

**B-Engrossed**  
**House Bill 3099**

Ordered by the Senate June 2  
Including House Amendments dated May 6 and Senate Amendments dated  
June 2

Sponsored by Representative CLEM (at the request of Oregon Farm Bureau)

**SUMMARY**

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Modifies conditional and outright permitted uses of land zoned for exclusive farm use. Modifies criteria for uses.

**Specifies circumstances under which formerly permitted use may be expanded. Allows construction of replacement dwelling on land zoned for exclusive farm use if certain conditions are met.**

**Specifies procedures by which county may amend its land use regulations to conform to Act.**

**A BILL FOR AN ACT**

1  
2 Relating to use of land zoned for exclusive farm use; creating new provisions; amending ORS 197.065,  
3 215.203, 215.213, 215.246, 215.249, 215.251, 215.263, 215.275, 215.283, 215.417, 215.452, 215.780 and  
4 308A.056; and repealing ORS 215.297.

5 **Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:**

6 **SECTION 1.** ORS 215.213 is amended to read:

7 215.213. (1) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991  
8 Edition), the following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

9 *[(a) Public or private schools, including all buildings essential to the operation of a school.]*

10 *[(b)]* **(a)** Churches and cemeteries in conjunction with churches.

11 *[(c)]* **(b)** The propagation or harvesting of a forest product.

12 *[(d)]* **(c)** Utility facilities necessary for public service, including wetland waste treatment systems  
13 but not including commercial facilities for the purpose of generating electrical power for public use  
14 by sale or transmission towers over 200 feet in height. A utility facility necessary for public service  
15 may be established as provided in ORS 215.275.

16 *[(e)]* **(d)** A dwelling on real property used for farm use if the dwelling is occupied by a relative  
17 of the farm operator or the farm operator's spouse, which means a child, parent, stepparent, grand-  
18 child, grandparent, stepgrandparent, sibling, stepsibling, niece, nephew or first cousin of either, if  
19 the farm operator does or will require the assistance of the relative in the management of the farm  
20 use and the dwelling is located on the same lot or parcel as the dwelling of the farm operator.  
21 Notwithstanding ORS 92.010 to 92.190 or the minimum lot or parcel size requirements under ORS  
22 215.780, if the owner of a dwelling described in this paragraph obtains construction financing or  
23 other financing secured by the dwelling and the secured party forecloses on the dwelling, the se-  
24 cured party may also foreclose on the homesite, as defined in ORS 308A.250, and the foreclosure  
25 shall operate as a partition of the homesite to create a new parcel.

**NOTE:** Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter *[italic and bracketed]* is existing law to be omitted.  
New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1       [(f)] **(e)** Nonresidential buildings customarily provided in conjunction with farm use.

2       [(g)] **(f)** Primary or accessory dwellings customarily provided in conjunction with farm use. For  
3 a primary dwelling, the dwelling must be on a lot or parcel that is managed as part of a farm op-  
4 eration and is not smaller than the minimum lot size in a farm zone with a minimum lot size ac-  
5 knowledged under ORS 197.251.

6       [(h)] **(g)** Operations for the exploration for and production of geothermal resources as defined  
7 by ORS 522.005 and oil and gas as defined by ORS 520.005, including the placement and operation  
8 of compressors, separators and other customary production equipment for an individual well adja-  
9 cent to the wellhead. Any activities or construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis  
10 for an exception under ORS 197.732 (2)(a) or (b).

11       [(i)] **(h)** Operations for the exploration for minerals as defined by ORS 517.750. Any activities  
12 or construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for an exception under ORS 197.732  
13 (2)(a) or (b).

14       [(j)] *A site for the disposal of solid waste that has been ordered to be established by the Environ-*  
15 *mental Quality Commission under ORS 459.049, together with equipment, facilities or buildings neces-*  
16 *sary for its operation.]*

17       [(k)] **(i)** One manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle, or the temporary residential use of  
18 an existing building, in conjunction with an existing dwelling as a temporary use for the term of a  
19 hardship suffered by the existing resident or a relative of the resident. Within three months of the  
20 end of the hardship, the manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle shall be removed or demol-  
21 ished or, in the case of an existing building, the building shall be removed, demolished or returned  
22 to an allowed nonresidential use. The governing body or its designee shall provide for periodic re-  
23 view of the hardship claimed under this paragraph. A temporary residence approved under this  
24 paragraph is not eligible for replacement under paragraph [(t)] **(q)** of this subsection.

25       [(L)] *The breeding, kenneling and training of greyhounds for racing in any county with a population*  
26 *of more than 200,000 in which there is located a greyhound racing track or in a county with a popu-*  
27 *lation of more than 200,000 that is contiguous to such a county.]*

28       [(m)] **(j)** Climbing and passing lanes within the right of way existing as of July 1, 1987.

29       [(n)] **(k)** Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways, including the placement  
30 of utility facilities overhead and in the subsurface of public roads and highways along the public  
31 right of way, but not including the addition of travel lanes, where no removal or displacement of  
32 buildings would occur, or no new land parcels result.

33       [(o)] **(L)** Temporary public road and highway detours that will be abandoned and restored to  
34 original condition or use at such time as no longer needed.

35       [(p)] **(m)** Minor betterment of existing public road and highway related facilities, such as main-  
36 tenance yards, weigh stations and rest areas, within right of way existing as of July 1, 1987, and  
37 contiguous public-owned property utilized to support the operation and maintenance of public roads  
38 and highways.

39       [(q)] **(n)** A replacement dwelling to be used in conjunction with farm use if the existing dwelling  
40 has been listed in a county inventory as historic property as defined in ORS 358.480.

41       [(r)] **(o)** Creation [of], restoration [of] or enhancement of wetlands.

42       [(s)] **(p)** A winery, as described in ORS 215.452.

43       [(t)] **(q)** Alteration, restoration or replacement of a lawfully established dwelling that:

44       (A) Has intact exterior walls and roof structure;

45       (B) Has indoor plumbing, consisting of a kitchen sink, toilet and bathing facilities connected to

1 a sanitary waste disposal system, **that is, if not in compliance with current building codes or**  
2 **construction standards, consistent with the customary construction techniques used during**  
3 **or after the era in which the dwelling was constructed;**

4 (C) Has interior wiring for interior lights **that is, if not in compliance with current building**  
5 **codes or construction standards, consistent with the customary construction techniques**  
6 **used during or after the era in which the dwelling was constructed;**

7 (D) Has a heating system **that is, if not in compliance with current building codes or con-**  
8 **struction standards, consistent with the customary construction techniques used during or**  
9 **after the era in which the dwelling was constructed;** and

10 (E) In the case of replacement:

11 (i) Is removed, demolished or converted to an allowable nonresidential use within three months  
12 of the completion of the replacement dwelling. A replacement dwelling may be sited on any part of  
13 the same lot or parcel. A dwelling established under this paragraph shall comply with all applicable  
14 siting standards. However, the standards shall not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting  
15 of the dwelling. If the dwelling to be replaced is located on a portion of the lot or parcel not zoned  
16 for exclusive farm use, the applicant, as a condition of approval, shall execute and record in the  
17 deed records for the county where the property is located a deed restriction prohibiting the siting  
18 of a dwelling on that portion of the lot or parcel. The restriction imposed shall be irrevocable unless  
19 a statement of release is placed in the deed records for the county. The release shall be signed by  
20 the county or its designee and state that the provisions of this paragraph regarding replacement  
21 dwellings have changed to allow the siting of another dwelling. The county planning director or the  
22 director's designee shall maintain a record of the lots and parcels that do not qualify for the siting  
23 of a new dwelling under the provisions of this paragraph, including a copy of the deed restrictions  
24 and release statements filed under this paragraph; and

25 (ii) For which the applicant has requested a deferred replacement permit, is removed or demol-  
26 ished within three months after the deferred replacement permit is issued. A deferred replacement  
27 permit allows construction of the replacement dwelling at any time. If, however, the established  
28 dwelling is not removed or demolished within three months after the deferred replacement permit  
29 is issued, the permit becomes void. The replacement dwelling must comply with applicable building  
30 codes, plumbing codes, sanitation codes and other requirements relating to health and safety or to  
31 siting at the time of construction. A deferred replacement permit may not be transferred, by sale  
32 or otherwise, except by the applicant to the spouse or a child of the applicant.

33 [(u)] (r) Farm stands if:

34 (A) The structures are designed and used for the sale of farm crops or livestock grown on the  
35 farm operation, or grown on the farm operation and other farm operations in the local agricultural  
36 area, including the sale of retail incidental items and fee-based activity to promote the sale of farm  
37 crops or livestock sold at the farm stand if the annual sale of incidental items and fees from pro-  
38 motional activity do not make up more than 25 percent of the total annual sales of the farm stand;  
39 and

40 (B) The farm stand does not include structures designed for occupancy as a residence or for  
41 activity other than the sale of farm crops or livestock and does not include structures for banquets,  
42 public gatherings or public entertainment.

43 [(v)] (s) An armed forces reserve center, if the center is within one-half mile of a community  
44 college. For purposes of this paragraph, "armed forces reserve center" includes an armory or Na-  
45 tional Guard support facility.

1        [(w)] (t) A site for the takeoff and landing of model aircraft, including such buildings or facilities  
2 as may reasonably be necessary. Buildings or facilities shall not be more than 500 square feet in  
3 floor area or placed on a permanent foundation unless the building or facility preexisted the use  
4 approved under this paragraph. The site shall not include an aggregate surface or hard surface area  
5 unless the surface preexisted the use approved under this paragraph. **An owner of property used  
6 for the purpose authorized in this paragraph may charge a person operating the use on the  
7 property rent for the property. An operator may charge users of the property a fee that does  
8 not exceed the operator's cost to maintain the property, buildings and facilities.** As used in  
9 this paragraph, "model aircraft" means a small-scale version of an airplane, glider, helicopter,  
10 dirigible or balloon that is used or intended to be used for flight and is controlled by radio, lines  
11 or design by a person on the ground.

12        [(x)] (u) A facility for the processing of farm crops, or the production of biofuel as defined in  
13 ORS 315.141, that is located on a farm operation that provides at least one-quarter of the farm crops  
14 processed at the facility. The building established for the processing facility shall not exceed 10,000  
15 square feet of floor area exclusive of the floor area designated for preparation, storage or other farm  
16 use or devote more than 10,000 square feet to the processing activities within another building  
17 supporting farm uses. A processing facility shall comply with all applicable siting standards but the  
18 standards shall not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting of the processing facility.

