House Bill 3295

Sponsored by Representative HUNT; Representatives BUCKLEY, CLEM, COWAN, WITT

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Establishes principal residence property tax exemption from local option property taxes for dwelling units of senior citizens and persons with disabilities.

Applies to local option property taxes approved after January 1, 2008, and to tax years beginning on or after July 1, 2008.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to local option property tax exemption.

3 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. As used in sections 1 to 4 of this 2007 Act: 4

 $\mathbf{5}$ (1) "Dwelling unit" means a structure or part of a structure providing complete, inde-

6 pendent living facilities for one or more persons, including permanent provisions for sleeping,

7 eating, cooking and sanitation, and the land supporting the structure or otherwise associated

8 with the structure and may be further defined by rule of the Department of Revenue.

9 (2) "Household income" has the meaning given that term in ORS 310.630 and includes the 10 income of the taxpayer's household.

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(3) "Income" has the meaning given that term in ORS 310.630.

12(4) "Occupy" means to live or dwell in or on the property, notwithstanding temporary absences of limited duration. If a taxpayer is temporarily absent from the principal resi-13 14 dence, or if the taxpayer is absent from the principal residence due to illness, the taxpayer shall nevertheless be considered an occupant of the property. A taxpayer who has entered a 1516 long term care facility for the purpose of receiving long term care may not be considered 17 an occupant of the long term care facility. For purposes of this subsection, "temporary ab-

18 sence" and "long term care" may be further defined by the department by rule.

(5) "Own" means: 19

20 (a) To be the holder of record, either alone or with another or others, of a fee simple 21estate, a life estate or the right to possession under a trust instrument or a contract of sale.

22(b) If the property is a manufactured dwelling or floating home, to be the registered 23 owner, either alone or with another or others.

24 (c) If the property is a dwelling unit owned by a cooperative housing corporation, to be 25a tenant-stockholder of that corporation.

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(6) "Person with a disability" means a person who:

27 (a) Has been determined to be eligible to receive or who is receiving federal Social Secu-28rity benefits due to disability or blindness, including a person who is receiving Social Security

- 29 survivor benefits in lieu of Social Security benefits due to disability or blindness; or
- 30 (b) A guardian or conservator acting on behalf of the person described in paragraph (a)

1 of this subsection.

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2 (7) "Principal residence":

(a) Means real or personal property, subject to property taxation and located in Oregon,
that is owned and occupied by the taxpayer as a dwelling unit.

(b) Does not mean that portion of a dwelling unit that is rented to another person.

6 (c) Does not mean more than one dwelling unit in this state, even if the taxpayer owns 7 and occupies more than one dwelling unit that would otherwise be considered a principal 8 residence.

9 (8) "Senior citizen" means any person who is at least 62 years of age on April 15 of the 10 year for which a local option property tax exemption is claimed.

11 (9) "Taxpayer" means:

12 (a)(A) A person with a disability; or

(B) If the person with a disability files a joint return with the spouse of the person, the
 person and spouse.

15 (b)(A) A senior citizen; or

16 (B) If the senior citizen files a joint return with the spouse of the senior citizen, the 17 senior citizen and spouse.

18 <u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) Upon the taxpayer's compliance with section 3 of this 2007 Act, a prin-19 cipal residence owned and occupied by a taxpayer with a household income of \$32,000 or less 20 is exempt from local option property tax.

(2) The amount of the exemption shall equal the amount of local option property tax that
 exceeds the local option property tax paid by the taxpayer for the prior tax year.

23 <u>SECTION 3.</u> (1)(a) A taxpayer qualifying for the exemption under section 2 of this 2007 24 Act shall file with the county assessor, on forms supplied by the assessor, a claim in writing 25 on or before April 1 of the assessment year for which the exemption is claimed, except that 26 when the property designated is acquired after March 1 but prior to July 1 the claim shall 27 be filed within 30 days after the date of acquisition.

(b) Not later than April 10 of each year, the county assessor shall notify each taxpayer 28in the county who secured an exemption under section 2 of this 2007 Act in the preceding 2930 year but who did not make application therefor on or before April 1 of the current year. Such 31 notice may be given on an unsealed postcard. Any taxpayer so notified may secure such exemption, if still qualified, by making application therefor to the county assessor not later 32than May 1 of the current year, accompanied by a late-filing fee of \$10 that shall be deposited 33 34 in the general fund of the county for general governmental expenses. If the claim for any 35 year is not filed within the time specified, the exemption shall not be allowed on the assessment roll of that year. 36

(2)(a) The claim shall include the basis of the claim and designate the property to which
 the exemption may apply. Claims for exemptions under section 2 of this 2007 Act shall con tain:

40 (A) The name of the taxpayer as it appears on the taxpayer's Social Security card.

41 (B) The Social Security number of the taxpayer.

42 (C) The date of birth of the taxpayer.

43 (D) The tax lot number or numbers or other identification for the taxpayer's principal
 44 residence.

45 (E) If the taxpayer is a senior citizen:

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(i) The names and Social Security numbers of all family members of the taxpayer residing 1 $\mathbf{2}$ at the taxpayer's principal residence; and 3 (ii) The total household income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's family residing at the taxpayer's principal residence. 4 (b) There also shall be affixed to each claim the affidavit or affirmation of the claimant $\mathbf{5}$ that the statements contained therein are true. 6 SECTION 4. For property tax years beginning on or after July 1, 2009, the Department 7of Revenue shall recompute the maximum amount of household income a taxpayer may re-8 9 ceive in a preceding calendar year in order to be eligible for the exemption under section 2 of this 2007 Act. The computation shall be as follows: 10 (1) Divide the U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index for the average of the first six 11 12months of the previous calendar year by the U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index for the average of the first six months of 2007 to calculate an indexing ratio for the current taxable 13

14 year.

15 (2) Multiply the maximum household income provided in section 2 of this 2007 Act by the 16 current taxable year indexing ratio, computed as provided in subsection (1) of this section.

17 <u>SECTION 5.</u> Sections 1 to 4 of this 2007 Act apply to local option property taxes approved 18 after January 1, 2008, and to tax years beginning on or after July 1, 2008.

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