LC 758 2013 Regular Session 12/20/12 (CJC/ps)

DRAFT

SUMMARY

Limits retroactivity of release of injured worker to regular employment or declaration of medically stationary status for termination of payment of temporary disability benefits and creation of overpayment of benefits. Prohibits insurer or self-insured employer from recovering overpayment during period in which insurer or self-insured employer did not unilaterally suspend payment of compensation when authorized to do so.

Modifies circumstances under which insurer or self-insured employer may cease paying temporary total disability benefits and commence payment of temporary partial disability benefits. Limits termination of payment of benefits for misconduct to period of claim opening in which termination occurs. Requires written explanation of misconduct that is basis for termination of payment of benefits and of appeal rights.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to temporary disability benefits in workers' compensation claims;

3 creating new provisions; and amending ORS 656.268 and 656.325.

4 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

5 **SECTION 1.** ORS 656.268 is amended to read:

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6 656.268. (1) One purpose of this chapter is to restore the injured worker as soon as possible and as near as possible to a condition of self support and 7 maintenance as an able-bodied worker. The insurer or self-insured employer 8 shall close the worker's claim, as prescribed by the Director of the Depart-9 ment of Consumer and Business Services, and determine the extent of the 10 11 worker's permanent disability, provided the worker is not enrolled and actively engaged in training according to rules adopted by the director pursu-12ant to ORS 656.340 and 656.726, when: 13

14 (a) The worker has become medically stationary and there is sufficient

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1 information to determine permanent disability;

(b) The accepted injury is no longer the major contributing cause of the worker's combined or consequential condition or conditions pursuant to ORS 656.005 (7). When the claim is closed because the accepted injury is no longer the major contributing cause of the worker's combined or consequential condition or conditions, and there is sufficient information to determine permanent disability, the likely permanent disability that would have been due to the current accepted condition shall be estimated;

9 (c) Without the approval of the attending physician or nurse practitioner 10 authorized to provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245, the 11 worker fails to seek medical treatment for a period of 30 days or the worker 12 fails to attend a closing examination, unless the worker affirmatively estab-13 lishes that such failure is attributable to reasons beyond the worker's con-14 trol; or

(d) An insurer or self-insured employer finds that a worker who has been
receiving permanent total disability benefits has materially improved and is
capable of regularly performing work at a gainful and suitable occupation.

(2) If the worker is enrolled and actively engaged in training according
to rules adopted pursuant to ORS 656.340 and 656.726, the temporary disability compensation shall be proportionately reduced by any sums earned
during the training.

(3) A copy of all medical reports and reports of vocational rehabilitation
agencies or counselors shall be furnished to the worker, if requested by the
worker.

(4) Temporary total disability benefits shall continue until whichever ofthe following events first occurs:

27 (a) The worker returns to regular or modified employment;

(b) The attending physician or nurse practitioner who has authorized temporary disability benefits for the worker under ORS 656.245 advises the worker and documents in writing that the worker is released to return to regular employment. A release to regular employment is effective to

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retroactively terminate, or to create an overpayment of, temporary
 disability benefits for no more than 14 days prior to the date of issu ance of the release;

4 (c) The attending physician or nurse practitioner who has authorized 5 temporary disability benefits for the worker under ORS 656.245 advises the 6 worker and documents in writing that the worker is released to return to 7 modified employment, such employment is offered in writing to the worker 8 and the worker fails to begin such employment. However, an offer of modi-9 fied employment may be refused by the worker without the termination of 10 temporary total disability benefits if the offer:

11 (A) Requires a commute that is beyond the physical capacity of the 12 worker according to the worker's attending physician or the nurse practi-13 tioner who may authorize temporary disability under ORS 656.245;

(B) Is at a work site more than 50 miles one way from where the worker was injured unless the site is less than 50 miles from the worker's residence or the intent of the parties at the time of hire or as established by the pattern of employment prior to the injury was that the employer had multiple or mobile work sites and the worker could be assigned to any such site;