19        [(y)] (v) Fire service facilities providing rural fire protection services.

20        [(z)] (w) Irrigation canals, delivery lines and those structures and accessory operational facili-  
21 ties associated with a district as defined in ORS 540.505.

22        [(aa)] (x) Utility facility service lines. Utility facility service lines are utility lines and accessory  
23 facilities or structures that end at the point where the utility service is received by the customer  
24 and that are located on one or more of the following:

25        (A) A public right of way;

26        (B) Land immediately adjacent to a public right of way, provided the written consent of all ad-  
27 jacent property owners has been obtained; or

28        (C) The property to be served by the utility.

29        [(bb)] (y) Subject to the issuance of a license, permit or other approval by the Department of  
30 Environmental Quality under ORS 454.695, 459.205, 468B.050, 468B.053 or 468B.055, or in compliance  
31 with rules adopted under ORS 468B.095, and as provided in ORS 215.246 to 215.251, the land appli-  
32 cation of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids for agricultural,  
33 horticultural or silvicultural production, or for irrigation in connection with a use allowed in an  
34 exclusive farm use zone under this chapter.

35        (2) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),  
36 the following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use subject to ORS  
37 215.296:

38        (a) A primary dwelling in conjunction with farm use or the propagation or harvesting of a forest  
39 product on a lot or parcel that is managed as part of a farm operation or woodlot if the farm op-  
40 eration or woodlot:

41        (A) Consists of 20 or more acres; and

42        (B) Is not smaller than the average farm or woodlot in the county producing at least \$2,500 in  
43 annual gross income from the crops, livestock or forest products to be raised on the farm operation  
44 or woodlot.

45        (b) A primary dwelling in conjunction with farm use or the propagation or harvesting of a forest

1 product on a lot or parcel that is managed as part of a farm operation or woodlot smaller than re-  
2 quired under paragraph (a) of this subsection, if the lot or parcel:

3 (A) Has produced at least \$20,000 in annual gross farm income in two consecutive calendar  
4 years out of the three calendar years before the year in which the application for the dwelling was  
5 made or is planted in perennials capable of producing upon harvest an average of at least \$20,000  
6 in annual gross farm income; or

7 (B) Is a woodlot capable of producing an average over the growth cycle of \$20,000 in gross an-  
8 nual income.

9 (c) Commercial activities that are in conjunction with farm use, including the processing of farm  
10 crops into biofuel not permitted under ORS 215.203 (2)(b)(L) or subsection [(1)(x)] (1)(u) of this sec-  
11 tion.

12 (d) Operations conducted for:

13 (A) Mining and processing of geothermal resources as defined by ORS 522.005 and oil and gas  
14 as defined by ORS 520.005, not otherwise permitted under subsection [(1)(h)] (1)(g) of this section;

15 (B) Mining, crushing or stockpiling of aggregate and other mineral and other subsurface re-  
16 sources subject to ORS 215.298;

17 (C) Processing, as defined by ORS 517.750, of aggregate into asphalt or portland cement; and

18 (D) Processing of other mineral resources and other subsurface resources.

19 (e) Community centers owned by a governmental agency or a nonprofit community organization  
20 and operated primarily by and for residents of the local rural community, hunting and fishing pre-  
21 serves, public and private parks, playgrounds and campgrounds. Subject to the approval of the  
22 county governing body or its designee, a private campground may provide yurts for overnight  
23 camping. No more than one-third or a maximum of 10 campsites, whichever is smaller, may include  
24 a yurt. The yurt shall be located on the ground or on a wood floor with no permanent foundation.  
25 Upon request of a county governing body, the Land Conservation and Development Commission may  
26 provide by rule for an increase in the number of yurts allowed on all or a portion of the  
27 campgrounds in a county if the commission determines that the increase will comply with the stan-  
28 dards described in ORS 215.296 (1). A public park or campground may be established as provided  
29 under ORS 195.120. As used in this paragraph, "yurt" means a round, domed shelter of cloth or  
30 canvas on a collapsible frame with no plumbing, sewage disposal hookup or internal cooking appli-  
31 ance.

32 (f) Golf courses **on land determined not to be high-value farmland as defined in ORS**  
33 **195.300.**

34 (g) Commercial utility facilities for the purpose of generating power for public use by sale.

35 (h) Personal-use airports for airplanes and helicopter pads, including associated hangar, main-  
36 tenance and service facilities. A personal-use airport as used in this section means an airstrip re-  
37 stricted, except for aircraft emergencies, to use by the owner, and, on an infrequent and occasional  
38 basis, by invited guests, and by commercial aviation activities in connection with agricultural op-  
39 erations. No aircraft may be based on a personal-use airport other than those owned or controlled  
40 by the owner of the airstrip. Exceptions to the activities permitted under this definition may be  
41 granted through waiver action by the Oregon Department of Aviation in specific instances. A  
42 personal-use airport lawfully existing as of September 13, 1975, shall continue to be permitted sub-  
43 ject to any applicable rules of the Oregon Department of Aviation.

44 (i) A facility for the primary processing of forest products, provided that such facility is found  
45 to not seriously interfere with accepted farming practices and is compatible with farm uses de-

1 scribed in ORS 215.203 (2). Such a facility may be approved for a one-year period which is  
2 renewable. These facilities are intended to be only portable or temporary in nature. The primary  
3 processing of a forest product, as used in this section, means the use of a portable chipper or stud  
4 mill or other similar methods of initial treatment of a forest product in order to enable its shipment  
5 to market. Forest products, as used in this section, means timber grown upon a parcel of land or  
6 contiguous land where the primary processing facility is located.

7 (j) A site for the disposal of solid waste approved by the governing body of a city or county or  
8 both and for which a permit has been granted under ORS 459.245 by the Department of Environ-  
9 mental Quality together with equipment, facilities or buildings necessary for its operation.

10 (k) Dog kennels [*not described in subsection (1)(L) of this section*].

11 (L) Residential homes as defined in ORS 197.660, in existing dwellings.

12 (m) The propagation, cultivation, maintenance and harvesting of aquatic species that are not  
13 under the jurisdiction of the State Fish and Wildlife Commission or insect species. Insect species  
14 shall not include any species under quarantine by the State Department of Agriculture or the United  
15 States Department of Agriculture. The county shall provide notice of all applications under this  
16 paragraph to the State Department of Agriculture. Notice shall be provided in accordance with the  
17 county's land use regulations but shall be mailed at least 20 calendar days prior to any administra-  
18 tive decision or initial public hearing on the application.

19 (n) Home occupations as provided in ORS 215.448.

20 (o) Transmission towers over 200 feet in height.

21 (p) Construction of additional passing and travel lanes requiring the acquisition of right of way  
22 but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

23 (q) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways involving the removal or dis-  
24 placement of buildings but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

25 (r) Improvement of public road and highway related facilities such as maintenance yards, weigh  
26 stations and rest areas, where additional property or right of way is required but not resulting in  
27 the creation of new land parcels.

28 (s) A destination resort that is approved consistent with the requirements of any statewide  
29 planning goal relating to the siting of a destination resort.

30 (t) Room and board arrangements for a maximum of five unrelated persons in existing resi-  
31 dences.

32 (u) A living history museum related to resource based activities owned and operated by a gov-  
33 ernmental agency or a local historical society, together with limited commercial activities and fa-  
34 cilities that are directly related to the use and enjoyment of the museum and located within  
35 authentic buildings of the depicted historic period or the museum administration building, if areas  
36 other than an exclusive farm use zone cannot accommodate the museum and related activities or if  
37 the museum administration buildings and parking lot are located within one quarter mile of the  
38 metropolitan urban growth boundary. As used in this paragraph:

39 (A) "Living history museum" means a facility designed to depict and interpret everyday life and  
40 culture of some specific historic period using authentic buildings, tools, equipment and people to  
41 simulate past activities and events; and

42 (B) "Local historical society" means the local historical society, recognized as such by the  
43 county governing body and organized under ORS chapter 65.

44 (v) Operations for the extraction and bottling of water.

45 [*w) An aerial fireworks display business that has been in continuous operation at its current lo-*

1 *cation within an exclusive farm use zone since December 31, 1986, and possesses a wholesaler's permit*  
2 *to sell or provide fireworks.]*

3 [(x)] (w) A landscape contracting business, as defined in ORS 671.520, or a business providing  
4 landscape architecture services, as described in ORS 671.318, if the business is pursued in conjunc-  
5 tion with the growing and marketing of nursery stock on the land that constitutes farm use.

6 (x) **Public or private schools for kindergarten through grade 12, including all buildings**  
7 **essential to the operation of a school, primarily for residents of the rural area in which the**  
8 **school is located.**

9 (3) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),  
10 a single-family residential dwelling not provided in conjunction with farm use may be established  
11 on a lot or parcel with soils predominantly in capability classes IV through VIII as determined by  
12 the Agricultural Capability Classification System in use by the United States Department of Agri-  
13 culture Soil Conservation Service on October 15, 1983. A proposed dwelling is subject to approval  
14 of the governing body or its designee in any area zoned for exclusive farm use upon written findings  
15 showing all of the following:

16 (a) The dwelling or activities associated with the dwelling will not force a significant change in  
17 or significantly increase the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use.

18 (b) The dwelling is situated upon generally unsuitable land for the production of farm crops and  
19 livestock, considering the terrain, adverse soil or land conditions, drainage and flooding, location  
20 and size of the tract. A lot or parcel shall not be considered unsuitable solely because of its size  
21 or location if it can reasonably be put to farm use in conjunction with other land.

22 (c) Complies with such other conditions as the governing body or its designee considers neces-  
23 sary.

24 (4) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),  
25 one single-family dwelling, not provided in conjunction with farm use, may be established in any  
26 area zoned for exclusive farm use on a lot or parcel described in subsection (7) of this section that  
27 is not larger than three acres upon written findings showing:

28 (a) The dwelling or activities associated with the dwelling will not force a significant change in  
29 or significantly increase the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use;

30 (b) If the lot or parcel is located within the Willamette River Greenway, a floodplain or a  
31 geological hazard area, the dwelling complies with conditions imposed by local ordinances relating  
32 specifically to the Willamette River Greenway, floodplains or geological hazard areas, whichever is  
33 applicable; and

34 (c) The dwelling complies with other conditions considered necessary by the governing body or  
35 its designee.

