76th OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY--2012 Regular Session

## HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO A-ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 1527

By COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

February 23

On page 1 of the printed A-engrossed bill, line 2, delete "amending ORS" and insert "creating 1  $\mathbf{2}$ new provisions; amending ORS 161.566, 161.568 and". 3 On page 2, delete lines 4 through 6 and insert: "SECTION 2. ORS 161.566 is amended to read: 4 "161.566. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, a prosecuting attorney may  $\mathbf{5}$ elect to treat any misdemeanor as a Class A violation. The election must be made by the prosecuting 6 7 attorney orally at the time of the first appearance of the defendant or in writing filed on or before the time scheduled for the first appearance of the defendant. If no election is made within the time 8 9 allowed, the case shall proceed as a misdemeanor. 10 "(2) If a prosecuting attorney elects to treat a misdemeanor as a Class A violation under this 11 section, the court shall amend the accusatory instrument to reflect the charged offense as a Class 12 A violation and clearly denominate the offense as a Class A violation in any judgment entered in 13 the matter. Notwithstanding ORS [153.018] 153.021, the fine that a court may impose upon conviction 14 of a violation under this section may not: 15"(a) Be less than the presumptive fine established by ORS 153.019 for a Class A violation; or "(b) Exceed the [amount provided in ORS 161.635 for the class of misdemeanor receiving violation 16 17 treatment] maximum fine established by ORS 153.018 for a Class A violation. 18 "(3) If a prosecuting attorney elects to treat a misdemeanor as a Class A violation under this 19 section, and the defendant fails to make any required appearance in the matter, the court may enter 20 a default judgment against the defendant in the manner provided by ORS 153.102. Notwithstanding 21ORS [153.018] 153.021, the fine that the court may impose under a default judgment entered pursuant 22to ORS 153.102 may not: 23 "(a) Be less than the presumptive fine established by ORS 153.019 for a Class A violation; or 24 "(b) Exceed the maximum fine [for the class of misdemeanor receiving violation treatment] es-25tablished by ORS 153.018 for a Class A violation. "(4) A prosecuting attorney may not elect to treat misdemeanors created under ORS 811.540 or 2627813.010 as violations under the provisions of this section. 28(5) The election provided for in this section may be made by a city attorney acting as prose-29cuting attorney in the case of municipal ordinance offenses, a county counsel acting as prosecuting attorney under a county charter in the case of county ordinance offenses, and the Attorney General 30 31 acting as prosecuting attorney in those criminal actions or proceedings within the jurisdiction of the 32Attorney General. "SECTION 3. ORS 161.568 is amended to read: 33

34 "161.568. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, a court may elect to treat any 35 misdemeanor as a Class A violation for the purpose of entering a default judgment under ORS 1 153.102 if:

2 "(a) A complaint or information has been filed with the court for the misdemeanor;

3 "(b) The defendant has failed to make an appearance in the proceedings required by the court 4 or by law; and

5 "(c) The court has given notice to the district attorney for the county and the district attorney 6 has informed the court that the district attorney does not object to treating the misdemeanor as a 7 Class A violation.

8 "(2) If the court treats a misdemeanor as a Class A violation under this section, the court shall 9 amend the accusatory instrument to reflect the charged offense as a Class A violation and clearly 10 denominate the offense as a Class A violation in the judgment entered in the matter.

"(3) Notwithstanding ORS [153.018] 153.021, if the court treats a misdemeanor as a Class A violation under this section, the fine that the court may impose under a default judgment entered pursuant to ORS 153.102 may not:

14 "(a) Be less than the presumptive fine established by ORS 153.019 for a Class A violation; or

"(b) Exceed the maximum fine [for the class of misdemeanor receiving violation treatment] es tablished by ORS 153.018 for a Class A violation.

"(4) A court may not treat misdemeanors created under ORS 811.540 or 813.010 as violations under the provisions of this section.

"<u>SECTION 4.</u> The amendments to ORS 161.566 and 161.568 by sections 2 and 3 of this 2012
Act apply to elections made on or after the effective date of this 2012 Act.

"<u>SECTION 5.</u> This 2012 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public
peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2012 Act takes effect
on its passage.".

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