19 (C) Is not with the employer at injury;

20 (D) Is not at a work site of the employer at injury;

(E) Is not consistent with the existing written shift change policy or is not consistent with common practice of the employer at injury or aggravation; or

(F) Is not consistent with an existing shift change provision of an applicable collective bargaining agreement;

(d) Any other event that causes temporary disability benefits to be lawfully suspended, withheld or terminated under ORS 656.262 (4) or other provisions of this chapter; or

(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c)(C), (D), (E) and (F) of this subsection,
the attending physician or nurse practitioner who has authorized temporary
disability benefits under ORS 656.245 for a home care worker who has been

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1 made a subject worker pursuant to ORS 656.039 advises the home care 2 worker and documents in writing that the home care worker is released to 3 return to modified employment, appropriate modified employment is offered 4 in writing by the Home Care Commission or a designee of the commission 5 to the home care worker for any client of the Department of Human Services 6 who employs a home care worker and the home care worker fails to begin 7 the employment.

8 (5)(a) Findings by the insurer or self-insured employer regarding the ex-9 tent of the worker's disability in closure of the claim shall be pursuant to 10 the standards prescribed by the director. The insurer or self-insured employer 11 shall issue a notice of closure of such a claim to the worker, to the worker's 12 attorney if the worker is represented, and to the director. The notice must 13 inform:

14 (A) The parties, in boldfaced type, of the proper manner in which to pro-15 ceed if they are dissatisfied with the terms of the notice;

(B) The worker of the amount of any further compensation, including 16 permanent disability compensation to be awarded; of the duration of tempo-17rary total or temporary partial disability compensation; of the right of the 18 worker to request reconsideration by the director under this section within 19 60 days of the date of the notice of claim closure; of the right of the insurer 2021or self-insured employer to request reconsideration by the director under this section within seven days of the date of the notice of claim closure; of the 22aggravation rights; and of such other information as the director may re-23quire; and 24

(C) Any beneficiaries of death benefits to which they may be entitled
pursuant to ORS 656.204 and 656.208.

(b) If the insurer or self-insured employer has not issued a notice of closure, the worker may request closure. Within 10 days of receipt of a written request from the worker, the insurer or self-insured employer shall issue a notice of closure if the requirements of this section have been met or a notice of refusal to close if the requirements of this section have not been met.

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A notice of refusal to close shall advise the worker of the decision not to
close; of the right of the worker to request a hearing pursuant to ORS
656.283 within 60 days of the date of the notice of refusal to close the claim;
of the right to be represented by an attorney; and of such other information
as the director may require.

6 (c) If a worker, insurer or self-insured employer objects to the notice of 7 closure, the objecting party first must request reconsideration by the director 8 under this section. A worker's request for reconsideration must be made 9 within 60 days of the date of the notice of closure. A request for reconsid-10 eration by an insurer or self-insured employer may be based only on disa-11 greement with the findings used to rate impairment and must be made within 12 seven days of the date of the notice of closure.

(d) If an insurer or self-insured employer has closed a claim or refused to close a claim pursuant to this section, if the correctness of that notice of closure or refusal to close is at issue in a hearing on the claim and if a finding is made at the hearing that the notice of closure or refusal to close was not reasonable, a penalty shall be assessed against the insurer or selfinsured employer and paid to the worker in an amount equal to 25 percent of all compensation determined to be then due the claimant.

(e) If, upon reconsideration of a claim closed by an insurer or self-insured 20employer, the director orders an increase by 25 percent or more of the 21amount of compensation to be paid to the worker for permanent disability 22and the worker is found upon reconsideration to be at least 20 percent per-23manently disabled, a penalty shall be assessed against the insurer or self-24insured employer and paid to the worker in an amount equal to 25 percent 25of all compensation determined to be then due the claimant. If the increase 26in compensation results from information that the insurer or self-insured 27employer demonstrates the insurer or self-insured employer could not rea-28sonably have known at the time of claim closure, from new information ob-29tained through a medical arbiter examination or from a determination order 30 31 issued by the director that addresses the extent of the worker's permanent disability that is not based on the standards adopted pursuant to ORS 656.726
(4)(f), the penalty shall not be assessed.