36 (5) Upon receipt of an application for a permit under subsection (4) of this section, the governing  
37 body shall notify:

38 (a) Owners of land that is within 250 feet of the lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be es-  
39 tablished; and

40 (b) Persons who have requested notice of such applications and who have paid a reasonable fee  
41 imposed by the county to cover the cost of such notice.

42 (6) The notice required in subsection (5) of this section shall specify that persons have 15 days  
43 following the date of postmark of the notice to file a written objection on the grounds only that the  
44 dwelling or activities associated with it would force a significant change in or significantly increase  
45 the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use. If no objection is re-

1 ceived, the governing body or its designee shall approve or disapprove the application. If an ob-  
2 jection is received, the governing body shall set the matter for hearing in the manner prescribed in  
3 ORS 215.402 to 215.438. The governing body may charge the reasonable costs of the notice required  
4 by subsection (5)(a) of this section to the applicant for the permit requested under subsection (4) of  
5 this section.

6 (7) Subsection (4) of this section applies to a lot or parcel lawfully created between January 1,  
7 1948, and July 1, 1983. For the purposes of this section:

8 (a) Only one lot or parcel exists if:

9 (A) A lot or parcel described in this section is contiguous to one or more lots or parcels de-  
10 scribed in this section; and

11 (B) On July 1, 1983, greater than possessory interests are held in those contiguous lots, parcels  
12 or lots and parcels by the same person, spouses or a single partnership or business entity, separately  
13 or in tenancy in common.

14 (b) "Contiguous" means lots, parcels or lots and parcels that have a common boundary, including  
15 but not limited to, lots, parcels or lots and parcels separated only by a public road.

16 (8) A person who sells or otherwise transfers real property in an exclusive farm use zone may  
17 retain a life estate in a dwelling on that property and in a tract of land under and around the  
18 dwelling.

19 (9) No final approval of a nonfarm use under this section shall be given unless any additional  
20 taxes imposed upon the change in use have been paid.

21 (10) Roads, highways and other transportation facilities and improvements not allowed under  
22 subsections (1) and (2) of this section may be established, subject to the approval of the governing  
23 body or its designee, in areas zoned for exclusive farm use subject to:

24 (a) Adoption of an exception to the goal related to agricultural lands and to any other applicable  
25 goal with which the facility or improvement does not comply; or

26 (b) ORS 215.296 for those uses identified by rule of the Land Conservation and Development  
27 Commission as provided in section 3, chapter 529, Oregon Laws 1993.

28 **SECTION 2.** ORS 215.283 is amended to read:

29 215.283. (1) The following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

30 [(a) *Public or private schools, including all buildings essential to the operation of a school.*]

31 [(b)] (a) Churches and cemeteries in conjunction with churches.

32 [(c)] (b) The propagation or harvesting of a forest product.

33 [(d)] (c) Utility facilities necessary for public service, including wetland waste treatment systems  
34 but not including commercial facilities for the purpose of generating electrical power for public use  
35 by sale or transmission towers over 200 feet in height. A utility facility necessary for public service  
36 may be established as provided in ORS 215.275.

37 [(e)] (d) A dwelling on real property used for farm use if the dwelling is occupied by a relative  
38 of the farm operator or the farm operator's spouse, which means a child, parent, stepparent, grand-  
39 child, grandparent, stepgrandparent, sibling, stepsibling, niece, nephew or first cousin of either, if  
40 the farm operator does or will require the assistance of the relative in the management of the farm  
41 use and the dwelling is located on the same lot or parcel as the dwelling of the farm operator.  
42 Notwithstanding ORS 92.010 to 92.190 or the minimum lot or parcel size requirements under ORS  
43 215.780, if the owner of a dwelling described in this paragraph obtains construction financing or  
44 other financing secured by the dwelling and the secured party forecloses on the dwelling, the se-  
45 cured party may also foreclose on the homesite, as defined in ORS 308A.250, and the foreclosure



1 shall operate as a partition of the homesite to create a new parcel.

2 [(f)] (e) Primary or accessory dwellings and other buildings customarily provided in conjunction  
3 with farm use.

4 [(g)] (f) Operations for the exploration for and production of geothermal resources as defined  
5 by ORS 522.005 and oil and gas as defined by ORS 520.005, including the placement and operation  
6 of compressors, separators and other customary production equipment for an individual well adja-  
7 cent to the wellhead. Any activities or construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis  
8 for an exception under ORS 197.732 (2)(a) or (b).

9 [(h)] (g) Operations for the exploration for minerals as defined by ORS 517.750. Any activities  
10 or construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for an exception under ORS 197.732  
11 (2)(a) or (b).

12 [(i) *A site for the disposal of solid waste that has been ordered to be established by the Environ-  
13 mental Quality Commission under ORS 459.049, together with equipment, facilities or buildings neces-  
14 sary for its operation.*]

15 [(j) *The breeding, kenneling and training of greyhounds for racing.*]

16 [(k)] (h) Climbing and passing lanes within the right of way existing as of July 1, 1987.

17 [(L)] (i) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways, including the placement  
18 of utility facilities overhead and in the subsurface of public roads and highways along the public  
19 right of way, but not including the addition of travel lanes, where no removal or displacement of  
20 buildings would occur, or no new land parcels result.

21 [(m)] (j) Temporary public road and highway detours that will be abandoned and restored to  
22 original condition or use at such time as no longer needed.

23 [(n)] (k) Minor betterment of existing public road and highway related facilities such as main-  
24 tenance yards, weigh stations and rest areas, within right of way existing as of July 1, 1987, and  
25 contiguous public-owned property utilized to support the operation and maintenance of public roads  
26 and highways.

27 [(o)] (L) A replacement dwelling to be used in conjunction with farm use if the existing dwelling  
28 has been listed in a county inventory as historic property as defined in ORS 358.480.

29 [(p)] (m) Creation [of], restoration [of] or enhancement of wetlands.

30 [(q)] (n) A winery, as described in ORS 215.452.

31 [(r)] (o) Farm stands if:

32 (A) The structures are designed and used for the sale of farm crops or livestock grown on the  
33 farm operation, or grown on the farm operation and other farm operations in the local agricultural  
34 area, including the sale of retail incidental items and fee-based activity to promote the sale of farm  
35 crops or livestock sold at the farm stand if the annual sale of incidental items and fees from pro-  
36 motional activity do not make up more than 25 percent of the total annual sales of the farm stand;  
37 and

38 (B) The farm stand does not include structures designed for occupancy as a residence or for  
39 activity other than the sale of farm crops or livestock and does not include structures for banquets,  
40 public gatherings or public entertainment.

41 [(s)] (p) Alteration, restoration or replacement of a lawfully established dwelling that:

42 (A) Has intact exterior walls and roof structure;

43 (B) Has indoor plumbing, consisting of a kitchen sink, toilet and bathing facilities connected to  
44 a sanitary waste disposal system, **that is, if not in compliance with current building codes or  
45 construction standards, consistent with the customary construction techniques used during**

1 or after the era in which the dwelling was constructed;

2 (C) Has interior wiring for interior lights **that is, if not in compliance with current building**  
3 **codes or construction standards, consistent with the customary construction techniques**  
4 **used during or after the era in which the dwelling was constructed;**

5 (D) Has a heating system **that is, if not in compliance with current building codes or con-**  
6 **struction standards, consistent with the customary construction techniques used during or**  
7 **after the era in which the dwelling was constructed;** and

8 (E) In the case of replacement:

9 (i) Is removed, demolished or converted to an allowable nonresidential use within three months  
10 of the completion of the replacement dwelling. A replacement dwelling may be sited on any part of  
11 the same lot or parcel. A dwelling established under this paragraph shall comply with all applicable  
12 siting standards. However, the standards shall not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting  
13 of the dwelling. If the dwelling to be replaced is located on a portion of the lot or parcel not zoned  
14 for exclusive farm use, the applicant, as a condition of approval, shall execute and record in the  
15 deed records for the county where the property is located a deed restriction prohibiting the siting  
16 of a dwelling on that portion of the lot or parcel. The restriction imposed shall be irrevocable unless  
17 a statement of release is placed in the deed records for the county. The release shall be signed by  
18 the county or its designee and state that the provisions of this paragraph regarding replacement  
19 dwellings have changed to allow the siting of another dwelling. The county planning director or the  
20 director's designee shall maintain a record of the lots and parcels that do not qualify for the siting  
21 of a new dwelling under the provisions of this paragraph, including a copy of the deed restrictions  
22 and release statements filed under this paragraph; and

23 (ii) For which the applicant has requested a deferred replacement permit, is removed or demol-  
24 ished within three months after the deferred replacement permit is issued. A deferred replacement  
25 permit allows construction of the replacement dwelling at any time. If, however, the established  
26 dwelling is not removed or demolished within three months after the deferred replacement permit  
27 is issued, the permit becomes void. The replacement dwelling must comply with applicable building  
28 codes, plumbing codes, sanitation codes and other requirements relating to health and safety or to  
29 siting at the time of construction. A deferred replacement permit may not be transferred, by sale  
30 or otherwise, except by the applicant to the spouse or a child of the applicant.

31 [(t)] (q) A site for the takeoff and landing of model aircraft, including such buildings or facilities  
32 as may reasonably be necessary. Buildings or facilities shall not be more than 500 square feet in  
33 floor area or placed on a permanent foundation unless the building or facility preexisted the use  
34 approved under this paragraph. The site shall not include an aggregate surface or hard surface area  
35 unless the surface preexisted the use approved under this paragraph. **An owner of property used**  
36 **for the purpose authorized in this paragraph may charge a person operating the use on the**  
37 **property rent for the property. An operator may charge users of the property a fee that does**  
38 **not exceed the operator's cost to maintain the property, buildings and facilities.** As used in  
39 this paragraph, "model aircraft" means a small-scale version of an airplane, glider, helicopter,  
40 dirigible or balloon that is used or intended to be used for flight and is controlled by radio, lines  
41 or design by a person on the ground.

