provide, pursuant to an approved proposal, comprehensive instructional programs to students identified by the applicant as academically low achieving;

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"(e) The extent to which the proposal addresses the information required in ORS 338.045;

"(f) Whether the value of the public charter school is outweighed by any directly identifiable, significant and adverse impact on the quality of the public education of students residing in the school district in which the public charter school will be located;

25 "(g) Whether there are arrangements for any necessary special education and related services 26 for children with disabilities pursuant to ORS 338.165; and

"(h) Whether there are alternative arrangements for students and for teachers and other school employees who choose not to attend or who choose not to be employed by the public charter school.

29 "[(3)] (5) The school district board must approve a proposal or state in writing the reasons for 30 disapproving a proposal within 30 days after the public hearing held under subsection [(1)] (3) of this 31 section.

"[(4)] (6) Written notice of the school district board's action shall be sent to the applicant. If the 3233 proposal is not approved, the reasons for the denial and suggested remedial measures, if any, shall 34be clearly stated in the notice sent by the school district board to the applicant. If the proposal is 35 not approved, the applicant may amend the proposal to address objections and any suggested reme-36 dial measures and resubmit the proposal to the school district board. The school district board shall 37 approve or disapprove the resubmitted proposal within 20 days after receiving it. If the proposal is 38 not approved, the applicant may appeal the decision of the school district board to the State Board 39 of Education.

40 "[(5)] (7) Individual elements in a public charter school proposal may be changed through the 41 proposal and chartering process.

42 "[(6)] (8) A proposal to convert an existing public school to a public charter school must be 43 approved by the school district board of the public school.

44 "[(7)] (9) Entities described in ORS 338.005 (5) may not charge any fee to applicants for the 45 proposal process. 1 "[(8)] (10) Upon request by a school district, the State Board of Education may grant an exten-

- sion of any timeline required by this section if the district has good cause for requesting the ex-tension.".
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