3 (6)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, only one reconsider4 ation proceeding may be held on each notice of closure. At the reconsider5 ation proceeding:

(A) A deposition arranged by the worker, limited to the testimony and 6 cross-examination of the worker about the worker's condition at the time of 7 claim closure, shall become part of the reconsideration record. The deposi-8 tion must be conducted subject to the opportunity for cross-examination by 9 the insurer or self-insured employer and in accordance with rules adopted 10 by the director. The cost of the court reporter and one original of the tran-11 12script of the deposition for the Department of Consumer and Business Services and one copy of the transcript of the deposition for each party shall 13 be paid by the insurer or self-insured employer. The reconsideration pro-14 ceeding may not be postponed to receive a deposition taken under this sub-15 16 paragraph. A deposition taken in accordance with this subparagraph may be received as evidence at a hearing even if the deposition is not prepared in 17time for use in the reconsideration proceeding. 18

(B) Pursuant to rules adopted by the director, the worker or the insurer or self-insured employer may correct information in the record that is erroneous and may submit any medical evidence that should have been but was not submitted by the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 at the time of claim closure.

25 (C) If the director determines that a claim was not closed in accordance 26 with subsection (1) of this section, the director may rescind the closure.

(b) If necessary, the director may require additional medical or other information with respect to the claims and may postpone the reconsideration for not more than 60 additional calendar days.

30 (c) In any reconsideration proceeding under this section in which the 31 worker was represented by an attorney, the director shall order the insurer

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or self-insured employer to pay to the attorney, out of the additional com pensation awarded, an amount equal to 10 percent of any additional com pensation awarded to the worker.

(d) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, the reconsider-4 ation proceeding shall be completed within 18 working days from the date 5the reconsideration proceeding begins, and shall be performed by a special 6 evaluation appellate unit within the department. The deadline of 18 working 7 days may be postponed by an additional 60 calendar days if within the 18 8 working days the department mails notice of review by a medical arbiter. If 9 an order on reconsideration has not been mailed on or before 18 working 10 days from the date the reconsideration proceeding begins, or within 18 11 12working days plus the additional 60 calendar days where a notice for medical arbiter review was timely mailed or the director postponed the reconsider-13 ation pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection, or within such additional 14 time as provided in subsection (8) of this section when reconsideration is 15 postponed further because the worker has failed to cooperate in the medical 16 arbiter examination, reconsideration shall be deemed denied and any further 17proceedings shall occur as though an order on reconsideration affirming the 18 notice of closure was mailed on the date the order was due to issue. 19

(e) The period for completing the reconsideration proceeding described in 2021paragraph (d) of this subsection begins upon receipt by the director of a worker's request for reconsideration pursuant to subsection (5)(c) of this 22section. If the insurer or self-insured employer requests reconsideration, the 23period for reconsideration begins upon the earlier of the date of the request 24for reconsideration by the worker, the date of receipt of a waiver from the 25worker of the right to request reconsideration or the date of expiration of 26the right of the worker to request reconsideration. If a party elects not to 27file a separate request for reconsideration, the party does not waive the right 28to fully participate in the reconsideration proceeding, including the right to 29proceed with the reconsideration if the initiating party withdraws the re-30 31 quest for reconsideration.

1 (f) Any medical arbiter report may be received as evidence at a hearing 2 even if the report is not prepared in time for use in the reconsideration 3 proceeding.

4 (g) If any party objects to the reconsideration order, the party may re-5 quest a hearing under ORS 656.283 within 30 days from the date of the re-6 consideration order.