42 [(u)] (r) A facility for the processing of farm crops, or the production of biofuel as defined in  
43 ORS 315.141, that is located on a farm operation that provides at least one-quarter of the farm crops  
44 processed at the facility. The building established for the processing facility shall not exceed 10,000  
45 square feet of floor area exclusive of the floor area designated for preparation, storage or other farm

1 use or devote more than 10,000 square feet to the processing activities within another building  
2 supporting farm uses. A processing facility shall comply with all applicable siting standards but the  
3 standards shall not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting of the processing facility.

4 [(v)] (s) Fire service facilities providing rural fire protection services.

5 [(w)] (t) Irrigation canals, delivery lines and those structures and accessory operational facilities  
6 associated with a district as defined in ORS 540.505.

7 [(x)] (u) Utility facility service lines. Utility facility service lines are utility lines and accessory  
8 facilities or structures that end at the point where the utility service is received by the customer  
9 and that are located on one or more of the following:

10 (A) A public right of way;

11 (B) Land immediately adjacent to a public right of way, provided the written consent of all ad-  
12 jacent property owners has been obtained; or

13 (C) The property to be served by the utility.

14 [(y)] (v) Subject to the issuance of a license, permit or other approval by the Department of  
15 Environmental Quality under ORS 454.695, 459.205, 468B.050, 468B.053 or 468B.055, or in compliance  
16 with rules adopted under ORS 468B.095, and as provided in ORS 215.246 to 215.251, the land appli-  
17 cation of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids for agricultural,  
18 horticultural or silvicultural production, or for irrigation in connection with a use allowed in an  
19 exclusive farm use zone under this chapter.

20 [(z)] (w) A county law enforcement facility that lawfully existed on August 20, 2002, and is used  
21 to provide rural law enforcement services primarily in rural areas, including parole and post-prison  
22 supervision, but not including a correctional facility as defined under ORS 162.135.

23 (2) The following nonfarm uses may be established, subject to the approval of the governing body  
24 or its designee in any area zoned for exclusive farm use subject to ORS 215.296:

25 (a) Commercial activities that are in conjunction with farm use, including the processing of farm  
26 crops into biofuel not permitted under ORS 215.203 (2)(b)(L) or subsection [(l)(u)] (1)(r) of this sec-  
27 tion.

28 (b) Operations conducted for:

29 (A) Mining and processing of geothermal resources as defined by ORS 522.005 and oil and gas  
30 as defined by ORS 520.005 not otherwise permitted under subsection [(l)(g)] (1)(f) of this section;

31 (B) Mining, crushing or stockpiling of aggregate and other mineral and other subsurface re-  
32 sources subject to ORS 215.298;

33 (C) Processing, as defined by ORS 517.750, of aggregate into asphalt or portland cement; and

34 (D) Processing of other mineral resources and other subsurface resources.

35 (c) Private parks, playgrounds, hunting and fishing preserves and campgrounds. Subject to the  
36 approval of the county governing body or its designee, a private campground may provide yurts for  
37 overnight camping. No more than one-third or a maximum of 10 campsites, whichever is smaller,  
38 may include a yurt. The yurt shall be located on the ground or on a wood floor with no permanent  
39 foundation. Upon request of a county governing body, the Land Conservation and Development  
40 Commission may provide by rule for an increase in the number of yurts allowed on all or a portion  
41 of the campgrounds in a county if the commission determines that the increase will comply with the  
42 standards described in ORS 215.296 (1). As used in this paragraph, "yurt" means a round, domed  
43 shelter of cloth or canvas on a collapsible frame with no plumbing, sewage disposal hookup or  
44 internal cooking appliance.

45 (d) Parks and playgrounds. A public park may be established consistent with the provisions of

1 ORS 195.120.

2 (e) Community centers owned by a governmental agency or a nonprofit community organization  
3 and operated primarily by and for residents of the local rural community. A community center au-  
4 thorized under this paragraph may provide services to veterans, including but not limited to emer-  
5 gency and transitional shelter, preparation and service of meals, vocational and educational  
6 counseling and referral to local, state or federal agencies providing medical, mental health, disability  
7 income replacement and substance abuse services, only in a facility that is in existence on January  
8 1, 2006. The services may not include direct delivery of medical, mental health, disability income  
9 replacement or substance abuse services.

10 (f) Golf courses **on land determined not to be high-value farmland, as defined in ORS**  
11 **195.300.**

12 (g) Commercial utility facilities for the purpose of generating power for public use by sale.

13 (h) Personal-use airports for airplanes and helicopter pads, including associated hangar, main-  
14 tenance and service facilities. A personal-use airport, as used in this section, means an airstrip re-  
15 stricted, except for aircraft emergencies, to use by the owner, and, on an infrequent and occasional  
16 basis, by invited guests, and by commercial aviation activities in connection with agricultural op-  
17 erations. No aircraft may be based on a personal-use airport other than those owned or controlled  
18 by the owner of the airstrip. Exceptions to the activities permitted under this definition may be  
19 granted through waiver action by the Oregon Department of Aviation in specific instances. A  
20 personal-use airport lawfully existing as of September 13, 1975, shall continue to be permitted sub-  
21 ject to any applicable rules of the Oregon Department of Aviation.

22 (i) Home occupations as provided in ORS 215.448.

23 (j) A facility for the primary processing of forest products, provided that such facility is found  
24 to not seriously interfere with accepted farming practices and is compatible with farm uses de-  
25 scribed in ORS 215.203 (2). Such a facility may be approved for a one-year period which is  
26 renewable. These facilities are intended to be only portable or temporary in nature. The primary  
27 processing of a forest product, as used in this section, means the use of a portable chipper or stud  
28 mill or other similar methods of initial treatment of a forest product in order to enable its shipment  
29 to market. Forest products, as used in this section, means timber grown upon a parcel of land or  
30 contiguous land where the primary processing facility is located.

31 (k) A site for the disposal of solid waste approved by the governing body of a city or county or  
32 both and for which a permit has been granted under ORS 459.245 by the Department of Environ-  
33 mental Quality together with equipment, facilities or buildings necessary for its operation.

34 (L) One manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle, or the temporary residential use of an  
35 existing building, in conjunction with an existing dwelling as a temporary use for the term of a  
36 hardship suffered by the existing resident or a relative of the resident. Within three months of the  
37 end of the hardship, the manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle shall be removed or demol-  
38 ished or, in the case of an existing building, the building shall be removed, demolished or returned  
39 to an allowed nonresidential use. The governing body or its designee shall provide for periodic re-  
40 view of the hardship claimed under this paragraph. A temporary residence approved under this  
41 paragraph is not eligible for replacement under subsection [(1)(s)] **(1)(p)** of this section.

42 (m) Transmission towers over 200 feet in height.

43 (n) Dog kennels *[not described in subsection (1)(j) of this section]*.

44 (o) Residential homes as defined in ORS 197.660, in existing dwellings.

45 (p) The propagation, cultivation, maintenance and harvesting of aquatic species that are not

1 under the jurisdiction of the State Fish and Wildlife Commission or insect species. Insect species  
2 shall not include any species under quarantine by the State Department of Agriculture or the United  
3 States Department of Agriculture. The county shall provide notice of all applications under this  
4 paragraph to the State Department of Agriculture. Notice shall be provided in accordance with the  
5 county's land use regulations but shall be mailed at least 20 calendar days prior to any administra-  
6 tive decision or initial public hearing on the application.

7 (q) Construction of additional passing and travel lanes requiring the acquisition of right of way  
8 but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

9 (r) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways involving the removal or dis-  
10 placement of buildings but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

11 (s) Improvement of public road and highway related facilities, such as maintenance yards, weigh  
12 stations and rest areas, where additional property or right of way is required but not resulting in  
13 the creation of new land parcels.

14 (t) A destination resort that is approved consistent with the requirements of any statewide  
15 planning goal relating to the siting of a destination resort.

16 (u) Room and board arrangements for a maximum of five unrelated persons in existing resi-  
17 dences.

18 (v) Operations for the extraction and bottling of water.

19 (w) Expansion of existing county fairgrounds and activities directly relating to county  
20 fairgrounds governed by county fair boards established pursuant to ORS 565.210.

21 (x) A living history museum related to resource based activities owned and operated by a gov-  
22 ernmental agency or a local historical society, together with limited commercial activities and fa-  
23 cilities that are directly related to the use and enjoyment of the museum and located within  
24 authentic buildings of the depicted historic period or the museum administration building, if areas  
25 other than an exclusive farm use zone cannot accommodate the museum and related activities or if  
26 the museum administration buildings and parking lot are located within one quarter mile of an ur-  
27 ban growth boundary. As used in this paragraph:

28 (A) "Living history museum" means a facility designed to depict and interpret everyday life and  
29 culture of some specific historic period using authentic buildings, tools, equipment and people to  
30 simulate past activities and events; and

31 (B) "Local historical society" means the local historical society recognized by the county gov-  
32 erning body and organized under ORS chapter 65.

33 *[(y) An aerial fireworks display business that has been in continuous operation at its current lo-  
34 cation within an exclusive farm use zone since December 31, 1986, and possesses a wholesaler's permit  
35 to sell or provide fireworks.]*

36 *[(z)]* (y) A landscape contracting business, as defined in ORS 671.520, or a business providing  
37 landscape architecture services, as described in ORS 671.318, if the business is pursued in conjunc-  
38 tion with the growing and marketing of nursery stock on the land that constitutes farm use.

39 **(z) Public or private schools for kindergarten through grade 12, including all buildings  
40 essential to the operation of a school, primarily for residents of the rural area in which the  
41 school is located.**

42 (3) Roads, highways and other transportation facilities and improvements not allowed under  
43 subsections (1) and (2) of this section may be established, subject to the approval of the governing  
44 body or its designee, in areas zoned for exclusive farm use subject to:

45 (a) Adoption of an exception to the goal related to agricultural lands and to any other applicable

1 goal with which the facility or improvement does not comply; or

2 (b) ORS 215.296 for those uses identified by rule of the Land Conservation and Development  
3 Commission as provided in section 3, chapter 529, Oregon Laws 1993.

