74th OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY - 2007 Regular Session STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY Senate Committee on Health and Human Services

FISCAL: No fiscal impact Action: **Do Pass** Vote: 5 - 0 - 0George G., Kruse, Monnes Anderson, Verger, Morrisette Yeas: Navs: Exc.: 0 **Prepared By:** Ilana Weinbaum, Administrator **Meeting Dates:** 1/24. 1/29

MEASURE:

CARRIER:

SB 40

Sen. Kruse

REVENUE: No revenue impact

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Allows licensed hearing aid specialists to certify individuals as eligible to receive assistive communication devices or adaptive equipment through the Telecommunication Devices Access Program (TDAP).

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

- Role of licensing hearing aid specialists
- Number of hearing aid specialists in Oregon
- Additional costs associated with audiologist visits
- Number of people benefiting from TDAP •

EFFECT OF COMMITTEE AMENDMENT: No amendment

BACKGROUND:

The Telecommunication Devices Access Program (TDAP) purchases and loans (at no cost to eligible recipients) special telecommunication devices to Oregonians who are deaf, hearing- and/or speech-impaired, or who have other physical disabilities that would prevent them from using a telephone. The devices are loaned to eligible recipients at no cost. Devices distributed under the program include TTY (text telephone), visual signal, large visual display, telebraille, remote-controlled speaker phone and voice-activated cellular phone. Under current statute, individuals must be certified as deaf, severely hearing impaired, severely speech impaired or deaf-blind by a licensed physician, audiologist, speech-language pathologist or vocational rehabilitation counselor. In Oregon, anyone who sells, leases, or rents hearing aids in conjunction with the evaluation or measurement of human hearing must be licensed as a hearing aid specialist by the Oregon Health Licensing Agency. SB 40 would add hearing add specialists to the list of professionals who are able to certify eligibility for TDAP.