7 (7)(a) The director may delay the reconsideration proceeding and toll the
8 reconsideration timeline established under subsection (6) of this section for
9 up to 45 calendar days if:

10 (A) A request for reconsideration of a notice of closure has been made to 11 the director within 60 days of the date of the notice of closure;

(B) The parties are actively engaged in settlement negotiations that in-clude issues in dispute at reconsideration;

14 (C) The parties agree to the delay; and

(D) Both parties notify the director before the 18th working day after the
 reconsideration proceeding has begun that they request a delay under this
 subsection.

(b) A delay of the reconsideration proceeding granted by the director un-der this subsection expires:

20 (A) If a party requests the director to resume the reconsideration pro-21 ceeding before the expiration of the delay period;

(B) If the parties reach a settlement and the director receives a copy of
the approved settlement documents before the expiration of the delay period;
or

(C) On the next calendar day following the expiration of the delay period
authorized by the director.

(c) Upon expiration of a delay granted under this subsection, the timeline
for the completion of the reconsideration proceeding shall resume as if the
delay had never been granted.

(d) Compensation due the worker shall continue to be paid during the
 period of delay authorized under this subsection.

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1 (e) The director may authorize only one delay period for each reconsid-2 eration proceeding.

3 (8)(a) If the basis for objection to a notice of closure issued under this
4 section is disagreement with the impairment used in rating of the worker's
5 disability, the director shall refer the claim to a medical arbiter appointed
6 by the director.

(b) If neither party requests a medical arbiter and the director determines
that insufficient medical information is available to determine disability, the
director may refer the claim to a medical arbiter appointed by the director.
(c) At the request of either of the parties, a panel of three medical arbiters shall be appointed.

(d) The arbiter, or panel of medical arbiters, shall be chosen from among
a list of physicians qualified to be attending physicians referred to in ORS
656.005 (12)(b)(A) who were selected by the director in consultation with the
Oregon Medical Board and the committee referred to in ORS 656.790.

(e)(A) The medical arbiter or panel of medical arbiters may examine the
 worker and perform such tests as may be reasonable and necessary to es tablish the worker's impairment.

(B) If the director determines that the worker failed to attend the exam-19 ination without good cause or failed to cooperate with the medical arbiter, 2021or panel of medical arbiters, the director shall postpone the reconsideration proceedings for up to 60 days from the date of the determination that the 22worker failed to attend or cooperate, and shall suspend all disability benefits 23resulting from this or any prior opening of the claim until such time as the 24worker attends and cooperates with the examination or the request for re-25consideration is withdrawn. Any additional evidence regarding good cause 26must be submitted prior to the conclusion of the 60-day postponement period. 27

(C) At the conclusion of the 60-day postponement period, if the worker has not attended and cooperated with a medical arbiter examination or established good cause, there shall be no further opportunity for the worker to attend a medical arbiter examination for this claim closure. The recon-

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sideration record shall be closed, and the director shall issue an order on
 reconsideration based upon the existing record.

3 (D) All disability benefits suspended pursuant to this subsection, includ-4 ing all disability benefits awarded in the order on reconsideration, or by an 5 Administrative Law Judge, the Workers' Compensation Board or upon court 6 review, shall not be due and payable to the worker.

7 (f) The costs of examination and review by the medical arbiter or panel
8 of medical arbiters shall be paid by the insurer or self-insured employer.

9 (g) The findings of the medical arbiter or panel of medical arbiters shall 10 be submitted to the director for reconsideration of the notice of closure.

(h) After reconsideration, no subsequent medical evidence of the worker's
impairment is admissible before the director, the Workers' Compensation
Board or the courts for purposes of making findings of impairment on the
claim closure.

(i)(A) When the basis for objection to a notice of closure issued under this section is a disagreement with the impairment used in rating the worker's disability, and the director determines that the worker is not medically stationary at the time of the reconsideration or that the closure was not made pursuant to this section, the director is not required to appoint a medical arbiter prior to the completion of the reconsideration proceeding.