4 **SECTION 2a. The provisions of ORS 197.047, 215.503 and 215.513 concerning notice of a**  
5 **new or amended statute, ordinance or administrative rule do not apply to section 16 of this**  
6 **2009 Act, to the amendments to ORS 215.213 and 215.283 by sections 1 and 2 of this 2009 Act**  
7 **or to any other amendments to or repeal of statutes by sections 3 to 13 and 17 of this 2009**  
8 **Act.**

9 **SECTION 3.** ORS 197.065 is amended to read:

10 197.065. (1) Prior to each legislative session, the Land Conservation and Development Commis-  
11 sion shall submit to the appropriate legislative committee a written report analyzing applications  
12 approved and denied for:

13 (a) New and replacement dwellings under:

14 (A) ORS 215.213 [(1)(e) and (g)] **(1)(d) and (f)**, (2)(a) and (b), (3) and (4), 215.283 [(1)(e) and (f)]  
15 **(1)(d) and (e)**, 215.284 and 215.705; and

16 (B) Any land zoned for forest use under any statewide planning goal that relates to forestland;

17 (b) Divisions of land under:

18 (A) ORS 215.263 (2), (4) and (5); and

19 (B) Any land zoned for forest use under any statewide planning goal that relates to forestland;

20 (c) Dwellings and land divisions approved for marginal lands under:

21 (A) ORS 215.317 or 215.327; and

22 (B) Any land zoned for forest use under any statewide planning goal that relates to forestland;  
23 and

24 (d) Such other matters pertaining to protection of agricultural or forest land as the commission  
25 deems appropriate.

26 (2) The governing body of each county shall provide the Department of Land Conservation and  
27 Development with a report of its actions involving those dwellings, land divisions and land desig-  
28 nations upon which the commission must report to the appropriate legislative committee under  
29 subsection (1) of this section. The department shall establish, after consultation with county gov-  
30 erning bodies, an annual reporting period and may establish a schedule for receiving county reports  
31 at intervals within the reporting period. The report shall be on a standard form with a standardized  
32 explanation adopted by the commission and shall be eligible for grants by the commission. The re-  
33 port shall include the findings for each action except actions involving:

34 (a) Dwellings authorized by ORS 215.213 [(1)(e)] **(1)(d)** or 215.283 [(1)(e)] **(1)(d)**; or

35 (b) Land divisions authorized by ORS 215.263 (2) creating parcels as large as or larger than a  
36 minimum size established by the commission under ORS 215.780.

37 (3) The governing body of each county shall, upon request by the department, provide the de-  
38 partment with other information necessary to carry out subsection (1) of this section.

39 **SECTION 4.** ORS 215.203 is amended to read:

40 215.203. (1) Zoning ordinances may be adopted to zone designated areas of land within the  
41 county as exclusive farm use zones. Land within such zones shall be used exclusively for farm use  
42 except as otherwise provided in ORS 215.213, 215.283 or 215.284. Farm use zones shall be established  
43 only when such zoning is consistent with the comprehensive plan.

44 (2)(a) As used in this section, "farm use" means the current employment of land for the primary  
45 purpose of obtaining a profit in money by raising, harvesting and selling crops or the feeding,

1 breeding, management and sale of, or the produce of, livestock, poultry, fur-bearing animals or  
2 honeybees or for dairying and the sale of dairy products or any other agricultural or horticultural  
3 use or animal husbandry or any combination thereof. "Farm use" includes the preparation, storage  
4 and disposal by marketing or otherwise of the products or by-products raised on such land for hu-  
5 man or animal use. "Farm use" also includes the current employment of land for the primary pur-  
6 pose of obtaining a profit in money by stabling or training equines including but not limited to  
7 providing riding lessons, training clinics and schooling shows. "Farm use" also includes the propa-  
8 gation, cultivation, maintenance and harvesting of aquatic, bird and animal species that are under  
9 the jurisdiction of the State Fish and Wildlife Commission, to the extent allowed by the rules  
10 adopted by the commission. "Farm use" includes the on-site construction and maintenance of  
11 equipment and facilities used for the activities described in this subsection. "Farm use" does not  
12 include the use of land subject to the provisions of ORS chapter 321, except land used exclusively  
13 for growing cultured Christmas trees as defined in subsection (3) of this section or land described  
14 in ORS 321.267 (3) or 321.824 (3).

15 (b) "Current employment" of land for farm use includes:

16 (A) Farmland, the operation or use of which is subject to any farm-related government program;

17 (B) Land lying fallow for one year as a normal and regular requirement of good agricultural  
18 husbandry;

19 (C) Land planted in orchards or other perennials, other than land specified in subparagraph (D)  
20 of this paragraph, prior to maturity;

21 (D) Land not in an exclusive farm use zone which has not been eligible for assessment at special  
22 farm use value in the year prior to planting the current crop and has been planted in orchards,  
23 cultured Christmas trees or vineyards for at least three years;

24 (E) Wasteland, in an exclusive farm use zone, dry or covered with water, neither economically  
25 tillable nor grazeable, lying in or adjacent to and in common ownership with a farm use land and  
26 which is not currently being used for any economic farm use;

27 (F) Except for land under a single family dwelling, land under buildings supporting accepted  
28 farm practices, including the processing facilities allowed by ORS 215.213 [(1)(x)] (1)(u) and 215.283  
29 [(1)(u)] (1)(r) and the processing of farm crops into biofuel as commercial activities in conjunction  
30 with farm use under ORS 215.213 (2)(c) and 215.283 (2)(a);

31 (G) Water impoundments lying in or adjacent to and in common ownership with farm use land;

32 (H) Any land constituting a woodlot, not to exceed 20 acres, contiguous to and owned by the  
33 owner of land specially valued for farm use even if the land constituting the woodlot is not utilized  
34 in conjunction with farm use;

35 (I) Land lying idle for no more than one year where the absence of farming activity is due to  
36 the illness of the farmer or member of the farmer's immediate family. For purposes of this paragraph,  
37 illness includes injury or infirmity whether or not such illness results in death;

38 (J) Any land described under ORS 321.267 (3) or 321.824 (3);

39 (K) Land used for the primary purpose of obtaining a profit in money by breeding, raising,  
40 kenneling or training of greyhounds for racing; and

41 (L) Land used for the processing of farm crops into biofuel, as defined in ORS 315.141, if:

42 (i) Only the crops of the landowner are being processed;

43 (ii) The biofuel from all of the crops purchased for processing into biofuel is used on the farm  
44 of the landowner; or

45 (iii) The landowner is custom processing crops into biofuel from other landowners in the area

1 for their use or sale.

2 (c) As used in this subsection, “accepted farming practice” means a mode of operation that is  
3 common to farms of a similar nature, necessary for the operation of such farms to obtain a profit  
4 in money, and customarily utilized in conjunction with farm use.

5 (3) “Cultured Christmas trees” means trees:

6 (a) Grown on lands used exclusively for that purpose, capable of preparation by intensive culti-  
7 vation methods such as plowing or turning over the soil;

8 (b) Of a marketable species;

9 (c) Managed to produce trees meeting U.S. No. 2 or better standards for Christmas trees as  
10 specified by the Agriculture Marketing Services of the United States Department of Agriculture; and

11 (d) Evidencing periodic maintenance practices of shearing for Douglas fir and pine species, weed  
12 and brush control and one or more of the following practices: Basal pruning, fertilizing, insect and  
13 disease control, stump culture, soil cultivation, irrigation.

14 **SECTION 5.** ORS 215.246 is amended to read:

15 215.246. (1) The uses allowed under ORS 215.213 [(1)(bb)] **(1)(y)** and 215.283 [(1)(y)] **(1)(v)**:

16 (a) Require a determination by the Department of Environmental Quality, in conjunction with  
17 the department’s review of a license, permit or approval, that the application rates and site man-  
18 agement practices for the land application of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process  
19 water or biosolids ensure continued agricultural, horticultural or silvicultural production and do not  
20 reduce the productivity of the tract.

21 (b) Are not subject to other provisions of ORS 215.213 or 215.283 or to the provisions of ORS  
22 215.275 or 215.296.

23 (2) The use of a tract of land on which the land application of reclaimed water, agricultural or  
24 industrial process water or biosolids has occurred under this section may not be changed to allow  
25 a different use unless:

26 (a) The tract is included within an acknowledged urban growth boundary;

27 (b) The tract is rezoned to a zone other than an exclusive farm use zone;

28 (c) The different use of the tract is a farm use as defined in ORS 215.203; or

29 (d) The different use of the tract is a use allowed under:

30 (A) ORS 215.213 [(1)(c), (e) to (g), (k), (m) to (q), (s) to (u), (x), (z) or (aa)] **(1)(b), (d) to (f), (i) to**  
31 **(n), (p) to (r), (u), (w) or (x)**;

32 (B) ORS 215.213 (2)(a) to (c), (i), (m) or (p) to (r);

33 (C) ORS 215.283 [(1)(c), (e), (f), (k) to (o), (q) to (s), (u), (w) or (x)] **(1)(b), (d), (e), (h) to (L), (n)**  
34 **to (p), (r), (t) or (u)**; or

35 (D) ORS 215.283 (2)(a), (j), (L) or (p) to (s).

36 (3) When a state agency or a local government makes a land use decision relating to the land  
37 application of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids under a license,  
38 permit or approval by the Department of Environmental Quality, the applicant shall explain in  
39 writing how alternatives identified in public comments on the land use decision were considered and,  
40 if the alternatives are not used, explain in writing the reasons for not using the alternatives. The  
41 applicant must consider only those alternatives that are identified with sufficient specificity to af-  
42 ford the applicant an adequate opportunity to consider the alternatives. A land use decision relating  
43 to the land application of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids may  
44 not be reversed or remanded under this subsection unless the applicant failed to consider identified  
45 alternatives or to explain in writing the reasons for not using the alternatives.



1 (4) The uses allowed under this section include:

2 (a) The treatment of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids that  
3 occurs as a result of the land application;

4 (b) The establishment and use of facilities, including buildings, equipment, aerated and  
5 nonaerated water impoundments, pumps and other irrigation equipment, that are accessory to and  
6 reasonably necessary for the land application to occur on the subject tract;

7 (c) The establishment and use of facilities, including buildings and equipment, that are not on  
8 the tract on which the land application occurs for the transport of reclaimed water, agricultural or  
9 industrial process water or biosolids to the tract on which the land application occurs if the facili-  
10 ties are located within:

11 (A) A public right of way; or

12 (B) Other land if the landowner provides written consent and the owner of the facility complies  
13 with ORS 215.275 (4); and

14 (d) The transport by vehicle of reclaimed water or agricultural or industrial process water to  
15 a tract on which the water will be applied to land.

