

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Criminal Justice Division

# TESTIMONY ON HB 2114 For the House Judiciary Committee February 4, 2013

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### SUMMARY

observations made in a drug recognition evaluation and this bill will serve to fix this investigation for driving under the influence of a controlled substance is admissible in trial. inconsistency. Currently there is a disparity in how the courts rule as to the admissibility of the tests and This bill would clarify that certain evidence collected consensually during an

## BACKGROUND

evidence" pursuant to the Sampson case. The court in Aman did however indicate it difficult for a person to urinate). The court of appeals determined that without all steps of the protocol (the evidence showed that the defendant was under the influence of heroin which makes defendant in the Aman case was unable to provide a urine sample which is the twelfth step of the 463 (2004) was presented with a situation where only eleven steps of protocol were present. The scientific evidence. Subsequent to Sampson, the court of appeals in State v. Aman, 194 Or App evaluation conducted by a certified Drug Recognition Expert (DRE) is admissible in trial as protocol being present, the state was not able to present the DRE protocol as "scientific State v. Sampson, 167 Or App 489 (2000) established that a completed 12 step drug

the DRE protocol necessarily are inadmissible as nonscientific evidence of drug impairment or "That is not to say that the evidence of individual tests or observations that are components of

incompletely administered DRE protocol is not, itself, admissible as scientific evidence." some other condition. However, for the reasons explained above, we conclude that an

present for the DRE protocol to come in as scientific evidence. However, this bill would allow can and do use this evidence to establish whether a person is or is not impaired. In addition, case evidence for whatever value given to it by the fact finder. Both the defense and the prosecution the tests and observations that were completed as part of a partial evaluation to come into the tests and observations gathered by the officer this evidence. This bill will not change this case law but would only affect the admissibility of law dictates what type of opinion a drug recognition expert may or may not give with regards to This bill would not change the ruling in Sampson which requires all twelve steps to be

## CONCLUSION

proposed legislation would clarify that evidence and observations gathered through a partial drug evaluation is admissible in trial, there is disparity in how the courts rule around the state. recognition evaluation is admissible as evidence for whatever value the fact finder gives that evidence Although the court in Aman suggests that the evidence collected in a partial DRE

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