(B) If the worker's condition has substantially changed since the notice of closure, upon the consent of all the parties to the claim, the director shall postpone the proceeding until the worker's condition is appropriate for claim closure under subsection (1) of this section.

(9) No hearing shall be held on any issue that was not raised and preserved before the director at reconsideration. However, issues arising out of the reconsideration order may be addressed and resolved at hearing.

(10) If, after the notice of closure issued pursuant to this section, the worker becomes enrolled and actively engaged in training according to rules adopted pursuant to ORS 656.340 and 656.726, any permanent disability payments due for work disability under the closure shall be suspended, and the

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1 worker shall receive temporary disability compensation and any permanent disability payments due for impairment while the worker is enrolled and $\mathbf{2}$ actively engaged in the training. When the worker ceases to be enrolled and 3 actively engaged in the training, the insurer or self-insured employer shall 4 again close the claim pursuant to this section if the worker is medically 5stationary or if the worker's accepted injury is no longer the major contrib-6 uting cause of the worker's combined or consequential condition or condi-7 tions pursuant to ORS 656.005 (7). The closure shall include the duration of 8 temporary total or temporary partial disability compensation. Permanent 9 disability compensation shall be redetermined for work disability only. If the 10 worker has returned to work or the worker's attending physician has re-11 12leased the worker to return to regular or modified employment, the insurer or self-insured employer shall again close the claim. This notice of closure 13 may be appealed only in the same manner as are other notices of closure 14 under this section. 15

(11) If the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 has approved the worker's return to work and there is a labor dispute in progress at the place of employment, the worker may refuse to return to that employment without loss of reemployment rights or any vocational assistance provided by this chapter.

(12) Any notice of closure made under this section may include necessary adjustments in compensation paid or payable prior to the notice of closure, including disallowance of permanent disability payments prematurely made, crediting temporary disability payments against current or future permanent or temporary disability awards or payments and requiring the payment of temporary disability payments which were payable but not paid.

(13) An insurer or self-insured employer may take a credit or offset of previously paid workers' compensation benefits or payments against any further workers' compensation benefits or payments due a worker from that insurer or self-insured employer when the worker admits to having obtained

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the previously paid benefits or payments through fraud, or a civil judgment or criminal conviction is entered against the worker for having obtained the previously paid benefits through fraud. Benefits or payments obtained through fraud by a worker shall not be included in any data used for ratemaking or individual employer rating or dividend calculations by an insurer, a rating organization licensed pursuant to ORS chapter 737, the State Accident Insurance Fund Corporation or the director.

8 (14)(a) An insurer or self-insured employer may offset any compensation 9 payable to the worker to recover an overpayment from a claim with the same 10 insurer or self-insured employer. When overpayments are recovered from 11 temporary disability or permanent total disability benefits, the amount re-12 covered from each payment shall not exceed 25 percent of the payment, 13 without prior authorization from the worker.

(b) An insurer or self-insured employer may suspend and offset any compensation payable to the beneficiary of the worker, and recover an overpayment of permanent total disability benefits caused by the failure of the worker's beneficiaries to notify the insurer or self-insured employer about the death of the worker.

(c) An insurer or self-insured employer may not recover an over payment of compensation paid during any period for which the insurer
 or self-insured employer is authorized to unilaterally suspend the
 payment of compensation but does not do so.

(d) When an overpayment is established for compensation paid after
the worker's medically stationary date, the insurer or self-insured
employer may only recover up to 14 days of overpaid compensation
from the date of the medical opinion relied upon to determine the
medically stationary date.

(15) Conditions that are direct medical sequelae to the original accepted
 condition shall be included in rating permanent disability of the claim unless
 they have been specifically denied.