16 (5) Uses not allowed under this section include:

17 (a) The establishment and use of facilities, including buildings or equipment, for the treatment  
18 of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids other than those treatment  
19 facilities related to the treatment that occurs as a result of the land application; or

20 (b) The establishment and use of utility facility service lines allowed under ORS 215.213  
21 [(1)(aa)] (1)(x) or 215.283 [(1)(x)] (1)(u).

22 **SECTION 6.** ORS 215.249 is amended to read:

23 215.249. Notwithstanding ORS 215.263, the governing body of a county or its designee may not  
24 approve a proposed division of land in an exclusive farm use zone for the land application of re-  
25 claimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids described in ORS 215.213  
26 [(1)(bb)] (1)(y) or 215.283 [(1)(y)] (1)(v).

27 **SECTION 7.** ORS 215.251 is amended to read:

28 215.251. Nothing in ORS 215.213 [(1)(bb)] (1)(y), 215.246 to 215.249 or 215.283 [(1)(y)] (1)(v) affects  
29 whether the land application of a substance not described in ORS 215.213 [(1)(bb)] (1)(y), 215.246 to  
30 215.249 or 215.283 [(1)(y)] (1)(v) is a farm use as defined in ORS 215.203.

31 **SECTION 8.** ORS 215.263 is amended to read:

32 215.263. (1) Any proposed division of land included within an exclusive farm use zone resulting  
33 in the creation of one or more parcels of land shall be reviewed and approved or disapproved by the  
34 governing body or its designee of the county in which the land is situated. The governing body of  
35 a county by ordinance shall require such prior review and approval for such divisions of land within  
36 exclusive farm use zones established within the county.

37 (2) The governing body of a county or its designee may approve a proposed division of land to  
38 create parcels for farm use as defined in ORS 215.203 if it finds:

39 (a) That the proposed division of land is appropriate for the continuation of the existing com-  
40 mercial agricultural enterprise within the area; or

41 (b) The parcels created by the proposed division are not smaller than the minimum size estab-  
42 lished under ORS 215.780.

43 (3) The governing body of a county or its designee may approve a proposed division of land in  
44 an exclusive farm use zone for nonfarm uses, except dwellings, set out in ORS 215.213 (2) or 215.283  
45 (2) if it finds that the parcel for the nonfarm use is not larger than the minimum size necessary for

1 the use. The governing body may establish other criteria as it considers necessary.

2 (4) In western Oregon, as defined in ORS 321.257, but not in the Willamette Valley, as defined  
3 in ORS 215.010, the governing body of a county or its designee:

4 (a) May approve a division of land in an exclusive farm use zone to create up to two new parcels  
5 smaller than the minimum size established under ORS 215.780, each to contain a dwelling not pro-  
6 vided in conjunction with farm use if:

7 (A) The nonfarm dwellings have been approved under ORS 215.213 (3) or 215.284 (2) or (3);

8 (B) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are divided from a lot or parcel that was lawfully  
9 created prior to July 1, 2001;

10 (C) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are divided from a lot or parcel that complies with  
11 the minimum size established under ORS 215.780;

12 (D) The remainder of the original lot or parcel that does not contain the nonfarm dwellings  
13 complies with the minimum size established under ORS 215.780; and

14 (E) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are generally unsuitable for the production of farm  
15 crops and livestock or merchantable tree species considering the terrain, adverse soil or land con-  
16 ditions, drainage or flooding, vegetation, location and size of the tract. A parcel may not be con-  
17 sidered unsuitable based solely on size or location if the parcel can reasonably be put to farm or  
18 forest use in conjunction with other land.

19 (b) May approve a division of land in an exclusive farm use zone to divide a lot or parcel into  
20 two parcels, each to contain one dwelling not provided in conjunction with farm use if:

21 (A) The nonfarm dwellings have been approved under ORS 215.284 (2) or (3);

22 (B) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are divided from a lot or parcel that was lawfully  
23 created prior to July 1, 2001;

24 (C) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are divided from a lot or parcel that is equal to or  
25 smaller than the minimum size established under ORS 215.780 but equal to or larger than 40 acres;

26 (D) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are:

27 (i) Not capable of producing more than at least 50 cubic feet per acre per year of wood fiber;  
28 and

29 (ii) Composed of at least 90 percent Class VI through VIII soils;

30 (E) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings do not have established water rights for irrigation;  
31 and

32 (F) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are generally unsuitable for the production of farm  
33 crops and livestock or merchantable tree species considering the terrain, adverse soil or land con-  
34 ditions, drainage or flooding, vegetation, location and size of the tract. A parcel may not be con-  
35 sidered unsuitable based solely on size or location if the parcel can reasonably be put to farm or  
36 forest use in conjunction with other land.

37 (5) In eastern Oregon, as defined in ORS 321.805, the governing body of a county or its designee:

38 (a) May approve a division of land in an exclusive farm use zone to create up to two new parcels  
39 smaller than the minimum size established under ORS 215.780, each to contain a dwelling not pro-  
40 vided in conjunction with farm use if:

41 (A) The nonfarm dwellings have been approved under ORS 215.284 (7);

42 (B) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are divided from a lot or parcel that was lawfully  
43 created prior to July 1, 2001;

44 (C) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are divided from a lot or parcel that complies with  
45 the minimum size established under ORS 215.780;

1 (D) The remainder of the original lot or parcel that does not contain the nonfarm dwellings  
2 complies with the minimum size established under ORS 215.780; and

3 (E) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are generally unsuitable for the production of farm  
4 crops and livestock or merchantable tree species considering the terrain, adverse soil or land con-  
5 ditions, drainage or flooding, vegetation, location and size of the tract. A parcel may not be con-  
6 sidered unsuitable based solely on size or location if the parcel can reasonably be put to farm or  
7 forest use in conjunction with other land.

8 (b) May approve a division of land in an exclusive farm use zone to divide a lot or parcel into  
9 two parcels, each to contain one dwelling not provided in conjunction with farm use if:

10 (A) The nonfarm dwellings have been approved under ORS 215.284 (7);

11 (B) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are divided from a lot or parcel that was lawfully  
12 created prior to July 1, 2001;

13 (C) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are divided from a lot or parcel that is equal to or  
14 smaller than the minimum size established under ORS 215.780 but equal to or larger than 40 acres;

15 (D) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are:

16 (i) Not capable of producing more than at least 20 cubic feet per acre per year of wood fiber;  
17 and

18 (ii) Either composed of at least 90 percent Class VII and VIII soils, or composed of at least 90  
19 percent Class VI through VIII soils and are not capable of producing adequate herbaceous forage  
20 for grazing livestock. The Land Conservation and Development Commission, in cooperation with the  
21 State Department of Agriculture and other interested persons, may establish by rule objective cri-  
22 teria for identifying units of land that are not capable of producing adequate herbaceous forage for  
23 grazing livestock. In developing the criteria, the commission shall use the latest information from  
24 the United States Natural Resources Conservation Service and consider costs required to utilize  
25 grazing lands that differ in acreage and productivity level;

26 (E) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings do not have established water rights for irrigation;  
27 and

28 (F) The parcels for the nonfarm dwellings are generally unsuitable for the production of farm  
29 crops and livestock or merchantable tree species considering the terrain, adverse soil or land con-  
30 ditions, drainage or flooding, vegetation, location and size of the tract. A parcel may not be con-  
31 sidered unsuitable based solely on size or location if the parcel can reasonably be put to farm or  
32 forest use in conjunction with other land.

33 (6) This section does not apply to the creation or sale of cemetery lots, if a cemetery is within  
34 the boundaries designated for a farm use zone at the time the zone is established.

35 (7) This section does not apply to divisions of land resulting from lien foreclosures or divisions  
36 of land resulting from foreclosure of recorded contracts for the sale of real property.

37 (8) The governing body of a county may not approve any proposed division of a lot or parcel  
38 described in ORS 215.213 [(1)(e) or (k)] **(1)(d) or (i)**, 215.283 [(1)(e)] **(1)(d) or (2)(L) or 215.284 (1)**, or  
39 a proposed division that separates a processing facility from the farm operation specified in ORS  
40 215.213 [(1)(x)] **(1)(u) or 215.283 [(1)(u)] (1)(r)**.

41 (9) The governing body of a county may approve a proposed division of land in an exclusive farm  
42 use zone to create a parcel with an existing dwelling to be used:

43 (a) As a residential home as described in ORS 197.660 (2) only if the dwelling has been approved  
44 under ORS 215.213 (3) or 215.284 (1), (2), (3), (4) or (7); and

45 (b) For historic property that meets the requirements of ORS 215.213 [(1)(q)] **(1)(n)** and 215.283

1 [(1)(o)] (1)(L).

2 (10)(a) Notwithstanding ORS 215.780, the governing body of a county or its designee may ap-  
3 prove a proposed division of land provided:

4 (A) The land division is for the purpose of allowing a provider of public parks or open space,  
5 or a not-for-profit land conservation organization, to purchase at least one of the resulting parcels;  
6 and

7 (B) A parcel created by the land division that contains a dwelling is large enough to support  
8 continued residential use of the parcel.

9 (b) A parcel created pursuant to this subsection that does not contain a dwelling:

10 (A) Is not eligible for siting a dwelling, except as may be authorized under ORS 195.120;

11 (B) May not be considered in approving or denying an application for siting any other dwelling;

12 (C) May not be considered in approving a redesignation or rezoning of forestlands except for a  
13 redesignation or rezoning to allow a public park, open space or other natural resource use; and

14 (D) May not be smaller than 25 acres unless the purpose of the land division is:

15 (i) To facilitate the creation of a wildlife or pedestrian corridor or the implementation of a  
16 wildlife habitat protection plan; or

17 (ii) To allow a transaction in which at least one party is a public park or open space provider,  
18 or a not-for-profit land conservation organization, that has cumulative ownership of at least 2,000  
19 acres of open space or park property.

20 (11) The governing body of a county or its designee may approve a division of land smaller than  
21 the minimum lot or parcel size described in ORS 215.780 (1) and (2) in an exclusive farm use zone  
22 provided:

23 (a) The division is for the purpose of establishing a church, including cemeteries in conjunction  
24 with the church;

25 (b) The church has been approved under ORS 215.213 (1) or 215.283 (1);

26 (c) The newly created lot or parcel is not larger than five acres; and

27 (d) The remaining lot or parcel, not including the church, meets the minimum lot or parcel size  
28 described in ORS 215.780 (1) and (2) either by itself or after it is consolidated with another lot or  
29 parcel.