31 **SECTION 2.** ORS 656.325 is amended to read:

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1 656.325. (1)(a) Any worker entitled to receive compensation under this chapter is required, if requested by the Director of the Department of Con- $\mathbf{2}$ sumer and Business Services, the insurer or self-insured employer, to submit 3 to a medical examination at a time reasonably convenient for the worker as 4 may be provided by the rules of the director. No more than three independent 5medical examinations may be requested except after notification to and au-6 thorization by the director. If the worker refuses to submit to any such ex-7 amination, or obstructs the same, the rights of the worker to compensation 8 shall be suspended with the consent of the director until the examination 9 has taken place, and no compensation shall be payable during or for account 10 of such period. The provisions of this paragraph are subject to the limita-11 12tions on medical examinations provided in ORS 656.268.

(b) When a worker is requested by the director, the insurer or self-insured
employer to attend an independent medical examination, the examination
must be conducted by a physician selected from a list of qualified physicians
established by the director under ORS 656.328.

(c) The director shall adopt rules applicable to independent medical ex-aminations conducted pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection that:

(A) Provide a worker the opportunity to request review by the director 19 of the reasonableness of the location selected for an independent medical 20examination. Upon receipt of the request for review, the director shall con-21duct an expedited review of the location selected for the independent medical 22examination and issue an order on the reasonableness of the location of the 23examination. The director shall determine if there is substantial evidence for 24the objection to the location for the independent medical examination based 25on a conclusion that the required travel is medically contraindicated or 26other good cause establishing that the required travel is unreasonable. The 27determinations of the director about the location of independent medical 28examinations are not subject to review. 29

30 (B) Impose a monetary penalty against a worker who fails to attend an 31 independent medical examination without prior notification or without jus-

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1 tification for not attending the examination. A penalty imposed under this subparagraph may be imposed only on a worker who is not receiving tem- $\mathbf{2}$ porary disability benefits under ORS 656.210 or 656.212. An insurer or self-3 insured employer may offset any future compensation payable to the worker 4 to recover any penalty imposed under this subparagraph from a claim with 5the same insurer or self-insured employer. When a penalty is recovered from 6 temporary disability or permanent total disability benefits, the amount re-7 covered from each payment may not exceed 25 percent of the benefit payment 8 without prior authorization from the worker. 9

10 (C) Impose a sanction against a medical service provider that unreason-11 ably fails to provide in a timely manner diagnostic records required for an 12 independent medical examination.

(d) Notwithstanding ORS 656.262 (6), if the director determines that the
location selected for an independent medical examination is unreasonable,
the insurer or self-insured employer shall accept or deny the claim within
90 days after the employer has notice or knowledge of the claim.

(e) If the worker has made a timely request for a hearing on a denial of 17compensability as required by ORS 656.319 (1)(a) that is based on one or more 18 reports of examinations conducted pursuant to paragraph (a) of this sub-19 section and the worker's attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized 20to provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 does not concur 2122with the report or reports, the worker may request an examination to be conducted by a physician selected by the director from the list described in 23ORS 656.328. The cost of the examination and the examination report shall 24be paid by the insurer or self-insured employer. 25

(f) The insurer or self-insured employer shall pay the costs of the medical examination and related services which are reasonably necessary to allow the worker to submit to any examination requested under this section. As used in this paragraph, "related services" includes, but is not limited to, child care, travel, meals, lodging and an amount equivalent to the worker's net lost wages for the period during which the worker is absent if the worker

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does not receive benefits pursuant to ORS 656.210 (4) during the period of
absence. A claim for "related services" described in this paragraph shall be
made in the manner prescribed by the director.

4 (g) A worker who objects to the location of an independent medical ex5 amination must request review by the director under paragraph (c)(A) of this
6 subsection within six business days of the date the notice of the independent
7 medical examination was mailed.

(2) For any period of time during which any worker commits insanitary 8 or injurious practices which tend to either imperil or retard recovery of the 9 worker, or refuses to submit to such medical or surgical treatment as is 10 reasonably essential to promote recovery, or fails to participate in a program 11 12of physical rehabilitation, the right of the worker to compensation shall be suspended with the consent of the director and no payment shall be made for 13 such period. The period during which such worker would otherwise be enti-14 tled to compensation may be reduced with the consent of the director to such 15 16 an extent as the disability has been increased by such refusal.

(3) A worker who has received an award for permanent total or permanent partial disability should be encouraged to make a reasonable effort to reduce the disability; and the award shall be subject to periodic examination and adjustment in conformity with ORS 656.268.

(4) When the employer of an injured worker, or the employer's insurer 21determines that the injured worker has failed to follow medical advice from 22the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to provide 23compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 or has failed to participate 24in or complete physical restoration or vocational rehabilitation programs 25prescribed for the worker pursuant to this chapter, the employer or insurer 26may petition the director for reduction of any benefits awarded the worker. 27Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if the director finds 28that the worker has failed to accept treatment as provided in this subsection, 29 the director may reduce any benefits awarded the worker by such amount 30 31 as the director considers appropriate.

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1 (5)(a) Except as provided by ORS 656.268 (4)(c) and (11), an insurer or self-insured employer shall cease making payments pursuant to ORS 656.210 $\mathbf{2}$ and shall commence making payment of such amounts as are due pursuant 3 to ORS 656.212 when an injured worker refuses wage earning employment 4 prior to claim determination and the worker's attending physician or nurse 5practitioner authorized to provide compensable medical services under ORS 6 656.245, after being notified by the employer of the specific duties to be per-7 formed by the injured worker, agrees that the injured worker is capable of 8 performing the employment offered. 9

(b) If the worker has been terminated for **misconduct** [violation of work 10 rules or other disciplinary reasons] and the employer has a written policy 11 12offering modified work to injured workers and had such a policy in effect at the time the worker was injured, the insurer or self-insured 13 employer shall cease payments pursuant to ORS 656.210 and commence pay-14 ments pursuant to ORS 656.212 when the attending physician or nurse prac-15 titioner authorized to provide compensable medical services under ORS 16 656.245 approves employment in a modified job that would have been offered 17to the worker if the worker had remained employed[, provided that the em-18 ployer has a written policy of offering modified work to injured workers]. A 19 cessation of the payment of benefits under ORS 656.210 as provided by 2021this subsection is valid only for the open claim period during which the cessation of the payment of benefits under ORS 656.210 occurs. 22

(c) If the worker is terminated for any reason other than misconduct after having accepted a modified job, the insurer or self-insured
employer shall commence payments pursuant to ORS 656.210.

(d) Fourteen days prior to the cessation of the payment of benefits
under this subsection, the insurer or self-insured employer shall provide the worker with a written explanation of the specific misconduct
that is the basis for the termination of employment and of the
worker's rights to appeal the cessation of the payment of benefits.

31 (e) As used in this subsection, "misconduct" means the willful or

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wantonly negligent violation of the standards of behavior that an employer has the right to expect of an employee, or an act or a series of actions that amount to a willful or wantonly negligent disregard of an employer's interests. "Misconduct" does not include an isolated instance of poor judgment.

6 [(c)] (f) If the worker is a person present in the United States in violation 7 of federal immigration laws, the insurer or self-insured employer shall cease 8 payments pursuant to ORS 656.210 and commence payments pursuant to ORS 9 656.212 when the attending physician or nurse practitioner authorized to 10 provide compensable medical services under ORS 656.245 approves employ-11 ment in a modified job whether or not such a job is available.

(6) Any party may request a hearing on any dispute under this sectionpursuant to ORS 656.283.

SECTION 3. The amendments to ORS 656.268 and 656.325 by sections 1 and 2 of this 2013 Act apply to all claims in which temporary disability benefits are being paid on or after the effective date of this 2013 Act.

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