30 (12) The governing body of a county may not approve a division of land for nonfarm use under  
31 subsection (3), (4), (5), (9), (10) or (11) of this section unless any additional tax imposed for the  
32 change in use has been paid.

33 (13) Parcels used or to be used for training or stabling facilities may not be considered appro-  
34 priate to maintain the existing commercial agricultural enterprise in an area where other types of  
35 agriculture occur.

36 **SECTION 9.** ORS 215.275 is amended to read:

37 215.275. (1) A utility facility established under ORS 215.213 [(1)(d)] (1)(c) or 215.283 [(1)(d)] (1)(c)  
38 is necessary for public service if the facility must be sited in an exclusive farm use zone in order  
39 to provide the service.

40 (2) To demonstrate that a utility facility is necessary, an applicant for approval under ORS  
41 215.213 [(1)(d)] (1)(c) or 215.283 [(1)(d)] (1)(c) must show that reasonable alternatives have been  
42 considered and that the facility must be sited in an exclusive farm use zone due to one or more of  
43 the following factors:

44 (a) Technical and engineering feasibility;

45 (b) The proposed facility is locationally dependent. A utility facility is locationally dependent if

1 it must cross land in one or more areas zoned for exclusive farm use in order to achieve a reason-  
2 ably direct route or to meet unique geographical needs that cannot be satisfied on other lands;

3 (c) Lack of available urban and nonresource lands;

4 (d) Availability of existing rights of way;

5 (e) Public health and safety; and

6 (f) Other requirements of state or federal agencies.

7 (3) Costs associated with any of the factors listed in subsection (2) of this section may be con-  
8 sidered, but cost alone may not be the only consideration in determining that a utility facility is  
9 necessary for public service. Land costs shall not be included when considering alternative locations  
10 for substantially similar utility facilities. The Land Conservation and Development Commission shall  
11 determine by rule how land costs may be considered when evaluating the siting of utility facilities  
12 that are not substantially similar.

13 (4) The owner of a utility facility approved under ORS 215.213 [(1)(d)] (1)(c) or 215.283 [(1)(d)]  
14 (1)(c) shall be responsible for restoring, as nearly as possible, to its former condition any agricul-  
15 tural land and associated improvements that are damaged or otherwise disturbed by the siting,  
16 maintenance, repair or reconstruction of the facility. Nothing in this section shall prevent the owner  
17 of the utility facility from requiring a bond or other security from a contractor or otherwise im-  
18 posing on a contractor the responsibility for restoration.

19 (5) The governing body of the county or its designee shall impose clear and objective conditions  
20 on an application for utility facility siting under ORS 215.213 [(1)(d)] (1)(c) or 215.283 [(1)(d)] (1)(c)  
21 to mitigate and minimize the impacts of the proposed facility, if any, on surrounding lands devoted  
22 to farm use in order to prevent a significant change in accepted farm practices or a significant in-  
23 crease in the cost of farm practices on the surrounding farmlands.

24 (6) The provisions of subsections (2) to (5) of this section do not apply to interstate natural gas  
25 pipelines and associated facilities authorized by and subject to regulation by the Federal Energy  
26 Regulatory Commission.

27 **SECTION 10.** ORS 215.417 is amended to read:

28 215.417. (1) If a permit is approved under ORS 215.416 for a proposed residential development  
29 on agricultural or forest land outside of an urban growth boundary under ORS 215.010 to 215.293  
30 or 215.317 to 215.438 or under county legislation or regulation, the permit shall be valid for four  
31 years.

32 (2) An extension of a permit described in subsection (1) of this section shall be valid for two  
33 years.

34 (3) For the purposes of this section, "residential development" only includes the dwellings pro-  
35 vided for under ORS 215.213 [(1)(t)] (1)(q), (3) and (4), 215.283 [(1)(s)] (1)(p), 215.284, 215.317, 215.705  
36 (1) to (3), 215.720, 215.740, 215.750 and 215.755 (1) and (3).

37 **SECTION 11.** ORS 215.452 is amended to read:

38 215.452. (1) A winery, authorized under ORS 215.213 [(1)(s)] (1)(p) and 215.283 [(1)(q)] (1)(n), is  
39 a facility that produces wine with a maximum annual production of:

40 (a) Less than 50,000 gallons and that:

41 (A) Owns an on-site vineyard of at least 15 acres;

42 (B) Owns a contiguous vineyard of at least 15 acres;

43 (C) Has a long-term contract for the purchase of all of the grapes from at least 15 acres of a  
44 vineyard contiguous to the winery; or

45 (D) Obtains grapes from any combination of subparagraph (A), (B) or (C) of this paragraph; or

- 1 (b) At least 50,000 gallons and no more than 100,000 gallons and that:
- 2 (A) Owns an on-site vineyard of at least 40 acres;
- 3 (B) Owns a contiguous vineyard of at least 40 acres;
- 4 (C) Has a long-term contract for the purchase of all of the grapes from at least 40 acres of a
- 5 vineyard contiguous to the winery; or
- 6 (D) Obtains grapes from any combination of subparagraph (A), (B) or (C) of this paragraph.
- 7 (2) The winery described in subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section shall allow only the sale of:
- 8 (a) Wines produced in conjunction with the winery; and
- 9 (b) Items directly related to wine, the sales of which are incidental to retail sale of wine on-site.
- 10 Such items include those served by a limited service restaurant, as defined in ORS 624.010.
- 11 (3) Prior to the issuance of a permit to establish a winery under this section, the applicant shall
- 12 show that vineyards, described in subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section, have been planted or that
- 13 the contract has been executed, as applicable.
- 14 (4) A local government shall adopt findings for each of the standards described in paragraphs
- 15 (a) and (b) of this subsection. Standards imposed on the siting of a winery shall be limited solely
- 16 to each of the following for the sole purpose of limiting demonstrated conflicts with accepted farm-
- 17 ing or forest practices on adjacent lands:
- 18 (a) Establishment of a setback, not to exceed 100 feet, from all property lines for the winery and
- 19 all public gathering places; and
- 20 (b) Provision of direct road access, internal circulation and parking.
- 21 (5) A local government shall also apply local criteria regarding floodplains, geologic hazards, the
- 22 Willamette River Greenway, solar access, airport safety or other regulations for resource protection
- 23 acknowledged to comply with any statewide goal respecting open spaces, scenic and historic areas
- 24 and natural resources.
- 25 **SECTION 12.** ORS 215.780 is amended to read:
- 26 215.780. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the following minimum lot or
- 27 parcel sizes apply to all counties:
- 28 (a) For land zoned for exclusive farm use and not designated rangeland, at least 80 acres;
- 29 (b) For land zoned for exclusive farm use and designated rangeland, at least 160 acres; and
- 30 (c) For land designated forestland, at least 80 acres.
- 31 (2) A county may adopt a lower minimum lot or parcel size than that described in subsection (1)
- 32 of this section in any of the following circumstances:
- 33 (a) By demonstrating to the Land Conservation and Development Commission that it can do so
- 34 while continuing to meet the requirements of ORS 215.243 and 527.630 and the land use planning
- 35 goals adopted under ORS 197.230.
- 36 (b) To allow the establishment of a parcel for a dwelling on land zoned for forest use or mixed
- 37 farm and forest use, subject to the following requirements:
- 38 (A) The parcel established shall not be larger than five acres, except as necessary to recognize
- 39 physical factors such as roads or streams, in which case the parcel shall be no larger than 10 acres;
- 40 (B) The dwelling existed prior to June 1, 1995;
- 41 (C)(i) The remaining parcel, not containing the dwelling, meets the minimum land division stan-
- 42 dards of the zone; or
- 43 (ii) The remaining parcel, not containing the dwelling, is consolidated with another parcel, and
- 44 together the parcels meet the minimum land division standards of the zone; and
- 45 (D) The remaining parcel, not containing the dwelling, is not entitled to a dwelling unless sub-

1   sequently authorized by law or goal.

2       (c) In addition to the requirements of paragraph (b) of this subsection, if the land is zoned for  
3 mixed farm and forest use the following requirements apply:

4       (A) The minimum tract eligible under paragraph (b) of this subsection is 40 acres.

5       (B) The tract shall be predominantly in forest use and that portion in forest use qualified for  
6 special assessment under a program under ORS chapter 321.

7       (C) The remainder of the tract shall not qualify for any uses allowed under ORS 215.213 and  
8 215.283 that are not allowed on forestland.

9       (d) To allow a division of forestland to facilitate a forest practice as defined in ORS 527.620 that  
10 results in a parcel that does not meet the minimum area requirements of subsection (1)(c) of this  
11 section or paragraph (a) of this subsection. Parcels created pursuant to this subsection:

12       (A) Shall not be eligible for siting of a new dwelling;

13       (B) Shall not serve as the justification for the siting of a future dwelling on other lots or parcels;

14       (C) Shall not, as a result of the land division, be used to justify redesignation or rezoning of  
15 resource lands;

16       (D) Shall not result in a parcel of less than 35 acres, except:

17       (i) Where the purpose of the land division is to facilitate an exchange of lands involving a gov-  
18 ernmental agency; or

19       (ii) Where the purpose of the land division is to allow transactions in which at least one par-  
20 ticipant is a person with a cumulative ownership of at least 2,000 acres of forestland; and

21       (E) If associated with the creation of a parcel where a dwelling is involved, shall not result in  
22 a parcel less than the minimum lot or parcel size of the zone.

23       (e) To allow a division of a lot or parcel zoned for forest use or mixed farm and forest use under  
24 a statewide planning goal protecting forestland if:

25       (A) At least two dwellings lawfully existed on the lot or parcel prior to November 4, 1993;

26       (B) Each dwelling complies with the criteria for a replacement dwelling under ORS 215.213  
27 [(1)(t)] **(1)(q)** or 215.283 [(1)(s)] **(1)(p)**;

28       (C) Except for one lot or parcel, each lot or parcel created under this paragraph is between two  
29 and five acres in size;

30       (D) At least one dwelling is located on each lot or parcel created under this paragraph; and

31       (E) The landowner of a lot or parcel created under this paragraph provides evidence that a re-  
32 striction prohibiting the landowner and the landowner's successors in interest from further dividing  
33 the lot or parcel has been recorded with the county clerk of the county in which the lot or parcel  
34 is located. A restriction imposed under this paragraph shall be irrevocable unless a statement of  
35 release is signed by the county planning director of the county in which the lot or parcel is located  
36 indicating that the comprehensive plan or land use regulations applicable to the lot or parcel have  
37 been changed so that the lot or parcel is no longer subject to statewide planning goals protecting  
38 forestland or unless the land division is subsequently authorized by law or by a change in a state-  
39 wide planning goal for land zoned for forest use or mixed farm and forest use.

40       (f) To allow a proposed division of land in a forest zone or a mixed farm and forest zone as  
41 provided in ORS 215.783.

42       (3) A county planning director shall maintain a record of lots and parcels that do not qualify for  
43 division under the restrictions imposed under subsections (2)(e) and (4) of this section. The record  
44 shall be readily available to the public.

45       (4) A lot or parcel may not be divided under subsection (2)(e) of this section if an existing

1 dwelling on the lot or parcel was approved under:

2 (a) A statute, an administrative rule or a land use regulation as defined in ORS 197.015 that  
3 required removal of the dwelling or that prohibited subsequent division of the lot or parcel; or

4 (b) A farm use zone provision that allowed both farm and forest uses in a mixed farm and forest  
5 use zone under a statewide planning goal protecting forestland.

6 (5) A county with a minimum lot or parcel size acknowledged by the commission pursuant to  
7 ORS 197.251 after January 1, 1987, or acknowledged pursuant to periodic review requirements under  
8 ORS 197.628 to 197.650 that is smaller than those prescribed in subsection (1) of this section need  
9 not comply with subsection (2) of this section.

10 (6)(a) An applicant for the creation of a parcel pursuant to subsection (2)(b) of this section shall  
11 provide evidence that a restriction on the remaining parcel, not containing the dwelling, has been  
12 recorded with the county clerk of the county where the property is located. An applicant for the  
13 creation of a parcel pursuant to subsection (2)(d) of this section shall provide evidence that a re-  
14 striction on the newly created parcel has been recorded with the county clerk of the county where  
15 the property is located. The restriction shall allow no dwellings unless authorized by law or goal  
16 on land zoned for forest use except as permitted under subsection (2) of this section.

17 (b) A restriction imposed under this subsection shall be irrevocable unless a statement of release  
18 is signed by the county planning director of the county where the property is located indicating that  
19 the comprehensive plan or land use regulations applicable to the property have been changed in  
20 such a manner that the parcel is no longer subject to statewide planning goals pertaining to agri-  
21 cultural land or forestland.

22 (c) The county planning director shall maintain a record of parcels that do not qualify for the  
23 siting of a new dwelling under restrictions imposed by this subsection. The record shall be readily  
24 available to the public.

25 (7) A landowner allowed a land division under subsection (2) of this section shall sign a state-  
26 ment that shall be recorded with the county clerk of the county in which the property is located,  
27 declaring that the landowner and the landowner's successors in interest will not in the future com-  
28 plain about accepted farming or forest practices on nearby lands devoted to farm or forest use.

29 **SECTION 13.** ORS 308A.056 is amended to read:

30 308A.056. (1) As used in ORS 308A.050 to 308A.128, "farm use" means the current employment  
31 of land for the primary purpose of obtaining a profit in money by:

32 (a) Raising, harvesting and selling crops;

33 (b) Feeding, breeding, managing or selling livestock, poultry, fur-bearing animals or honeybees  
34 or the produce thereof;

35 (c) Dairying and selling dairy products;

36 (d) Stabling or training equines, including but not limited to providing riding lessons, training  
37 clinics and schooling shows;

38 (e) Propagating, cultivating, maintaining or harvesting aquatic species and bird and animal  
39 species to the extent allowed by the rules adopted by the State Fish and Wildlife Commission;

40 (f) On-site constructing and maintaining equipment and facilities used for the activities described  
41 in this subsection;

42 (g) Preparing, storing or disposing of, by marketing or otherwise, the products or by-products  
43 raised for human or animal use on land described in this section; or

44 (h) Using land described in this section for any other agricultural or horticultural use or animal  
45 husbandry or any combination thereof.



1 (2) "Farm use" does not include the use of land subject to timber and forestland taxation under  
2 ORS chapter 321, except land used exclusively for growing cultured Christmas trees or land de-  
3 scribed in ORS 321.267 (3) or 321.824 (3) (relating to land used to grow certain hardwood timber,  
4 including hybrid cottonwood).

5 (3) For purposes of this section, land is currently employed for farm use if the land is:

6 (a) Farmland, the operation or use of which is subject to any farm-related government program;

7 (b) Land lying fallow for one year as a normal and regular requirement of good agricultural  
8 husbandry;

9 (c) Land planted in orchards or other perennials, other than land specified in paragraph (d) of  
10 this subsection, prior to maturity;

11 (d) Land not in an exclusive farm use zone that has not been eligible for assessment at special  
12 farm use value in the year prior to planting the current crop and has been planted in orchards,  
13 cultured Christmas trees or vineyards for at least three years;

14 (e) Wasteland, in an exclusive farm use zone, dry or covered with water, neither economically  
15 tillable nor grazeable, lying in or adjacent to and in common ownership with farm use land and that  
16 is not currently being used for any economic farm use;

17 (f) Except for land under a single family dwelling, land under buildings supporting accepted  
18 farming practices, including the processing facilities allowed by ORS 215.213 [(1)(x)] (1)(u) and  
19 215.283 [(1)(u)] (1)(r) and the processing of farm crops into biofuel as commercial activities in con-  
20 junction with farm use under ORS 215.213 (2)(c) and 215.283 (2)(a);

21 (g) Water impoundments lying in or adjacent to and in common ownership with farm use land;

22 (h) Any land constituting a woodlot, not to exceed 20 acres, contiguous to and owned by the  
23 owner of land specially valued for farm use even if the land constituting the woodlot is not utilized  
24 in conjunction with farm use;

25 (i) Land lying idle for no more than one year when the absence of farming activity is the result  
26 of the illness of the farmer or a member of the farmer's immediate family, including injury or  
27 infirmity, regardless of whether the illness results in death;

28 (j) Land described under ORS 321.267 (3) or 321.824 (3) (relating to land used to grow certain  
29 hardwood timber, including hybrid cottonwood);

30 (k) Land used for the primary purpose of obtaining a profit in money by breeding, raising,  
31 kenneling or training greyhounds for racing; or

32 (L) Land used for the processing of farm crops into biofuel, as defined in ORS 315.141, if:

33 (i) Only the crops of the landowner are being processed;

34 (ii) The biofuel from all of the crops purchased for processing into biofuel is used on the farm  
35 of the landowner; or

36 (iii) The landowner is custom processing crops into biofuel from other landowners in the area  
37 for their use or sale.

38 (4) As used in this section:

39 (a) "Accepted farming practice" means a mode of operation that is common to farms of a similar  
40 nature, necessary for the operation of these similar farms to obtain a profit in money and custom-  
41 arily utilized in conjunction with farm use.

42 (b) "Cultured Christmas trees" means trees:

43 (A) Grown on lands used exclusively for that purpose, capable of preparation by intensive cul-  
44 tivation methods such as plowing or turning over the soil;

45 (B) Of a marketable species;

1 (C) Managed to produce trees meeting U.S. No. 2 or better standards for Christmas trees as  
2 specified by the Agricultural Marketing Service of the United States Department of Agriculture; and

3 (D) Evidencing periodic maintenance practices of shearing for Douglas fir and pine species, weed  
4 and brush control and one or more of the following practices:

- 5 (i) Basal pruning;
- 6 (ii) Fertilizing;
- 7 (iii) Insect and disease control;
- 8 (iv) Stump culture;
- 9 (v) Soil cultivation; or
- 10 (vi) Irrigation.

11 **SECTION 14.** (1) In addition to and not in lieu of the authority in ORS 215.130 to continue,  
12 alter, restore or replace a use that has been disallowed by the enactment or amendment of  
13 a zoning ordinance or regulation, a use formerly allowed pursuant to ORS 215.213 (1)(a) or  
14 (2)(w) or 215.283 (1)(a) or (2)(y), as in effect before the effective date of this 2009 Act, may  
15 be expanded subject to:

- 16 (a) The requirements of subsection (2) of this section; and
- 17 (b) Conditional approval of the county in the manner provided in ORS 215.296.

18 (2) A nonconforming use described in subsection (1) of this section may be expanded un-  
19 der this section if:

- 20 (a) The use was established on or before January 1, 2009; and
- 21 (b) The expansion occurs on:
  - 22 (A) The tax lot on which the use was established on or before January 1, 2009; or
  - 23 (B) A tax lot that is contiguous to the tax lot described in subparagraph (A) of this par-  
24 agraph and that was owned by the applicant on January 1, 2009.

25 **SECTION 15.** A permit or approval to construct a replacement dwelling under ORS  
26 215.213 or 215.283 issued by a county on or after January 1, 1990:

- 27 (1) Is valid even if the permit or approval has expired.
- 28 (2) May be used for construction that is begun on or before January 2, 2020.

29 **SECTION 16.** On or before December 31, 2010, a county shall amend its land use regu-  
30 lations to conform to the amendments to ORS 215.213 by section 1 of this 2009 Act or ORS  
31 215.283 by section 2 of this 2009 Act, whichever is applicable. Notwithstanding contrary pro-  
32 visions of state law or a county charter relating to public hearings on amendments to an  
33 ordinance, a county may adopt amendments to its land use regulations required by this  
34 section without holding a public hearing and without adopting findings if:

35 (1) The county has given notice to the Department of Land Conservation and Develop-  
36 ment of the proposed amendments in the manner provided by ORS 197.610; and

37 (2) The department has confirmed in writing that the only effect of the proposed  
38 amendments is to conform the county's land use regulations to the amendments to ORS  
39 215.213 by section 1 of this 2009 Act or ORS 215.283 by section 2 of this 2009 Act, whichever  
40 is applicable.

41 **SECTION 17.** ORS 215.297 is repealed.

42 **SECTION 18.** The amendments to ORS 215.213 and 215.283 by sections 1 and 2 of this 2009  
43 Act apply to uses established on or after the effective date of this 2009 Act.